



CONTINUING DISCLOSURE (SUBMISSION STATUS: PUBLISHED) FINANCIAL/OPERATING FILING (CUSIP-9 BASED)

Rule 15c2-12 Disclosure

Annual Financial Information and Operating Data: Continuing Disclosure Annual Report, for the year ended 06/30/2018

Documents

□-Financial Operating Filing

....00211785.PDF posted 02/25/2019

The following issuers are associated with this continuing disclosure submission:

CUSIP-6	State	Issuer Name
68428L	CA	ORANGE CNTY CALIF PENSION OBLIG

The following 17 securities have been published with this continuing disclosure submission:

CUSIP-9	Maturity Date
68428LBT0	09/01/2011
68428LBU7	09/01/2012
68428LBV5	09/01/2013
68428LBW3	09/01/2014
68428LBX1	09/01/2015
68428LBY9	09/01/2016
68428LBZ6	09/01/2017
68428LCA0	09/01/2018
68428LCB8	09/01/2019
68428LCC6	09/01/2020
68428LCD4	09/01/2021
68428LCE2	09/01/2005
68428LCF9	09/01/2006

68428LCG7	09/01/2007
68428LCH5	09/01/2008
68428LCJ1	09/01/2009
68428LCK8	09/01/2010

Submitter's Contact Information

Company: Applied Best Practices **Name:** MARISA COLCORD

Address: 19900 MACARTHUR BLVD. City, State Zip: IRVINE, CA 92612 Phone Number: 9496607300 Email: mcolcord@abpmuni.com

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CONTINUING DISCLOSURE ANNUAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

COUNTY OF ORANGE TAXABLE REFUNDING PENSION OBLIGATION BONDS SERIES 1997A



COUNTY OF ORANGE COUNTY EXECUTIVE OFFICE 333 West Santa Ana Boulevard, 3rd Floor Santa Ana, California 92701-4062

Prepared By:

APPLIED BEST PRACTICES 19900 MacArthur Boulevard, Suite 1100 Irvine, California 92612

COUNTY OF ORANGE TAXABLE REFUNDING PENSION OBLIGATION BONDS SERIES 1997A

MATURITY DATE

(September 1)	CUSIP*
2019	68428LCB8
2020	68428LCC6
2021	68428LCD4

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INTRODUCTION

THIS CONTINUING DISCLOSURE ANNUAL REPORT, dated February 25, 2019 (the "Annual Report") has been prepared to satisfy the requirements related to the Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 1997A (the "Bonds") of the County of Orange, a political subdivision of the State of California (the "County").

Delivery of the Annual Report

The County has agreed under that certain Continuing Disclosure Certificate, dated January 14, 1997, executed by the County in connection with the issuance of the Bonds (the "Disclosure Certificate") and pursuant to Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Rule") to provide certain annual financial information and operating data and notices of certain reporting of significant events. These covenants have been made in order to comply with the Rule. As provided in the Disclosure Certificate, this Annual Report is being prepared for publication with the Electronic Municipal Market Access, a service of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("EMMA") for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds and the participating underwriters. Capitalized terms used herein which are not otherwise defined shall have the respective meaning specified in the Disclosure Certificate.

The information herein is being provided as required under Section 4 of the Disclosure Certificate.

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The comprehensive annual financial report of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, which contains the audited financial statements of the County, is attached hereto as Appendix B.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Pursuant to the Disclosure Certificate, the Financial Information herein consists of updated versions of the financial information and operating data contained in certain numerical and tabular information of the type contained in the Official Statement of the Bonds.

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Debt Service Schedule

In September 1994, the County issued its Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 1994 in the aggregate principal amount of \$110,200,000 (the "Series 1994 Bonds"). The Series 1994 Bonds were partially refunded with proceeds of the 1996A and 1997A Bonds (together the "Pension Obligation Bonds").

On May 11, 2000, a cash tender offer of certain outstanding Pension Obligation Bonds was completed. The County purchased and canceled \$288,290,000 (maturity value) of Pension Obligation Bonds for a cost of \$170,016,000. On June 22, 2000, the debt service on the outstanding Pension Obligation Bonds was provided for through the deposit with the trustee of \$175,492,000 principal amount of "AAA" rated debt securities issued by Fannie Mae, along with \$9,151,000 in debt service funds already being held by the trustee. In accordance with irrevocable instructions, these securities, together with other cash amounts and investments held by the trustee, will be used solely to retire the remaining Pension Obligation Bonds as they mature.

A copy of the debt service schedule for the outstanding Pension Obligation Bonds is attached hereto as Appendix A.

County Investment Policy

The Board of Supervisors of the County approved the 2019 Investment Policy on December 18, 2018. A copy of the Investment Policy is attached hereto as Appendix C.

Budget Information Relating to the County

The following table sets forth the County's Final Budgets (which include all mid-year adjustments made during the fiscal year) for Fiscal Year 2015-16 through Fiscal Year 2017-18 and the Modified Budget (which includes mid-year adjustments through February 5, 2019) for Fiscal Year 2018-19.

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COUNTY OF ORANGE COMPARISON OF GENERAL FUND FINAL OR MODIFIED BUDGETS FOR FISCAL YEARS 2015-16 TO 2018-19

	2015-16 ⁽¹⁾ Final Budget	2016-17 ⁽¹⁾ Final Budget	2017-18 ⁽¹⁾ Final Budget	2018-19 ⁽¹⁾ Modified Budget
REQUIREMENTS:	Filiai buuget	Filiai Buuget	Filiai Buuget	Modified Budget
Public Protection	\$1,154,900,802	\$1,213,516,840	\$1,263,275,290	\$1,265,778,417
Health & Community & Social Services	1,635,346,756	1,677,616,903	1,710,518,620	1,793,612,498
Infrastructure & Environmental Resources (2)	96,542,552	98,972,335	116,899,628	116,307,809
General Government & Services (3)	175,633,084	175,235,341	177,290,869	169,344,063
Capital Improvements ⁽⁴⁾	58,804,388	70,473,040	71,724,289	79,007,123
Debt Service ⁽⁵⁾	58,359,689	28,915,270	8,514,959	1,542,115
Insurance, Reserves & Miscellaneous (6)	41,997,963	88,233,890	74,518,200	85,728,653
Increases to Reserves ⁽¹⁴⁾	-	-	-	13,671,902
Total Requirements	\$3,221,585,234	\$3,352,963,619	\$3,422,741,855	\$3,524,992,580
AVAILABLE FUNDS:				
Property Taxes ⁽⁷⁾	\$ 645,114,419	\$ 664,066,177	\$ 693,860,000	\$ 739,230,000
Sales & Use Taxes	7,642,000	7,421,000	7,952,000	8,165,000
Licenses, Permits & Franchises	24,801,856	26,191,782	26,541,617	26,397,738
Fines, Forfeitures & Penalties ⁽⁸⁾	33,973,817	63,426,590	32,651,489	34,632,714
Use of Money & Property(9)	15,960,550	6,837,144	8,783,507	11,314,080
Intergovernmental Revenues ⁽¹⁰⁾	1,648,932,484	1,650,849,929	1,680,118,352	1,775,602,744
Charges for Services ⁽¹¹⁾	441,372,018	478,731,879	489,839,549	503,743,059
Miscellaneous Revenues ⁽¹²⁾	25,629,773	19,813,105	28,407,826	16,784,204
Other Financing Sources ⁽¹³⁾	345,247,026	404,386,614	444,542,184	409,123,041
Decreases to Reserves ⁽¹⁴⁾	32,911,291	31,239,399	10,045,331	<u>-</u>
Total Available Funds	\$3,221,585,234	\$3,352,963,619	\$3,422,741,855	\$3,524,992,580

Final Budgets include all budget adjustments throughout the year after budget adoption. Modified Budget was approved by the Board of Supervisors on February 5, 2019.

(2) Fiscal Year 2017-18 budget included increase in Debt Service for Central Utility Facility (CUF) Bonds and decrease in cost reimbursements from County departments for Utilities and Custodial Services, which resulted in overall increase in appropriations.

- (3) Fiscal Year 2015-16 Budget includes \$6.5 million for the Countywide Accounting and Personnel System software upgrade and \$10 million in additional funding for current operations and one-time costs. Fiscal Year 2016-17 and FY 2017-18 includes additional funding for one-time costs for Property Tax System upgrades and increase in funding for current operations. Fiscal Year 2018-19 reduction is due to reduced general election expenses
- Fiscal Years 2015-16, 2016-17, 2017-18, and 2018-19 include one-time additional funding for planned capital projects.
- (5) Fiscal Year 2016-17 budget decrease is due to the reduction in debt service payments for 2005 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds. Fiscal Years 2017-18 and 2018-19 budget decrease is due to reduction in waste importation revenue to pay down balances in the plan administered accounts.
- Fiscal Years 2015-16, 2016-17, 2017-18, and 2018-19 Budgets include AB 701 Vehicle License Fee Revenue Allocation (VLFAA) settlement payment to the State, \$15 million, \$25 million, \$50 million, and \$55 million respectively, and funding for one-time capital projects. Fiscal Year 2018-19 Budget includes \$11.3 million for Contingencies.
- Fiscal Years 2016-17, 2017-18, and 2018-19 increase is due to a recovering housing market and additional allocation of residual property taxes from the dissolution of Redevelopment Agencies.
- Fiscal Year 2016-17 increase is due to one-time \$26 million litigation settlement with a contractor related to the development of a new property tax system.
- Fiscal Year 2015-16 increase is due to one-time \$10.2 million in state-mandated cost reimbursements (SB90). Fiscal Years 2017-18 and 2018-19 increase is due to higher interest earnings and higher cash balances.
- This funding is comprised of Federal and State grants and reimbursements, matching funds and State-distributed revenues. The overall changes are due to changes in caseload and additional revenues from the State for the 2011 Realignment of various public safety, social services, and health programs.
- Increases due to an increase in billings for cost of services to cities which contract for Sheriff security services, increase in correctional medical services, and charges from Health Care Agency for Mental Health Services.
- Fiscal Year 2017-18 includes increase in revenue from the Sheriff Court Operations of \$4.5 million. Fiscal Year 2018-19 decline is due to decreases of \$3 million in Reimbursement Revenue from 2012 Juvenile Justice Center Bonds and decreases in Court Revenue of \$4.5 million.
- Includes operating transfers from other funds within the County including transfers from the Teeter Program and departmental transfers from Non-General Funds for the reimbursement of program expenditures. Increase from Fiscal Year 2016-17 to 2017-18 is due to higher transfers in from the Health Care Agency, Social Services Agency, Teeter Program, and OC Waste and Recycling importation program. Fiscal Year 2018-19 decrease is due to (a) reduction of one-time revenue included in FY 2017-18 of \$21 million for the Teeter program, (b) \$14 million transfer of excess bond reserves and (c) \$4 million unused Central Utility Facility funding carryover in the Countywide Capital Projects Non General Fund Budget
- Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 54 requires all year-end Fund Balance Available be reclassified and transferred to reserves. Although budgeted as a decrease, Fiscal Years 2015-16, 2016-17 and FY 2017-18 actual year-end Fund Balance reclassified and transferred to reserves were \$53.8 million, \$46.7 million, and \$35.7 million respectively. Source: County of Orange, County Budget Office

NUMERICAL AND TABULAR INFORMATION

Pursuant to the Disclosure Certificate, the Numerical and Tabular Information herein consists of updated versions of the financial information and operating data contained in Tables A-17 through A-23 in the Official Statement.

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Table A-17 – Combined Statement of General Fund Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

The following table, as in the form of Table A-17 contained in the Official Statement, presents a more detailed summary of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund for the Fiscal Years 2013-14 through 2017-18.

TABLE A-17

COUNTY OF ORANGE COMBINED STATEMENT OF GENERAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Fiscal Years Ending June 30 (In Thousands)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
REVENUES					
Taxes ⁽¹⁾	\$ 599,366	\$ 629,603	\$ 671,363	\$ 681,836	\$ 723,675
Licenses, Permits & Franchises	22,595	22,929	25,154	25,362	25,775
Fines, Forfeitures & Penalties	33,039	82,063	44,375	67,648	40,169
Use of Money and Property	5,260	5,272	18,318	6,733	10,412
Intergovernmental	1,593,107	1,602,817	1,626,855	1,613,969	1,680,669
Charges for Services	410,108	408,872	386,117	442,591	465,328
Other	13,124	15,601	18,648	17,790	18,808
TOTAL REVENUES	2,676,599	2,767,157	2,790,830	2,855,929	2,964,836
EXPENDITURES					
General Government	140,816	177,280	176,002	195,250	218,995
Public Protection	1,082,961	1,126,878	1,182,458	1,260,068	1,315,803
Public Ways and Facilities	35,570	32,192	30,792	30,633	33,522
Health and Sanitation	620,256	514,371	526,216	577,050	647,960
Public Assistance	795,582	851,488	881,261	891,309	903,294
Capital Outlay	12,454	18,901	20,794	23,532	45,752
Principal Retirement	21,622	21,568	4,530	5,129	5,736
Interest	9,844	8,172	7,451	8,564	10,741
Debt Issuance Costs	200				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,719,305	2,750,850	2,829,504	2,991,535	3,181,763
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(42,706)	16,307	(38,674)	(135,606)	(216,927)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In ⁽²⁾	203,257	234,086	247,661	311,968	381,054
Transfers Out ⁽²⁾	(88,711)	(102,271)	(145,657)	(153,308)	(106,241)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	114,546	131,815	102,004	158,660	274,813
Net Change in Fund Balances	71,840	148,122	63,330	23,054	57,886
Fund Balances – Beginning of Year	444,546	516,386	664,508	727,838	750,892
FUND BALANCES – End of Year	\$ 516,386	\$ 664,508	\$ 727,838	\$ 750,892	\$ 808,778

Primarily property taxes, as well as local sales and other taxes.

⁽²⁾ Interfund transfers reflect the flow of assets between funds and component units of the County. See Note 9 in the "Notes to the County's Basic Financial Statements Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018" in Appendix B of this Annual Report.

Sources: Orange County Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports.

Table A-18 – Short Term Borrowings

TABLE A-18

COUNTY OF ORANGE SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

Fiscal Year 2017-18⁽¹⁾

<u>Amount</u> \$375.345.000

Table A-19 – Statement of General Obligation Bonded Indebtedness

As of the date of this Annual Report, the County does not have any general obligation bonded indebtedness.

Table A-20 – County of Orange Capital Lease Payments

Fiscal Year Ending June 30

The following table, in the form of Table A-20 in the Official Statement, shows the capital lease payments as of June 30 of the most recent Fiscal Year.

TABLE A-20

COUNTY OF ORANGE CAPITAL LEASE PAYMENTS (In Thousands)

- 100 at 10 at 21 at 10	
2019	\$ 9,431
2020	9,554
2021	8,606
2022	6,993
2023	7,147
2024-2027	12,888
Total Minimum Lease Payments	54,619
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(11,450)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 43,169

Source: County of Orange Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018.

⁽¹⁾ Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2018A issued on January 12, 2018 and maturing on April 30, 2019. Source: County of Orange Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018.

Table A-21 – County of Orange Changes in Capital Lease Obligations for General Long-Term Debt Account Group

The following table, in the form of Table A-21 in the Official Statement, is a summary of changes in capital lease obligations for the General Long-Term Debt Account Group for the most recent Fiscal Year.

TABLE A-21

COUNTY OF ORANGE CHANGES IN CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS FOR THE GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT ACCOUNT GROUP (In Thousands)

	Lease Principal	Obligation	Lease Principal	Lease Principal
	Outstanding	Incurred	Paid/Reduced	Outstanding
	July 1, 2017	During Year	During Year	June 30, 2018
Total Capital Lease Obligations	\$55,831	\$47	\$(12,709)	\$43,169

Source: County of Orange Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018.

Table A-22 – County of Orange Operating Lease Payments

The following table, in the form of Table A-22 in the Official Statement, is an approximation of future minimum operating lease commitments of the County as of June 30 of the most recent Fiscal Year.

TABLE A-22

COUNTY OF ORANGE OPERATING LEASE PAYMENTS (In Thousands)

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Equipment	Real Property	Total
2019	\$ 1,674	\$ 28,019	\$ 29,693
2020	120	27,270	27,390
2021	47	27,279	27,326
2022	13	23,401	23,414
2023	2	20,681	20,683
2024-2028	6	72,775	72,781
2029-2033		14,820	14,820
Total	\$ 1,862	\$ 214,245	\$ 216,107

Total expenditures for equipment rentals and building and improvements incurred for Fiscal Year 2017-18 was \$59,644

Source: County of Orange Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018.

Table A-23 – County of Orange Direct and Overlapping Debt

Set forth in the following table, in the form of Table A-23 in the Official Statement, is a direct and overlapping debt report (the "Debt Report") prepared by California Municipal Statistics, Inc. as of June 30, 2018. The Debt Report is included for general information purposes only. Neither the County nor the underwriter makes any representations as to its completeness or accuracy. Some of the issues may be payable from self-supporting enterprises or revenue sources other than property and other taxes.

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TABLE A-23

COUNTY OF ORANGE DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT As of June 30, 2018

2017-18 Assessed Valuation: \$563,662,044,297 (includes unitary utility valuation)

OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT: Metropolitan Water District Coast Community College District North Orange County Joint Community College District Rancho Santiago Community College District and School Facilities Improvement District No. 1 Unified School Districts Anaheim Union High School District Fullerton Joint Union High School District Huntington Beach Union High School District Elementary School Districts Irvine Ranch Water District Improvement Districts Moulton-Niguel Water District Improvement Districts Santa Margarita Water District Improvement Districts Cities Orange County Community Facilities Districts Other Community Facilities Districts City and Special District Special Assessment Bonds County 1915 Act Bonds TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT	% Applicable 20.333% 99.999 97.715 100.000 0.146-100. 100.000 91.701 100.000 100.000 100.000 100.000 100.000 100.000 100.000 100.000 100.000 100.000	Debt 6/30/18 \$ 12,321,798 781,326,691 201,345,667 368,129,249 1,817,695,594 200,528,955 155,584,502 187,014,998 621,258,502 568,600,000 2,830,000 74,380,000 28,030,000 481,326,990 1,970,302,288 834,875,839 41,815,000 \$8,347,366,073
OTHER DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT: Orange County General Fund Obligations Orange County Pension Obligation Bonds Orange County Office of Education Certificates of Participation Coast Community College District Certificates of Participation Unified School District Certificates of Participation High School District Certificates of Participation Elementary School District Certificates of Participation City of Anaheim General Fund Obligations Other City General Fund Obligations Moulton-Niguel Water District Certificates of Participation TOTAL GROSS OTHER DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT Less: City of Anaheim supported obligations TOTAL NET OTHER DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT	100.000% 100.000 100.000 99.999 0.146-100. 91.701-100. 100.000 100.000 100.000	\$ 210,347,000 383,564,389 13,990,000 3,284,967 372,016,235 119,854,798 106,498,253 606,340,522 433,345,008 72,265,000 \$2,321,506,172 606,340,522 \$1,715,165,650
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agencies): Anaheim Redevelopment Agency Brea Redevelopment Agency Westminster Redevelopment Agency Fullerton Redevelopment Agency Buena Park Redevelopment Agency Other Redevelopment Agencies TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT Ratios to 2017-18 Assessed Valuation: Total Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	100.000% 100.000 100.000 100.000 100.000	\$156,455,000 135,446,668 114,655,000 78,595,000 72,160,000 407,928,707 \$965,240,375 \$11,634,112,620 ⁽¹⁾ \$11,027,772,098

⁽¹⁾ Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations. Qualified Zone Academy Bonds are included based on principal due at maturity.

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

CERTAIN DISCLAIMERS

The information contained in this Annual Report expresses only the views of the applicable party. An explanation of the significance of any such information may be obtained from the applicable party; provided, however, that no information provided by any party is incorporated in this Annual Report. The County undertakes no responsibility to oppose any revision or withdrawal of such information contained in this Annual Report.

To the extent the County provides information in this Annual Report, the County is not obligated to present or update information in future Annual Reports. Investors are advised to refer to the applicable Official Statement for the Bonds for information concerning the initial delivery of and security for the Bonds.

By providing the information in this Annual Report, the County does not imply or represent (a) that all information provided in this Annual Report is material to investors' decisions regarding investment in the Bonds, (b) the completeness or accuracy of any financial, operational or other information not included herein or in the Official Statements, (c) that no changes, circumstances or events have occurred since the date of this Annual Report (other than as contained herein), or (d) that no other information exists which may have a bearing on the County's financial condition, the security for the Bonds or an investor's decision to buy, sell or hold the Bonds.

The information set forth in this Annual Report or incorporated in this Annual Report has been furnished by the County and is believed to be accurate and reliable but is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness. Statements contained in or incorporated by this Annual Report which involves estimates, forecasts or other matters of opinion, whether or not expressly so described herein, are intended solely as such and are not to be construed as representations of fact. Further, expressions of opinion contained in this Annual Report or incorporated in this Annual Report are subject to change without notice and the delivery of this Annual Report will not, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the County.

No statement contained in this Annual Report should be construed as a prediction or representation about future financial performance of the County. Historical results presented herein may not be indicative of future operating results.

The information set forth herein, including information provided by others or incorporated by reference, is believed by the County to be reliable but has not been independently verified by the County and is not guaranteed as to accuracy by the County.

APPENDIX A DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE

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97 POB A COUNTY OF OR \$136,923,080.63*					
DATE	YEAR	PRINCIPAL (1)		CAB INTEREST	TOTAL
SEPTEMBER 1	2000	10	77 214.75	0.00	695,214.75
MARCH 1	2001		695,214.75	0.00	695,214.75
SEPTEMBER 1	2001		695,214.75	0.00	945,214.75
MARCH 1	2002	11111111111111111111111111111111111111	686,97.25	0.00	686,802.25
SEPTEMBER 1	2002	40,000,00	△ 1 A .25	0.00	14,526,802.25
MARCH 1		0.00	1 2 4.25	0.00	216,934.25
SEPTEMBER 1	(601 U/U	000/0	4.25	0.00	216,934.25
MARCH 1	1917	10,15	0,934.25	0.00	216,934.25
SEPTEMBER 1	04		216,934.25	0.00	216,934.25
MARCH 1	2005		216,934.25	0.00	216,934.25
SEPTEMBER 1	2005	3.52	216,934.25	2,636,806.48	5,914,934.25
MARCH 1	2006	0.00	216,934.25	0.00	216,934.25
SEPTEMBER 1	2006	3,723,219.75	216,934.25	3,001,780.25	6,941,934.25
MARCH 1	2007	0.00	190,084.25	0.00	190,084.25
SEPTEMBER 1	200	5,163,210.74	190,084.25	3,120,789.26	8,474,084.25
MARCH 1	2008	0.00	99,598.75	0.00	99,598.75
SEPTEMBER 1	2008	2,441,866.17	99,598.75	3,301,133.83	5,842,598.75
MARCH 1	2009	0.00	99,598.75	0.00	99,598.75
SEPTEMBER 1	2009	5,094,619.54	99,598.75	3,687,380.46	8,881,598.75
MARCH 1	2010	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
SEPTEMBER 1	2010	2,151,649.85	0.00	3,819,350.15	5,971,000.00
MARCH 1	2011	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
SEPTEMBER 1	2011	618,935.46	0.00	1,240,064.54	1,859,000.00
MARCH 1	2012	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
SEPTEMBER 1	2012	3,403,081.14	0.00	7,715,918.86	11,119,000.00
MARCH 1	2013	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
SEPTEMBER 1	2013	2,660,500.71	0.00	6,852,499.29	9,513,000.00
MARCH 1	2014	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
SEPTEMBER 1	2014	2,587,637.91	0.00	7,435,362.09	10,023,000.00
MARCH 1	2015	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
SEPTEMBER 1	2015	2,143,027.12	0.00	6,852,972.88	8,996,000.00
MARCH 1	2016	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
SEPTEMBER 1	2016	2,848,779.04	0.00	10,214,220.96	13,063,000.00
MARCH 1	2017	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
SEPTEMBER 1	2017	3,003,150.00	0.00	11,996,850.00	15,000,000.00
MARCH 1	2018	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
SEPTEMBER 1	2018	2,772,150.00	0.00	12,227,850.00	15,000,000.00
MARCH 1	2019	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
SEPTEMBER 1	2019	2,478,485.00	0.00	12,021,515.00	14,500,000.00
MARCH 1	2020	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
OFFICE A	2020	0.00	0.00	40.040.450.00	45 500 000 00

2020

2021

2021

CURRENT PRINCIPAL & INTEREST BALANCE

NEXT DS TO BE PAID IN FY 17/18

SEPTEMBER 1

SEPTEMBER 1

MARCH 1

TOTAL

ECONOMIC DEFEASANCE IN JUNE 2000 RESULTED IN US TRUST TAKING OVER DEBT SERVICE PAYMENT (1) INCLUDES CAB PRINCIPAL FIGURES BEGINNING WITH FY 2005 - 06.

13,049,450.00

3,025,796.32

112,199,740.37

40,324,611.32

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

5,973,286.25

15,500,000.00

3,544,000.00

48,544,000.00

179,383,286.25

0.00

0.00

2,450,550.00

518,203.68

61,210,259.63

8,219,388.68

0.00

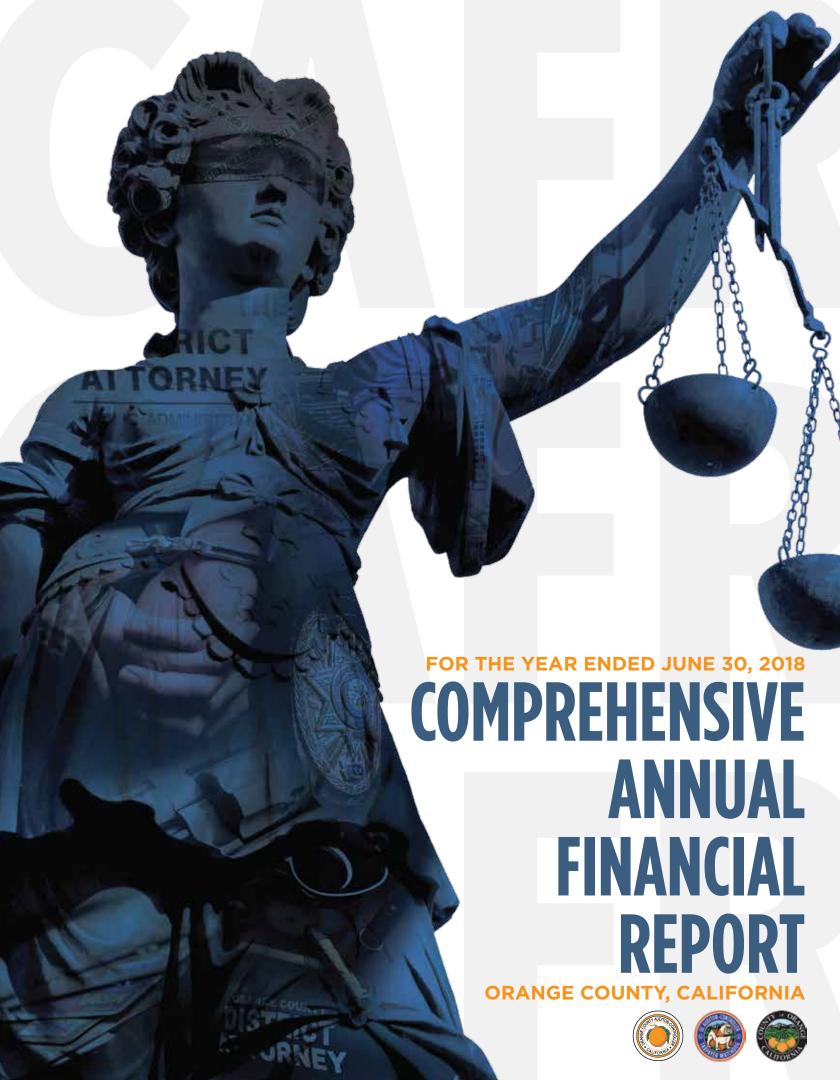
0.00

^{*}TENDER OFFER IN APRIL 2000 REDUCED PRINCIPAL

APPENDIX B

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

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County of Orange

State of California

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018







Eric H. Woolery, CPA Auditor-Controller

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AUDITOR-CONTROLLER COUNTY OF ORANGE

HALL OF FINANCE AND RECORDS 12 CIVIC CENTER PLAZA, ROOM 200 POST OFFICE BOX 567 SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA 92701-0567

(714) 834-2450 FAX: (714) 834-2569

www.ac.ocgov.com



COUNTY EXECUTIVE OFFICE COUNTY OF ORANGE

ROBERT E. THOMAS HALL OF ADMINISTRATION 333 W. SANTA ANA BLVD. SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA 92701

(714) 834-2345 FAX: (714) 834-3018

www.ocgov.com

December 17, 2018

The Citizens of Orange County:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the County of Orange, State of California (County), for the year ended June 30, 2018, is hereby submitted in accordance with the provisions of Sections 25250 and 25253 of the Government Code of the State of California. The report contains financial statements that have been prepared in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) prescribed for governmental entities. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County. A comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed and established to provide reasonable assurance that the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and changes in financial position of County funds. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatements.

The CAFR has been audited by the independent certified public accounting firm of Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP (VTD). The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements of the County for the year ended June 30, 2018, are free of material misstatement. The independent certified public accounting firm has issued an unmodified (clean) opinion on the County's basic financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

This letter of transmittal is designed to complement and should be read in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that immediately follows the independent auditor's report. MD&A provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements.

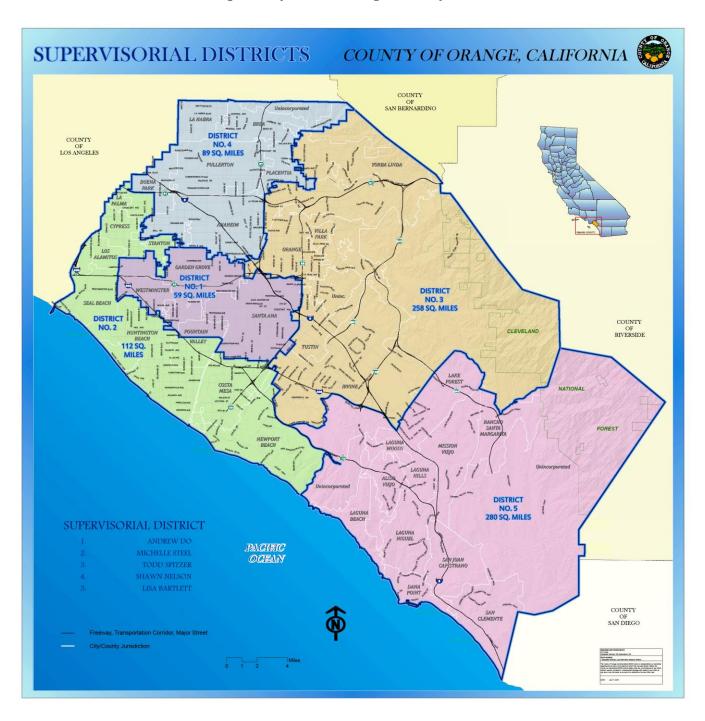
PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The County, incorporated in 1889 and located in the southern part of the State of California, is one of the major metropolitan areas in the state and nation. The County occupies a land area of 798 square miles with a coastline of 42 miles serving a population of over 3 million. It represents the third most populous county in the state and ranks sixth in the nation.

The County is a charter county as a result of the March 5, 2002, voter approval of Measure V, which provides for an electoral process to fill mid-term vacancies on the Board of Supervisors. Before Measure V, as a general law county, mid-term vacancies would otherwise be filled by gubernatorial appointment. In November 2008, voters approved Measure J, which added Article III, Section 301 to the Charter of Orange County requiring voter approval for increases in future retirement system benefits of any employee, legislative officer, or elected official of the County in the Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS) or any successor retirement system, with the exception of statutorily-established cost of living adjustments, salary increases, and annual leave or compensatory time cash-outs. In June 2012, voters approved Measure B, which requires that any Orange County Supervisors elected or appointed on or after June 5, 2012 can enroll only in the minimum pension option, i.e., the least lucrative pension plan, offered to Orange County employees. At present, the minimum pension plan is a 1.62% at 65 pension

plan. This measure amends the County Charter and applies to any current or previous Supervisor. In June 2016, voters approved Measure B, which requires the County Auditor-Controller to review any Countywide measure placed on the ballot and prepare a fiscal impact statement.

The County is like a general law county and governed by a five-member Board of Supervisors (the Board), who each serve four-year terms, and annually elect a Chairman and Vice-Chairman. The Supervisors represent districts that are each approximately equal in population. The district boundaries were revised effective September 6, 2011, incorporating the results of the 2010 census. A County Executive Officer (CEO) oversees 16 County departments, and elected officials serving as department heads oversee six County departments. The Supervisorial Districts map below shows the boundaries of Orange County and the areas governed by each member of the Board.



The County provides a full range of services Countywide, for the unincorporated areas, and contracted services for cities. These services are outlined in the following table:

Countywide Services			
Affordable Housing (Housing Authority)	Veterans Services		
Agricultural Commissioner	Indigent Medical Services		
Airport	Jails & Juvenile Facilities		
Child Protection & Social Services	Juvenile Justice Commission		
Child Support Services	Landfills & Solid Waste Disposal		
Clerk-Recorder	Law Enforcement		
Coroner & Forensic Services	Probationary Supervision		
District Attorney	Public Assistance		
Elections & Voter Registration	Public Defender/ Alternate Defense		
Environmental / Regulatory Health	Public & Mental Health		
Flood Control & Transportation	Senior Services		
OC Parks	Collection & Appeals		
Disaster Preparedness	Weights & Measures		
Grand Jury	Property Tax Assessment, Apportionment & Collection		

Unincorporated Area Services			
Animal Care & Control	Libraries		
Flood Control	Parks		
Land Use	Waste Disposal Collection		
Law Enforcement			

Contracted Services for Cities		
Animal Care & Control	Libraries	
Law Enforcement	Public Works & Engineering	
Utility Billing and Check Remittance Processing		

Sources: County departments

In addition to these services, the County is also financially accountable for the reporting of component units. Blended units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the County's operations and, therefore, data from these units are combined with data of the County. The County has two discretely presented component units, the Children and Families Commission of Orange County (CFCOC) and CalOptima, which require discrete presentation in the government-wide financial statements. The following entities are presented as blended component units in the basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018: the Orange County Flood Control District, Orange County Housing Authority, Orange County Public Financing Authority, Capital Facilities Development Corporation, South Orange County Public Financing Authority, Orange County Public Facilities Corporation, Campaign Finance and Ethics Commission (CFEC), County Service Areas, Special Assessment Districts, Community Facility Districts, and In-Home Supportive Services Public Authority. Additional information on these entities can be found in Note 1, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements section.

The County maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Board. Activities of the General Fund and most of the Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Projects and Permanent Funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that level which cannot be exceeded without action by the Board) is at the legal fund-budget control unit level, which represents a department or an agency. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. The Budgetary Comparison Statements for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds are part of the Basic Financial Statements. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the nonmajor Governmental Funds with appropriated annual budgets are presented in the Supplemental Information section for governmental funds. The County also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered appropriations do not lapse at year-end; outstanding encumbrances are carried forward. Additional information on

the budgetary process can be found in Note 1, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements section.

The County's eGovernment website portal at www.ocgov.com provides online services and extensive information about the County government to Orange County residents, businesses, partners, and visitors. The County's website provides information and online services to the public 24/7. It includes information about the Board, County job listings, purchasing bid solicitations, assessment appeals, links to court information and local court rules, voter information, County permits and forms, public safety, health and human services programs and financial information. The site also provides several online services, including live and archived Board meeting videos, the ability to order birth, death and marriage certificates, search fictitious business names, find polling locations and election results, license pets, view and pay property taxes, request and track services provided by OC Public Works such as pothole repair and sidewalk maintenance, and subscribe to receive emergency alerts. The County continuously strives to improve our constituents' ability to conduct business online with the County.

FACTORS AFFECTING ECONOMIC CONDITION

Local Economy

Two indicators of the County economy are: how well the local economy performs relative to surrounding counties, the state, and the nation (external indicators), and how well the local economy performs relative to its own historical trends (internal indicators). This section provides various external and internal indicators that describe the current and projected outlook of the County's economy.

In terms of the external indicators, the County's economy continues to outperform local surrounding counties, the state, and national economies (in annual percentage growth).

The County's unemployment rate continues to be below that of all surrounding Southern California counties, the State of California, and the National level (see Table 1).

According to the California Department of Finance, inflation, as measured by the increase of the Consumer Price Index (CPI) in 2018, is expected to be 3.1% for Orange County, lower than the State of California at 3.2%, but higher than the U.S. at 2.5% (see Table 2).

Table 1: Unemployment Rate Comparison

Primary Government Entity	August 2018 Unemployment Rate
United States	3.9%
California	4.2%
Los Angeles County	5.1%
Riverside County	4.7%
San Bernardino County	4.2%
San Diego County	3.4%
Orange County	3.1%

Unemployment Rate

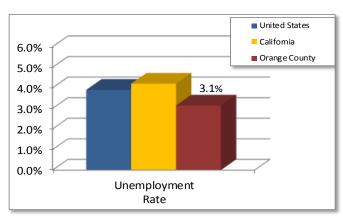


Table 2: 2018 - Projected Increase of the CPI

United States	California	Orange County
2.5%	3.2%	3.1%

Sources: State of California, Employment Development Department

California Department of Finance, April 2018

Note: Unemployment rates are for the month of August 2018

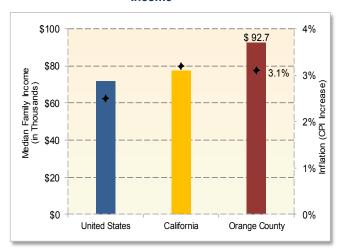
According to the Department of Housing and Urban Development, the County's median family income is expected to be \$92,700 (absolute dollars) in 2018, compared to \$88,000 (absolute dollars) in 2017. The median family income in the County continues to exceed all surrounding Southern California counties, the State of California, and the nation (see Table 3).

Table 3: Median Family Income Comparison

Primary Government Entity	Median Family Income (absolute dollars)
United States	\$71,900
California	\$77,500
Orange County	\$92,700
San Diego County	\$81,800
Los Angeles County	\$69,300
Riverside County	\$65,800

Sources: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 2018

Comparisons of Inflation and Median Family Income



Sources: California Department of Finance, April 2018
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 2018

According to the California Association of Realtors, the median home sales price for existing homes in Orange County was \$838,500 (absolute dollars) in August 2018, representing a 6.3% increase relative to August 2017. The median sales price in Orange County continues to exceed all surrounding counties (see Table 4).

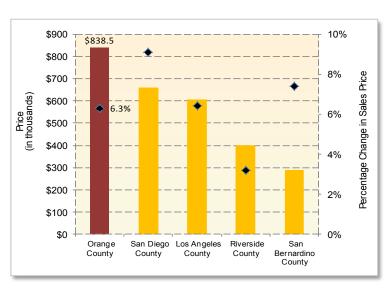
In terms of internal trends, current and projected indicators forecast that the Orange County economy will continue to be moderate, with job growth expected to increase by 2.4% in 2018.

Table 4: Median Home Sales Price Comparison-Southern California Counties – August 2018

Primary Government Entity	Median Home Sales Price Change increase	Median Home Sales Price (absolute dollars)
Orange County	6.3%	\$838,500
San Diego County	9.1%	\$660,000
Los Angeles County	6.4%	\$607,490
Riverside County	3.2%	\$400,750
San Bernardino Count	y 7.4%	\$290,000

Source: California Association of Realtors - Existing - Single-Family, 2018

Table 4: Comparison of Median Home Sales Price and Price Changes Among Counties



Sources: CoreLogic Information System, August 2018

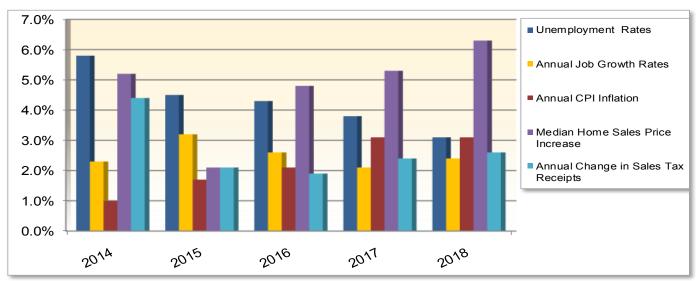
Table 5 shows various internal indicators reflecting steady growth of the County's economy. The unemployment rate decreased to 3.1% for the month of August 2018 relative to 3.8% for the month of August 2017. Job growth is expected to increase by 2.4% in 2018. Median home prices increased by 6.3% in August 2018, relative to 5.3% in August 2017. Sales tax receipts is forecasted to increase by 2.6% in 2018.

Table 5: Orange County Historical Data

Historical Indicators	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Unemployment Rates	5.8%	4.5%	4.3%	3.8%	3.1%
Annual Job Growth Rates	2.3%	3.2%	2.6%	2.1%	2.4%
Annual CPI Inflation	1.0%	1.7%	2.1%	3.1%	3.1%
Median Home Sales Price Increase	5.2%	2.1%	4.8%	5.3%	6.3%
Annual Change in Sales Tax Receipts	4.4%	2.1%	1.9%	2.4%	2.6%

Data in Table 5 for prior years may be different from previous years CAFR due to the timing of obtaining data. Data for 2018 is based on forecasted data

Orange County Historical Data Comparison (Shown as a year-to-year percentage increase/decrease)



Sources: State of California, Employment Development Department Economic & Business Review, Chapman University, June 2018 California Association of Realtors

In summary, the economy in Orange County continues to show signs of moderate growth.

Long-Term Financial Planning

Strategic Plan: In March 1997, the Board initiated a financial planning process that is a key component of the County's commitment to fiscal responsibility, accountability, and efficiency. The plan includes projections of County general purpose revenues, departmental projections of operating costs, revenues, capital and information technology needs for current programs and services and anticipated caseload changes. New programs, services and capital projects are identified and prioritized on a Countywide basis with financial impacts identified over the plan period. The plan covers a five-year period and includes a ten-year analysis of operating costs in cases where new programs and facilities are assessed to ensure the ability to pay for long-term operational costs.

The 2018 Strategic Financial Plan (SFP) was presented to the Board on December 18, 2018. The 2018 SFP is the foundation in planning for continued financial stability and is augmented by the monitoring and establishment of budgetary control via the quarterly budget reporting process and adoption of the Annual Budget. The five-year SFP projections indicate that General Purpose Revenue will grow, on average, about 2.7% annually. The moderate growth rate for revenue, coupled with the increasing cost of doing business, will require the County to carefully

manage programs and service levels. The County continues to believe that sustained job growth and reduced unemployment are the key indicators for economic growth.

In order to address identified budget issues and prepare for the continued uncertainty of the general and local economy, the following represent some of the actions taken or identified as options for early planning. Early action is critical to ensure baseline services are met and that the County continues to experience financial stability.

- The SFP reflects a 0% increase in Net County Cost allocations to departments for Fiscal Year (FY) 2019-20, and 1% for each of the following fiscal years, with the remaining excess funds distributed and/or set-aside to address the most critical strategic needs for the County
- Continuation of the policy to not backfill State budget reductions
- Internal financing program to support major capital and information technology projects
- Maintaining prudent levels of General Fund and Contingency Reserves

The County continues to move forward on several large projects identified below. In addition, the County is in various stages of planning and implementing several other projects. Plans are in place to establish a Behavioral Health Services campus at a site purchased in the City of Orange in March 2018 and for the second phase of the Civic Center Facilities Master Plan. Development of the County property at the former Marine Corps Air Station El Toro in Irvine and other various County-owned properties such as the Greenspot and Prado Dam properties will require up-front financial planning and investment in order to generate revenue in future years on a long-term basis.

Santa Ana River Mainstem Project: The Santa Ana River Mainstem Project (SARMP) was initiated in 1964, in partial response to a resolution of the United States House Committee on Public Works adopted May 8, 1964. A survey report was completed by the Orange County Flood Control District in 1975. The report was reviewed and submitted to Congress in September 1978. In September 1980, the United States Corps of Engineers completed the General Design Memorandum for the SARMP. Construction for the SARMP was authorized by the Water Resources Development Act of 1986. Construction for the SARMP was initiated in 1989, and completion is scheduled for December 2029.

The SARMP is designed to provide flood protection to the growing urban communities in Orange, Riverside and San Bernardino Counties. The proposed improvements to the system cover 75 miles, from the headwater of the Santa Ana River east of the City of San Bernardino to the mouth of the river at the Pacific Ocean between the cities of Newport Beach and Huntington Beach. The project will increase levels of flood protection to more than 3.35 million people within the three county areas. The project includes seven independent features: Seven Oaks Dam, Mill Creek Levee, San Timoteo Creek, Oak Street Drain, Prado Dam, Santiago Creek and the Lower Santa Ana River. More information on the SARMP is available in Note 15, Construction and Other Significant Commitments. To learn more about the SARMP, visit the Orange County Flood Control Division's website at www.ocflood.com/sarp.

OC Dana Point Harbor Revitalization Plan: The OC Dana Point Harbor Revitalization Plan (Plan) includes revitalization of Dana Point Harbor's commercial core, marinas, and hotel. The Plan is a multi-phased and long-term public-private partnership project, where total development costs have been estimated in excess of \$150,000 pending final project design approvals. The Plan is a phased and systematic long-term rehabilitation and/or replacement of the commercial core, hotel, and waterside elements. County Executive Office Real Estate staff managed the process for selection of a potential private partner for the project and are working with OC Parks staff to finalize the financial strategy for the complete Plan that will meet the long-term needs and expectations of the community and the County. On October 17, 2017, the County selected Dana Point Harbor Partners, LLC (DPHP) as the primary developer and Dana Point Partners, LLC as the alternate developer for the lease, development, and management of certain portions of Dana Point Harbor. On July 17, 2018, the Board approved option and ground lease agreements with DPHP and Dana Point Harbor Partners Drystack, LLC to administer and manage Dana Point Harbor and initiate entitlement approvals for certain portions of Dana Point Harbor for the long-term use and enjoyment by the public.

James A. Musick Facility Expansion: On March 8, 2012, the County received a conditional award from the State for \$100,000 in funds for expansion of the James A. Musick Facility Assembly Bill 900 (AB900 Phase II). On March 8, 2013, the State approved the funding to complete design and construction for the project, of which establishment allows the County to commit funding to design and construction that is reimbursed from the AB900 Phase II

\$100,000 award. This project is estimated for completion in FY 2021-22. The County must front costs initially until the notice to proceed for construction is approved by the State. At that time, all past eligible costs incurred can be invoiced for reimbursement by the State in full, and all future costs will be invoiced for reimbursement by the State on an ongoing basis until construction completion and occupancy. It is anticipated that costs will be reimbursed beginning in FY 2019-20.

On March 13, 2014, the State approved \$80,000 in funds for the County for additional rehabilitation, treatment, and housing for the James A. Musick Facility (Senate Bill 1022). This project will be completed in parallel with the AB900 Phase II project. Because of schedule compaction during design, the State approved executing both project phases into a single construction project. The financial requirements for this second phase are consistent with those described above.

La Pata Avenue Gap Closure and Camino Del Rio Extension Project: The County is nearing completion of the construction of the La Pata Avenue Gap Closure Project (Project) that will widen La Pata Avenue and implement a gap closure between the cities of San Juan Capistrano and San Clemente. This is a cooperative project between the City of San Clemente, City of San Juan Capistrano, Rancho Mission Viejo, OC Waste & Recycling, and OC Public Works (OCPW), with the County acting as the lead agency. The Board awarded a construction contract for \$72,741 to Sukut Construction, Inc. (Sukut) on December 10, 2013. A construction management contract for \$7,706 was awarded to Hill International, Inc. on February 4, 2014, and later amended on October 6, 2015 to reduce the overall contract amount to \$6,706. The total Project cost is estimated at \$141,000 including a Contract Change Order of \$6,000 to Sukut approved by the Board in April 11, 2017. The Project is funded by State 1B, Measure M1 and M2, gas tax, La Pata Fee Program, OC Waste & Recycling, developer agreement, and community facility district revenues.

The groundbreaking ceremony was held on April 4, 2014. The ribbon cutting ceremony for the roadway gap closure was held on August 13, 2016 and the roadway was open to the public on August 14, 2016. Construction of the Camino Del Rio Extension Phase was completed in April 3, 2017. The final phase of the La Pata Widening is expected to be completed in FY 2018-19.

Bridges at Kraemer Place Year-Round Emergency Shelter (Bridges): On November 17, 2015, the Board approved the acquisition of 1000 N. Kraemer Place for \$4,250 as the site of a new 200-bed Year-Round Emergency Shelter and Multi Service Center to serve the homeless population with \$1,250 in funding support from the cities of Anaheim, Fullerton, Brea, and La Habra. The 24,450 square foot facility opened in phases, beginning with Phase I in May 2017 and reached maximum capacity in May 2018.

Central Utility Facility (CUF) Infrastructure Upgrade Project: The County has completed the primary portion of the of the CUF Project (Project) in the city of Santa Ana. The current phase is in place to replace one absorption chiller and provide steam line replacement to Building 26 (Santa Ana Library). A follow-on phase is being planned to remediate an issue identified with the new absorption chiller structural concrete pad and also to modify the steam system to accommodate the new absorption chiller. The primary phase of the Project replaced the cooling tower, chillers and pumps and has added a boiler and related equipment at the CUF. The Project replaces the original 1968 CUF components which were beyond useful life and required upgrades and replacement to be reliable and energy efficient. The Project also includes expansion of the present thermal utility distribution system to new thermal utility clients and improving the cogeneration system efficiency and performance by using the full capacity of the cogeneration components. The primary component of the thermal expansion is the replacement of chilled water lines which is now 100% complete with construction. The total Project is on budget at an estimated \$68,000 and is funded from CUF Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2016 issued in June 2016. A Guaranteed Maximum Price Contract of \$59,165 to provide construction manager at risk (CMAR) construction phase services for the Project was awarded by the Board on January 26, 2016. An amendment to the CMAR contract was approved in December 2017 for \$1,980 to include steam connection to the County's Gates and Osborne buildings. The Project Architect-Engineer (A&E) Agreement was amended on April 26, 2016 for a new total not-to-exceed amount of \$7,063. The A&E contract includes engineering and design for the Project, construction observation, commissioning, and support services. As of June 30, 2018, \$65,046 of \$68,000 bond proceeds were spent. The completion of the Project is anticipated to be completed in FY 2018-19.

Westminster Watershed Feasibility Study/East Garden Grove Wintersburg Channel: OCPW continues to work with the Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) to complete the Westminster Watershed Feasibility Study to the final milestone of Chief's Report (January 2020). Having reached the Tentatively Selected Plan milestone, OCPW can soon begin to construct reaches covered by the study while receiving Work-In-Kind credit towards OC Flood Control District's (OCFCD) portion of the expected 65% Federal/35% Non-Federal cost share. Improvements to OCFCD facilities will benefit several cities including Huntington Beach, Fountain Valley, Westminster, Garden Grove, Santa Ana and Seal Beach. As part of the study, USACE will conduct a public hearing for the study within the next several months. The study indicates that total construction cost is currently estimated at \$1,000,000.

Two projects for the East Garden Grove Wintersburg Channel are planned for construction by OCPW ahead of the formal partnership agreement with USACE. The reaches include Warner to Goldenwest, estimated at \$50,000 starting in FY 2018-19, and Confluence with Oceanview Channel to Beach Blvd estimated at \$11,000 starting in FY 2021-22.

Orange County Civic Center Facilities Master Plan: On April 23, 2013, the Board adopted an ordinance approving a public-private partnership to develop the Civic Center Facilities Strategic Plan. On February 24, 2016, the Board approved a Program Management and Design Agreement for Phase 1A planning and design of the Orange County Civic Center Facilities.

Included in Phase I is a six-story building located at 601 N. Ross Street. On April 25, 2017, the Board approved the Phase 1B, construction of the new Building 16 within the Civic Center, the lease and leaseback of Building 16 property, and establishment of a nonprofit corporation as it related to the financing of Building 16 and the Civic Center Facilities Strategic Plan. Building 16 is to be occupied by several County departments and includes a one-stop shop public counter where the public will access services from multiple departments. There will be a 6,600-square-foot event/conference center, Building 18 located at 425 W. Santa Ana Boulevard, which is planned to be used by the County and the public. There will be 348 underground parking spaces.

The project's financing was facilitated through a Board adopted ordinance on May 9, 2017, identifying the legal authority for the issuance of bonds, approving a Ground Lease, a Facility Lease, and forming the Capital Facilities Development Corporation (Corporation). On June 22, 2017, the California Municipal Finance Authority (Authority) issued \$152,400 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A. The Authority loaned a total of \$175,340 to the Corporation, pursuant to a loan agreement, for the construction. Upon filing the certificate of substantial completion, the County will commence base rental payments, under the Facility Lease, to repay the loan to the Authority, which pays debt service to the bondholders. The expected completion date is August 2019.

On June 26, 2018, the Board approved a Program Management and Design Agreement for Phase 2A for the planning and design of the new Building 14 within the Civic Center, which will be a twin building of the above Building 16. Building 14 is to be occupied by several County departments and includes a Board of Supervisors Board Hearing room. The Board will review the Phase 2B, construction and financing of the new Building 14 in FY 2018-19.

Relevant Financial Policies

To achieve the goal of providing outstanding and cost-effective regional public services, the County applies sound management practices and policies that enhance the quality of life of its citizens. Such financial management practices have been identified by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) and recognized by Fitch Ratings as best practices that promote financial soundness, efficiency in government, and solvency in public finance.

General Fund Reserves Policy

The County General Fund Reserves Policy provides guidance in the creation, maintenance and use of reserves. The policy covers formal and informal reserves, and includes provisions for reserves such as appropriations for contingencies, reserve-like appropriations, and reserve-like funds held by others such as the OCERS Investment Account. The policy also recognizes whether funds are legally required or discretionary or have special restrictions. The reserves policy is maintained and updated, as needed, through the County's annual SFP process. The reserves policy targets and balances are included in the annual SFP document.

The General Fund Reserves policy is designed to provide flexibility to the County as well as the following:

- Resources to address unanticipated or cyclical economic conditions
- Resources for emergencies and/or catastrophic events
- Mitigation of the volatility of revenues and expenditures in managing temporary cash flow shortages
- Capacity to cover unexpected large one-time expenses and opportunities
- · Capacity to fund capital investments
- Capacity to minimize borrowing costs
- Capacity to provide some level of protection against statutory changes to County revenues and impacts from federal and state actions

The County has a variety of reserve funds available to both the General Fund and Non-General Funds including:

- Fund Balance Assigned for Contingencies
- Fund Balance Assigned for Operations
- Fund Balance Assigned for Construction and Maintenance
- Fund Balance Assigned for Capital Projects
- Fund Balance Assigned for Teeter Loss Reserve
- Fund Balance Assigned for Reserve Target
- Reserve-Like Funds
- Reserve-Like Appropriations
- Department-Type Reserves

All of the previously mentioned are reserves normally modified at the time of budget adoption (Government Code Section 29085) or at fiscal year-end. Changes to reserve amounts at other times require a 4/5 vote of the Board. A 4/5 vote is also required to make such reserves available for appropriation to expend the funds, if needed, during the fiscal year (Government Code Section 29130).

Reserve Targets and Descriptions

Under GFOA recommended practice, the County establishes an overall reserve target and allocates the calculated target among the classes of obligated fund balances as appropriate. The County may fund more or less to each reserve class for a variety of reasons, such as its current financial condition, the need to set aside for particular goals or directives, the need to bridge one-time gaps, etc. The goal is to ensure a prudent reserve balance that is maintained and replenished on a regular basis. In implementing the GFOA's best practice, the County elected to establish a funding target based upon two months of General Fund operating revenues.

Contingencies

The purpose and use of this reserve is to cover unanticipated and severe economic downturns, major emergencies, or catastrophes that cannot be covered with existing appropriations. In particular, continued drought conditions with the attendant risk of wildfires, highlights the potential for catastrophic events within the County. A significant event could create the need for a higher funding level of this reserve. The target amount for this reserve is 15% of ongoing annual General Purpose Revenues (excluding fund balance unassigned and one-time amounts and transfers).

The following table summarizes the County's financial management practices:

	Relevant Financial Policies
Multi-Year SFP	The County's SFP is based on a five-year financial forecast and includes a 10-year analysis of operating costs in cases where new programs and facilities are recommended to ensure the ability to pay for long-term operational costs. Performance measures and strategies are key elements of the SFP process.
Five-Year Capital Improvement Plan	The County's five-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) is a long-term list of significant projects funded by the General Fund in the Capital Projects budget. It also includes the five-year capital program for Non-General Fund agencies. The CIP aids the County in its assessment of the best use of funds available in order to establish and prioritize its capital asset goals, while maintaining long-term financial stability.
Information Technology Projects	The five-year Information Technology Plan (ITP) is a compilation of significant IT projects including upgrades or replacements of existing systems, greater or equal to \$150 and less than \$1,000 in any one fiscal year of the five years in the plan. Costs for ongoing system support and maintenance are included. The ITP is a tool used by the County to assess IT projects, leverage overlap, and prioritize the use of County General Funds available to IT projects.
Quarterly Budget Report	The County Executive Office issues quarterly budget reports that provide the Board, County departments, members of the public, and other interested parties with an overview of the current status of budgeted revenues and expenditures, total budgeted positions and various departmental issues requiring adjustments to the County's budget.
Annual Budget Policies and Guidelines	The Annual Budget reflects the County's disciplined approach to fiscal management and is consistent with the County's SFP process. Department budgets are consistent with the priorities and operations plans contained in the SFP. Departments use these planning processes, along with outcome indicators, to evaluate programs and redirect existing resources as needed for greater efficiency to reduce costs and minimize the need for additional resources.
Fund Balance Reserve Policy	The County General Fund currently contains formal and informal reserves, appropriations for contingencies, appropriated reserve-type funds, and reserves held by others. The purpose of these reserves is to protect community programs and services from temporary revenue shortfalls and provide for unpredicted, sudden and unavoidable one-time expenditures.
Contingency Planning Policy	The County's General Fund maintains a reserve for contingencies, which was established through the SFP process. The target amount for this reserve is 15% of ongoing annual General Purpose Revenues (excludes fund balance unassigned and one-time amounts and transfers), or \$120,740. This compares to the GFOA guidelines for funding contingencies at 15% or higher. The November 30, 2018 balance is \$65,000, approximately \$55,740 below the target.
	In addition to the reserve for contingencies, the County budgets an annual appropriation for significant unanticipated emergencies, catastrophes, one-time expenditures and opportunities of no less than \$5,000 in the General Fund.
Debt Disclosure Practices	The County presents a set of debt disclosures in the County's adopted Budget document and the CAFR, as well as Continuing Disclosure Annual Reports on its website and the Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) repository.

	Relevant Financial Policies (Continued)
Pay-as–you-go Capital Funding	The County's long-term practice has been to use pay-as-you-go funding for capital projects whenever possible. The use of systematic long range financial planning assists in making fiscal decisions such as debt vs. pay-as-you-go capital project financing. The SFP forecasts sources of the County's revenue and operating expenses and incorporates a list of previously identified and prioritized projects that will benefit the citizens of the County. The financial planning for capital projects considers the County's limited funding sources, the capital and operating costs, useful life of projects, and good business practices.
Credit and Debt Management Policy	The County's long-term practice has been to rapidly repay debt when practicable. The Policy is intended to maintain long-term financial stability by ensuring that its long-term financing commitments are affordable and do not create undue risk or burden, achieve and maintain high credit ratings, minimize debt service interest expense and issuance costs, provide accurate and timely financial disclosure and reporting, and comply with applicable State and Federal laws and financing covenants.
Public Financing Advisory Committee	The Public Financing Advisory Committee (PFAC) is responsible for the review, approval, and modification or denial of debt financing proposals. No County debt financing proposal is considered by the Board unless recommended in writing by the PFAC. The PFAC membership consists of the following: five public voting members, each representing a district, and three Ex-Officio County government members (the County Executive Officer (non-voting), the elected Treasurer-Tax Collector, and the elected Auditor-Controller).
Audit Oversight Committee	The Audit Oversight Committee (AOC) is an advisory committee to the Board that provides oversight of the activities of the County Auditor-Controller's Internal Audit Division and the County's external audit coverage, including financial reporting and federal and state audit activities, and discusses the adequacy of the County's internal control structure. The AOC membership includes the Chair and Vice-Chair of the Board, the County Executive Officer, the Ex-Officio elected Treasurer-Tax Collector (non-voting), and five private sector members appointed by the Board. The private sector members shall be appointed by the Board for a term of four years and may be reappointed or removed by the Board.
Treasury Oversight Committee	The Treasury Oversight Committee (TOC) is responsible for reviewing and monitoring the annual Investment Policy Statement (IPS). In addition, the TOC causes an annual audit of the County's compliance with the IPS. The TOC shall also investigate any and all irregularities in the treasury operations, which become known to the TOC. The TOC has an approved policy to investigate and report such irregularities. Annually, the TOC reviews the IPS, including all proposed amendments or modifications to the IPS. The elected Treasurer-Tax Collector then submits the IPS to the Board for approval, including any additions or amendments thereto. The TOC membership consists of the following: The elected Auditor-Controller, the County Executive Officer, the elected County Superintendent of Schools, or their respective
24/7 Fraud Hotline	designees, and four members of the public. The public members shall be nominated by the elected Treasurer-Tax Collector and confirmed by the Board. The Fraud Hotline is part of an ongoing fraud detection and prevention effort. The Fraud Hotline is intended for use by County employees, the general public, or vendors for reporting suspected waste, fraud, violations of County policy or misuse of County resources by vendors, contractors or County employees.

Major Initiatives

<u>Funding Equity:</u> The County hovers at the bottom of funding for counties statewide, receiving the lowest percentage of property taxes in California to support services-about 5 cents on the dollar; the state average is 14 cents. The formula for returning local property taxes to the counties where they were collected was set in 1978 and has not been updated since. This systematically disadvantages the County's ability to provide services to its diverse population.

The County's predicament does not have easy fixes. Shifting funding formulas could affect other counties receiving more of their share of taxes, as well as other taxing entities such as cities, special districts, and schools, which have constitutional protections for state funding. Therefore, the answer to assuring funding equity for the County lies in increasing funding, programs, and partnerships that specifically benefit County programs and services. When the state shifts or adds responsibilities at the county level, the County will seek enough funding for those programs to ensure their success. The County's robust legislative agenda seeks creative and substantive ways to assure our residents are provided with their fair share of the taxes they pay to support the programs and services they deserve.

<u>Labor Agreements:</u> Most County employees are represented by one of 17 bargaining units, which are separated into eight labor organizations. The principal organization is the Orange County Employees Association (OCEA), which represents six bargaining units totaling about 9,777 permanent filled employee positions. The next largest unions are the Association of County Deputy Sheriffs, which represents four bargaining units totaling about 2,893 members and the American Federation of State and Municipal Employees at about 1,428 members. All but two contracts have been successfully negotiated and County employees continue to work under their contract terms with no interruption.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

<u>GFOA Awards:</u> The GFOA awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County for its CAFR for the year ended June 30, 2017; this represents the County's 23rd consecutive award. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition for excellence in state and local government financial reporting.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR, whose contents conform to program standards. Such a CAFR must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the County issued its 15th consecutive Popular Annual Financial Report (PAFR) titled the "OC Citizens' Report" for the year ended June 30, 2017. The County received the GFOA Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting for this PAFR. The award is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government popular reports. In order to be awarded, a government must publish a PAFR that reflects the program standards of creativity, presentation, understandability, and reader appeal. The "OC Citizens' Report" is available for viewing at www.ac.ocgov.com.

<u>Distinguished Budget Presentation Award:</u> The GFOA awarded a Distinguished Budget Presentation Award to the County for its FY 2017-18 Annual Budget; this is the County's second award. The award is the highest form of recognition in governmental budgeting. In order to receive the award, the entity had to satisfy nationally recognized guidelines for effective budget presentation. These guidelines are designed to acknowledge how well an entity's budget serves as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

<u>Counties Financial Transactions Reporting Award:</u> The County received the Financial Transactions Reporting Award from the State Controller's Office for its Year-End Financial Transaction Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The award is in recognition of the professionalism demonstrated by Counties in preparing accurate and timely financial reports and for those counties that meet the review criteria of the award program.

<u>Acknowledgments:</u> We would like to express our sincere appreciation to County staff and the staff of the certified public accounting firm of VTD. We hope this report will be of interest and use to those in county government, other governmental agencies, and the public interested in the financial activities of the County of Orange.

Respectfully submitted,

Eric H. Woolery, CPA Auditor-Controller

Michelle Aguirre Chief Financial Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Orange California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

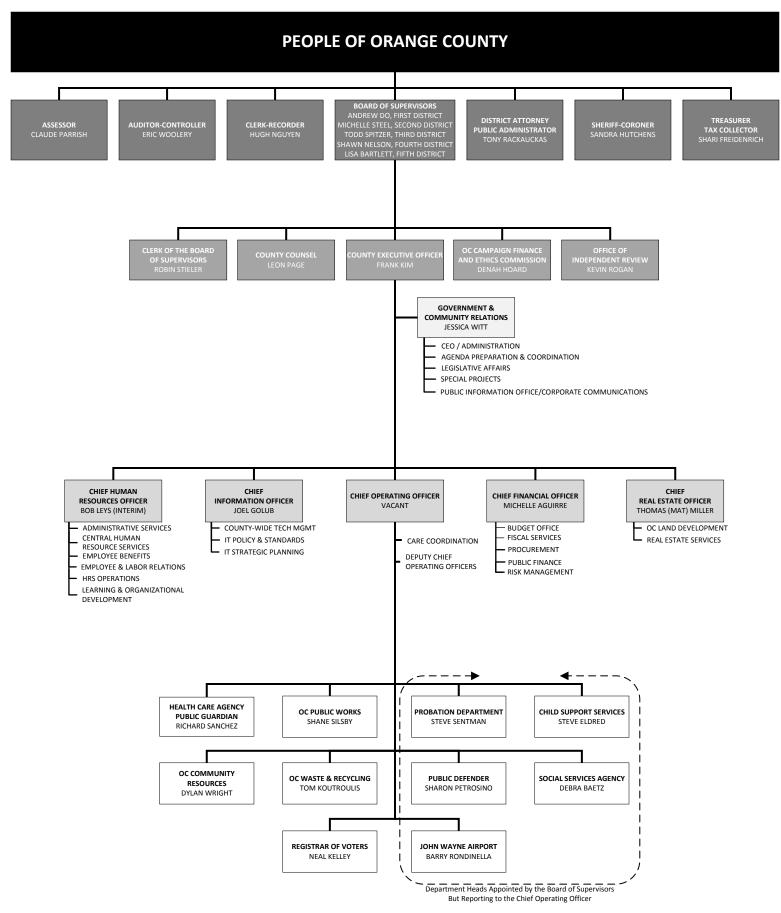
June 30, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



County of Orange Organizational Chart











VALUE THE difference

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors County of Orange, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Orange, California (County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Orange County Health Authority, a Public Agency/dba Orange Prevention and Treatment Integrated Medical Assistance (CalOptima), which collectively represent 97%, 95%, and 99%, respectively, of the assets, net position and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for CalOptima, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison statements for the General fund, Flood Control District fund, Other Public Protection fund, and Mental Health Services Act fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Notes 1, 2, and 19 to the financial statements, the County adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, and No. 85, Omnibus 2017, effective July 1, 2017. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 20 through 40 and the schedules for the Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS) plan, Orange County Extra-Help Defined Benefit plan, and Orange County Retiree Medical plan, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2018, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Vavinch Trin, Dry; Co, Cl Laguna Hills, California December 17, 2018





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) (UNAUDITED)

This section of the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) provides a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the year ended June 30, 2018. We hope that the information presented here, in conjunction with the Letter of Transmittal, provides a clear picture of the County's overall financial status. Unless otherwise indicated, all amounts in this section are expressed in thousands of dollars.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total change in net position, which is the difference between total revenues (including transfers in) and expenses (including transfers out), was \$372,744 for the fiscal year, and it increased net position by 18% from prior year.
- Long-term debt obligations decreased by \$67,621 or 19% during the current fiscal year.
- The County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,499,505, a decrease of \$78,964 or 3% in comparison with the prior year.
- General Fund revenues and other financing sources ended the year 2% below budget.
- General Fund expenditures and other financing uses ended the year 5% below budget.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements presented in the County's CAFR are divided into three different sections:

- Government-wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements
- Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

	Basic Financi	al Statements								
Government-wide		Fund Financial Statements								
Financial Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds								
Statement of	Balance Sheet	Statement of Net Position	Statement of Fiduciary							
Net Position	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in	Net Position							
Statement of	Changes in Fund Balances	Fund Net Position	Statement of							
Activities	Budgetary Comparison Statements	Statement of Cash Flows	Changes in Fiduciary Net Position							
	Notes to the Basic F	inancial Statements								

The following table summarizes the major features of the basic financial statements:

	Government-wide	Fund Financial Statements								
	Financial Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds						
Type of Financial Statement	Statement of Net Position	Balance Sheet	Statement of Net Position	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position						
	Statement of Activities	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budgetary Comparison Statements	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position						
Scope	Entire entity (except	Day-to-day operating	Day-to-day operating	Resources on behalf of						
	fiduciary funds)	activities for basic services	activities for business- type services	others						
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources measurement focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources measurement focus (except for agency funds)						
Type of Asset, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liability, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Information	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, both financial and capital, short- term and long-term	Current assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources both financial and capital, short- term and long-term	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources held in a trustee or agency capacity for others						
Type of Inflows and Outflows Information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during the year or soon thereafter; expenditures for when goods or services have been received, and the related liability is due and payable	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid						

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements consist of the following two financial statements: the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. Both of these statements were prepared using an accounting method and a measurement focus similar to those used by private-sector companies, the <u>accrual basis of accounting</u> and the <u>economic resources measurement focus</u>. The **Statement of Net Position** provides information regarding <u>all</u> of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. The **Statement of Activities**, on the other hand, provides information on how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year regardless of the period when the related cash or cash equivalent is received or paid. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes, and earned but unused vacation leave).

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include (1) general government, (2) public protection, (3) public ways and facilities, (4) health and sanitation, (5) public assistance, (6) education, and (7) recreation and cultural services. The business-type activities of the County include John Wayne Airport (Airport), Orange County Waste Management and Recycling (Waste Management), and Compressed Natural Gas (CNG).

The government-wide financial statements also provide information regarding the County's component units, entities for which the County (the primary government) is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the County's operations; therefore, data from these component units are combined with data of the primary government. Financial information for the CFCOC and CalOptima, discretely presented component units, are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. Separate stand-alone annual financial reports can be obtained by accessing the County's website at the following address: www.ac.ocgov.com. A separate stand-alone CalOptima annual financial report can be obtained by accessing the website at http://wpso.dmhc.ca.gov/fe/search/.

Fund Financial Statements

- Fund a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.
- Focus is on <u>major funds</u>.
- Provides information regarding the three major categories of all County funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

The fund financial statements report on groupings of related funds that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Like other state and local governments, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds as determined by the criteria set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments," and GASB Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities." All of the County funds can be divided into three major categories of funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental funds include most of the County's basic services and are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting and current financial resources measurement focus.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Reconciliations are prepared for the governmental funds' Balance Sheet and the governmental funds' Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to facilitate comparisons between governmental funds and governmental activities. The primary differences between the government-wide and fund financial statements relate to noncurrent assets, such

as land and structures and improvements, and noncurrent liabilities, such as bonded debt and amounts owed for compensated absences, capital lease obligations, net pension liability and other postemployment benefits (OPEB), which are reported in the government-wide statements but not in the fund financial statements.

The County maintains several individual governmental funds organized according to their type (General Fund, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Projects and Permanent funds). Information is presented separately in the governmental funds' Balance Sheet and in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, which is always a major fund, and all other major funds which may change each year depending on if they meet the major funds criteria. Information for nonmajor funds is presented in the aggregate as "Other Governmental Funds" in these statements. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is presented in the Supplemental Information Section of this CAFR. The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements and schedules have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget and are presented in the Basic Financial Statements and Supplemental Information Section of this CAFR, respectively.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds: Enterprise funds and Internal Service funds. **Enterprise funds** are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its Airport, Waste Management, and CNG activities. **Internal Service funds** are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions such as insurance, transportation, publishing services, and information technology. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, Internal Service funds have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Airport and Waste Management operations, which are both considered to be major funds of the County. Conversely, the Internal Service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements with the individual fund data provided in the combining statements, which can be found in the Supplemental Information Section of this CAFR.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - Fiduciary funds include the **Trust** and **Agency** funds and are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments. Financial information for fiduciary funds is <u>not</u> reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the County's programs. The combining statements for fiduciary funds are included in the Supplemental Information Section of this CAFR.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. To find a specific note, refer to the Table of Contents.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. At June 30, 2018, the County's combined net position (governmental and business-type activities) totaled \$2,464,735, a decrease of 2% from unrestated FY 2016-17.

The largest component of the County's net position, which totals \$3,831,242, was **net investment in capital assets**, which represents the County's investment in capital assets, less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets and debt-related deferred outflows and inflows of resources. The County's capital assets are used to provide needed services to its citizens. Since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate the associated debt, the resources needed to repay the debt must be provided from other sources.

COMPONENTS OF NET POSITION

- Net Investment in Capital Assets
- Restricted
- Unrestricted

The County's **restricted** net position of \$1,491,317 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on their use and are available to meet the County's ongoing obligations for programs with external restrictions. External restrictions include those imposed by grantors, contributors, laws/regulations of other governments, or restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or legislation, including those passed by the County itself.

The **unrestricted** net position is the final component of net position. Unrestricted net position is resources that the County may use to meet its ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. As of June 30, 2018, the County's unrestricted net position totals a deficit of \$2,857,824. Among governmental activities the deficit was \$3,312,306 in unrestricted net position, compared to its deficit of \$3,074,958 at June 30, 2017. The main contributor of the deficit continues to be the reporting of the County's proportionate share of net pension liability on the financial statements.

The following table presents condensed financial information derived from the government-wide Statement of Net Position:

NET POSITION – Primary Government June 30, 2018 and 2017									
	Govern	nme	ental	Busine	ss-Ty	/pe			
	Activ	vitie	es	Activ	ities/	•	To	otal	
	2018		<u>2017*</u>	<u>2018</u>		<u>2017*</u>	2018		<u>2017*</u>
ASSETS									
Current and Other Assets	\$ 3,562,470	\$	3,635,467	\$ 867,075	\$	895,588	\$ 4,429,545	\$	4,531,055
Capital Assets	3,147,060		2,933,640	949,353		897,739	4,096,413		3,831,379
Total Assets	6,709,530		6,569,107	1,816,428		1,793,327	8,525,958		8,362,434
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,051,004		822,809	20,411		17,251	1,071,415		840,060
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,051,004		822,809	20,411		17,251	1,071,415		840,060
LIABILITIES									
Long-term Liabilities	5,062,307		4,893,118	435,786		454,141	5,498,093		5,347,259
Other Liabilities	726,617		696,941	73,521		94,819	800,138		791,760
Total Liabilities	5,788,924		5,590,059	509,307		548,960	6,298,231		6,139,019
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	818,737		546,666	15,670		11,658	834,407		558,324
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	818,737		546,666	15,670		11,658	834,407		558,324
NET POSITION									
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,031,574		2,813,296	799,668		708,286	3,831,242		3,521,582
Restricted	1,433,605		1,516,853	57,712		78,179	1,491,317		1,595,032
Unrestricted	(3,312,306)		(3,074,958)	454,482		463,495	(2,857,824)		(2,611,463)
Total Net Position	\$ 1,152,873	\$	1,255,191	\$ 1,311,862	\$	1,249,960	\$ 2,464,735	\$	2,505,151

^{*} The balances shown in FY 2017 have not been restated to include adjustments in Note 2, Change in Accounting Principle

As of June 30, 2018, the County's total assets and deferred outflows of resources increased by 4% or \$394,879 during the current fiscal year. Capital assets increased by \$265,034 primarily due to construction projects related to the Civic Center Facilities Master Plan, Airport Terminal Improvements, Central Utility Facility (CUF) Upgrade, and various other projects completed for road infrastructure. Offsetting the increase in capital assets, was a decrease in current and other assets primarily caused by a decrease in restricted cash and cash equivalents due to the loan provided in FY 2016-17 for the Civic Center Facilities Master Plan construction and partial redemption of the Series 2009 Airport Revenue Bonds. In addition, there was an increase for deferred outflows of resources of \$231,355 primarily due to an increase in deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB, which reflects the changes in net pension and OPEB liability measurements as required by GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27," (GASB Statement No. 68) and GASB Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension" (GASB Statement No. 75).

Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources for FY 2017-18 increased by 6% or \$435,295. Long-term liabilities increased by 3% or \$150,834 mainly as a result of the County's proportionate share of the net pension and net OPEB liability. Deferred inflows of resources increased \$276,083 due to the changes in the net OPEB liability

measurements used in the actuarial study as required by GASB Statement No. 75, offset by a decrease in changes for pension.

The following table provides summarized data of the government-wide Statement of Activities:

		mental	Busines	**	Total			
	2018	vities 2017*	2018	2017*	<u>2018</u>	2017*		
REVENUES	<u>=0.10</u>	=0	=0.10	<u>=</u>	20.0	<u>== </u>		
Program Revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$ 657,083	\$ 624,210	\$ 315,090	\$ 304,350	\$ 972,173	\$ 928,560		
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,175,087	2,067,777	272	69	2,175,359	2,067,846		
Capital Grants and Contributions	123,575	113,481	4,829	1,828	128,404	115,309		
General Revenues:								
Property Taxes	542,466	510,072			542,466	510,072		
Property Taxes in Lieu of								
Motor Vehicle License Fees	372,728	351,011			372,728	351,011		
Other Taxes	99,889	98,216	82	78	99,971	98,294		
Grants and Contributions not Restricted								
to Specific Programs	10,757	8,434			10,757	8,434		
State Allocation of Motor								
Vehicle License Fees	1,615	1,234			1,615	1,234		
Other General Revenues	90,553	99,989	9,525	4,883	100,078	104,872		
Total Revenues	4,073,753	3,874,424	329,798	311,208	4,403,551	4,185,632		
EXPENSES								
General Government	196,233	186,340			196,233	186,340		
Public Protection	1,475,626	1,485,137			1,475,626	1,485,137		
Public Ways and Facilities	151,779	97,928			151,779	97,928		
Health and Sanitation	656,234	593,617			656,234	593,617		
Public Assistance	1,102,747	1,097,327			1,102,747	1,097,327		
Education	48,412	44,510			48,412	44,510		
Recreation and Cultural Services	123,798	112,749			123,798	112,749		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	25,741	17,544			25,741	17,544		
Airport	, 		124,466	125,522	124,466	125,522		
Waste Management			125,472	105,149	125,472	105,149		
Compressed Natural Gas			299	367	299	367		
Total Expenses	3,780,570	3,635,152	250,237	231,038	4,030,807	3,866,190		
Excess before Transfers	293,183	239,272	79,561	80,170	372,744	319,442		
Transfers	10,767	25,922	(10,767)	(25,922)				
Change in Net Position	303,950	265,194	68,794	54,248	372,744	319,442		
Net Position - Beginning								
of the Year, as Restated	848,923	989,997	1,243,068	1,195,712	2,091,991	2,185,709		

^{*} The balances shown in FY 2017 have not been restated to include adjustments in Note 2, Change in Accounting Principle

The County's net position, excluding the restatement of net position, increased by \$372,744 during the current fiscal year. Revenues for the year totaled \$4,403,551 an increase of \$217,919 from prior year's total revenues. Expenses totaled \$4,030,807 an increase of \$164,617 from the previous year's total expenses.

Governmental Activities

The County's governmental activities rely on several sources of revenue to finance ongoing operations. Operating grants and contributions comprised the largest revenue source for the County, followed by charges for services. Operating grants and contributions are monies received from parties outside the County and are generally restricted to one or more specific programs such as State and Federal revenues for public assistance and for health care. Charges for services are revenues that arise from charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided. Examples of the types of services that fall under this category include engineering services provided to cities under contract, park and recreation fees, and law enforcement services provided to other governmental agencies under contract.

At the end of FY 2017-18, total revenues for governmental activities, including transfers from the business-type activities were \$4,084,520 an increase of \$184,174 from the previous year. Expenses totaled \$3,780,570 an increase of \$145,418 from the prior year. During the current fiscal year, net position for governmental activities increased by \$303,950 from the prior fiscal year after restatement of beginning net position as of July 1, 2017 for an ending balance of \$1,152,873. Key elements of the increase are as follows:

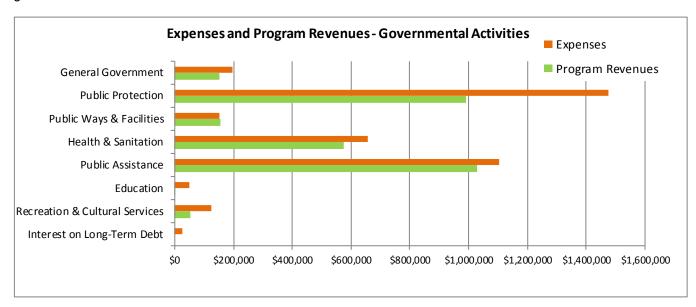
Revenues

- Operating grants and contributions increased by \$107,310, primarily due to increased allocations from the State for Mental Health Services and an increase in revenue received for social services related to CalWORKs assistance programs, In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS) programs, and Child Welfare services.
- Charges for services increased by \$32,873, primarily from an increase in revenue from law enforcement contracts with cities and from the Homeless Outreach Team. In addition, there was an increase in revenue recognized for the continued work on the 800 MHz Countywide Coordinated Communication System (CCCS).
- Property taxes increased by \$32,394, primarily due to an increase in secured assessed values.
- Property taxes in lieu of Motor Vehicle License Fees increased by \$21,717, primarily due to growth in secured property tax roll values.

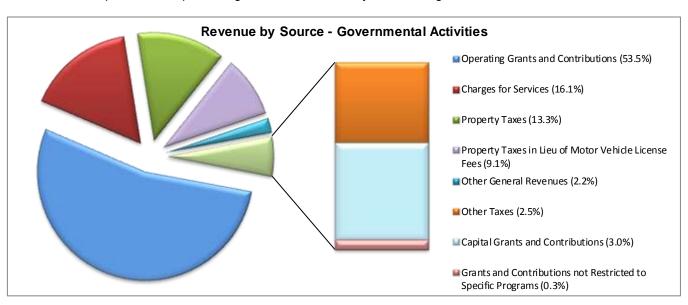
Expenses

- Expenses in health and sanitation increased by \$62,617 primarily due to an increase in Mental Health Services Act (MHSA) program expenses and the purchase of an office building for behavioral health care services.
- Expenses in public ways and facilities increased by \$53,851, primarily due to an increase in South County Roadway Improvement Program (SCRIP) fee credits paid to the developer for the I-5/Ortega Highway Interchange Project and La Pata Avenue Improvements, and an increase in depreciation expense for completed infrastructure projects.
- Expenses in public protection decreased by \$9,511, due to less CWCAP costs charged to the Sheriff-Coroner's Department offset by an increase in salaries and benefits (S&EB) primarily in the Sheriff-Coroner's Department, and an increase in Probation distribution of administration costs.
- Expenses in interest on long-term debt increased by \$8,197, primarily due to interest paid to bond holders for the loan provided by the California Municipal Finance Authority (CMFA) for the Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A.

The following chart presents a comparison of expenses by function and the associated program revenues for governmental activities:

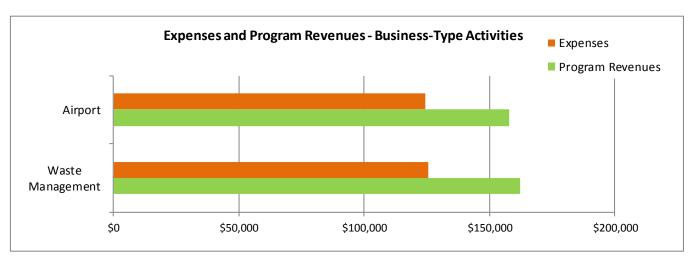


The chart below presents the percentage of total revenues by source for governmental activities:



Business-Type Activities

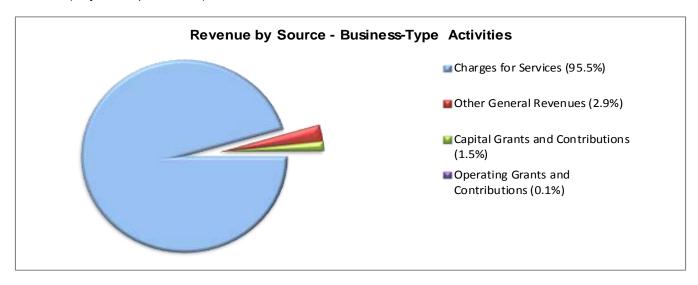
The County has three business-type activities: Airport, Waste Management, and CNG. In keeping with the intent of recovering all or a significant portion of their cost through user fees and charges, business-type activities reported charges for services as their largest source of revenues.



At the end of FY 2017-18, the business-type activities' total revenues exceeded expenses and transfers resulting in an increase of \$68,794 in net position compared to the prior year's increase in net position of \$54,248. Revenues totaled \$329,798 an increase of \$18,590 from the previous fiscal year, which is primarily attributable to increases in revenue from Waste Management's importation disposal tonnage and fees, as well as the Airport's increase in overall operating revenues, interest income, and capital grant contributions.

Expenses, including transfers to governmental activities, totaled \$261,004 representing an increase of \$4,044 from the previous year. This increase is primarily due to Waste Management's increases in pollution remediation expenses, services and supplies (S&S), as well as increases for the Airport's professional and specialized services and S&EB. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in interest expense for the Airport. Other factors concerning the finances of the County's two major enterprise funds are discussed in the Proprietary Funds section of the "Financial Analysis of the County's Funds."

The following chart displays expenses and the associated program revenues by function for the business-type activities (major enterprise funds):



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

The County uses fund accounting to demonstrate legal compliance and aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources related to unavailable revenue generally are included on the balance sheet, with the difference reported as fund balance. Fund balance, excluding nonspendable and restricted fund balances, may serve as a valuable measure of the government's available financial resources for spending at the end of a fiscal year. This amount is available for spending at the discretion of the Board in order to achieve the established function of the respective funds.

At June 30, 2018, the County's governmental funds reported total fund balances of \$2,499,505 which is a decrease of \$78,964 in comparison with prior year ending fund balances.

Comparative Analysis of Changes in Fund Balances

The following schedule presents a summary of revenues and other financing sources, expenditures and other financing uses, and the net change in fund balances for the governmental funds for the current and previous fiscal years:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) AND CHANGES IN FUND
BALANCES
For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

	Revenues and Other			Expenditures	s an	d Other	Net Change in				
	Financing	So	urces	Financing Uses				Fund Balances			
	<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>	
General Fund	\$ 3,345,890	\$	3,167,897	\$ 3,288,004	\$	3,144,843	\$	57,886	\$	23,054	
Flood Control District	149,683		151,353	179,023		144,469		(29,340)		6,884	
Other Public Protection	94,382		79,074	81,515		81,587		12,867		(2,513)	
Mental Health Services Act	169,546		153,076	178,523		138,075		(8,977)		15,001	
Other Governmental Funds	849,433		1,193,132	960,833		1,014,615		(111,400)		178,517	
Total	\$ 4,608,934	\$	4,744,532	\$ 4,687,898	\$	4,523,589	\$	(78,964)	\$	220,943	

In addition to the effects of expenditure-driven grants, the following information provides explanations for the significant changes in fund balances:

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of FY 2017-18, revenues and other financing sources exceeded expenditures and other financing uses resulting in an increase in fund balance of \$57,886 compared to last year's increase in fund balances of \$23,054. Revenues and other financing sources increased by \$177,993, and expenditures and other financing uses increased by \$143,161. The following is a brief summary of the primary factors that contributed to the increase in the net change in fund balance for the General Fund in FY 2017-18:

Revenues

- Transfers to the General Fund increased by \$69,086, primarily due to an increase in Prop 63 drawdowns from the MHSA program and increases for Social Services Agency (SSA) Wraparound program claims.
- Intergovernmental revenues increased by \$66,699 mainly due to increases in payment from the State for Senate Bill 90 (SB90) claims, higher payments received for the CalWORKS assistance and IHSS programs.
- Taxes increased by \$41,839, primarily due to increases in secured property taxes and property taxes in-lieu of vehicle license fees (VLF) resulting from an increase in secured assessed values.

Expenditures

- Expenditures for health and sanitation increased by \$70,910 mainly in programs such as MHSA, as well as for the purchase of an office building for behavioral health care services.
- Expenditures for public protection increased by \$55,735. Factors contributing to this increase were the ongoing
 operational cost increases in the Sheriff-Coroner's Department for S&EB due to additional costs for jail
 operations and city contracts.

Flood Control District

This group of funds is used to account for the planning, construction, and operation of flood control and water conservation works, such as dams, basins, and trunk channels, and for the retardation, conservation, and controlled discharge of storm waters. At the end of FY 2017-18, there was a decrease in fund balance of \$29,340 compared to last year's increase of \$6,884. Revenues and other financing sources decreased by \$1,670 mainly due to lower intergovernmental revenues related to the Santa Ana River (SAR) Subvention claims and release of retentions. Expenditures and other financing uses increased by \$34,554 primarily due to an increase in construction costs for the San Juan Creek Channel and Fullerton Creek Channel, as well as the purchase of a property required for the Prado Dam Project.

Other Public Protection

This group of funds is used to account for safety and law enforcement activities. At the end of FY 2017-18, there was an increase in fund balance of \$12,867 compared to last year's decrease in fund balance of \$2,513. Revenues and other financing sources increased by \$15,308, which was primarily attributable to the increase in charges for services for the 800 MHz CCCS. Offsetting this increase was a decrease of transfers in to the General Fund for the 800 MHz CCCS. Expenditures and other financing uses decreased by \$72, primarily due to transfers out to reimburse the Sheriff-Coroner's Department for various S&EB expenses. Offsetting the decrease in expenditures and other financing uses was an increase in capital outlay primarily due to continued replacement of obsolete radio equipment for the 800 MHz CCCS.

Mental Health Services Act (MHSA)

This fund accounts for purpose restricted MHSA revenues. At the end of FY 2017-18, fund balance decreased by \$8,977 compared to last year's increase in fund balance of \$15,001. Revenues and other financing sources increased by \$16,470 primarily due to higher allocation from the State. Expenditures increased by \$40,448 primarily due to an increase in transfers out to the General Fund for eligible reimbursement of MHSA related services.

Other Governmental Funds

Other governmental funds encompass nonmajor funds, which include special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds, and a permanent fund. At the end of FY 2017-18, fund balance decreased by \$111,400 in comparison to prior year's increase in fund balance of \$178,517. Revenues and other financing sources decreased by \$343,699, primarily due to lower transfers in for Non-General Fund multi-year countywide capital projects and the one time FY 2016-17 loan proceeds from the CMFA to construct part of the Civic Center Facilities Master Plan. Expenditures and other financing uses decreased by \$53,782, primarily due to a decrease in transfers out for projects such as the Civic Center Facilities Master Plan construction and the CUF Infrastructure Upgrade. Offsetting these decreases was an increase in public ways and facilities expenditures for lower SCRIP fee credits paid to developers.

The following chart shows the fund balances, and percentage change in fund balances for governmental funds for the current and previous fiscal years:

COMPARATIVE FUND BALANCE Governmental Funds June 30, 2018 and 2017			
	2018	2017	Increase/(Decrease) %
General Fund	\$ 808,778	\$ 750,892	8 %
Flood Control District	409,212	438,552	(7)%
Other Public Protection	156,164	143,297	9 %
Mental Health Services Act	247,982	256,959	(3)%
Other Governmental Funds	877,369	988,769	(11)%
Total	\$ 2,499,505	\$ 2,578,469	(3)%

Proprietary Funds

The proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary funds financial statements provide separate information for the Airport and Waste Management Funds, which are considered to be major funds of the County, and Compressed Natural Gas Fund. Internal Service Funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary funds financial statements.

Comparative Analysis of Changes in Fund Net Position

The following table presents the enterprise funds' revenues, expenses, contributions, transfers, and changes in fund net position for the current and previous fiscal years:

ENTERPRISE FUNDS
COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, CONTRIBUTIONS, TRANSFERS, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

	F	Revenues, Contributions and Transfers				Expenses and Transfers			Change in Fund Net Position			
		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>
Airport	\$	161,700	\$	152,880	\$	124,751	\$	126,052	\$	36,949	\$	26,828
Waste Management		168,105		158,045		136,792		131,430		31,313		26,615
Compressed Natural Gas		348		326		380		517		(32)		(191)
Total	\$	330,153	\$	311,251	\$	261,923	\$	257,999	\$	68,230	\$	53,252

Airport

This fund accounts for major construction and self-supporting aviation related activities rendered at the Airport. At the end of FY 2017-18, there was an increase of \$36,949 in fund net position compared to the prior year increase of \$26,828. Revenues, contributions and transfers increased by \$8,820, primarily due to an increase in overall operating revenues, interest income, and capital grant contributions from the Federal Aviation Administration for reimbursement of expenses. Expenses decreased by \$1,301 primarily due to a decrease in interest expense, partially offset by an increase in professional and specialized services and S&EB.

Waste Management

This fund is used to account for the operation, expansion, closing of existing landfills and the opening of new landfills. Monies are collected through gate tipping fees, which users pay based primarily on tonnage. At the end of FY 2017-18, there was an increase of \$31,313 in fund net position compared to the prior year increase of \$26,615. Revenues, contributions and transfers increased by \$10,060, which was primarily due to an increase in sanitation and landfill disposal tonnage and fees collected for waste, recycling and importation. Expenses and transfers increased by \$5,362, primarily due to an increase in pollution remediation expenses and S&S.

Compressed Natural Gas (CNG)

This fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the CNG facility. Revenues consist primarily of compressed natural gas sales to both the County and the public. At the end of FY 2017-18, there was a decrease of \$32 in fund net position compared to the prior year decrease of \$191. Revenues increased by \$22 due to an increase in CNG fuel sales and CNG/Propane tax refunds and credits received. Expenditures decreased by \$137 due to a decrease in monthly maintenance, repairs and services, and a decrease in transfers out to OC Flood Control District Fund for the last reimbursement payment for maintenance and repair of the compressed natural gas station.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

This section provides a summary of the primary factors involved in the variances between: 1) the Original Budget and the Final Budget; and 2) the Final Budget and the budgetary based Actual amounts for the General Fund. In addition to the effects of expenditure-driven grants, the following information provides explanations for significant variances. Refer to the General Fund Budgetary Comparison Statement for a full budgetary comparison.

Original Revenue Budget vs. Final Revenue Budget

The following provides a summary of the primary factors attributable to the increase in the General Fund final budget revenues and other financing sources compared to the original budget revenues and other financing sources:

Charges for Services

- An increase of \$2,856 in Sheriff-Coroner law enforcement services due to adjustments to city contracts for police services and the expansion of law enforcement services in the County's flood control channels.
- An increase of \$1,500 due to higher than projected real estate services for Non-General Fund departments.
- An increase of \$1,423 in mental health services mainly to offset for a decrease in transfers related to the Tobacco Settlement claim revenue.

Intergovernmental

- An increase of \$13,703 in SSA to due to the anticipation of more State and Federal allocations and grants for various programs including Medi-Cal, CalFresh, and CalWORKs.
- An increase of \$8,477 for Proposition 172 revenue in the Sheriff-Coroner and District Attorney departments to support their operations.
- An increase of \$2,857 in the Probation Department due to unanticipated State realignment revenue and funds for the Juvenile Hall security camera project.

Transfers In

- An increase of \$14,155 primarily from the Countywide Capital Projects Non-General Fund mainly for the funding of County Shelter programs and flood channel engagement services.
- An increase of \$5,673 in the Sheriff-Coroner Department mainly to support the department's revenue shortfall.
- An increase of \$3,251 in the Health Care Agency (HCA) to support ongoing program costs for the Mental Health Service Act, Tobacco Settlement, and Bioterrorism Center for Disease Control (CDC) funds.
- An increase of \$2,194 in the District Attorney Department primarily to cover costs related to the Rapid DNA Program, the purchase of Criminal Justice Information Services compliant network equipment, and to support the cost of prosecution services.

Final Revenue Budget vs. Actual Revenue Amounts

The following information provides a summary of the primary factors that caused significant variances in the General Fund actual revenues and other financing sources compared to the final revenue and other financing sources budget:

Transfers In

- A \$68,730 less than budgeted amount was primarily comprised of the following:
 - \$21,818 less received in HCA due to lower than expected drawdowns in MHSA and a delay in transfers from the OC Tobacco Settlement Revenue Fund.
 - \$21,110 less received from the Teeter Tax Loss Reserve Fund which was determined to be unnecessary.
 - \$5,655 less received in SSA mainly attributable to lower than anticipated Wraparound expenditures and less utility cost reimbursements for the Tustin Family Campus program.
 - \$5,555 less received in the Sheriff-Coroner due to lower revenues received for the State Criminal Alien Assistance Program (SCAAP) and less reimbursements received for the Integrated Jail Management System Project.
 - \$4,080 less received in the District Attorney Department due to lower than expected drawdowns from the Proposition 64 Consumer Protection Fund and the Excess Public Safety Sales Tax Fund.

Intergovernmental

- A \$38,676 less than budgeted amount was primarily comprised of the following:
 - \$31,516 less received in SSA primarily due to lower eligible expenditures for program claims as a result of higher than anticipated staffing vacancies, lower contract services, and the delayed IT equipment purchases.
 - \$6,511 more recorded in the County Local Revenue Fund 2011 Law Enforcement Services Account due to the accrual of unspent funds.
 - \$5,882 less received in Sheriff-Coroner Court Operations due to an unanticipated shortfall in State Realignment revenue for Trial Court Security.
 - \$5,704 less received in HCA due primarily to lower eligible expenditures for Mental Health Services and Alcohol and Drug Abuse Services due to higher than anticipated staffing vacancies and lower contract services.
 - \$3,229 less received in OC Community Resources due to less than expected revenue for Office on Aging and Community Investment programs.
 - \$2,442 more in federal revenues received in HCA due to an increase in Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment (SAPT) Block Grant revenues.
 - \$2,388 more received in the Sheriff-Coroner due to higher than anticipated revenues for 2011 Public Safety Realignment (AB109).

Taxes

- A \$21,589 more than budgeted amount was primarily comprised of the following:
 - \$7,676 more in VLF Swap property taxes resulting from an increase in secured assessed values.
 - \$7,666 more in other taxes due to an increase in revenues received for former California Redevelopment Agencies (RDA) residual and pass-through distributions.
 - \$5,787 more in current secured property taxes resulting from an increase in secured assessed values.

Original Expenditure Budget vs. Final Expenditure Budget

The following provides a brief summary of the primary factors attributable to the increase in the General Fund final budget expenditures and other financing uses compared to the original budget expenditures and other financing uses:

Sheriff-Coroner

 An increase of \$24,365 due to unanticipated higher costs for S&EB associated with providing expanded law enforcement services and added positions offset by a decrease in utilities expenditures.

Utilities

An increase of \$15,993 primarily due to changing the utility costs to a centralized method.

Capital Projects

 An increase of \$14,054 due to the anticipation of an increase in transfers out to the Countywide Capital Projects Non-General Fund for the re-budget of multi-year projects and various other projects, purchase of an industrial garbage grinder for the Theo Lacy Jail, and purchase of an emergency generator at Sheriff-Coroner headquarters.

Social Services Agency

 An increase of \$13,471 due to the anticipation of an increase in transfers out to Wraparound for a one-time adjustment related to an increase in the Wraparound rate per Assembly Bill (AB) 404 and to cover salary increases.

2005 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds

• A decrease of \$7,964 in budgeted appropriations due to a decrease in transfers in from the Waste Management Bankruptcy Recovery Plan.

Final Expenditure Budget vs. Actual Expenditure Amounts

The following provides a summary of the primary factors that caused significant variances in the General Fund actual expenditures as compared to the final budget:

Social Services Agency

 A \$43,746 lower than budgeted amount primarily due to lower expenditures for salaries, health insurance, professional and specialized contracted services related to CalWORKs programs, as well as lower expenditures for IT professional services contracts, rents and leases, and building improvements.

Health Care Agency

A \$30,858 lower than budgeted amount primarily caused by lower contracted services associated with MHSA programs and lower than anticipated contract pharmacy expenditures. This was offset by an increase in expenditures related to temporary-shelter.

OC Community Resources

 A total of \$9,778 lower than budgeted amount mostly as a result of keeping positions vacant throughout the year in support services and lower professional service contracts.

OC Public Works

• A total of \$9,936 lower than budgeted amount primarily due to lower expenditures in areas such as janitorial S&S, maintenance and improvements, CEO IT services support, and garage expenditures for parking.

Capital Projects

 A total of \$9,508 lower than budgeted amount was primarily the result of lower expenditures related to various projects such as the Year-Round Emergency Shelter and Multi Service Center and other structure and improvement projects.

District Attorney

• A total of \$7,191 lower than budgeted amount mainly as a result of lower expenditures for S&EB, professional and specialized contracted services, rents and leases, as well as a reduction in office expenses.

Sheriff-Coroner

 A \$6,264 lower than budgeted amount primarily due to lower than expected costs for professional and specialized contracted services, lower facility maintenance expenditures, and the deferring of equipment purchases.

Property Tax System Centralized Operations & Maintenance Support

 A total of \$4,473 lower than budgeted amount primarily due to lower expenditures for the Property Tax System Re-platforming Project.

Child Support Services

 A \$4,139 lower than budgeted amount primarily due to lower expenditures for S&EB, and professional and specialized services.

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2018, the County's capital assets for both the governmental and business-type activities amounted to \$4,096,413, net of accumulated depreciation. The investment in capital assets includes land, structures and improvements, land improvements, equipment, software, infrastructure, intangible in progress, land use rights, and construction in progress. The total increase in the County's investment in capital assets for the current year was 7%.

Capital assets for the governmental and business-type activities are presented below to illustrate changes:

CAPITAL ASSETS														
(Net of Accumulated De	pre	ciation)												
June 30, 2018 and 2017	June 30, 2018 and 2017													
		Govern	nme	ntal		Busine	ss-	Туре					Increase	
		Activ	/itie	es		Activ	vitie	es	Total				(Decrease)	
		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>	% Change	
Land	\$	850,659	\$	839,273	\$	38,339	\$	37,842	\$	888,998	\$	877,115	1 %	
Structures and														
Improvements		654,228		552,210		459,357		481,227		1,113,585		1,033,437	8 %	
Land Improvements		3,529		3,811						3,529		3,811	(7)%	
Equipment		173,717		139,846		34,541		25,589		208,258		165,435	26 %	
Software		37,932		44,208		2,615		2,891		40,547		47,099	(14)%	
Infrastructure		1,201,381		1,165,681		230,555		246,003		1,431,936		1,411,684	1 %	
Intangible in														
Progress		14,786		5,562		749		255		15,535		5,817	167 %	
Land Use Rights		3,999		7,602						3,999		7,602	(47)%	
Construction in														
Progress		206,829		175,447		183,197		103,932		390,026		279,379	40 %	
Total	\$	3,147,060	\$	2,933,640	\$	949,353	\$	897,739	\$	4,096,413	\$	3,831,379	7 %	

The following lists the significant capital asset expenditures in FY 2017-18:

General Fund

- \$7,877 for the purchase of an office building for HCA to provide behavioral health care services
- \$7,322 for the construction costs associated with the Year-Round Emergency Shelter and Multi Service Center
- \$5,977 for the Integrated Jail Management System

- \$4,867 for the purchase of an Airbus helicopter for Sheriff-Coroner
- \$2,297 for the Property Tax System Re-platforming Project
- \$2,006 for the purchase of mail sorting equipment for Registrar of Voters
- \$1,412 for the Computerized Maintenance Management System (CMMS)
- \$1,257 for the purchase of IT hardware, software and services for District Attorney/Public Administrator

Flood Control District

- \$23,679 for the San Juan Creek Channel Project
- \$10,892 for the Fullerton Creek Channel Project
- \$4,904 for the purchase of property required for the Prado Dam Project
- \$1,883 for the San Joaquin Rehabilitation Project
- \$1,440 for the purchase of various vehicles such as a bulldozer, water truck, and street sweeper
- \$1,270 for heating, ventilation, and air conditioning at the Glassell Building

Other Public Protection

• \$23,735 for the replacement of obsolete radio equipment

Other Governmental Funds

- \$44,396 for the Civic Center Facilities Master Plan, Building 16 construction project
- \$14,351 for the La Pata Avenue Gap Closure/Camino Del Rio Extension construction
- \$11,221 for the new OC Animal Care Center construction
- \$8,269 for the Edinger Avenue bridge replacement over Bolsa Chica Channel Project
- \$3,962 for the Mile Square Multi-purpose Facility construction
- \$2,822 for the Crawford Canyon Road Drainage Improvements Project
- \$2,387 for the James A. Musick Facility security fence project

<u>Airport</u>

- \$38.116 for the Terminal Improvements Project
- \$3,473 for the Paularino Gate Improvements Project
- \$3,301 for the Taxiway "B" Rehabilitation Project
- \$1,189 for the purchase of Aircraft Rescue and Fire Fighting vehicles and Police Interceptor vehicles
- \$1,174 for the replacement of Terminal A & B Air Handlers

Waste Management

- \$16,877 for the Frank R. Bowerman Landfill Soil Buttress and Composite Liner Construction Project
- \$7,155 for the Olinda Alpha Landfill Front Slope Improvement Project
- \$7,013 for the purchase of heavy equipment at the North Regional Landfill
- \$4,630 for the purchase of heavy equipment at the Central Regional Landfill
- \$3,156 for the Zone 1 Phase D Mass Excavation & Liner Construction Project at Prima Deschecha Landfill

Internal Service Funds

• \$12,298 for the purchase of vehicles countywide for OC Fleet Services

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 5, Changes in Capital Assets.

Commitments for Capital Expenditures

At the end of FY 2017-18, significant commitments for capital expenditures included the following:

- \$110,869 for the Civic Center Facilities Master Plan Project
- \$21,647 for the Fullerton Creek Channel D/S Western Ave to U/S Beach Blvd Improvement Project
- \$8,090 for the Olinda Front Face Partial Closure Phase II
- \$9.399 for the San Juan Creek Channel Phase IV-3700' to 6100' U/S Stonehill Dr Project

- \$7,952 for the Edinger Avenue Bridge Replacement over Bolsa Chica Channel Project
- \$7,750 for the Frank R. Bowerman Landfill Soil Buttress and Liner Construction Project
- \$6,792 for the Lane Channel U/S Jamboree Rd to D/S Main St Phase 1 Project
- \$5,894 for the purchase of various vehicles
- \$4,844 for the for the Zone 1 Phase D Mass Excavation & Liner Construction Project at Prima Deschecha Landfill
- \$4,379 for the San Diego Creek Sediment Removal I-405 Project
- \$3,692 for the Property Tax System Re-platforming Project

Additional information on the County's commitments for capital expenditures can be found in Note 15, Construction and Other Significant Commitments.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2018, the County had total debt obligations outstanding of \$294,589 excluding long-term liabilities such as compensated absences payable, pension, OPEB, Civic Center Facilities Master Plan financing, and capital lease obligations payable. During the year, the County's outstanding bond obligations decreased by 19% which is attributable to the retirement of \$130,231 in bond obligations and a decrease in Interest Accretion on CABs.

The County is limited by law in issuing general obligation bonded debt to 1.25% of the last equalized assessment property tax roll values. However, this does not affect the financing of any of the County's planned facilities or services. As of the end of the fiscal year, the County had no net general obligation bonded debt. The County's debt obligations are in the form of revenue bonds, certificates of participation (COPs), and other forms of debt not covered by the general obligation bonded debt limitation.

The following table summarizes the County's long-term debt obligations at June 30, 2018 and 2017:

LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATI June 30, 2018 and 2017														
		Govern	me	ntal		Busine	ss-	Гуре						
		Activ	/itie	s		Activ	es		Total			(Decrease)		
		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u> <u>2017</u>				<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>	% Change	
Revenue Bonds	\$	57,545	\$	74,300	\$	154,449	\$	189,539	\$	211,994	\$	263,839	(20)%	
Certificates of Participation		392		811						392		811	(52)%	
Pension Obligation Bonds		8,217		11,220						8,217		11,220	(27)%	
Teeter Plan Notes		27,247		27,868						27,247		27,868	(2)%	
Add: Premium/(Discount)														
on Bonds Payable		12,403		14,052		(2,250)		(2,221)		10,153		11,831	(14)%	
Add: Interest Accretion														
on CABs		36,586		46,641						36,586		46,641	(22)%	
Total	\$	142,390	\$	174,892	\$	152,199	\$	187,318	\$	294,589	\$	362,210	(19)%	

The following summarizes the County's long-term debt issuance during FY 2017-18:

<u>Teeter Plan Notes</u> On July 12, 2017, the County converted its tax exempt Teeter Plan Obligations Notes, Series B to taxable notes to retire the June 30, 2017 outstanding Teeter balance of \$27,868 and finance the purchase of \$30,621 for the delinquent property tax receivables associated with the Teeter Plan. Proceeds of this issuance of \$27,868 associated with the purchase of delinquent property tax receivables paid the participating agencies in the Teeter Plan the full amount of their taxes from the secured property tax roll. The new Notes have a maturity date of July 31, 2018. The amount of the new taxable Teeter Plan Notes was \$58,489.

On December 27, 2017 and June 28, 2018, the County used all of the accumulated base taxes to redeem \$21,142 and \$10,100, respectively, of the Teeter Plan Notes. As of June 30, 2018, the outstanding principal amount of the Teeter Plan Notes was \$27,247.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt activity can be found in Note 11, Long-Term Obligations, and Note 21, Subsequent Events.

Bond Ratings

The County maintained its Issuer Credit Rating (ICR) of Aa1 from Moody's Investors Service (Moody's), AA+ from Standard & Poor's Global Ratings (S&P), and AA+ Issuer Default Rating (IDR) from Fitch Ratings.

The County has the following long-term underlying debt ratings:

LONG-TERM DEBT RATINGS June 30, 2018			
	Standard & Poor's	Moody's	Fitch
2012 Lease Revenue Bonds	AA	Aa2	NR
2016 Lease Revenue Bonds	AA	NR	NR
1991 Parking COPs	NR	Aa2	NR
Teeter Plan Notes	NR	NR	NR
1997A Pension Obligation Bonds	NR	Aa1	AA
Airport 2009A Revenue Bonds	AA-	Aa3	AA-
Airport 2009B Revenue Bonds	AA-	Aa3	AA-

OTHER POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT MATTERS

The County's management has determined that the following are significant matters that have a potential impact on the County's financial position or changes in financial position:

State Legislation and Budget

In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS)

On June 28, 2017, the State budget was enacted and included State General Fund to mitigate increases to counties for the IHSS program associated with the end of the Coordinated Care Initiative. The increased cost may constrain the ability to fully fund current and future operations; however, actual impacts to programs and services are still being evaluated. The County's CEO is participating in a state-wide working group developing options for reform to enhance program sustainability and address long-term impacts to counties.

Orange County Vehicle License Fees (VLF)

On June 30, 2011, the Governor signed SB 89, which redirected the County's annual receipt of approximately \$49,000 in VLF revenue (Revenue & Taxation Code Section 11001.5(a)(1) and 11005(a)).

All counties in California receive property taxes in lieu of VLF pursuant to Section 97.70 of the Revenue and Taxation Code as a result of the VLF for property tax swap of 2004. However, in 2004, Orange County's share of property tax in lieu of VLF, which is also known as its "vehicle license fee adjustment amount (VLFAA)," was reduced by approximately \$54,000. This reduction was to offset the amount of VLF the County received until the passage of SB 89, and that had been pledged for the service of bankruptcy related indebtedness at the time that Section 97.70 was adopted in 2004.

The elimination of the County's VLF revenue required the Auditor-Controller to calculate the County's allocation of property taxes in lieu of VLF in a manner consistent with the other 57 counties in the State. Due to the growth in property valuation since 2005, when the VLF Swap was enacted, the calculated property tax in lieu of VLF was \$73,500 for FY 2012-13. This amount was included in the County's budget for FY 2011-12 and 2012-13. In an attempt to deprive the County not only of the \$54,000 in VLF revenue, but also the \$73,500 of annual property tax revenue that was legally owed, the State Department of Finance initiated litigation to challenge the County's calculation of the VLFAA. Ultimately, the Court ruled in favor of the State.

The Court's ruling resulted in the loss of the \$73,500 VLFAA revenue and a requirement for the County to repay \$150,000 to the State (\$147,000 retained in FYs 2011-12 and 2012-13, plus interest). On September 27, 2013,

Assembly Bill (AB) 701 was signed by the Governor to resolve the dispute between the State and the County. AB 701 provides for an additional \$53,000 in annual VLFAA beginning in FY 2013-14, including growth, in lieu of the \$50,000 in property tax revenue previously provided by SB 8 X3, which was a flat amount with no growth. AB 701 provides stability for the County by securing the property tax revenues, including growth, and by allowing for repayment of the \$150,000 over five years. The \$150,000 due to the State was formally set aside in reserve in the FY 2013-14 First Quarter Budget Report. As of June 30, 2018, the remaining obligation to the state is \$55,000. Additional information regarding the County's VLF obligation can be found in Note 11, Long-Term Obligations.

Long-Term Financial Planning

Funding Progress of the County's Retirement System (System)

The funded ratio of the System is a measure of the ability of the System to make obligated payments to current retirees and future retirees. The funded ratio (valuation value of plan assets divided by actuarial accrued liability) dropped from 82.76% in 2002 to 70.85% in 2004. Since 2004, the funded ratio increased to 74.08% in 2007 before dropping to 62.52% in 2012. As of December 31, 2017, the funding ratio for the System is 72.30%, which is a decline from 73.06% in 2016. The System's Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) increased from \$4.83 billion to \$5.44 billion. The decrease in the funding level and increase in the UAAL are primarily attributable to the changes in actuarial assumptions adopted by the OCERS Board on October 16, 2017, which included a reduction in the assumed rate of return from 7.25% to 7.00%, a reduction in price inflation from 3.00% to 2.75%, and application of generational tables, which indicate reduced rates of mortality. The combined impact of the assumption changes resulted in an increase of \$853 million to the UAAL. The increase in the UAAL was offset partially by (1) favorable investment return (after smoothing), (2) lower than expected salary increases, and (3) lower than expected COLA increases.

On November 4, 2008, the voters in Orange County approved Measure J, which requires voter approval for any future pension benefit enhancements. The County carefully monitors the activities at OCERS and regularly provides input to OCERS management, as well as providing input at OCERS Board meetings as deemed appropriate.

Reduction in OCERS Assumed Investment Rate of Return

The assumed investment rate of return is the rate of investment yield that the Plan will earn over the long-term future.

On December 5, 2012, the OCERS Board voted to reduce the assumed investment rate of return from 7.75% to 7.25%. The reduction was phased in over a two-year period beginning July 2014 at 7.5% and reducing to 7.25% effective July 2015. On October 16, 2017, the OCERS Board adopted a reduction in the assumed investment rate of return to 7.00% effective July 1, 2019. The assumed rate of return reduction had the impact of increasing contribution rates of members and plan sponsors.

OCERS Actuarial Funding Policy (Amortization)

On November 18, 2013, the OCERS Board adopted the actuarial funding policy to reduce the amortization period for future UAAL from 30 years to 20 years, which included combining and re-amortizing the entire outstanding UAAL balance as of December 31, 2012, over a single 20-year period. This will allow for future UAAL to be paid off in a shorter period of time and will ultimately reduce retirement rates and costs over time.

OCERS Actuarial Assumptions

The 2014 through 2016 valuations were impacted by economic assumption changes, which flowed from the 2014 Triennial Study of Actuarial Assumptions. These changes, adopted by the OCERS Board on September 23, 2014, included a decrease in the inflation assumption from 3.25% to 3.00% per annum. As a result of the 2017 Triennial Study of Actuarial Assumptions, the OCERS Board, on October 16, 2017, adopted a further decrease in the inflation assumption to 2.75%, which was effective with the 2017 valuation.

County of Orange Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

Requests for Information

We hope that the preceding information provides a general overview of the County's overall financial status. For questions or comments concerning information contained in this report, please contact the Auditor-Controller's Office, County of Orange, 12 Civic Center Plaza, Santa Ana, CA 92702 or you can access our website at www.ac.ocgov.com.





		F	Primary Government			Component Units					
	 ernmental ctivities		Business-Type Activities	Total		Governmental CFCOC			Proprietary CalOptima		
<u>ASSETS</u>											
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,395,923	\$	634,431	\$	3,030,354	\$	37,037	\$	397,616		
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	306,164		138,067		444,231				300		
Investments			34,452		34,452				1,091,863		
Deposits In-Lieu of Cash	25		22,730		22,755						
Internal Balances	(4,289)		4,289								
Due from Component Unit	494				494						
Due from Primary Government							3				
Prepaid Costs	334,246		4,502		338,748				31,077		
Inventory of Materials and Supplies	2,573				2,573						
Receivables, Net of Allowances											
Accounts	10,176		19,236		29,412		5		296,371		
Taxes	27,875				27,875		4,275				
Interest/Dividends	7,910		2,347		10,257		145				
Deposits	4,723				4,723		4,472				
Advances	30				30						
Due from Other Governmental Agencies, Net	448,846		7,021		455,867		2,808				
Notes Receivable, Net	27,774				27,774						
Capital Assets											
Not Depreciable/Amortizable	1,076,273		222,285		1,298,558				8,259		
Depreciable/Amortizable, Net	2,070,787		727,068		2,797,855				42,500		
Total Capital Assets	3,147,060		949,353		4,096,413				50,759		
Total Assets	6,709,530		1,816,428		8,525,958		48,745		1,867,986		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Deferred Charge on Refunding	226				226						
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension	1,027,060		19,959		1,047,019		196		10,573		
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB	 23,718		452		24,170		18		560		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 1,051,004		20,411		1,071,415		214		11,133		

			F	Primary Government				Units		
		ernmental tivities		Business-Type Activities		Total	Govern	mental		Proprietary CalOptima
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	114,133	\$	24,864	\$	138,997	\$	3,330	\$	8,031
Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable		48,096		1,025		49,121		33		10,870
Retainage Payable Interest Payable		5,927		2,433		8,360 8,471		1,596		
Deposits from Others		4,536 70,978		3,935 26,083		97,061				
Due to Primary Government		70,976		20,003		97,001		494		
Due to Component Unit		3				3				
Due to Other Governmental Agencies		23,585		11,355		34,940		3,475		567,116
Unearned Revenue		84,014		3,826		87,840				112,557
Short-Term Bonds Payable		375,345				375,345				
Long-Term Liabilities										
Due Within One Year										
Estimated Liability-Litigation and Claims		55,000				55,000				
Interest Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds Payable		14,437				14,437				
Insurance Claims Payable		55,348				55,348				 266 F22
Medical Claims Payable Capitation and Withholds										266,522 96,449
Compensated Employee Absences Payable		101,739		2,364		104,103		47		30,443
Capital Lease Obligations Payable		6,462		2,001		6,462				
Notes Payable		27,247				27,247				
Bonds Payable		11,087		8,271		19,358				
Pollution Remediation Obligation		·		766		766				
Intangible Assets Obligations Payable		689		57		746				100
Landfill Site Closure/Postclosure Liability				3,363		3,363				
Due in More than One Year										
Civic Center Facilities Master Plan Loan		175,340				175,340				
Interest Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds Payable		22,149				22,149				
Insurance Claims Payable Compensated Employee Absences Payable		148,411 81,154		2,095		148,411 83,249		6		
Capital Lease Obligations Payable		36,707		2,093		36,707				
Bonds Payable		67,470		143,928		211,398				
Pollution Remediation Obligation				19,785		19,785				
Intangible Assets Obligations Payable		1,163		4		1,167				
Landfill Site Closure/Postclosure Liability				162,623		162,623				
Net Pension Liability				,		,				25,101
Orange County Employees Retirement System		3,898,727		85,674		3,984,401		962		
Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan		1,919		43		1,962				
Net OPEB Liability		357,258		6,813		364,071		276		24,565
Total Liabilities		5,788,924		509,307		6,298,231		10,219		1,111,311
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension		806,600		15,439		822,039		1,283		1,028
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB		12,137		231		12,368		10		2,301
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		818,737		15,670		834,407		1,293		3,329
		<u> </u>								
NET POSITION										
Net Investment in Capital Assets		3,031,574		799,668		3,831,242				50,637
Restricted for:										
Expendable		405 405				105 105				
Pension Benefits		135,485				135,485				
Capital Projects		123,245		0.670		123,245				
Debt Service Legally Segregated for Grants and Other Purposes		25,792 1,148,735		8,672		34,464 1,148,735				
Regional Park Endowment		1,140,733		 		1,146,733				
CalOptima		140				140				89,037
Passenger Facility Charges Approved Capital Projects				12,044		12,044				
Capital Projects-Replacements and Renewals				1,000		1,000				
Landfill Closure/Postclosure				26,655		26,655				
Landfill Corrective Action				8,358		8,358				
Wetland				879		879				
Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure				104		104				
Nonexpendable										
Regional Park Endowment		200		454 400		200		27 447		604.005
Unrestricted (Deficit) Total Net Position	Φ.	(3,312,306)	•	454,482	¢.	(2,857,824)	¢	37,447	•	624,805
TOTAL INCL FUSITION	\$	1,152,873	\$	1,311,862	\$	2,464,735	\$	37,447	\$	764,479

		Expe	enses	<u> </u>	Program Revenues						
Functions/Programs		Direct Expenses		Indirect Expenses Allocation		harges for Services	(Operating Grants and ontributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		
Primary Government											
Governmental Activities											
General Government	\$	228,894	\$	(32,661)	\$	43,104	\$	30,752	\$	77,026	
Public Protection		1,459,180		16,446		355,850		616,030		18,363	
Public Ways and Facilities		154,753		(2,974)		55,544		73,028		27,871	
Health and Sanitation		650,336		5,898		112,715		462,751			
Public Assistance		1,094,238		8,509		38,741		989,846			
Education		47,431		981		1,237		546			
Recreation and Cultural Services		121,356		2,442		49,892		2,134		315	
Interest on Long-Term Debt		25,741		·		·					
Total Governmental Activities		3,781,929		(1,359)		657,083		2,175,087		123,575	
Business-Type Activities											
Airport		123,910		556		152,551		253		4,829	
Waste Management		124,681		791		162,273		19			
Compressed Natural Gas		287		12		266					
Total Business-Type Activities		248,878		1,359		315,090		272		4,829	
Total Primary Government	\$	4,030,807	\$		\$	972,173	\$	2,175,359	\$	128,404	
Component Units											
Children and Families											
Commission of Orange County	\$	33.226	\$		\$		\$	24.292	\$		
CalOptima	7	3,423,559	-		+	3,447,685	-	21,714	•		
Total Component Units	\$	3,456,785	\$		\$	3,447,685	\$	46,006	\$		

General Revenues

Taxes

Property Taxes, Levied for General Fund

Property Taxes, Levied for Flood Control District

Property Taxes, Levied for OC Parks Property Taxes, Levied for OC Public Libraries

Property Taxes in-Lieu of Motor Vehicle License Fees

Other Taxes

Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs

State Allocation of Motor Vehicle License Fees

Unrestricted Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position-Beginning of Year, as Restated

Net Position-End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position

		Primary Government		Compon	ent	t Units	
G	Governmental Business-Type			Governmental		Proprietary	_
	Activities	Activities	Total	CFCOC	_	CalOptima	Functions/Programs
							Primary Government Governmental Activities
\$	(45,351)	\$	\$ (45,351)	\$	\$		General Government
	(485,383)		(485,383)				Public Protection
	4,664		4,664				Public Ways and Facilities
	(80,768)		(80,768)				Health and Sanitation
	(74,160)		(74,160)				Public Assistance
	(46,629)		(46,629)				Education
	(71,457)		(71,457)				Recreation and Cultural Services
	(25,741)		(25,741)				Interest on Long-Term Debt
	(824,825)		(824,825)		_		Total Governmental Activities
							Business-Type Activities
		33,167	33,167				Airport
		36,820	36,820				Waste Management
		(33)	(33)				Compressed Natural Gas
		69,954	69,954	-			Total Business-Type Activities
	(824,825)	69,954	(754,871)		_		Total Primary Government
							Component Units
							Children and Families
				(8,934)			Commission or Orange County
						45,840	
				(8,934)	_	45,840	Total Component Units
							General Revenues Taxes
	305,296		305,296				Property Taxes, Levied for General Fund
	104,798		104,798				Property Taxes, Levied for Flood Control District
	81,206		81,206				Property Taxes, Levied for OC Parks
	51,166		51,166				Property Taxes, Levied for OC Public Libraries
	372,728		372,728				Property Taxes in-Lieu of Motor Vehicle License Fees
	99,889	82	99,971				Other Taxes
	10,757		10,757				Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs
	1,615		1,615				State Allocation of Motor Vehicle License Fees
	19,389	7,695	27,084	432			Unrestricted Investment Earnings
	71,164	1,830	72,994	2,173			Miscellaneous
	10,767	(10,767)			_		Transfers
	1,128,775	(1,160)	1,127,615	2,605			_
	303,950	68,794	372,744	(6,329)		45,840	
	848,923	1,243,068	2,091,991	43,776	_	718,639	
\$	1,152,873	\$ 1,311,862	\$ 2,464,735	\$ 37,447	\$	764,479	Net Position-End of Year

ASSETS	General Fund	Flood Control District	Other Public Protection
Pooled Cash/Investments	\$ 590,115	\$ 420,318	\$ 160,796
Cash/Cash Equivalents	ψ 590,115 	ψ 420,310 	15,000
Imprest Cash Funds	1,835		
Restricted Cash and Investments with Trustee	2		
Deposits In-Lieu of Cash			
Receivables			
Accounts	9,139	774	2,731
Taxes	6,251	1,430	
Interest/Dividends	2,727	1,347	542
Deposits	537	2,046	
Advances	30		
Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables	(4,421)	(692)	
Due from Other Funds	136,308	2,591	2,118
Due from Component Unit	494		
Due from Other Governmental Agencies, Net	349,949	41,216	3,858
Inventory of Materials and Supplies	1,417	407	364
Prepaid Costs	373,201	5,148	1,111
Advances to Other Funds	3,800		
Notes Receivable, Net			
Total Assets	\$ 1,471,384	\$ 474,585	\$ 186,520
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	\$ 55,263	\$ 8,389	\$ 334
Retainage Payable	1,892	1,903	ψ 001
Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable	44,875	659	150
Interest Payable	3,801		
Deposits from Others	1,397	7,123	17,364
Due to Other Funds	25,465	7,645	5,741
Due to Component Unit			
Due to Other Governmental Agencies	11,376	1	5,001
Unearned Revenue	61,182	953	
Bonds Payable	375,345		
Advances from Other Funds	556		
Total Liabilities	581,152	26,673	28,590
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable Revenue-Intergovernmental Revenues	62,884	37,770	1,766
Unavailable Revenue-Senate Bill 90 Mandated Claims, Net	6,711		
Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes	7,574	930	
Unavailable Revenue-Other	4,285		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	81,454	38,700	1,766
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable	378,418	5,555	1,475
Restricted	31,815	403,657	154,689
Assigned	179,119		
Unassigned	219,426		
Total Fund Balances	808,778	409,212	156,164
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,			
and Fund Balances	\$ 1,471,384	\$ 474,585	\$ 186,520

Se	Mental Health ervices Act	Go	Other evernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds	100570
						<u>ASSETS</u>
\$	272,145	\$	678,469 45	\$	2,121,843 15,000 1,880	Pooled Cash/Investments Cash/Cash Equivalents Imprest Cash Funds
			306,162		306,164	Restricted Cash and Investments with Trustee
			25		25	Deposits In-Lieu of Cash
			20		20	Receivables
			2,649		15,293	Accounts
			20,194		27,875	Taxes
	852		1,752		7,220	Interest/Dividends
			2,140		4,723	Deposits
			-,		30	Advances
			(110)		(5,223)	Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables
			25,105		166,122	Due from Other Funds
					494	Due from Component Unit
	18,128		35,015		448,166	Due from Other Governmental Agencies, Net
					2,188	Inventory of Materials and Supplies
			14,275		393,735	Prepaid Costs
					3,800	Advances to Other Funds
			27,774	_	27,774	Notes Receivable, Net
\$	291,125	\$	1,113,495	\$	3,537,109	Total Assets
						<u>LIABILITIES</u>
\$		\$	37,299	\$	101,285	Accounts Payable
			2,106		5,901	Retainage Payable
			1,897		47,581	Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable
			67		3,868	Interest Payable
			45,094		70,978	Deposits from Others
	42,439		74,758		156,048	Due to Other Funds
			3		3	Due to Component Unit
	248		6,957		23,583	Due to Other Governmental Agencies
	456		21,423		84,014	Unearned Revenue
					375,345	Bonds Payable
	43,143		33,240 222,844		33,796 902,402	Advances from Other Funds Total Liabilities
	43,143		222,044	_	902,402	Total Liabilities
						DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES
			12,200		114,620	Unavailable Revenue-Intergovernmental Revenues
					6,711	Unavailable Revenue-Senate Bill 90 Mandated Claims, Net
			1,036		9,540	Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes
			46		4,331	Unavailable Revenue-Other
			13,282		135,202	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources
						FUND BALANCES
			14,475		200 022	Nonspendable
	 247,982		685,941		399,923 1,524,084	Restricted
	241,902		176,953		356,072	Assigned
					219,426	Unassigned
	247,982		877,369	_	2,499,505	Total Fund Balances
	_ 11,002		311,000		_, 100,000	
\$	291,125	¢	1,113,495	\$	3,537,109	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances
Ψ	201,120	Ψ	., 0, 700	Ψ	5,007,100	and i and Balanees

The governmental funds Balance Sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balances-total governmental funds and net position-governmental activities as reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The difference in fund balances of (\$1,346,632) is due to the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the short-term economic focus of the governmental funds. The components of the difference are described below.

\$ 2,499,505

Capital assets used in the operations of the County are not reported in the governmental funds financial statements:

Land	850,659	
Structures and Improvements	1,360,555	
Equipment	358,978	
Software	125,606	
Infrastructure	1,833,788	
Land Use Rights	3,999	
Land Improvements	4,256	
Construction in Progress	204,381	
Intangible in Progress	14,786	
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(1,672,054)	3,084,954

Other assets used in governmental activities do not consume current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:

Prepaid Pension Investment with OCERS

135,485

The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.

79.299

Deferred outflows of resources are similar to assets, but they do not meet the definition of an asset at June 30, 2018. When all the recognition criteria are met, the deferred outflows of resources will become an expense. The counterpart to deferred outflows of resources are deferred inflows of resources, which are not technically liabilities at June 30, 2018. When all recognition criteria are met, the deferred inflows of resources will become revenue or an increase to net position. The County reports the different types of deferred outflows and inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position as follows:

Deferred Outflows of Resources:

Deferred Charge on Refunding	226
Employer retirement contribution subsequent to measurement date	
and deferred recognition of changes to the net pension liability	819,051
Employer retirement contribution subsequent to measurement date	
for the net OPEB liability	23,419

Reclassification of prepaid pension contribution from prepaid costs to deferred outflows of resources for the portion to be recognized in the next measurement period. Refer to Note 18, Retirement Plans for further information.

Prepaid Pension Contribution	(196,853)
Deferred Outflows of Resources	196,853

Deferred Inflows of Resources:

Deferred Inflows of Resources that have been earned but not	
available to finance expenditures in the current period	135,202
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension	(797,726)
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB	(11,984)

Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:

Bonds and COPs Payable, Net	(78,557)	
Civic Center Facilities Master Plan Loan	(175,340)	
Teeter Plan Notes Payable	(27,247)	
Compensated Employee Absences Payable	(180,517)	
Capital Lease Obligations Payable	(43,169)	
Intangible Assets Obligations Payable	(1,852)	
Interest Payable on Bonds	(668)	
Interest Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	(36,586)	
Estimated Liability-Litigation and Claims	(55,000)	
County's Net Pension Liability	(3,862,878)	
County's Net OPEB Liability	(352,744)	(4,814,558)

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 1,152,873

Davis		General Fund		Flood Control District	P	Other Public Protection	
Revenues	Φ.	700.075	Φ.	445 504	Φ.		
Taxes	\$	723,675	\$	115,521	\$	444	
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises		25,775		85		411	
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties		40,169		15		9,264	
Use of Money and Property		10,412		6,242		5,021	
Intergovernmental		1,680,669		4,857		24,700	
Charges for Services		465,328		16,242		42,587	
Other		18,808		6,375		9,240	
Total Revenues		2,964,836		149,337		91,223	
Expenditures							
Current							
General Government		218,955					
Public Protection		1,315,803		94,830		30,134	
Public Ways and Facilities		33,522					
Health and Sanitation		647,960					
Public Assistance		903,294					
Education							
Recreation and Cultural Services							
Capital Outlay		45,752		56,473		24,745	
Debt Service							
Principal Retirement		5,736		23,958			
Interest		10,741		6			
Total Expenditures		3,181,763		175,267		54,879	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		(216,927)		(25,930)		36,344	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers In		381,054		346		3,159	
Transfers Out		(106,241)		(3,756)		(26,636)	
Debt Issued							
Capital Leases							
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		274,813		(3,410)		(23,477)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		57,886		(29,340)		12,867	
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		750,892		438,552		143,297	
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	808,778	\$	409,212	\$	156,164	

Mental Health Services Act	t	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds	Revenues
\$		\$	143,546	\$	982,742	Taxes
Ψ		Ψ	1,871	Ψ	28,142	Licenses, Permits, and Franchises
			20,410		69,858	Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties
2.6	662		61,357		85,694	Use of Money and Property
166,8			355,599		2,232,699	Intergovernmental
100,0			43,307		567,464	Charges for Services
	10		44,274		78,707	Other
169,5		-	670,364		4,045,306	Total Revenues
		-	- ,		, ,	
						Expenditures
						Current
			76,202		295,157	General Government
			668		1,441,435	Public Protection
			101,534		135,056	Public Ways and Facilities
1	175		929		649,064	Health and Sanitation
			191,381		1,094,675	Public Assistance
			46,842		46,842	Education
			117,965		117,965	Recreation and Cultural Services
			132,827		259,797	Capital Outlay
						Debt Service
			79,303		108,997	Principal Retirement
			25,526		36,273	Interest
1	175		773,177		4,185,261	Total Expenditures
						Excess (Deficit) of Revenues
169,3	3/1		(102,813)		(139,955)	Over Expenditures
						Other Financing Sources (Uses)
			120,533		505,092	Transfers In
(178,3	348)		(187,656)		(502,637)	Transfers Out
(,			58,489		58,489	Debt Issued
			47		47	Capital Leases
(178,3	348)		(8,587)		60,991	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)
(8,9	977)		(111,400)		(78,964)	Net Change in Fund Balances
256,9	959		988,769		2,578,469	Fund Balances-Beginning of Year
\$ 247,9		\$	877,369	\$	2,499,505	Fund Balances-End of Year

The Net Change in Fund Balances for governmental funds of \$(78,964) in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances differs from the Change in Net Position for governmental activities of \$303,950 reported in the government-wide Statement of Activities. The differences arise primarily from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds. The main components of the difference are described below.

Net Change in Fund Balances – Total Governmental Funds

\$ (78,964)

When capital assets used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed in the current fiscal year, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation or amortization expense. In addition, donations, transfers, gains or losses from sales and other disposals/acquisitions of capital assets are not reported in governmental funds. These assets, and their associated depreciation/amortization expense, must be reported or removed in the government-wide financial statements. The details of the expenditures for capital outlay, capital contributions, depreciation/amortization and other disposals/acquisitions of capital assets are as follows:

Expenditures for Capital Outlay:

Land	8,187	
Construction in Progress	193,031	
Equipment	48,405	
Software	12,344	
Net of Gains/(Losses) on Capital Assets Dispositions	20,215	
Depreciation/Amortization Expense	(97,214)	
Capital Contributions	24,909	209,877

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) is recorded as an other financing source in the governmental funds because it provides current financial resources. Similarly, the repayment of principal on long-term debt or the payment of other long-term liabilities is reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds because current financial resources have been consumed. Bond proceeds, net of payments to escrow agents and principal payments, are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. These transactions do not have any effect on net position in the government-wide financial statements. The details of the principal and other long-term liability payments and other financing sources are as follows:

Teeter Plan Notes Proceeds	(58,489)	
Capital Lease Addition	(47)	
Principal and Other Long-Term Liability Payments:		
Bonds Payable	20,177	
Teeter Plan Notes Payable	59,110	
SARI Line Loans Payable	23,900	
Capital Lease Obligations Payable	5,809	50,460

Revenues related to prior years that are available in the current fiscal year are reported as revenue in the governmental funds. In contrast, revenues that are earned, but unavailable in the current year are deferred in the governmental funds. For government-wide reporting, revenue is recognized when earned, regardless of availability. The following amounts reflect the net effect of the timing differences for revenue recognition:		
Government Mandated and Voluntary Nonexchange Property Tax Revenues	(4,336) (1,522)	(5,858)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources; and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds until paid. The following amounts represent the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term liabilities:		
Accrued Interest Expense on Bonds Payable Amortization of Deferred Charges Change in Compensated Employee Absences Change in Arbitrage Rebate OCERS Investment Gain Estimated Litigation and Claims Expense Interest Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	190 14,464 3,827 365 9,610 50,000 (4,121)	74,335
Internal service funds (ISF) are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, transportation, and telephone services to individual governmental funds. The operating income of internal service funds is eliminated in the Statement of Activities as an adjustment to the various functions to arrive at a breakeven basis. Also, general or non-program revenues and expenses of the internal service funds are recorded in governmental activities.		

even basis. Also, general or non-program revenues and expenses of the internal service funds are recorded in governmental activities.		
Allocation of ISF's Operating Gain to Governmental Activities, net of Business-Type Activities Consolidation of Nonoperating Revenues, Expenses and Transfers to Governmental Activities	16,917 19,504	36,421
GASB Statement No. 75 requires an employer to record OPEB expense and employer contribution that affects the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.		15,556
GASB Statement No. 68 requires an employer to record pension expense and employer contribution that affects the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability.		2,123
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	303,950

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Taxes	\$ 701.812	\$ 701,812	\$ 723.401	\$ 21.589
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises	\$ 701,812 26,542	\$ 701,812 26,542	\$ 723,401 25,780	\$ 21,589 (762)
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties	32,280	32,651	40,014	7,363
Use of Money and Property	8,784	8,784	14,180	5,396
Intergovernmental	1,651,816	1,680,118	1,641,442	(38,676)
Charges for Services	483,102	489,840	488,561	(1,279)
Other Transfers In	28,456	28,430	24,375	(4,055)
Bond Issuance Proceeds	417,880	444,415 105	375,685	(68,730) (105)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	3,350,672	3,412,697	3,333,438	(79,259)
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses				
General Government:				
Assessor	40,365	39,764	37,024	2,740
Auditor-Controller	21,990	21,211	18,160	3,051
Board of Supervisors-1st District	1,248	1,248	1,141	107
Board of Supervisors-2nd District	1,331	1,331	1,138	193
Board of Supervisors-3rd District	1,198	1,198	1,013	185
Board of Supervisors-4th District Board of Supervisors-5th District	1,196 1,253	1,196 1,253	1,152 1,092	44 161
Capital Acquisition Financing	5,855	5,855	5,839	16
Capital Projects	52,462	66,516	57,008	9,508
CAPS Program	13,051	13,051	11,521	1,530
Clerk of the Board	5,447	5,121	4,836	285
County Counsel	10,104	10,025	9,373	652
County Executive Office	23,595	24,574	21,709	2,865
Data Systems Development Project	12,239	12,895	9,885	3,010
Employee Benefits	2,191	2,111	1,464	647
Human Resources	7,395	7,208	5,359	1,849
IBM Mainframe IT Support Services	2,396 1,710	2,396 2,520	2,396 2,471	49
Miscellaneous	67,077	70,100	67,260	2,840
OC Campaign Finance and Ethics Commission	553	455	402	53
Prepaid Pension Obligation		105	2	103
Property Tax System Centralized O & M Support	10,249	10,249	5,776	4,473
Registrar of Voters	15,242	17,642	15,672	1,970
The Office of the Performance Audit	807	307	106	201
Treasurer-Tax Collector	14,931	14,539	12,362	2,177
Utilities	14,695	30,688	30,062	626
2005 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds Public Protection:	10,520	2,556	2,530	26
Alternate Defense	6,483	6,483	5,380	1,103
Building & Safety	15,664	15,664	12,734	2,930
Child Support Services	60,344	60,344	56,205	4,139
Clerk-Recorder	15,078	15,078	13,292	1,786
Detention Release	1,894	1,894	1,673	221
District Attorney District Attorney-Public Administrator	147,847 2,935	151,747 3,025	144,556 2,875	7,191 150
Emergency Management Division	3,600	3,659	3,447	212
Grand Jury	605	601	586	15
HCA Public Guardian	5,742	5,742	5,065	677
Juvenile Justice Commission	216	216	117	99
Office of Independent Review	455	155	125	30
Probation	186,562	186,239	183,352	2,887
Public Defender	77,542	75,721	74,553	1,168
Sheriff-Coroner	695,380	719,745	713,481	6,264
Sheriff-Coroner Communications	179	179	101	78
Sheriff Court Operations Trial Courts	65,192 67,600	65,192 67,600	64,811 66,397	381 1,203
Public Ways and Facilities:	07,000	07,000	00,397	1,203
OC Public Works	56,945	59,114	49,178	9,936
Health and Sanitation:				
Health Care Agency	669,960	671,151	640,293	30,858
OC Watersheds	15,752	15,752	11,985	3,767
Public Assistance:	07.450	07.407	F7.000	0.770
OC Community Resources Social Services Agency	67,150 899,343	67,407 912,814	57,629 869,068	9,778 43,746
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	3,401,568	3,471,636	3,303,656	167,980
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing	3,401,300	3,471,030	3,303,030	107,300
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(50,896)	(58,939)	29,782	\$88,721
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year Fund Balances-End of Year	722,398 \$ 671,502	722,398 \$ 663,459	722,398 \$ 752,180	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT

	Original Budget		 Final Budget		Actual on Budgetary Basis		Variance Positive Negative)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources							
Taxes	\$	111,576	\$ 111,576	\$	115,414	\$	3,838
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises		155	155		85		(70)
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties		15	15		15		
Use of Money and Property		4,147	4,147		7,503		3,356
Intergovernmental		32,717	32,717		6,428		(26,289)
Charges for Services		14,074	14,074		16,332		2,258
Other		4,041	4,041		6,733		2,692
Transfers In		296	346		346		
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		167,021	167,071		152,856		(14,215)
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses							
Public Protection:							
OC Flood		224,792	239,690		140,226		99,464
OC Santa Ana River		80	80				80
OC Flood-Capital		83,256	83,256		45,765		37,491
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		308,128	323,026		185,991		137,035
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing			,				
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(141,107)	(155,955)		(33,135)	\$	122,820
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		447,550	447,550		447,550		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	306,443	\$ 291,595	\$	414,415		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-OTHER PUBLIC PROTECTION

	Origir	nal Budget	Fii	nal Budget	tual on tary Basis	F	ariance Positive egative)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources							
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises	\$	424	\$	424	\$ 411	\$	(13)
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties		1,966		1,966	3,038		1,072
Use of Money and Property		2,754		2,759	5,253		2,494
Intergovernmental		14,225		16,076	25,428		9,352
Charges for Services		31,978		40,590	40,173		(417)
Other		10,617		10,763	9,229		(1,534)
Transfers In		5,119		7,449	6,631		(818)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		67,083		80,027	90,163		10,136
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses							
Public Protection:							
County Automated Fingerprint Identification		1,618		1,548	1,433		115
Building and Safety-Operating Reserve		1,009		1,009	675		334
Narcotic Forfeiture and Seizure		426		446	322		124
Sheriff-Regional Narcotics Suppression Program		7,648		10,489	4,929		5,560
Motor Vehicle Theft Task Force		3,319		3,387	3,149		238
Regional Narcotic Suppression Program-Dept of Treasury		289		308	16		292
Regional Narcotic Suppression Program-Other		2.295		2,599	1.064		1.535
Clerk Recorder Special Revenue		8.038		8.038	4.766		3.272
Clerk Recorder Operating Reserve		1,105		1,105	4,700		1,103
Real Estate Prosecution		1,652		1,648	1,342		306
Proposition 64-Consumer Protection		3,686		3,806	1,669		2,137
Proposition 69-DNA Identification		682		1,665	416		1,249
Traffic Violator		1.130		1,003	213		928
Sheriff Narcotics Program-Dept of Justice		2,724		3,258	1,910		1,348
Sheriff Narcotics Program-Other		1.169		2,125	1,910		1,965
Orange County Jail		1,430		1,443	1,251		1,905
Sheriff Narcotics Program-CALMMET-Treasury		1,430		1,443	520		1,346
<u> </u>		,		,	301		,
Sheriff's State Criminal Alien Assistance Program		1,779		1,786	1,402		1,485
California Automated Fingerprint Identification Operational Costs		1,551		1,533	,		131
California Automated Fingerprint Identification Systems Costs		32,046		31,946	549		31,397
Sheriff's Supplemental Law Enforcement Services		3,122		3,978	3,977		1
District Attorney's Supplemental Law Enforcement Services		1,057		1,057	995		62
Excess Public Safety Sales Tax		1,602		1,563	2		1,561
Sheriff-Coroner Replacement and Maintenance		12,417		14,166	257		13,909
Ward Welfare		183		183	118		65
Sheriff's Substations Fee Program		4,361		4,384	3,503		881
Jail Commissary		10,585		11,489	8,309		3,180
Inmate Welfare		11,758		11,757	3,734		8,023
Child Support Program Development		4,799		4,636	2,753		1,883
800 MHz Countywide Coordinated Communications System		29,936		36,439	34,983		1,456
Delta Special Revenue		30		30	6		24
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		155,118		170,828	 84,726		86,102
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing							
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(88,035)		(90,801)	5,437	\$	96,238
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		132,595		132,595	132,595		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	44,560	\$	41,794	\$ 138,032		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES ACT

	Oriç	jinal Budget	ı	Final Budget		ual on ary Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources					-		<u> </u>
Use of Money and Property	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	3,574	\$ 1,574
Intergovernmental		150,777		150,777		167,121	16,344
Other						10	10
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		152,777		152,777		170,705	17,928
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses							
General Government:							
Mental Health Services Act		186,994		188,566		178,523	 10,043
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		186,994		188,566		178,523	 10,043
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing							
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(34,217)		(35,789)		(7,818)	\$ 27,971
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		257,396		257,396		257,396	
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	223,179	\$	221,607	\$	249,578	

Business-Type Activities -Enterprise Funds

			Litterpi	isc i unus	,			_	
ASSETS	 Airport		Waste Management		pressed ural Gas nmajor)	Total		A	vernmental ctivities - Internal rvice Funds
A33E13									
Current Assets									
Pooled Cash/Investments	\$ 190,170	\$	424,914	\$	71	\$	615,155	\$	256,817
Cash Equivalents/Specific Investments	16,629						16,629		
Cash/Cash Equivalents	2,598						2,598		375
Imprest Cash Funds	14		35				49		8
Restricted Cash and Investments with Trustee	12,607						12,607		
Restricted Pooled Cash and Investments	12,438		690				13,128		
Deposits In-Lieu of Cash	5,340		17,390				22,730		
Receivables									
Accounts	4,761		11,193				15,954		163
Passenger Facility Charges	3,027						3,027		
Interest/Dividends	802		1,545				2,347		690
Pollution Remediation Obligation Recoveries	256						256		
Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables			(1)				(1)		(57)
Due from Other Funds			49		7		56		2,996
Due from Other Governmental Agencies	4,161		2,789		71		7,021		680
Inventory of Materials and Supplies									385
Prepaid Costs	 2,150		2,352				4,502		1,879
Total Current Assets	 254,953		460,956		149		716,058		263,936
N A									
Noncurrent Assets	40.740						40.740		
Restricted Cash and Investments with Trustee	10,749						10,749		
Restricted Pooled Cash and Investments			9,548				9,548		
Restricted Pooled Cash and Investments-Closure									
and Postclosure Care Costs			92,035				92,035		
Specific Investments	34,452						34,452		
Advances to Other Funds			29,996				29,996		
Capital Assets:									
Land	15,678		22,661				38,339		
Construction in Progress	128,153		55,044				183,197		2,448
Intangible Assets in Progress			749				749		
Intangible Assets-Amortizable	3,028		998				4,026		118
Accumulated Amortization	(1,108)		(303)				(1,411)		(16)
Structures and Improvements	766,346		26,431				792,777		12,599
Accumulated Depreciation	(320,161)		(13,259)				(333,420)		(6,650)
Equipment	14,840		79,629				94,469		135,615
Accumulated Depreciation	(10,655)		(49,273)				(59,928)		(82,008)
Infrastructure	229,348		392,400				621,748		
Accumulated Depreciation	 (187,482)		(203,711)				(391,193)		
Total Capital Assets	 637,987		311,366				949,353		62,106
Total Noncurrent Assets	 683,188		442,945				1,126,133		62,106
Total Assets	 938,141		903,901		149		1,842,191		326,042
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension	8,861		11,098				19,959		11,156
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB	199	_	253			_	452	_	299
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 9,060		11,351				20,411		11,455

Business-Type Activities -
Enterprise Eurode

									_	
LIADILITIES		Airport		Waste nagement	Na	Compressed Natural Gas (Nonmajor)		Total	Ad	vernmental ctivities - Internal vice Funds
LIABILITIES										
Current Liabilities										
Accounts Payable	\$	10.340	\$	14.524	\$		\$	24.864	\$	12.848
Retainage Payable	Ψ	249	Ψ	2.184	Ψ		Ψ	2.433	Ψ	26
Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable		458		567				1,025		515
Unearned Revenue				109				3,826		313
		3,717								740
Due to Other Funds		2,547		9,769		97		12,413		713
Due to Other Governmental Agencies		199		11,156				11,355		2
Insurance Claims Payable										55,348
Compensated Employee Absences Payable		1,064		1,300				2,364		1,157
Pollution Remediation Obligation				766				766		
Intangible Assets Obligations Payable		43		14				57		
Landfill Site Closure/Postclosure Liability				3,363				3,363		
Bonds Payable		8,271						8,271		
Interest Payable		3,935						3,935		
Deposits from Others		7,761		18,322				26,083		
Total Current Liabilities		38,584		62.074		97		100,755		70,609
Noncurrent Liabilities										
Insurance Claims Payable										148.411
Compensated Employee Absences Payable		898		1,197				2.095		1.219
Pollution Remediation Obligation		994		18,791				19,785		1,215
Intangible Assets Obligations Payable		4		10,791				19,703		
Landfill Site Closure/Postclosure Liability		4		160 600				-		
		440.000		162,623				162,623		
Bonds Payable		143,928						143,928		
Net Pension Liability		38,074		47,643				85,717		37,768
Net OPEB Liability		3,001		3,812				6,813		4,514
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		186,899		234,066				420,965		191,912
Total Liabilities		225,483		296,140		97		521,720		262,521
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Defend the first of December 2014 and December 2014		0.705		0.054				45 400		0.074
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension		6,785		8,654				15,439		8,874
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB		102		129				231		153
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		6,887		8,783			_	15,670		9,027
NET POSITION										
Net Investment in Capital Assets		490,440		309,228				799,668		62,106
Restricted for:		, -		, -				-,		,
Debt Service		8,672						8,672		
Passenger Facility Charges Approved Capital Projects		12,044						12,044		
Capital Projects-Replacements and Renewals		1,000						1,000		
Landfill Closure/Postclosure		1,000		26,655				26,655		
Landfill Corrective Action				8,358				8,358		
				,						
Wetland				879				879		
Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure				104				104		
Unrestricted		202,675		265,105		52		467,832		3,843
Total Net Position	\$	714,831	\$	610,329	\$	52		1,325,212	\$	65,949
Adjustment to Reflect the Consolidation of Internal Service Funds' Activities Related to Enterprise Funds								564		
Cumulative Effect of Prior Years' Internal Service Funds Allocation	n							(13,914)		
Net Position of Business-Type Activities							\$	1,311,862		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Business-Type Activities -

		Enterprise Funds							
	Airport	Waste Management	Compressed Natural Gas (Nonmajor)	Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds				
Operating Revenues									
Use of Money and Property	\$ 112,027	7 \$ 4,608	\$	\$ 116,635	\$ 1,581				
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises	-	- 104		104					
Charges for Services	19,603	3 157,541	266	177,410	99,612				
Insurance Premiums		<u> </u>	. <u></u>		330,315				
Total Operating Revenues	131,630	0 162,253	266	294,149	431,508				
Operating Expenses									
Salaries and Employee Benefits	20,320	26,296		46,616	22,834				
Services and Supplies	28,02	1 27,715	247	55,983	27,090				
Professional Services	42,409	9 16,592	51	59,052	58,648				
Operating Leases	240	0 481	1	722	2,124				
Insurance Claims and Premiums	-				293,087				
Pollution Remediation Expense	-	- 5,181		5,181	, <u></u>				
Other Charges	-			·	368				
Taxes and Other Fees	15 ⁻	1 21,697		21,848	8				
Landfill Site Closure/Postclosure Costs	-	- 10,868		10,868					
Depreciation/Amortization	30,392	2 17,206		47,598	9,868				
Total Operating Expenses	121,533	3 126,036	299	247,868	414,027				
Operating Income (Loss)	10,097	7 36,217	(33)	46,281	17,481				
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)									
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties	195	5 20		215					
Intergovernmental Revenues	253			272	1.039				
Interest and Investment Income	2,896			7,695	2,085				
Interest Expense	(3,126	,		(3,126)	2,005				
Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Capital Assets	(9)	,		194	345				
Passenger Facility Charges Revenue	20,726		 	20,726	343				
Other Taxes	20,720		82	82					
Other raxes Other Revenue	- 1,17		02 	1,829	7,299				
Total Nonoperating Revenues	22,023		82	27,887	10,768				
Income Before Contributions and Transfers	32,120		49	74,168	28,249				
moonie Berere Communicité and Transfere	02,12	11,000	10	7 1,100	20,210				
Capital Grant Contributions	4,829	9		4,829					
Capital Contributions	-				424				
Transfers In	-	- 70		70	8,649				
Transfers Out		(10,100)	(81)	(10,837)	(337)				
Change in Net Position	36,949	9 31,313	(32)	68,230	36,985				
Net Position-Beginning of Year	680,918		84		33,530				
Adjustment Due to Change in Accounting Principle	(3,036				(4,566)				
Net Position-Beginning of Year, as Restated	677,882		84		28,964				
Net Position-End of Year	\$ 714,83	1 \$ 610,329	\$ 52		\$ 65,949				
Adjustment to Reflect the Consolidation of Internal	Sarvica								
Funds' Activities Related to Enterprise Funds	Service			564					
. Sindo Fiormico Fiordica to Emorphico I dilac									

Increase in Net Position of Business-Type Activities

68,794



Business-Type Activities -Enterprise Funds

		Airport	Waste Management		Na	mpressed itural Gas onmajor)	 Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES									
Receipts from Customers	\$	132,583	\$	161,760	\$	195	\$ 294,538	\$	32,359
Cash Received for Premiums within the County's Entity		·							330,315
Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(72,661)		(36,874)		(301)	(109,836)		(385,671)
Payments to Employees for Services		(20,491)		(26,472)			(46,963)		(23,086)
Payments for Interfund Services		(6)				(2)	(8)		(1,203)
Receipts for Interfund Services Used				5,872		78	5,950		70,355
Landfill Site Closure/Postclosure Care Costs				(3,363)			(3,363)		
Payment for Taxes and Other Fees		(151)		(21,697)			(21,848)		(8)
Other Operating Receipts		1,436					1,436		7,299
Other Operating Payments				(1,454)			(1,454)		(2,546)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		40,710		77,772		(30)	118,452		27,814
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Transfers In				70			70		8,649
Transfers Out				(10,756)		(81)	(10,837)		(337)
Intergovernmental Revenues		153		19			172		1,039
Other Taxes						82	82		
Advances to Other Funds				(372)			 (372)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		153		(11,039)		1	 (10,885)		9,351
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(59,867)		(37,961)			(97,828)		(12,956)
Principal Paid on Bonds		(35,090)					(35,090)		
Interest Paid on Long - Term Debt		(8,845)					(8,845)		
Capital Grant Contributions		1,390					1,390		
Passenger Facility Charges Received		20,474					20,474		
Principal Paid on Capital Lease Obligations									(6,900)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		8		286			294		345
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(81,930)		(37,675)			 (119,605)		(19,511)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES									
Interest on Investments		2,670		4,343			7,013		1,883
Sale of Investments		6,923					6,923		
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		9,593		4,343			 13,936		1,883
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(31,474)		33,401		(29)	1,898		19,537
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	_	265,930		493,821		100	759,851		237,663
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	234,456	\$	527,222	\$	71	\$ 761,749	\$	257,200

Business-Type Activities -	
Enterprise Funds	

		Enterprise Funds								
	Airport		Waste Management		Natu	pressed ıral Gas nmajor)	Total		A	vernmental ctivities - Internal vice Funds
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash										
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities										
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	10,097	\$	36,217	\$	(33)	\$	46,281	\$	17,481
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to										
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:										
Depreciation/Amortization		30,392		17,206				47,598		9,868
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties		195		20				215		
Other Revenue		1,171		658				1,829		7,299
(Increases) Decreases In:										
Deposits In-Lieu of Cash		24,629		(456)				24,173		
Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowances		(591)		(456)				(1,047)		(21)
Due from Other Funds		52		37		(2)		87		1,721
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		28		(80)		(71)		(123)		372
Inventory of Materials and Supplies										24
Prepaid Costs		(1)		(146)				(147)		(53)
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension		(148)		(1,519)				(1,667)		(2,735)
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB		28		36				64		43
Increases (Decreases) In:		(4.0=4)		(222)		(0)		(0.000)		(0.004)
Accounts Payable		(1,951)		(380)		(2)		(2,333)		(8,394)
Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable		25		(20)				5		47
Unearned Revenue		(267)		(27)				(294)		==
Due to Other Funds		(58)		5,835		78		5,855		(1,808)
Due to Other Governmental Agencies		45		7,713				7,758		(11)
Insurance Claims Payable		(40)		(450)				(000)		1,588
Compensated Employee Absences Payable		(46)		(156)				(202)		114
Pollution Remediation Obligation		(00.004)		3,867				3,867		
Deposits from Others		(22,821)		599				(22,222)		(7.47)
Net Pension Liability		(496)		(630)				(1,126)		(747)
Net OPEB Liability		(262)		(333)				(595)		(394)
Landfill Site Closure/ Postclosure Liability				7,505				7,505		
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension		587		2,153				2,740		3,267
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB		102		129		3		231 72.171		153
Total Adjustments	Φ.	30,613	•	41,555	•		•		•	10,333
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	<u>\$</u>	40,710	\$	77,772	\$	(30)	\$	118,452	\$	27,814
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to										
Statement of Net Position Accounts										
Pooled Cash/Investments	\$	190,170	\$	424,914	\$	71	\$	615,155	\$	256,817
Cash Equivalents/Specific Investments		16,629						16,629		
Cash/Cash Equivalents		2,598						2,598		375
Imprest Cash Funds		14		35				49		8
Restricted Cash and Investments with Trustee		12,607 (1)					12,607		
Restricted Pooled Cash/Investments		12,438		10,238				22,676		
Restricted Pooled Cash/Investments-Closure and										
Postclosure Care Costs				92,035				92,035		
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	234,456	\$	527,222	\$	71	\$	761,749	\$	257,200

- Schedule of Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:
 The Internal Service Funds gained \$345 on disposition of capital assets.
 The Internal Service Funds received \$424 of capital contributions
- The Internal Service Funds' acquisition of capital assets with accounts payable is \$9,135

- The Internal Service Furtus acquisition of capital assets with accounts payable is \$9,155
 Airport had a \$92 loss on disposition of capital assets.
 Airport's acquisition of capital assets with retainage payable is \$242.
 Airport's acquisition of capital assets with accounts payable is \$5,808.
 Airport's change in fair value of investments not considered cash or cash equivalents is \$40.
- Airport's capital grant contribution receivable is \$3,707.
- Waste Management gained \$286 on disposition of capital assets.
- Waste Management's acquisition of capital assets with retainage payable is \$2,184.
 Waste Management's acquisition of capital assets with accounts payable is \$5,813.
- (1) Does not include \$10,749 from Airport's nonliquid Restricted Cash and Investments with Trustee.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

ASSETS Pooled Cash/Investments \$ 61,485 \$ 5,588,786 \$ 2,742 \$ 5,588,786 \$ 2,742 \$ 2,7	Agency Funds
Cash/Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash and Investments Restricted Investments with Trustee	
	329,579 244
	41.482
Mutual Bond Funds 6,102	,
Stable Value Fund 15,735	
Pooled with OCERS	
Total Restricted Cash and Investments 4,675 440,928	41,482
Investments	1,082
Deposits In-Lieu of Cash	56,160
Receivables	
Accounts 3,926	560
Taxes	307,035
Interest/Dividends 259 24,462 24 Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables	20,921
Due from Other Governmental Agencies 1 1,768	(186,777) 6,983
Land and Improvements Held for Resale 133	0,963
Notes Receivable	28,994
Total Assets 66,553 5,613,248 449,388	606,263
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Charge on Refunding 273 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 273	<u></u>
LIABILITIES	
Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable 3,059	
Bonds Payable 22,247	
Interest Payable 290	16,184
Deposits from Others	23,865
Monies Held for Others	198,352
Due to Other Governmental Agencies 412 367	76,094
Unapportioned Taxes	291,768
Total Liabilities 22,949 367 3,059	606,263
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Charge on Refunding 97	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 97	
NET POSITION	
Restricted for Pension/OPEB Benefits & Other Purposes 43,780 5,612,881 446,329	
Total Net Position \$ 43,780 \$ 5,612,881 \$ 446,329 \$	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Purpo	ivate- ose Trust unds	estment st Funds	Pension and Other Post- Employment Benefit Trust Funds		
Additions:						
Contributions to Pension and Other Postemployment						
Benefit Trust Funds:						
Employer	\$		\$ 	\$	75,388	
Employee					3,034	
Contributions to Pooled Investments			8,813,937			
Contributions to Private-Purpose Trust		69,958				
Intergovernmental Revenues		5,059				
Other Revenues		910	150		3	
Interest and Investment Income		458	56,210		45,381	
Less: Investment Expense		(36)	(3,233)		(740)	
Total Additions		76,349	8,867,064		123,066	
Deductions:						
Benefits Paid to Participants					40,282	
Distributions from Pooled Investments			8,511,091			
Distributions from Private-Purpose Trust		68,094				
Professional Services		95			18	
Tax Pass-Throughs		5,142				
Interest Expense		743				
Total Deductions		74,074	8,511,091		40,300	
Change in Net Position:						
Private-Purpose Trust		2,275				
External Investment Pool			355,973			
Employees' Pension and Other Post-						
Employment Benefits					82,766	
Net Position, Beginning of Year		41,505	5,256,908		401,559	
Adjustment Due to Change in Accounting Principle		,			(37,996)	
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated		41,505	5,256,908	363,563		
Net Position, End of Year	\$	43,780	\$ 5,612,881	\$	446,329	







1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies of the County of Orange:

A. Reporting Entity

The County is a legal subdivision of the State of California charged with general governmental powers. The County's powers are exercised through an elected five-member Board of Supervisors (the Board), which, as the governing body, is responsible for the legislative and executive control of the County. The County provides a full range of general government services, including police protection, detention and correction, public assistance, health and sanitation, recreation, library, flood control, public ways and facilities, waste management, airport management, and general financial and administrative support.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America, these financial statements present financial information for both the County (the primary government) and its component units, entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the County's operations and the Board is typically their governing body. Therefore, data from these component units are combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. Management applied the criteria of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units-An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14," Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus-An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34," and Statement No. 80, "Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units-An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14," to determine whether the component units should be reported as blended or discretely presented component units. The criteria included whether the County appoints the voting majority, there is a financial benefit/burden relationship, the County is able to impose its will, the component unit is fiscally dependent on the County, the component unit's governing body is substantially the same as the County, and management of the County have operational responsibility for the activities of the component unit. These criteria were used to determine the following:

Blended Component Units

<u>Orange County Flood Control District</u> The governing body of the District is the County's governing body. Among its duties, it approves the District's budget, determines the District's tax rates, approves contracts, and appoints the management. The District is reported in governmental fund types.

<u>Orange County Housing Authority</u> The governing body of the Authority is the County's governing body. Among its duties, it approves the Authority's budget and policies that govern the administration of housing assistance programs and appoints the management. The Authority is reported in governmental fund types.

Orange County Public Financing Authority The Authority is a joint powers authority of the County and the Orange County Development Agency (OCDA), formed to provide financial assistance to the County by financing the acquisition, construction and improvement of public facilities in the County. The governing body of the Authority is the County's governing body. The Authority is reported in governmental fund types. With the passage of ABX1 26 dissolving redevelopment agencies statewide effective February 1, 2012, the Authority will not issue any new debt.

<u>South Orange County Public Financing Authority</u> The Authority is a joint powers authority of the County and Community Facilities District 88-2 of the County of Orange (Lomas Laguna), formed to provide for the financing of public capital improvements. The governing body of the Authority is the County's governing body. The Authority is reported in governmental fund types.

<u>Capital Facilities Development Corporation</u> The Corporation has its own three-member governing body appointed by the County's governing body. The purpose of the Corporation is to facilitate financings,

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Units (Continued)

Capital Facilities Development Corporation (Continued)

acquisitions of property, and other financial and property related transactions, by or for the benefit of the County, including but not limited to purchasing property from or for the benefit of, borrowing or loaning money and selling or leasing property to, and otherwise participating in financial and leasing transactions with the County. The Corporation is reported in governmental fund types.

<u>Orange County Public Facilities Corporation</u> The Corporation has its own five-member governing body appointed by the County's governing body and provides services entirely to the primary government, the County, through the purchases, construction or leasing of land and/or facilities, which are then leased back to the County. The Corporation is reported in governmental fund types.

<u>Campaign Finance and Ethics Commission (CFEC)</u> The Commission consists of five members appointed by the County's governing body. Among its duties, it provides oversight to the County's Campaign Reform Ordinance, Lobbyist Registration and Reporting Ordinance, the Gift Ban Ordinance and Sections 6 and 9 of the County Code of Ethics and Commitment to Public Service. The Commission is reported in governmental fund types.

County Service Areas, Special Assessment Districts, and Community Facilities Districts. The governing body of County Service Areas, Special Assessment Districts, and Community Facilities Districts (special districts) is the County's governing body. Among its duties, it approves the special districts' budgets, and approves parcel fees, special assessments and special taxes. The special districts are reported in governmental fund types.

<u>In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS) Public Authority</u> The governing body of the Authority is the County's governing body. The Authority was established by the Board to act as the employer of record for the individual providers for the IHSS program. The duties of the Authority include collective bargaining for the individual providers, establishing a registry of providers, investigating the background of providers and providing training to both IHSS providers and consumers. The Authority is reported in governmental fund types.

Discretely Presented Component Units

<u>Children and Families Commission of Orange County (CFCOC)</u> The CFCOC is administered by a governing board of nine members, who are appointed by the Board. Its purpose is to develop, adopt, promote and implement early childhood development programs in the County. It is funded by additional State taxes on tobacco products and approved by California voters via Proposition 10 in November 1998. The CFCOC is presented as a discretely presented component unit of the County because, although the County Board has no control over the revenues, budgets, staff, or funding decisions made by the CFCOC, the appointed CFCOC members serve at the will of the Board members who appoint them. A separate stand-alone annual financial report can be obtained by writing to the Children and Families Commission of Orange County, 1505 E. 17th Street, Suite 230, Santa Ana, CA 92705, or by accessing Orange County's website: www.ac.ocgov.com.

Orange County Health Authority, a Public Agency/dba Orange Prevention and Treatment Integrated Medical Assistance (CalOptima) The Board established CalOptima in 1993. The governing board of CalOptima is comprised of nine voting members and includes two County Board members and one County Board member alternate; all other members are appointed by the Board. This is a County organized health system whose purpose is to administer health insurance programs for low-income families, children, seniors, and persons with disabilities throughout the County. These programs include Medi-Cal, OneCare (HMO SNP), OneCare Connect Cal MediConnect Plan, and Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE). CalOptima is presented as a discretely presented component unit

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units (Continued)

Orange County Health Authority, a Public Agency/dba Orange Prevention and Treatment Integrated Medical Assistance (CalOptima) (Continued)

of the County because, although the County Board has no control over the revenues, budgets, staff, or funding decisions made by CalOptima, the appointed CalOptima members serve at the will of the Board members who appoint them. CalOptima will continue until such time as the Board takes action to terminate CalOptima. A separate stand-alone annual financial report can be obtained by writing to CalOptima, 505 City Parkway West, Orange, CA 92868 or can be accessed via the website http://wpso.dmhc.ca.gov/fe/search/.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements report long-term liabilities and capital assets. Depreciation/amortization expense and accumulated depreciation/amortization are displayed on the government-wide financial statements. The capital assets and related depreciation include the costs and depreciation of infrastructure assets.

The fund financial statements for the governmental funds are prepared under the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Fund financial statements are shown separately for specific major governmental funds and in total for all other governmental funds. Fund financial statements for proprietary funds are reported under the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. Major enterprise funds are shown separately, with internal service funds shown in total. Financial data for the internal service funds is included with the governmental funds for presentation in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary funds are displayed by category in the fund financial statements, but are not reported in the government-wide financial statements, because the assets of these funds are not available to the County.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments" (GASB Statement No. 34), as amended by GASB Statement No. 63 "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position" (GASB Statement No. 63), mandates the presentation of two basic government-wide financial statements:

- Statement of Net Position
- Statement of Activities

The scope of the government-wide financial statements is to report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units.

Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, other nonexchange revenues, and business-type activities, which are financed by fees charged to external parties for goods or services, are reported in separate columns with a combined total column presented for the primary government. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component units, CFCOC and CalOptima, for which the primary government is financially accountable. The government-wide Statement of Net Position displays the financial position of the primary government, in this case, the County and its discretely presented component units. The Statement of Net Position reports the

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

County's financial and capital resources, including infrastructure, as well as the County's long-term obligations. The difference between the County's assets plus deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is its net position. Net position represents the resources that the County has available for use in providing services after its debt is settled.

These resources may not be readily available or spendable and consequently are classified into the following categories of net position in the government-wide financial statements:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This amount is derived by subtracting the outstanding debts incurred by the County, including debt-related deferred outflows and inflows of resources, to buy or construct capital assets shown in the Statement of Net Position, net of depreciation.
- Restricted Net Position This category represents restrictions imposed on the use of the County's resources by parties outside of the government or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All of the County's net position restrictions are externally imposed by outside parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Examples of restricted net position include federal and state grants that are restricted by grant agreements for specific purposes and restricted cash set aside for debt service payments. At June 30, 2018, the County's governmental activities reported restricted net position of \$1,433,605 and is restricted for pension benefits related to the Orange County Retirement System (OCERS) Investment Account, capital projects, debt service, legally segregated funds restricted for grants and other purposes, and regional park endowment. Restricted Net Position for business-type activities amounted to \$57,712 and is restricted for the use of Airport and Waste Management activities, including debt service, passenger facility charges (PFC), capital projects replacements and renewals, landfill closure/postclosure, and landfill corrective action. At June 30, 2018, the County reported \$12,044 of net position restricted by enabling legislation related to the Airport's PFC.
- <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> These assets are resources of the County that can be used for any purpose, though they may not necessarily be liquid. In addition, assets in a fund that exceed the amounts required to be restricted by external parties or enabling legislation are reported as unrestricted net position. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The government-wide Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues and the extent to which the function or segment is supported by general government revenues, such as property taxes, local unrestricted sales taxes, and investment earnings. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect expenses are allocated to the programs where the revenue is earned. Program revenues include:

- Charges and fees to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, including fines, forfeitures, and penalties related to the program
- Operating grants and contributions
- Capital grants and contributions, including special assessments

Taxes and other items such as unrestricted investment earnings not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds. The financial information of each major fund is shown in a separate column in the fund financial statements, with the data for all nonmajor governmental funds aggregated into a single column and all nonmajor proprietary funds aggregated into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34, as amended by GASB Statement No. 65 "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities" (GASB Statement No. 65), sets forth minimum criteria (specified minimum percentages of the assets plus deferred outflows of resources, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of a fund category and of the governmental and enterprise funds combined) for the determination of major funds. In addition to funds that meet the minimum criteria, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the government believes is of particular importance to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund This fund accounts for resources traditionally associated with government and all other resources, which are not required legally, or by sound financial management, to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are primarily derived from taxes; licenses, permits and franchises; fines, forfeitures and penalties; use of money and property; intergovernmental revenues; charges for services; and other revenues. Expenditures are primarily expended for functions of general government, public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, capital outlay, and debt service.

<u>Flood Control District</u> This fund accounts for the planning, construction, operation, and maintenance of regional flood protection and water conservation works, such as dams, control channels, retarding basins, and other flood control infrastructure, charges for services revenue, along with property taxes restricted for flood control activities, provide most of this fund's revenues.

Other Public Protection This fund accounts for revenues restricted for safety and law enforcement activities such as the child support program, automated fingerprint identification systems, and investigation team. Revenues consist primarily of federal grants, state grants, fines, use of money and property, and charges for services.

Mental Health Services Act This fund accounts for the County's mental health programs for children, transition age youth, adults, older adults and families pursuant to the State of California Mental Health Services Act. Revenues consist primarily from a 1% income tax on personal income in excess of one million dollars.

The County reports the following proprietary enterprise funds:

<u>Airport</u> This major fund accounts for major construction and for self-supporting aviation-related activities rendered at John Wayne Airport, Orange County. The airport's staff coordinates and administers general business activities related to the Airport, including concessions, commercial and general aviation operations, leased property, auto parking, and aircraft tie-down facilities.

<u>Waste Management</u> This major fund accounts for the operation, expansion, and closing of existing landfills. Monies are collected through landfill disposal fees, which users pay based primarily on tonnage.

<u>Compressed Natural Gas (CNG)</u> This nonmajor fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the CNG facility. Revenues consist primarily of CNG sales to both the County and the public.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> The County reports nine Internal Service Fund types. These proprietary funds are used to report activities that provide goods or services to other funds of the County. These funds account for fleet services, publishing services, and other services (including claims for workers' compensation, property damage, information & technology, insurance and various health programs) provided to other County departments or agencies, or other governmental entities. The Internal Service Funds receive revenues on a cost-reimbursement basis.

<u>Fiduciary Fund Types</u> The County has a total of 373 individual trust and agency funds for FY 2017-18. These trust and agency funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties or employees, including other governments. When these assets are held under the terms of a formal trust agreement, a private-purpose trust, pension trust or other postemployment benefits (OPEB) trust fund is used. An investment trust fund is used for the portion of the County investment pool representing external pool participants. Agency funds are used to account for assets that the County holds on behalf of others as their agent.

The County reports the following trust and agency funds:

<u>Private-Purpose Trust</u> These funds are used to account for trust arrangements where the principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Examples of private-purpose trusts include unidentified funds, unclaimed prisoner funds, and decedents' property held for escheatment. Also included are the County accounts for the former redevelopment agency.

Investment Trust

Orange County Investment Pool

These funds are used to account for assets, consisting primarily of cash and investments, of separate legal entities, other than school and community college districts, which participate in the County Treasurer's Investment Pool, and includes debt reserves for school and community college districts.

Orange County Educational Investment Pool

These funds are used to account for assets, consisting primarily of cash and investments, of school and community college districts that participate in the County Treasurer's External Educational Investment Pool.

<u>Pension and Other Employee Benefits Trust</u> The County reports six Pension and OPEB Trust funds. These trust funds are used to account for resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of defined benefit and defined contribution pension and post-employment benefit plans.

Agency Funds These funds are custodial in nature and do not report operating results. These funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for various local governments and individuals, such as unapportioned taxes for other local government agencies, monies collected for the Redevelopment Property Tax Trust funds, civil filing fees, and special assessment districts debt service funds. Accordingly, assets reported in the statements are offset by a liability for resources held on behalf of others.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

and the accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. Receivables are reported net of allowances for uncollectible receivables in the Statement of Net Position. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

For purposes of not overstating the true costs and program revenues reported for the various functions, interfund activities (e.g. interfund transfers and interfund reimbursements) have been eliminated from the government-wide Statement of Activities. Exceptions to the general rule are interfund services provided and used between functions, such as charges for auditing and accounting fees between the general government function and various other functions of the primary government. Elimination of these interfund activities would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Additionally, only the interfund transfers between governmental and business-type activities are reported in the Statement of Activities.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are used to report all governmental activities that are not primarily self-funded by fees or charges to external users or other funds and are not fiduciary activities. These activities include the County's basic services to its citizenry and to other agencies, including general government, public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education, and recreation and cultural services. There are five types of governmental funds:

- General Fund
- Special Revenue Funds
- Capital Projects Funds
- Debt Service Funds
- Permanent Fund

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method of accounting, revenues and other governmental fund type financial resources (e.g., bond issuance proceeds) are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual—that is, when they become both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the current fiscal period.

Revenues that are accrued include real and personal property taxes, sales taxes, property taxes in-lieu of motor vehicle license fees, fines, forfeitures and penalties, interest, federal and state grants and subventions, charges for current services, and the portion of long-term sales contracts and leases receivable that are measurable and available and where collectability is assured. Revenues that are not considered susceptible to accrual include penalties on delinquent property taxes and minor licenses and permits. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met, provided that the revenues are also available. If intergovernmental revenues are expected to be received later than 60 days following the end of the fiscal year, then a receivable is recorded along with deferred inflows of resources. Once the grant reimbursement is received, revenue and cash are recorded, and the receivable and deferred inflows of resources are eliminated. Receipts that have not met all of the earning requirements are reported as unearned revenue received. As of June 30, 2018,

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

the County reported \$135,202 of deferred inflows of resources and \$84,014 of unearned revenue received in the governmental funds' Balance Sheet.

Most expenditures are recorded when the related fund liabilities are incurred. However, inventory type items are considered expenditures at the time of use and principal and interest expenditures on bonded debt and capital leases are recorded in the year they become due for payment. Costs of claims, judgments, compensated employee absences and employer pension contributions are recorded as expenditures at fiscal year-end if they are due and payable. The related long-term obligation is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Commitments such as purchase orders and contracts for materials and services are recorded as encumbrances.

Because the fund financial statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is presented to explain the adjustments necessary to reconcile fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds are used to account for business-type activities, which are financed mainly by fees and charges to users of the services provided by the funds' operations. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

There are two types of proprietary funds:

- Enterprise Funds
- Internal Service Funds

The County has three enterprise funds: Airport, Waste Management, and CNG. The principal operating revenues of the Airport, Waste Management, and CNG enterprise funds are charges to customers for (1) landing fees, terminal space rental, auto parking, concessions, and aircraft tie-down fees, (2) disposal fees charged to users of the waste disposal sites, and (3) natural gas sales, respectively.

Internal Service Funds are used to report activities that provide goods or services to other funds of the County. The internal service funds receive revenues through cost-reimbursements of the goods and services provided to other County departments and agencies. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee or agency capacity and cannot be used to support the County's own programs. Trust funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Agency funds report only assets and liabilities and therefore do not have a measurement focus; however, agency funds use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

D. Budget Adoption and Revision

No later than October 2nd of each year, after conducting public hearings concerning the recommended

D. Budget Adoption and Revision (Continued)

budget, the Board adopts a budget in accordance with Government Code Sections 29000-29144 and 30200. The County publishes the results of this initial budgeting process in a separate report, the "Adopted Budget," which specifies all accounts established within each fund/department/budget control (a collection of account numbers necessary to fund a certain division or set of goal related activities).

Throughout the year, the original budget is adjusted to reflect increases or decreases in revenues and changes in fund balance, offset by an equal amount of adjustments to appropriations. Department heads are authorized to approve appropriation transfers within a fund/department/budget control. However, appropriation transfers between funds/departments/budget controls require approval of the Board. Accordingly, the lowest level of budgetary control exercised by the County's governing body is the fund/department/budget control level.

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP except for the general fund and major special revenue funds as detailed in the Budgetary Comparison Statement reconciliation between the budgetary basis and GAAP basis. Budgeted governmental funds consist of the general fund, major funds, and other nonmajor governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements are prepared only for the general fund and major special revenue funds (listed below) for which the County legally adopts annual budgets, and are presented as part of the basic financial statements. The County did not legally adopt annual budgets for the OC Public Facilities Corporation Bonds, Master Lease Fund, the South OC Public Financing Authority Fund, Capital Facilities Development Corporation, and the Orange County Public Financing Authority Fund. The budgetary comparison statements provide three separate types of information: (1) the original budget, which is the first complete appropriated budget; (2) the final amended budget, which includes all legally authorized changes regardless of when they occurred; and (3) the actual revenues and expenditures during the year for budget-to-actual comparisons.

The major special revenue fund Budgetary Comparison Statements reported by the County in the Basic Financial Statements are:

- Flood Control District
- Other Public Protection
- Mental Health Services Act

The intent of preparing the Budgetary Comparison Statement reconciliation is to provide the reader with a more complete understanding and appreciation for the difference between budgetary revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses presented in the Budgetary Comparison Statements and the revenues, expenditures, and other financing sources (uses) reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, which is prepared in accordance with GAAP. The major areas of difference are as follows:

- Under the budgetary basis, investment income is recognized on an amortized cost basis. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools" (GASB Statement No. 31), all investment income, including changes in fair value (gains/losses) of investments, are recognized as investment income.
- Under the budgetary basis, redirected investment income is recognized as investment income in the
 recipient fund. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, investment income assigned to another
 fund due to management decision is recognized in the fund that reports the investment and reported
 as a transfer to the recipient fund in the GAAP financial statements.
- Under the budgetary basis, revenues are normally recorded when earned. For GAAP basis, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions" (GASB Statement No. 33), and GASB Statement No. 65, all nonexchange transactions,

D. <u>Budget Adoption and Revision (Continued)</u>

such as government-mandated nonexchange transactions and voluntary nonexchange transactions, can be accrued only if they are measurable and "available." "Available" has been defined by GASB Statement No. 33 as "collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period." The County has established the availability period as 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. In order to ensure all transactions for the current fiscal year meet this criterion, the County analyzes revenue receipts through August 30 and records adjustments to deferred inflows of resources for transactions that are not collected.

- GASB Statement No. 34 states, "Fiduciary funds should be used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore, cannot be used to support the government's own programs." For the GAAP financial statements, an adjustment to record public-purpose trust monies as revenue in the benefitting funds is recorded for funds which continue to be accounted for as fiduciary funds on a budgetary basis but do not meet the definition of a fiduciary fund.
- Under the budgetary basis, intrafund transfers are recognized as other financing sources (uses). For the GAAP financial statements, intrafund transfers are eliminated to minimize the "grossing-up" of intrafund transfers.
- For budgetary purposes, the loan from Waste Management to the General Fund was recognized as other financing sources (uses). In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, an adjustment to record the interfund loan as an interfund receivable in the lender fund and interfund payable in the borrower fund was recorded for the GAAP financial statements.
- Under the budgetary basis, interfund reimbursements or repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are recorded as revenues in the payer fund. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, an adjustment to eliminate interfund reimbursements is recorded for the GAAP financial statements.
- In accordance with GAAP, the County has established guidelines for recording accruals. In order to reasonably ensure that accruals for current fiscal year transactions are materially accurate, the County performs an analysis to identify expenditure accruals for the GAAP financial statements.
- The OC Animal Care Center uses cash basis to record money it receives from invoicing due to the low collection rate. Per GAAP, the receivables and the amount of the allowance for the doubtful accounts should be recorded.

D. Budget Adoption and Revision (Continued)

The following schedule shows the Budgetary Comparison Statement reconciliation between the budgetary basis and GAAP basis for the General Fund and major special revenue funds:

	 General Fund	Flood Control District	Other Public Protection	Mental Health Services Act
Actual Revenues and Other Financing Sources from the Budgetary				
Comparison Statements	\$ 3,333,438 \$	152,856	\$ 90,163	\$ 170,705
Differences-budget to GAAP:				
Change in unrealized loss on investment	(2,489)	(1,246)	(429)	(911)
Adjustment to report redirected investment income as transfers			18	
Adjustment of revenue accruals for 60 day recognition period	31,977	(1,854)	1,686	(248)
Adjustment to record Public-Purpose Trust Fund monies				
as revenue in benefitting fund	(1,288)	16		
Adjustment to eliminate intrafund transfers			(3,473)	
Reclassification of direct billing reimbursements paid by fund for the				
benefit of other funds	(15,186)	(89)		
Revenues and Other Financing sources for non-budgeted funds are				
excluded in the Budgetary Comparison Statements			6,417	
Recognition of outstanding invoices for OC Animal Care Center	(6)			
Reclassification of new loan from Waste Management to the General Fund	 (556)			
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as reported on the Statement				
of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	\$ 3,345,890 \$	149,683	\$ 94,382	<u>\$ 169,546</u>
Actual Expenditures and Other Financing Uses from the Budgetary				
Comparison Statements	\$ 3,303,656 \$	185,991	\$ 84,726	\$ 178,523
Differences-budget to GAAP:				
Adjustment to report redirected investment income as transfers			18	
Adjustment of expenditure accruals for timing differences	318	(6,879)	236	
Adjustment to eliminate intrafund transfers			(3,473)	
Reclassification of direct billing reimbursements paid by fund for the				
benefit of other funds	(15,186)	(89)		
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses for non-budgeted				
funds are excluded in the Budgetary Comparison Statements			8	
Reclassification of loan repayment from General Fund				
to Waste Management	(784)			
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses as reported on the Statement				
of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	\$ 3,288,004 \$	179,023	\$ 81,515	\$ 178,523

E. Fund Balance

The County applies GASB Statement No. 54 for financial statement purposes. The intent of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions.

The balance sheet reports the following five different classifications of fund balance:

Nonspendable Fund Balance Amounts that are not in a spendable form, such as long-term receivables, inventory or prepaid costs, or that are required to be maintained intact, such as the corpus of an endowment fund. The County's Regional Park Endowment Permanent Fund reports the original donation as nonspendable in accordance with donor requirements.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> Amounts constrained to specific purposes by a formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority. The constraint remains binding unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint. The Board is the County's highest level of decision-making authority. The highest level of formal action to commit resources is an ordinance.

Assigned Fund Balance Amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose that are neither restricted nor committed; intent can be expressed by the governing body (Board) or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates authority (County Executive Officer (CEO), County Department Heads, and County Purchasing Agent). The County's budget development guidelines provide the policy that is used by all County departments to determine the designation of assigned fund balance. Assigned fund balance includes the aggregation of resources for capital projects, which are expected to develop in future periods and fund balance reserved for outstanding contractual obligations for which goods and services have not yet been received or approved by the Board for appropriation in FY 2017-18, through the County's budget process.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> Residual amounts within the General Fund in excess of what can be properly classified in one of the four other fund balance classifications. Within all other governmental funds, unassigned fund balance is comprised of the negative residual in excess of what can be properly classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed.

In the hierarchy for spending, when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the County's policy is to spend restricted fund balance before unrestricted fund balance. When committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance is available for the same specific purpose, the County's policy is to expend fund balance according to the following priority: committed, assigned, and then unassigned.

Following are detailed descriptions within each fund balance classification reported in the balance sheet:

E. Fund Balance (Continued)

	General Fund	Flood Control District	Other Public Protection	Mental Health Services Act	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:		-			-	
· · · · ,	\$ 1,417		\$ 364	\$	\$	\$ 2,188
Prepaid costs	373,201	5,148	1,111		14,275	393,735
Endow ment	2 900				200	200
Long-Term Advances to Other Funds	3,800		1 475		14,475	3,800
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	378,418	5,555	1,475		14,475	399,923
Restricted for:						
Court Operations	2,548					2,548
Tobacco and CHIP Programs	2,110					2,110
Public Safety Realignment	27,157					27,157
Flood Control District		162,822				162,822
Flood Control District-Construction & Maintenance		59,758				59,758
Flood Control District-Project Management		34,012				34,012
Flood Control District Capital Projects		131,474				131,474
Flood Control District Capital Projects Acquisition		15,591				15,591
Building & Safety Operating Reserve			19,453			19,453
Child Support Program Development			12,915			12,915
Clerk Recorder Special Revenue			15,615			15,615
Clerk Recorder Operating Reserve			3,045			3,045
Sheriff-Coroner Replacement & Maintenance			14,966			14,966
Sheriff-Coroner Substations Fee Program			2,417			2,417
CAL-ID System Costs			32,635			32,635
Jail Commissary			4,740			4,740
Inmate Welfare			9,750			9,750
Prop 64-Consumer Protection			6,872			6,872
Regional Narcotics Suppression Program			13,148			13,148
Other Public Safety Programs			19,133			19,133
Mental Health Services Adults/Children				35,789		35,789
Mental Health Services Prevention and Early Intervention				11,343		11,343
Mental Health Services General				200,850		200,850
OC Dana Point Harbor Projects					70,776	70,776
Community and Welfare Services					18,539	18,539
Low and Moderate Income Housing Program					31,160	31,160
Health Care Programs					22,618	22,618
Civic Center Parking/Maintenance					5,260	5,260
Roads					50,183	50,183
Public Libraries					47,448	47,448
OC Parks					67,968	67,968
OC Parks-Capital Projects					20,639	20,639
County Tidelands-New port Bay					4,671	4,671
Service Areas, Lighting, Maintenance						
and Assessment Districts					102,326	102,326
Other Environmental Management					978	978
Tobacco Settlement Programs					16,570	16,570
Housing Programs					12,546	12,546
Technological and Capital						
Acquisitions/Improvements					1,627	1,627
Endow ment					148	148
OC Public Facilities Corporation Bonds,						
Master Lease					2,768	2,768
Pension Obligation Bonds					46,599	46,599
South OC Public Financing Authority					7,046	7,046
Orange County Public Financing Authority					6	6
Teeter Plan Notes					18,385	18,385
Capital Projects:					,	,0
Criminal Justice Facilities Improvement					13,947	13,947
Capital Facilities Development Corporation Construction					108,963	108,963
Capital Facilities Development Corporation					14,770	14,770
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 31,815	\$ 403,657	\$ 154,689	\$ 247,982	\$ 685,941	\$ 1,524,084
	- 01,010	2 .50,001	÷ .51,000		- 000,011	- 1,021,00T

E. Fund Balance (Continued)

	General Fund	Flood Control District	Other Public Protection	Mental Health Services Act	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assigned to:		2.01.101				
General Services:						
General Services-Operations	\$ 82,761	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 82,761
Maintenance and Construction	11,600					11,600
Imprest Cash	1,835				45	1,880
Public Safety	12,617					12,617
Public Works	4,225					4,225
Watershed Programs	1,585					1,585
Social Services Programs	6,739					6,739
Health Care Programs	798				13,588	14,386
Teeter Plan Notes					62,666	62,666
Capital Projects:						
Property Tax Software Development	5,076					5,076
Criminal Justice Facilities	6,645					6,645
Central Utilities Facility Replacement	1,238					1,238
Election System Upgrade	20,000					20,000
Sheriff-Coroner Closed Circuit TV	3,000					3,000
Animal Care Center	21,000					21,000
Countywide Projects					42,602	42,602
Parking Facilities					1,156	1,156
OC Parks					12,183	12,183
Air Quality Improvement					5,556	5,556
Community and Welfare Services					39,157	39,157
Total Assigned Fund Balance	179,119				176,953	356,072
Unassigned	219,426					219,426
Total Unassigned Fund Balance	219,426					219,426
Total Fund Balances	\$ 808,778	\$ 409,212	\$ 156,164	\$ 247,982	\$ 877,369	\$ 2,499,505

Annually, the Board adopts a five-year Strategic Financial Plan (SFP). The County of Orange 2018 SFP includes a policy for Fund Balance Unassigned (FBU) that eliminates FBU as a funding source for the next year's budget as a significant step toward reducing structural reliance on one-time funds. Positive variances in estimated FBU are to be added to Strategic Reserves, consistent with the Board policy.

The County prepays its pension contribution and reports the prepaid amount as Nonspendable Fund Balance rather than Unassigned Fund Balance as required by GASB Statement No. 54. For FY 2017-18, the proceeds of \$375,345 was for short-term Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds to prepay its FY 2018-19 pension contribution at a discount. Of this amount \$373,173 is the prepaid costs for General Fund and is Nonspendable. Refer to Note 10, Short-Term Obligations, and Note 18, Retirement Plans for additional information.

F. Deposits and Investments

The County maintains two cash and investment pools: the Orange County Investment Pool (OCIP) and the Orange County Educational Investment Pool (OCEIP), the latter of which is utilized exclusively by the County's public school and community college districts. These pools are maintained for the County and other Non-County entities for the purpose of benefitting from economies of scale through pooled investment activities. In addition, the County maintains the John Wayne Airport Investment Fund (JWA Fund) and other non-pooled specific investments.

The County has stated required investments at fair value in the accompanying financial statements, using the fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by GASB 72.

F. <u>Deposits and Investments (Continued)</u>

Other than proceeds held by the County in the OCIP, proceeds from County-issued bonds are held by trustees and are invested in instruments authorized by the respective trust agreements including money market mutual funds, investment agreements, repurchase agreements, and U.S. Government securities. Short-term investments are reported at amortized cost, while long-term investments, such as U.S. Government securities, are stated at fair value.

The Pools value participants' shares using an amortized cost basis. Specifically, the Pools distribute income to participants based on their relative participation during the period. Income is calculated based on (1) realized investment gains and losses calculated on an amortized cost basis, (2) interest income based on stated rates (both paid and accrued), (3) amortization of discounts and premiums on a straight-line basis, and reduced by (4) actual administrative cost of such investing, depositing or handling of funds. This method differs from the fair value method used to value investments in this statement because the amortized cost method is not designed to distribute to participants all unrealized gains and losses in the fair values of the Pools' investments. Refer to Note 4, Deposits and Investments for additional information.

The investments in the Retiree Medical Defined Benefit Trust are managed by OCERS and are reported at fair value. Refer to Note 19, Postemployment Health Care Benefits, to obtain OCERS stand-alone annual financial statements.

G. Inventory of Materials and Supplies

Inventories consist of expendable materials and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are valued at cost, which is determined on a moving weighted-average basis. Applicable fund balances are nonspendable for amounts equal to the inventories on hand at the end of the fiscal year, as these amounts are not available for appropriation and expenditure. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures/expenses when issued to user departments/agencies.

H. Prepaid Costs

The County pays for certain types of services in advance, such as pension costs and rents, and recognizes these expenditures/expenses when consumed. Prepaid costs in the governmental funds Balance Sheet include \$393,735, which primarily consist of \$393,707 for the County's FY 2018-19 pension contribution at a discount.

Prepaid costs in the government-wide financial statements include the prepaid costs reported in the fund financial statements, reduced for 50% of the prepaid asset related to the pension contribution after the measurement date in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 71. Refer to Note 18, Retirement Plans for additional information.

I. <u>Land and Improvements Held for Resale</u>

These assets, held by the Successor Agency, are valued at the lower of cost or estimated net realizable value.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined as assets of a long-term character that are intended to be held or used in operations, such as land, land improvements, structures and improvements, equipment, intangible, and infrastructure. Infrastructure assets are grouped by networks consisting of flood channels, roads, bridges, trails, traffic signals, and harbors.

J. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of the donation. Capital assets with an original unit cost equal to or greater than the County's capitalization threshold shown in the table below are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

Asset Type	Capitalization Threshold
Land	\$0
Land Improvements	\$150
Structures and Improvements	\$150
Equipment	\$ 5
Intangible:	
Software (Commercially Acquired)	\$5
All Other	\$150
Infrastructure	\$150

Depreciation and amortization are calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. No depreciation or amortization is provided on construction in progress or intangible assets in progress, respectively, until the project is completed and the asset is placed into service. Estimated useful lives of structures and improvements, equipment, intangibles, and infrastructure are as follows:

Land Improvements Structures and Improvements Equipment	10 to 20 years 5 to 60 years 2 to 20 years
Intangibles: Computer Software	2 to 15 years
Infrastructure:	2 to 15 years
Flood Channels	20 to 100 years
Roads	10 to 20 years
Bridges	50 to 75 years
Trails	20 years
Traffic Signals	15 to 20 years
Harbors	20 to 50 years
Airport-Runways, Taxiways, and Aprons	15 to 60 years
Waste Management-Cell Development, Drainage	
Channels, Facility Improvements, Habitat, Landfill	
Gas/Environmental, Closure/Other Earthwork	3 to 71 years

Maintenance and repair costs are expensed in the period incurred. Expenditures that materially increase the capacity or efficiency or extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized and depreciated. Upon the sale or retirement of the capital asset, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the Statement of Activities and Proprietary Funds' Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position.

For business-type activities, interest is capitalized on construction in progress. Capitalized interest is the total interest expense of the borrowing net of related interest earnings on the reinvested unexpended tax-exempt debt proceeds and amortization of premium or discount. For governmental activities, interest is not capitalized as a cost of the capital asset in accordance with GAAP.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The County reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future period.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, deferred inflows of resources consist of revenues not collected within the availability period after fiscal year-end. The County has deferred inflows of resources related to unavailable revenues reported under the modified accrual basis of accounting in the governmental funds Balance Sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, SB90, and other sources as appropriate. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that amounts become available. The SB90 deferred inflows of resources amount of \$6,711 is net of an allowance for the estimated uncollectible of \$2,810.

The deferred outflows/inflows of resources, included on the government-wide Statement of Net Position relate to the deferred charge on refunding, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pension and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferral of resources related to pension and OPEB result from the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on the plan investments, changes of assumptions and changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of contributions calculated by the actuarial study. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB also includes employer contributions made after the measurement date and a portion of the County's prepaid retirement contribution.

The table below details out all deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pension. Please refer to Note 18, Retirement Plans, for further information.

		Governmental Activities	Airport	Ma	Waste anagement	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension per Actuarial Studies	_					
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings						
on Pension Plan Investments	\$	2	\$ 	\$		\$ 2
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		12,325	104		131	12,560
Changes of Assumptions		567,857	4,892		6,191	578,940
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Employer						
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		19,347	170		216	19,733
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension-Employer						
Contributions after Measurement Date		228,773	1,980		2,372	233,125
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Prepaid Contribution		198,756	1,715		2,188	202,659
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension	\$	1,027,060	\$ 8,861	\$	11,098	\$ 1,047,019
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension per Actuarial Studies						
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings						
on Pension Plan Investments	\$	377,059	\$ 2,612	\$	3,404	\$ 383,075
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		351,045	3,309		4,192	358,546
Changes of Assumptions		78,350	863		1,057	80,270
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Employer						
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		146	1		1	148
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension	\$	806,600	\$ 6,785	\$	8,654	\$ 822,039

K. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)</u>

The following table details out all deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB. Please refer to Note 19, Postemployment Health Care Benefits, for further information.

	Governmental Activities		Airport	M	Waste anagement		Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB per Actuarial Studies	 7.00.11.00	_	7 ti port			_	Total
Employer Contributions after Measurement Date	\$ 23,718	\$	199	\$	253	\$	24,170
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB	\$ 23,718	\$	199	\$	253	\$	24,170
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB per Actuarial Studies Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	\$ 12,137	\$	102	\$	129	\$	12,368
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB	\$ 12,137	\$	102	\$	129	\$	12,368

L. Self-Insurance

The County is self-insured for general and automobile liability claims, workers' compensation claims, and for claims arising under the County self-insured PPO Health Plans, short-term disability plans, dental plan, Reserve Deputy Sheriff accidental death and dismemberment plan, and unemployment benefits program. Liabilities are accrued based upon case reserves, development of known claims, incurred but not reported claims and allocated and unallocated loss adjustment expenses. For additional information, refer to Note 16, Self-Insurance.

M. Property Taxes

The provisions of the California Constitution and Revenue and Taxation Code govern assessment, collection, and apportionment of real and personal property taxes. Real and personal property taxes are computed by applying approved property tax rates to the assessed value of properties as determined by the County Assessor, in the case of locally assessed property and as determined by the State Board of Equalization in the case of state-assessed properties. Property taxes are levied annually, with the exception of the supplemental property taxes, which are levied when supplemental assessment events, such as sales of property or new construction, take place.

The County collects property taxes on behalf of all property tax-receiving agencies in Orange County. Property tax-receiving agencies include the school districts, cities, independently governed special districts not governed by the Board, special districts governed by the Board, redevelopment successor agencies, and the County General Fund.

Property taxes receivables are recorded as of the date levied in property tax unapportioned funds, which are classified as agency funds. When collected, the property taxes are deposited into the County Treasury in the property tax unapportioned funds, where they are held in the unapportioned taxes liability accounts pending periodic apportionment to the tax-receiving agencies. The property tax unapportioned funds are included in the agency funds category of the County's fund financial statements because the unapportioned taxes are collected and held on behalf of other governmental agencies.

Property tax collections are apportioned (disbursed) to the tax-receiving agencies periodically from the tax unapportioned funds based on various factors including statutory requirements, materiality of collections received, tax delinquency dates, the type of property tax roll unapportioned fund (secured, unsecured, supplemental, delinquent secured, delinquent unsecured, delinquent supplemental, homeowners' property tax subvention, or state-assessed properties), and cash flow needs of the tax-receiving agencies.

M. Property Taxes (Continued)

Property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year for which they are levied, provided they are due within the fiscal year and collected within 60 days after the fiscal year-end. Property tax revenues are also recognized for unsecured and supplemental property taxes that are due at year-end, and are collected within 60 days after the fiscal year-end, but will not be apportioned until the next fiscal year due to the timing of the tax apportionment schedule. The County's portion of the unapportioned taxes at June 30, 2018 is allocated to and recorded in the corresponding funds for reporting purposes.

Unsecured and supplemental property tax levies that are due within the fiscal year but are unpaid at fiscal year-end, are recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the fund-level financial statements, and recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements. The County records an allowance to recognize uncollectible taxes receivable.

The County maintains records of disputed property taxes, such as those properties for which the values have been appealed to the local Assessment Appeals Boards. Upon final disposition of the appeals and disputes, the amounts are either refunded to taxpayers or the tax bills are corrected. As of June 30, 2018, tax refunds and assessed value tax roll corrections resulting from property tax appeals and other disputes represented approximately 0.60% of the combined beginning secured and unsecured property tax roll charge.

The following are significant dates on the property tax calendar:

	California Revenue & Taxation Code Section
Supplemental assessments are effective on the 1st day of the month following the new construction or ownership change.	75.41
Property tax lien date is January 1.	2192
Unsecured taxes on the roll as of July 31 are delinquent August 31.	2922
Assessor delivers roll to Auditor-Controller July 1.	616, 617
Tax roll is delivered to the Treasurer-Tax Collector on or before the levy date (the 4th Monday in September).	2601
Secured tax payment due dates are: 1st Installment - November 1, and 2nd Installment - February 1.	2605 2606
Secured tax delinquent dates (last day to pay without penalty) are: 1st Installment - December 10, and 2nd Installment - April 10.	2617 2618
Declaration of default for unpaid taxes occurs July 1.	3436
Power to sell is effective five years after tax default.	3691

N. Compensated Employee Absences

Compensated employee absences (vacation, compensatory time off, performance incentive plan time off, annual leave, and sick leave) are accrued as an expense and liability in the proprietary funds when incurred. In the governmental funds, only those amounts that are due and payable at year-end are accrued. Compensated employee absences that exceed this amount represent a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

O. Pensions

The County recognizes a net pension liability to reflect the County's proportionate share of the excess of the total pension liability over the fiduciary net position of the County's retirement plans.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OCERS and the Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan and additions to/deductions from OCERS and the Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OCERS and the Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

At June 30, 2018, the County's net pension liability from OCERS was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability (TPL) used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the December 31, 2016 valuation to December 31, 2017. The County's net pension liability from the Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan was measured as of June 30, 2018; and the plan's TPL used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the July 1, 2017 valuation to June 30, 2018.

P. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The County recognizes a net OPEB liability to reflect the County's proportionate share of the excess of the total OPEB liability over the fiduciary net position of the County's Retiree Medical Plan. The Plan is reported in the County's financial statements and has a plan year-end of December 31, 2017. The actuarial valuation for the Retiree Medical Plan is based on the December 31, 2017 measurement date for the County reporting as of June 30, 2018.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Retiree Medical Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Retiree Medical Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

At June 30, 2018, the County's net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total OPEB liability (TOL) used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2017 valuation to December 31, 2017.

Q. Statement of Cash Flows

A Statement of Cash Flows is presented for proprietary fund types. The County's cash and cash equivalents for cash flow reporting purposes are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, unrestricted and restricted investments held in the County Treasury's investment pooled funds and outside trustees.

R. Indirect Costs

County indirect costs are allocated to benefitting departments in the "Indirect Expenses Allocation" column of the government-wide Statement of Activities. Allocated costs are from the County's FY 2017-18 County-Wide Cost Allocation Plan (CWCAP), which was prepared in accordance with the Code of Federal Regulation, Title 2, Part 200. For financial statement purposes, the County has elected to allocate indirect costs to budget controls within the General Fund in order to match the reimbursement of indirect costs recorded as program revenues to the same function where the related expense is recorded.

S. Effects of New Pronouncements

The following lists recent GASB pronouncements implemented or are effective in FY 2017-18:

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 74, "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans." This statement replaces Statements No. 43, "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans," as amended, and No. 57, "OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans." It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, "Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans," as amended, Statement No. 43, and Statement No. 50, "Pension Disclosures." The provisions of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016. The County's OPEB plans are calendar year based; therefore, it requires the County to implement this statement in FY 2017-18. The requirements of this statement improved financial reporting primarily through enhanced note disclosures and schedules of required supplementary information presented by OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet the specified criteria. The statement was implemented with a material impact to the County. Refer to Note 2, Changes in Accounting Principle and Note 19, Postemployment Health Care Benefits, for additional information.

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". This statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," as amended, and No. 57, "OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB." Statement No. 74 establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures for employers of such plans. For defined benefit OPEB, this statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. The provisions of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017, which requires the County to implement this statement in FY 2017-18. The statement was implemented with a material impact to the County. Refer to Note 2, Changes in Accounting Principle and Note 19, Postemployment Health Care Benefits, for additional information.

In March 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 81, "Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements." This statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. Furthermore, this statement requires that a government recognize assets representing its beneficial interests in irrevocable split-interest agreements that are administered by a third party, if the government controls the present service capacity of the beneficial interests. This statement requires that a government recognize revenue when the resources become applicable to the reporting period. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, which requires the County to implement this statement in FY 2017-18. The statement was implemented without an impact to the County.

S. Effects of New Pronouncements (Continued)

In March 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 85, "Omnibus 2017." This statement addresses issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The topics include issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and other postemployment benefits and more. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017, which requires the County to implement this statement in FY 2017-18. The statement was implemented.

In May 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 86, "Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues." This statement establishes disclosure requirements of in-substance defeasance of debt using only existing resources and prepaid insurance related to extinguished debt. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017, which requires the County to implement this statement in FY 2017-18. The statement was implemented without an impact to the County.

The following summarizes recent GASB Pronouncements and their future effective dates. The County is in the process of evaluating the impact of these statements on its financial statements:

In November 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 83, "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations." This statement requires the recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflows of resources associated with an asset retirement obligation based on the criteria and the measurement established in the statement. This statement also requires disclosure of required information about the asset retirement obligations. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018, which requires the County to implement this statement in FY 2018-19.

In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities." This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The statement also describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, which requires the County to implement this statement in FY 2019-20.

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, "Leases." This statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The statement requires a lessee to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflows of resources. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019, which requires the County to implement this statement in FY 2020-21.

In April 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 88, "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements." This statement clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements. For notes to financial statements related to debt, this statement also requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018, which requires the County to implement this statement in FY 2018-19.

In June 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period." This statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a

S. Effects of New Pronouncements (Continued)

construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This statement also reiterates that in financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019, which requires the County to implement this statement in FY 2020-21.

In August 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 90, "Majority Equity Interests." This statement improves the consistency and comparability of a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The statement requires that a component unit in which a government has a 100% equity interest account for its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at acquisition value at the date the government acquired 100% equity interest in the component unit. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, which requires the County to implement this statement in FY 2019-20.

T. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Where significant estimates have been made in preparing these financial statements, they are described in the applicable footnotes.

U. <u>Consolidation of Governmental Funds' Balance Sheet and Proprietary Funds' Statement of Net Position</u> <u>Line Items in Statement of Net Position</u>

Several asset line items in the Governmental Funds' Balance Sheet and the Proprietary Funds' Statement of Net Position are combined into one line item in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position for presentation purposes. In order to avoid any confusion, the following table lists the line items shown in the Governmental and Proprietary Fund financial statements that are condensed together in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

Government-Wide Statement of Net Position Line Item	Corresponding Governmental and Proprietary Funds Balance Sheet or Statement of Net Position Line Item
Cash and Cash Equivalents	Pooled Cash/Investments; Cash Equivalents/Specific Investments; Imprest Cash Funds; and Cash/Cash Equivalents
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	Restricted Cash and Investments with Trustee; Restricted Pooled Cash/Investments; and Restricted Pooled Cash/Investments – Closure and Postclosure Care Costs
Capital Assets – Not Depreciable/Amortizable	Land; Land Use Rights; Construction in Progress; and Intangible Assets in Progress
Capital Assets – Depreciable/Amortizable (Net)	Structures and Improvements and Accumulated Depreciation; Equipment and Accumulated Depreciation; Infrastructure and Accumulated Depreciation; and Software and Accumulated Amortization; Land Improvements and Accumulated Depreciation

2. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 74, GASB Statement No. 75, and GASB Statement No. 85 in the current financial statements. Prior period adjustments of \$406,268 and \$6,892 were made to decrease the governmental activities' beginning net position and business-type activities' beginning net position. The restatement of beginning net position of the governmental activities and business-type activities are restated as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Busines	s-Type Activities
Net Position at June 30, 2017	\$	1,255,191	\$	1,249,960
OPEB Asset-GASB 45		(44,838)		
Net OPEB Liability-GASB 75		(388,493)		(7,408)
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB		27,063		516
Net Position at June 30, 2017, as Restated	\$	848,923	\$	1,243,068

Prior period adjustments of \$3,036, \$3,856, and \$4,566 were made to the beginning net position of Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds. The restatements of beginning net position of proprietary funds are restated as follows:

						ental Activities-
	Airport		Waste Manageme		Internal	Service Funds
Net Position at June 30, 2017	\$	680,918	\$	582,872	\$	33,530
Net OPEB Liability-GASB 75		(3,263)		(4,145)		(4,908)
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB		227		289		342
Net Position at June 30, 2017 as Restated	\$	677,882	\$	579,016	\$	28,964

Prior period adjustment of \$37,996 was made to the beginning net position of the Retiree Medical Trust Fund. The restatement of beginning net position of the fiduciary fund is restated as follows:

Retiree	Medical Plan
(Combi	ned 401(h) and
11	5 Trusts)
\$	269,803
	(37,996)
\$	231,807
	(Combi

Refer to Note 1, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, for additional information on GASB Statement No. 74, GASB Statement No. 75, and GASB Statement No. 85.

3. **DEFICIT FUND EQUITY**

The Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund (ISF) reported a deficit net position balance of \$68,082. The deficit results from the amount calculated in the annual actuarial study which includes case reserves, development of known claims, incurred but not reported claims, allocated and unallocated loss adjustment expenses, and a discount for anticipated investment income. The deficit decreased by \$10,269 from the previous fiscal year primarily due to a strategic decision to increase charges to program participants combined with a decrease in claim payments. Charges to County departments have not provided sufficient cash flows to entirely fund the deficit in the Workers' Compensation ISF. The County will continue to review charges to departments and manage the funding status of the Workers' Compensation Program.

Effective with OCDA's dissolution on February 1, 2012, their assets and liabilities (including bond debt) were transferred to and reported in a private-purpose trust fund of the County. This transfer and reporting structure reflect the custodial role accepted by the Successor Agency. The Successor Agency private-purpose trust fund reported a deficit net position of \$12,330. The deficit for the Successor Agency decreased by \$137 from the previous fiscal year primarily due to an increase in other revenues as a result of the final distributions of the available cash for the B-13 claimants.

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The elected Treasurer-Tax Collector (Treasurer) is responsible for authorizing all County bank accounts and pursuant to California Government Code (CGC) Sections 27000.1–27000.5, 27130–27137 and 53600–53686 is responsible for conducting County investment activities of the County's investment pooled funds in addition to various individual investment accounts outside of the pooled funds. These public funds are called the Orange County Investment Fund (OCIF). Within the OCIF, the Treasurer maintains an OCIP and an OCEIP, which are "external investment pools" wherein monies of the County and other legally separate external entities, which are not part of the County reporting entity, are commingled (pooled) and invested on the participants' behalf. In addition, the Treasurer maintains the JWA Fund and other non-pooled specific investments. The County's Investment Pools are not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, and therefore are exempt from SEC rules. The pooled funds do not have any legally binding guarantees of share values.

The Treasurer further invests pooled funds from the OCIP and OCEIP into three funds, the Orange County Money Market Fund (OCMMF), the Orange County Educational Money Market Fund (OCEMMF), and the Extended Fund. On September 19, 2018, Standard & Poor's (S&P) reaffirmed its highest rating of AAAm Principal Stability Fund Rating (AAAm) on the OCMMF and the OCEMMF. The Treasurer will act on a "best efforts" basis to stabilize the Net Asset Value (NAV) of OCMMF and OCEMMF within a range of \$0.995 (in absolute dollar amounts) and \$1.005 (in absolute dollar amounts).

The maximum maturity of investments for the two short-term pools is 13 months with a maximum weighted average maturity (WAM) of 60 days. The maximum maturity of the long-term pool is five years per CGC Section 53601. The IPS provides that all pools, except short-term pools, shall have an effective duration not to exceed a leading 1-3 Year index +25% (2.32 at June 30, 2018).

Pursuant to CGC Sections 27130-27137, the Board has established a Treasury Oversight Committee (TOC) that monitors and reviews the IPS annually and also ensures that the Treasurer has an audit annually, which includes limited tests of compliance with laws and regulations. The TOC consists of the County Executive Officer, the elected County Auditor-Controller, the County Superintendent of Schools, or their respective designees, and four public members, with at least three having expertise in, or an academic background in, public finance.

The investment practices and policies of the Treasurer are based on compliance with state law and prudent money management. The primary goal is to invest public funds in a manner which will provide maximum security of principal invested with secondary emphasis on providing adequate liquidity to pool participants. The last goal is to achieve a market rate of return within the parameters of prudent risk management while conforming to all applicable statutes and resolutions governing the investment of public funds.

Interest is allocated to individual funds monthly based on the average daily balances on deposit with the Treasurer. Interest assigned to another fund due to management decision is recognized in the fund that reports the investments and is reported as a transfer to the recipient fund.

Deposits and investments with the Treasurer totaled \$9,325,557 as of June 30, 2018, consisting of \$4,029,130 for the OCIP, \$5,190,368 for the OCEIP, and \$106,059 for Specific Investments.

Total County deposits and investments at fair value as of June 30, 2018, are reported as follows:

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Deposits:		
Imprest Cash	\$	1,946
Deposits for OCIP with Treasurer		10,266
Deposits for OCEIP with Treasurer		31,141
Deposits with Trustees		5,025
All other Deposits and Timing Differences		111,626
Total Deposits and Timing Differences		160,004
Investments:		
Investments for OCIP with Treasurer		4,018,804
Investments for OCEIP with Treasurer		4,932,165
Specific Investments with Treasurer		97,508
Restricted Investments With Trustees		519,244
External-OCERS		289,352
Total Investments		9,857,073
Total Deposits and Investments	\$	10,017,077
Total County deposits and investments are reported in the following funds:		
Governmental Funds	\$	2,444,887
Proprietary Funds	·	1,064,150
Fiduciary Funds		6,471,003
Component Unit-CFCOC		37,037
Total Deposits and Investments	\$	10,017,077

A. Deposits

CGC Section 53652 et. seq. and the IPS prescribe the amount of collateral that is required to secure the deposit of public funds. The pledge to secure deposits is administered by the California Commissioner of Business Oversight. Collateral is required for demand deposits at 110% of all deposits not covered by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) if obligations of the United States and its agencies, or obligations of the State or its municipalities, school districts, and district corporations are pledged. Collateral of 150% is required if a deposit is secured by first mortgages or first trust deeds upon improved residential real property located in California. All such collateral is considered to be held by an agent of a depository pursuant to CGC Section 53658. Obligations pledged to secure deposits must be delivered to an institution other than the institution in which the deposit is made; however, the trust department of the same institution may hold them. Written agreements are required to provide, among other things, that the collateral securities are held separately from the assets of the depository institution. FDIC is available for demand deposits and time saving deposits at any one financial institution up to a maximum of \$250.

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that the County will not be able to recover deposits that are in the possession of an outside party. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not insured or collateralized. The County's deposits are not exposed to custodial credit risk, since all of its deposits are covered by FDIC or collateralized with securities held by an agent of a depository in accordance with CGC Sections 53652 and 53658.

B. Investments

The CGC Sections 53601 and 53635, Board ordinances and resolutions, the County's IPS, the bond indenture documents, trust agreements, and other contractual agreements govern the investments that may be purchased and may include certain restrictions on investment maturity, maximum portfolio percentages, term, value, and credit quality to minimize the risk of loss. The IPS adds further restrictions to permitted investments from the CGC. As of June 30, 2018, the Treasurer was in full compliance with the more restrictive IPS for the OCIP, OCEIP, and JWA Fund.

The following table provides a summary listing of the authorized investments as of June 30, 2018.

Type of Investment	CGC % of Funds Permitted	Orange County IPS (%)	CGC Maximum Final Maturity	Orange County IPS Maximum Final Maturity (All Pooled Funds Except Short-Term Funds)	Orange County IPS Maximum Final Maturity (Short-Term Funds)	
U.S. Treasury Securities	100%	100%	5 Years	5 Years	397 Days	
U.S. Government Agency Securities	100%	100% total, no more than 50% in one issuer excluding securities with final maturities of 30 days or less	5 Years	5 Years	397 Days	
Municipal Debt	100%	30% total, no more than 5% in one issuer except 10% - County of Orange	5 Years	5 Years	397 Days	
Medium-Term Notes	30%	30% total, no more than 5% in one issuer	5 Years	3 Years	397 Days	
Bankers Acceptances	40%, 30% of a single issuer	40% total, no more than 5% in one issuer	180 Days	180 Days	180 Days	
Commercial Paper	40%, 10% of a single issuer	40% total, no more than 5% in one issuer	270 Days	270 Days	270 Days	
Negotiable Certificates of Deposits	30%	30% total, no more than 5% in one issuer	5 Years	3 Years	397 Days	
State of California Local Agency Investment Fund	\$65 million per account	\$65 million per pool	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Repurchase Agreements	100%	20% total, no more than 10% in one issuer	1 Year	1 Year	1 Year	
Money Market Mutual Funds	20%	20% total	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Investment Pools	100%	20% total, no more than 10% in one pool	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Supranationals	30%	30% total, no more than 5% in one issuer	5 Years	5 Years	397 Days	

B. Investments (Continued)

The current IPS expressly prohibits leverage, reverse repurchase agreements as defined by CGC Section 53601, structured notes, structured investment vehicles, and derivatives. All investments must be United States dollar denominated. No investment may be purchased from an issuer and all related entities, including parent and subsidiaries, that has been placed on "credit watch-negative" by any of the Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations (NRSROs), or whose credit rating by any of the NRSROs is less than the minimum rating required by the IPS for that class of security unless the issuer has a short-term rating of A-1+ or F1+ or a long-term rating of at least a AA or Aa2; and the Treasurer has approved the purchase in writing prior to purchase.

Investments by the Treasurer are stated at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72. Investments in the OCIF are marked-to-market on a daily basis. If the NAV of the OCMMF or OCEMMF is less than \$0.995 (in absolute dollar amounts) or greater than \$1.005 (in absolute dollar amounts), portfolio holdings may be sold as necessary to maintain the ratio between \$0.995 (in absolute dollar amounts) and \$1.005 (in absolute dollar amounts).

Unless otherwise required in a trust agreement or other financing document, assessment districts and public school and community college districts are required by legal provisions to deposit their funds with the County Treasurer. The OCEIP consists entirely of public school and community college districts' funds and therefore includes 100% involuntary participants. At June 30, 2018, the OCIP includes approximately 11.1% of involuntary participant deposits including funds for the Superior Court, certain assessment districts, and certain bond related funds for public school districts.

B. Investments (Continued)

Investment Disclosures

The following table presents a summary of the County's investments, the credit quality distribution, and concentration of credit risk by investment type as a percentage of each pool's fair value at June 30, 2018.

					Interest Rate		Weighted Average Maturity		% of
With Treasurer:		air Value		Principal	Range (%)	Maturity Range	(Years)	Rating (1)	Portfolio
OCIP (2)									
U.S. Government Agencies	œ	76 904	¢.	77 000	0.000/	07/47/40 00/44/40	0.000	D.4	4.040/
FNMA Discount Notes	\$	76,891	\$	77,000	0.00%	07/17/18 - 09/11/18	0.080	P-1	1.91%
FNMA Bonds		351,308		355,589	0.88 - 2.75%	10/19/18 - 06/22/21	1.228	AA D.4	8.74%
FFCB Discount Notes		9,865		10,000	0.00%	02/15/19	0.630	P-1	0.25%
FFCB Bonds		312,785		315,591	0.75 - 2.70%	07/18/18 - 04/23/21	1.757	AA	7.78%
FHLB Discount Notes		281,118		281,600	0.00%	07/02/18 - 11/08/18	0.093	P-1	6.99%
FHLB Bonds		722,384		726,007	0.63 - 3.38%	07/13/18 - 03/12/21	1.040	AA	17.98%
FHLMC Discount Notes		45,920		46,000	0.00%	07/18/18 -0 9/24/18	0.096	P-1	1.14%
FHLMC Bonds		370,920		373,979	0.85 - 2.50%	07/27/18 - 11/17/20	0.752	AA	9.23%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit									
Certificates of Deposit		62,989		63,128	1.69 - 1.72%	07/30/18 - 03/29/19	0.289	A1	1.57%
Certificates of Deposit		34,986		35,016	1.75%	09/10/18	0.197	AA	0.87%
Medium-Term Corporate Notes									
Corporate Notes		184,612		186,578	1.10 - 2.25%	11/03/18 - 02/23/21	1.380	AA	4.59%
Corporate Notes		80,480		80,568	1.75 - 4.13%	12/15/18 - 06/23/20	0.995	AA	2.00%
Corporate Notes		57,685		58,331	1.13 - 5.15%	07/15/18 - 03/01/21	1.120	AAA	1.44%
Corporate Notes		17,250		17,261	1.15 - 2.00%	08/15/18	0.126	Α	0.43%
Municipal Debt		185,692		185,116	1.88 - 2.25%	07/31/18 - 04/30/19	0.560	NR	4.62%
U.S. Treasuries		1,094,761		1,103,681	0.00 - 9.00%	07/05/18 - 05/31/22	1.154		27.24%
Money Market Mutual Funds		97,190		97,190	1.84 - 1.87%	07/02/18	0.005	AAA	2.42%
Local Agency Investment Fund		31,968		32,028	1.85%	07/02/18	0.005	NR	0.80%
					Interest Rate		Weighted Average Maturity		% of
With Treasurer:		air Value		Principal	Range (%)	Maturity Range	(Years)	Rating (1)	Portfolio
OCEIP (2)									
U.S. Government Agencies									
FNMA Bonds	\$	367,526	\$	371,927	0.75 - 2.75%	07/13/18 - 06/22/21	1.208	AA	7.45%
FFCB Discount		52,509		52,600	0.00%	07/09/18 - 11/08/18	0.092	P-1	1.06%
FFCB Bonds		317,754		320,634	0.70 - 2.70%	07/05/18 - 04/23/21	1.776	AA	6.44%
FHLB Discount Notes		708,758		709,734	0.00%	07/02/18 - 03/21/19	0.075	P-1	14.37%
FHLB Bonds		832,705		836,648	0.63 - 3.38%	07/13/18 - 03/12/21	0.952	AA	16.88%
FHLMC Discount Notes		33,310		33,379	0.00%	07/23/18 - 08/27/18	0.112	P-1	0.68%
FHLMC Bonds		431,552		434,900	0.80 - 2.50%	07/11/18 - 11/17/20	0.731	AA	8.75%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit									
Certificates of Deposit		64,729		64,872	1.69 - 1.72%	7/30/18 - 3/29/19	0.289	A1	1.31%
Certificates of Deposit		35,952		35,984	1.75%	09/10/18	0.197	AA	0.73%
Medium-Term Corporate Notes									
Corporate Notes		241,552		243,584	1.10 - 4.20%	11/03/18 - 02/23/21	1.280	AA	4.90%
Corporate Notes		74,965		75,036	1.75 - 4.13%	12/15/18 - 06/23/20	1.006	AA	1.52%
Corporate Notes		64,554		65,249	1.13 - 5.15%	07/15/18 - 03/01/21	1.061	AAA	1.31%
Corporate Notes		39,994		40,115	1.70 - 2.00%	08/15/18 - 03/15/19	0.467	Α	0.81%
Municipal Debt		190,822		190,229	1.88 - 2.25%	07/31/18 - 04/30/19	0.560	NR	3.87%
U.S. Treasuries		1,399,138		1,408,464	0.00 - 9.00%	07/05/18 - 05/31/22	0.942		28.37%
Money Market Mutual Funds		43,494		43,494	1.84 -1.87%	07/02/18	0.005	AAA	0.88%
Local Agency Investment Fund		32,851		32,912	1.85%	07/02/18	0.005	NR	0.67%
	\$	4,932,165	\$	4,959,761			0.833 (4)	•	100.00%

B. Investments (Continued)

Investment Disclosures (Continued)

							Weighted		
							Average		
					Interest Rate		Maturity		% of
With Treasurer:	Fa	ir Value	Ρ	rincipal	Range (%)	Maturity Range	(Years)	Rating (1)	Portfolio
Specific Investments (2)									
U.S. Government Agencies									
FNMA Bonds	\$	16,604	\$	16,320	1.13 - 6.25%	07/20/18 - 5/15/29	3.035	AA	17.03%
FFCB Discount Notes		2,000		2,000	0.00%	07/03/18	0.008	P-1	2.05%
FFCB Bonds		11,567		11,665	1.10 - 4.44%	12/05/18 - 11/02/35	10.890	AA	11.86%
FHLB Discount Notes		9,537		9,565	0.00%	08/03/18 - 09/05/18	0.153	P-1	9.78%
FHLB Bonds		10,277		10,430	1.63 - 3.25%	06/14/19 - 06/09/23	2.687	AA	10.54%
FHLMC Bonds		8,020		6,800	0.85 - 6.75%	07/27/18 - 07/15/32	7.966	AA	8.23%
U.S. Treasuries		38,115		38,225	0.00 - 9.00%	07/15/18 - 02/15/36	2.437		39.09%
Repurchase Agreements		1,082		1,082	6.20%	08/15/19	1.126	AA	1.11%
Money Market Mutual Funds		306		306	1.75 - 1.87%	07/02/18	0.005	AAA	0.31%
•	\$	97,508	\$	96,393	-	•	3.727 (4)		100.00%
						=	. ,	:	
							Weighted		
							Average		
					Interest Rate		Maturity		% of
With Trustees:	Fa	ir Value	P	rincipal	Range (%)	Maturity Range	(Years)	Rating (1)	Portfolio
Restricted Investments with Trustees (2)									
U.S. Government Agencies									
FNMA Zero Coupon Bonds	\$	46,562	•	04 404	0.000/	00/04/04		AA	8.97%
FHLMC Bond	Ψ	,	\$	21,491	0.00%	09/01/21	1.118		
	•	28,261	\$	28,401	0.88 - 1.20%	04/15/19 - 07/19/19	0.186	AA	5.44%
FNMA Bond	Ť	28,261 16,544	\$	28,401 16,673	0.88 - 1.20% 1.13 - 1.88%	04/15/19 - 07/19/19 09/18/18 - 02/19/19	0.186 0.056	AA	3.19%
FHLB Bond	Ť	28,261 16,544 22,810	\$	28,401 16,673 23,003	0.88 - 1.20% 1.13 - 1.88% 1.25 - 1.63%	04/15/19 - 07/19/19 09/18/18 - 02/19/19 01/16/19 - 06/14/19	0.186 0.056 0.141	AA AA	3.19% 4.39%
FHLB Bond FHLMC Discount Notes	Ť	28,261 16,544 22,810 3,334	\$	28,401 16,673 23,003 3,326	0.88 - 1.20% 1.13 - 1.88% 1.25 - 1.63% 0.88%	04/15/19 - 07/19/19 09/18/18 - 02/19/19 01/16/19 - 06/14/19 10/12/18	0.186 0.056 0.141 0.007	AA AA AA	3.19% 4.39% 0.64%
FHLB Bond FHLMC Discount Notes FFCB Bond	Ť	28,261 16,544 22,810 3,334 14,894	\$	28,401 16,673 23,003 3,326 14,938	0.88 - 1.20% 1.13 - 1.88% 1.25 - 1.63% 0.88% 1.25%	04/15/19 - 07/19/19 09/18/18 - 02/19/19 01/16/19 - 06/14/19 10/12/18 12/12/18 - 1/17/19	0.186 0.056 0.141 0.007 0.056	AA AA	3.19% 4.39% 0.64% 2.87%
FHLB Bond FHLMC Discount Notes FFCB Bond U.S. Treasuries	Ť	28,261 16,544 22,810 3,334 14,894 47,682	\$	28,401 16,673 23,003 3,326 14,938 48,085	0.88 - 1.20% 1.13 - 1.88% 1.25 - 1.63% 0.88% 1.25% 0.75 - 9.00%	04/15/19 - 07/19/19 09/18/18 - 02/19/19 01/16/19 - 06/14/19 10/12/18 12/12/18 - 1/17/19 07/15/18 - 11/30/20	0.186 0.056 0.141 0.007 0.056 0.596	AA AA AA	3.19% 4.39% 0.64% 2.87% 9.18%
FHLB Bond FHLMC Discount Notes FFCB Bond U.S. Treasuries U.S. Treasury Strips	Ť	28,261 16,544 22,810 3,334 14,894 47,682 3,800	\$	28,401 16,673 23,003 3,326 14,938 48,085 3,487	0.88 - 1.20% 1.13 - 1.88% 1.25 - 1.63% 0.88% 1.25% 0.75 - 9.00% 0.00-2.41%	04/15/19 - 07/19/19 09/18/18 - 02/19/19 01/16/19 - 06/14/19 10/12/18 12/12/18 - 1/17/19 07/15/18 - 11/30/20 11/15/18 - 11/15/19	0.186 0.056 0.141 0.007 0.056 0.596 1.283	AA AA AA	3.19% 4.39% 0.64% 2.87% 9.18% 0.73%
FHLB Bond FHLMC Discount Notes FFCB Bond U.S. Treasuries U.S. Treasury Strips Money Market Mutual Funds	Ť	28,261 16,544 22,810 3,334 14,894 47,682 3,800 192,343	*	28,401 16,673 23,003 3,326 14,938 48,085 3,487 192,343	0.88 - 1.20% 1.13 - 1.88% 1.25 - 1.63% 0.88% 1.25% 0.75 - 9.00% 0.00-2.41% Variable	04/15/19 - 07/19/19 09/18/18 - 02/19/19 01/16/19 - 06/14/19 10/12/18 12/12/18 - 1/17/19 07/15/18 - 11/30/20 11/15/18 - 11/15/19 07/02/18	0.186 0.056 0.141 0.007 0.056 0.596 1.283 0.003	AA AA AA	3.19% 4.39% 0.64% 2.87% 9.18% 0.73% 37.04%
FHLB Bond FHLMC Discount Notes FFCB Bond U.S. Treasuries U.S. Treasury Strips Money Market Mutual Funds Bond Mutual Funds	Ť	28,261 16,544 22,810 3,334 14,894 47,682 3,800 192,343 6,102	\$	28,401 16,673 23,003 3,326 14,938 48,085 3,487 192,343 6,102	0.88 - 1.20% 1.13 - 1.88% 1.25 - 1.63% 0.88% 1.25% 0.75 - 9.00% 0.00-2.41% Variable 3.09% - 8.56%	04/15/19 - 07/19/19 09/18/18 - 02/19/19 01/16/19 - 06/14/19 10/12/18 12/12/18 - 1/17/19 07/15/18 - 11/30/20 11/15/18 - 11/15/19 07/02/18	0.186 0.056 0.141 0.007 0.056 0.596 1.283 0.003 0.005	AA AA AA AA BBB	3.19% 4.39% 0.64% 2.87% 9.18% 0.73% 37.04% 1.18%
FHLB Bond FHLMC Discount Notes FFCB Bond U.S. Treasuries U.S. Treasury Strips Money Market Mutual Funds Bond Mutual Funds Non-Bond Funds	Ť	28,261 16,544 22,810 3,334 14,894 47,682 3,800 192,343 6,102 121,177	\$	28,401 16,673 23,003 3,326 14,938 48,085 3,487 192,343 6,102 121,177	0.88 - 1.20% 1.13 - 1.88% 1.25 - 1.63% 0.88% 1.25% 0.75 - 9.00% 0.00-2.41% Variable 3.09% - 8.56% Variable	04/15/19 - 07/19/19 09/18/18 - 02/19/19 01/16/19 - 06/14/19 10/12/18 12/12/18 - 1/17/19 07/15/18 - 11/30/20 11/15/18 - 11/15/19 07/02/18 07/02/18	0.186 0.056 0.141 0.007 0.056 0.596 1.283 0.003 0.005	AA AA AA AAA BBB NR	3.19% 4.39% 0.64% 2.87% 9.18% 0.73% 37.04% 1.18% 23.34%
FHLB Bond FHLMC Discount Notes FFCB Bond U.S. Treasuries U.S. Treasury Strips Money Market Mutual Funds Bond Mutual Funds		28,261 16,544 22,810 3,334 14,894 47,682 3,800 192,343 6,102 121,177 15,735		28,401 16,673 23,003 3,326 14,938 48,085 3,487 192,343 6,102 121,177 15,735	0.88 - 1.20% 1.13 - 1.88% 1.25 - 1.63% 0.88% 1.25% 0.75 - 9.00% 0.00-2.41% Variable 3.09% - 8.56%	04/15/19 - 07/19/19 09/18/18 - 02/19/19 01/16/19 - 06/14/19 10/12/18 12/12/18 - 1/17/19 07/15/18 - 11/30/20 11/15/18 - 11/15/19 07/02/18	0.186 0.056 0.141 0.007 0.056 0.596 1.283 0.003 0.005 0.005	AA AA AA AA BBB	3.19% 4.39% 0.64% 2.87% 9.18% 0.73% 37.04% 1.18% 23.34% 3.03%
FHLB Bond FHLMC Discount Notes FFCB Bond U.S. Treasuries U.S. Treasury Strips Money Market Mutual Funds Bond Mutual Funds Non-Bond Funds	\$	28,261 16,544 22,810 3,334 14,894 47,682 3,800 192,343 6,102 121,177	\$	28,401 16,673 23,003 3,326 14,938 48,085 3,487 192,343 6,102 121,177	0.88 - 1.20% 1.13 - 1.88% 1.25 - 1.63% 0.88% 1.25% 0.75 - 9.00% 0.00-2.41% Variable 3.09% - 8.56% Variable	04/15/19 - 07/19/19 09/18/18 - 02/19/19 01/16/19 - 06/14/19 10/12/18 12/12/18 - 1/17/19 07/15/18 - 11/30/20 11/15/18 - 11/15/19 07/02/18 07/02/18	0.186 0.056 0.141 0.007 0.056 0.596 1.283 0.003 0.005	AA AA AA AAA BBB NR	3.19% 4.39% 0.64% 2.87% 9.18% 0.73% 37.04% 1.18% 23.34%
FHLB Bond FHLMC Discount Notes FFCB Bond U.S. Treasuries U.S. Treasury Strips Money Market Mutual Funds Bond Mutual Funds Non-Bond Funds		28,261 16,544 22,810 3,334 14,894 47,682 3,800 192,343 6,102 121,177 15,735		28,401 16,673 23,003 3,326 14,938 48,085 3,487 192,343 6,102 121,177 15,735	0.88 - 1.20% 1.13 - 1.88% 1.25 - 1.63% 0.88% 1.25% 0.75 - 9.00% 0.00-2.41% Variable 3.09% - 8.56% Variable	04/15/19 - 07/19/19 09/18/18 - 02/19/19 01/16/19 - 06/14/19 10/12/18 12/12/18 - 1/17/19 07/15/18 - 11/30/20 11/15/18 - 11/15/19 07/02/18 07/02/18	0.186 0.056 0.141 0.007 0.056 0.596 1.283 0.003 0.005 0.005	AA AA AA AAA BBB NR	3.19% 4.39% 0.64% 2.87% 9.18% 0.73% 37.04% 1.18% 23.34% 3.03%
FHLB Bond FHLMC Discount Notes FFCB Bond U.S. Treasuries U.S. Treasury Strips Money Market Mutual Funds Bond Mutual Funds Non-Bond Funds Stable Value Fund		28,261 16,544 22,810 3,334 14,894 47,682 3,800 192,343 6,102 121,177 15,735		28,401 16,673 23,003 3,326 14,938 48,085 3,487 192,343 6,102 121,177 15,735	0.88 - 1.20% 1.13 - 1.88% 1.25 - 1.63% 0.88% 1.25% 0.75 - 9.00% 0.00-2.41% Variable 3.09% - 8.56% Variable	04/15/19 - 07/19/19 09/18/18 - 02/19/19 01/16/19 - 06/14/19 10/12/18 12/12/18 - 1/17/19 07/15/18 - 11/30/20 11/15/18 - 11/15/19 07/02/18 07/02/18	0.186 0.056 0.141 0.007 0.056 0.596 1.283 0.003 0.005 0.005	AA AA AA AAA BBB NR	3.19% 4.39% 0.64% 2.87% 9.18% 0.73% 37.04% 1.18% 23.34% 3.03%

⁽¹⁾ The County obtains credit ratings from S&P, Moody's, and Fitch. Credit rating P-1 is from Moody's. The ratings indicative of the greatest degree of risk have been disclosed. NR means not rated. The County is not required to disclose the credit ratings of obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, and the ratings for U.S. Treasuries are not disclosed.

(2) Legend:

FNMA-Federal National Mortgage Association

FFCB-Federal Farm Credit Bank

FHLB-Federal Home Loan Bank

FHLMC-Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation

(4) Portfolio weighted average maturity

⁽³⁾ The Retiree Medical Trust Reports \$289,352 of restricted investments with OCERS as of plan year 12/31/17, refer to Note 19. For more information regarding investments with OCERS, refer to their most recently issued financial statements available at http://www.ocers.org/finance/finance.htm.

Total

B. <u>Investments (Continued)</u>

Fair Value Measurements

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GASB Statement No. 72. These principles recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Investments reflect prices based on quoted identical assets in an active market.
- Level 2: Investments reflect prices that are based on identical or similar assets in inactive markets
 or similar assets in active markets. Inputs other than quotes are observable.
- Level 3: Investments reflect prices based on significant unobservable inputs.

Fair value measurement is based on pricing received from the County's third party vendors. Investments in money market mutual funds are priced using amortized cost, which approximates fair value, with a net asset value of \$1.00 (in absolute dollar amounts) per share, and per GASB Statement No. 72 are not subject to the fair value hierarchy. Additionally, the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) and Guaranteed Investment Contracts (GICs) are not subject to the fair value hierarchy.

The County uses the market approach method as a valuation technique in the application of GASB Statement No. 72. This method uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or similar assets or groups of assets.

The following table presents a summary of the County's investments according to the assigned fair value hierarchy level as of June 30, 2018.

		Fair Value Measurement					
	Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
OCIP							
U.S. Government Agencies \$	2,171,191	\$	\$ 2,171,191	\$			
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	97,975		97,975				
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	340,027		340,027				
Municipal Debt	185,692		185,692				
U.S. Treasuries	1,094,761		1,094,761				
Sub-total	3,889,646		3,889,646				
Investments Not Subject to Fair Value I	lierarchy:						
Money Market Mutual Funds	97,190						
Local Agency Investment Fund	31,968						
Total \$	4,018,804	•					
<u>OCEIP</u>							
U.S. Government Agencies \$	2,744,114	\$	\$ 2,744,114	\$			
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	100,681		100,681				
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	421,065		421,065				
Municipal Debt	190,822		190,822				
U.S. Treasuries	1,399,138		1,399,138				
Sub-total	4,855,820		4,855,820				
Investments Not Subject to Fair Value I	lierarchy:						
Money Market Mutual Funds	43,494						
Local Agency Investment Fund	32,851						

4,932,165

B. Investments (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

			Fair Value Measurement					
		Fair Value	i Ma Iden	oted Prices in Active arkets for tical Assets Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Und	ignificant observable Inputs (Level 3)
Specific Investments								
U.S. Government Agencies	\$	58,005	\$		\$	58,005	\$	
U.S. Treasuries		38,115				38,115		
Repurchase Agreements		1,082						1,082
Sub-total		97,202				96,120		1,082
Investments Not Subject to Fair V	alue H	lierarchy:						
Money Market Mutual Funds		306						
Total	\$	97,508	•					
With Trustees								
U.S. Government Agencies	\$	132,405	\$		\$	132,405	\$	
U.S. Treasuries		51,482				51,482		
Bond Mutual Funds		6,102		6,102				
Sub-total		189,989		6,102		183,887		
Investments Not Subject to Fair V	alue H	lierarchy:						
Money Market Mutual Funds		192,343						
Non-Bond Funds		121,177						
Stable Value Fund		15,735						
Total	\$	519,244	•					

Investment in County of Orange Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds 2018, Series A

On January 12, 2018, the pooled funds purchased the County issued Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds 2018, Series A (2018 POBs) in the principal amount of \$375,345. The 2018 POBs were issued with a fixed coupon rate and with maturities from July 2018 to April 2019 and are solely owned by the pooled funds. The obligation of the County to pay principal and interest on the 2018 POBs is an obligation imposed by law and is absolute and unconditional. As of June 30, 2018, the outstanding principal amount of the 2018 POBs is \$375,345. The bonds are not rated by any of the NRSROs. The County's investment in the 2018 POBs is disclosed herein as Municipal Debt. For additional information, refer to Note 10, Short-Term Obligations, and Note 18, Retirement Plans.

Interest Rate Risk-Investments

This is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, investments of longer maturities are more sensitive to changes in market interest rates. Declines in the fair value of investments are managed by limiting the length of the maturity of the securities. In general, the maximum maturity allowed is five years unless the Board has granted express authority either specifically or as part of an investment policy. Actual weighted average days to maturity by investment type for the funds invested in the Pools are presented in the table in the Investment Disclosures section.

The OCIP of \$4,018,804 and the OCEIP of \$4,932,165 portfolios at June 30, 2018 have 38% and 46%, respectively, of the investments maturing in six months or less, 62% and 54%, respectively, maturing between six months and four years.

B. <u>Investments (Continued)</u>

Interest Rate Risk-Investments (Continued)

The variable-rate notes, if any, are tied to the Federal Funds rate, the 90-day Treasury Bill rate, the one-month and three-month London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) with daily, monthly and quarterly coupon resets. The fair value of variable-rate securities is generally less susceptible to changes in value because the variable-rate coupon resets back to a market rate on a periodic basis. Effectively, at each reset date, a variable-rate investment reprices back to par value, eliminating interest rate risk at each periodic reset. For purposes of computing weighted average maturity (WAM), the maturity date of variable-rate notes is the length of time until the next reset date rather than the stated maturity. As of June 30, 2018, the OCIP and the OCEIP have no variable-rate notes.

The annual average daily investment balances of the OCIP and the OCEIP were \$4,491,750 and \$4,671,230, respectively, with an annual net yield of 1.22% and 1.24% respectively for the pools, for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Interest Rate Risk-Weighted Average Maturity (Short-term Pool)

At June 30, 2018, the OCMMF and OCEMMF investments fair values amounted to \$763,523 and \$1,586,961, respectively. In accordance with the Board formally approved IPS, the Treasurer manages the Pool's exposure to declines in fair value for deposits and investments by limiting the WAM to 60 days in the two short-term pools. As of the last business day, the WAM of the OCMMF was 54 days and the WAM of the OCEMMF was 54 days, and the NAV of both short-term pools was \$1.00 (in absolute dollar amounts).

Interest Rate Risk-Duration (Long-term Pool)

At June 30, 2018, the long-term pool (which includes funds from both the OCIP and the OCEIP) balance was \$6,600,485. Of this amount, the OCIP owned 49% and the OCEIP owned 51%. In accordance with the IPS, the Treasurer manages investment related risk for deposits and investments by limiting duration to +25% of a leading 1-3 Year index (2.32).

As of June 30, 2018, the long-term pool had the following duration by investment type:

				Duration
Investment Type	F	air Value	Portfolio %	(In Years)
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$	64,819	0.98%	0.00
Negotiable Certificate of Deposits		198,656	3.01%	0.26
Medium-Term Corporate Notes		614,375	9.31%	1.25
Municipal Debt		376,514	5.70%	0.55
U.S. Government Agencies		3,544,072	53.69%	1.14
U.S. Treasuries		1,802,049	27.30%	1.34
Total Fair Value	\$	6,600,485		
Portfolio Duration				1.13

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The IPS does not permit investments in uninsured and unregistered securities if they are not held by the County or by the County's custodial bank. The Treasurer utilizes third party Delivery Versus Payment (DVP) which mitigates any custodial credit risk. Securities purchased by the Treasurer are held by third party custodians in their trust department to mitigate custodial credit risk. At year-end, in accordance with the IPS, the County's external investment pools and specific investments did not have any securities exposed to custodial credit risk, and the Treasurer did not have any securities lending during the year (or at year-end).

B. Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk-Investments

This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment may not fulfill its obligations. The IPS sets forth the minimum acceptable credit ratings for investments from at least two of the following NRSROs: S&P, Moody's, or Fitch. For purchases of short-term debt, the issuer rating must be no less than A-1 or SP-1 (S&P), P-1 or MIG 1/VMIG 1 (Moody's), or F1 (Fitch) for purchases with remaining maturities less than 397 days, while purchases of long-term debt shall have issuer ratings no less than AA for purchases with remaining maturities longer than 397 days. Municipal debt issued by the County is exempt from the above credit rating requirements. As of June 30, 2018, the County's investments in OCIF were in compliance with the state Law and IPS limits when purchased.

Concentration of Credit Risk

This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. To mitigate this risk, the IPS limits the amount of exposure to any one single issuer. As of June 30, 2018, all investments were in compliance with state law and the IPS single issuer limits for each pool. See the County's investments table for concentrations of holdings. The following holdings of all pooled funds with the Treasurer exceeded five percent of the portfolio at June 30, 2018.

With Treasurer:

		Percentage of Portfolio
Investment Type	Issuer	June 30, 2018
U.S. Government Agencies	Federal National Mortgage Association	8.98%
U.S. Government Agencies	Federal Farm Credit Bank	7.81%
U.S. Government Agencies	Federal Home Loan Bank	28.34%
U.S. Government Agencies	Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	9.83%
U.S. Treasuries	United States Treasuries	27.98%

Foreign Currency Risk

The IPS requires all securities to be U.S. dollar denominated. The County investments are not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Condensed Financial Statements

In lieu of separately issued financial statements for the entire pools and the external portion of the pools, condensed financial statements for both pools are presented below as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018:

Entire Pool

Statement of Net Position

 OCIP		OCEIP		Total
\$ 4,051,108	\$	5,186,501	\$	9,237,609
\$ 3,646,394 426,380 (21,666)	\$	 5,208,420 (21,919)	\$	3,646,394 5,634,800 (43,585)
\$ 4,051,108	\$	5,186,501	\$	9,237,609
			'	
\$ 4,094,194	\$	4,827,922	\$	8,922,116
 (43,086)		358,579		315,493
\$ 4,051,108	\$	5,186,501	\$	9,237,609
\$	\$ 4,051,108 \$ 3,646,394	\$ 4,051,108 \$ \$ 3,646,394 \$ 426,380 (21,666) \$ 4,051,108 \$ \$ 4,094,194 \$ (43,086)	\$ 4,051,108 \$ 5,186,501 \$ 3,646,394 \$ 426,380 5,208,420 (21,666) (21,919) \$ 4,051,108 \$ 5,186,501 \$ 4,094,194 \$ 4,827,922 (43,086) 358,579	\$ 4,051,108 \$ 5,186,501 \$ \$ 3,646,394 \$ \$ 426,380 (21,666) (21,919) \$ 4,051,108 \$ 5,186,501 \$ \$ 4,094,194 \$ 4,827,922 \$ (43,086) 358,579

B. Investments (Continued)

Condensed Financial Statements (Continued)

External Pool Portion

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

	OCIP	 OCEIP	 Total
<u>Assets</u>	 		
Pooled Cash/Investments	\$ 424,677	\$ 5,164,109	\$ 5,588,786
Receivables			
Interest/Dividends	1,817	22,645	24,462
Total Assets	426,494	5,186,754	5,613,248
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Due to Other Governmental Agencies	114_	 253	 367
Total Liabilities	 114	253	367
Net Position			
Restricted for Pool Participants	426,380	5,186,501	5,612,881
Total Net Position	\$ 426,380	\$ 5,186,501	\$ 5,612,881

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

	OCIP	OCEIP	Total
Additions:			
Contributions to Pooled Investments	\$ 592,140	\$ 8,221,797	\$ 8,813,937
Other Revenues		150	150
Interest and Investment Income	3,519	52,691	56,210
Less: Investment Expense	(216)	(3,017)	(3,233)
Total Additions	 595,443	8,271,621	8,867,064
Deductions:			
Distributions from Pooled Investments	598,049	7,913,042	8,511,091
Total Deductions	598,049	7,913,042	8,511,091
Change in Net Position Held in			
Trust For External Investment Pool	(2,606)	358,579	355,973
Net Position, Beginning of Year	 428,986	 4,827,922	 5,256,908
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 426,380	\$ 5,186,501	\$ 5,612,881

C. Restricted Deposits and Investments with Trustees

All monies for restricted investments held by trustees are invested in "permitted investments" as defined in the various trust agreements. Restricted deposits with trustees are insured by FDIC up to \$250 and the excess amounts are collateralized.

4. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)</u>

D. Restricted Investments with OCERS

OCERS may invest, in accordance with state statutes, in any form or type of investment deemed prudent by the Board of Retirement. Pension and 401(h) health care plan assets are restricted for the exclusive purposes of providing benefits to plan participants and defraying reasonable expenses of administering the plans. The Board of Retirement may invest, or delegate the authority to invest, the assets of the funds through the purchase, holding, or sale of any form or type of investment, financial instrument, or financial transaction. For additional information, refer to Note 19, Postemployment Health Care Benefits. For more information regarding investments with OCERS, refer to their most recently issued financial statements available online at www.ocers.org, in writing to the Orange County Employees Retirement System, 2223 Willington Avenue, Santa Ana, CA 92701, or by calling (714) 558-6200.

E. CalOptima's Cash and Investments

CalOptima categorizes its fair value investments within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy for fair value measurements is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date.

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3: Significant unobservable inputs

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying statement of net position, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

Marketable Securities

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics, or discounted cash flows. These securities are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy.

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets recognized in the accompanying statement of net position measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall:

	Investm	nent As	sets at Fair	r Value a	s of June	30, 2	018
	evel 1	L	evel 2	Lev	/el 3		Total
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$ 340,361	\$	-	\$		\$	340,361
U.S. Agencies			97,566				97,566
Asset-Backed Securities			98,082				98,082
Commercial Deposits			4,991				4,991
Commercial Paper			22,565				22,565
Corporate Bonds			325,476				325,476
Government			27,386				27,386
Mortgage-Backed Securities			60,653				60,653
Municipal Bonds			109,676				109,676
	\$ 340,361	\$	746,395	\$		\$	1,086,756

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

E. CalOptima's Cash and Investments (Continued)

Marketable securities (Continued)

Cash and investments are reported in the June 30 statement of net position as follows:

		2018
Current Assets:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	370,933
Investments		580,299
Board-Designated Assets and Restricted Cash:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents		26,683
Investments		511,564
Restricted Deposit		300
Total	\$1	1,489,779

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure CalOptima may not be able to recover its deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by public agencies by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under the State law. At June 30, 2018, no deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk, as CalOptima has pledged collateral to cover the amounts.

Investments

CalOptima invests in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, other U.S. government agencies and instrumentalities, state obligations, corporate securities, money market funds, and mortgage or asset-backed securities.

Interest rate risk

In accordance with its Annual Investment Policy (investment policy), CalOptima manages its exposure to decline in fair value from increasing interest rates by matching maturity dates to the extent possible with CalOptima's expected cash flow draws. Its investment policy limits maturities to five years, while also staggering maturities. CalOptima maintains a low-duration strategy, targeting a portfolio duration of three years or less, with the intent of reducing interest rate risk. Portfolios with low duration are less volatile because they are less sensitive to interest rate changes.

As of June 30, 2018, CalOptima's investments, including cash equivalents, had the following modified duration:

			In	vestment Mati	urities (In Years)
	F	air Value	Les	ss Than 1		1-5
U.S. Agencies	\$	97,566	\$	53,950	\$	43,616
Asset-Backed Securities		98,082		40,123		57,959
Corporate Bonds		325,476		150,685		174,791
Government		27,386		11,916		15,470
Mortgage-Backed Securities		60,653		33,330		27,323
Municipal Bonds		109,676		47,034		62,642
U.S. Treasury Notes		340,361		209,774		130,587
Certificates of Deposits		4,991		4,991		
Commercial Paper		22,565		22,565		
Cash Equivalents		335,014		335,014		
Cash		1,375		1,375		
Total		1,423,145	\$	910,757	\$	512,388
Accrued Interest Receivable		5,191				
	\$	1,428,336				

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

E. CalOptima's Cash and Investments (Continued)

Investment with fair values highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations

When interest rates fall, debt is refinanced and paid off early. The reduced stream of future interest payments diminishes the fair value of the investment. The mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities in the CalOptima portfolio are of high credit quality, with relatively short average lives that represent limited prepayment and interest rate exposure risk. CalOptima's investments include the following investments that are highly sensitive to interest rate and prepayment fluctuations to a greater degree than already indicated in the information provided above.

	Fair Value	e, June 30, 2018
Asset-Back Securities	\$	98,082
Mortgage-Backed Securities		60,653
	\$	158,735

Credit risk

CalOptima's investment policy conforms to the California Government Code as well as to customary standards of prudent investment management. Credit risk is mitigated by investing in only permitted investments. The investment policy sets minimum acceptable credit ratings for investments from the three nationally recognized rating services: Standard and Poor's Corporation (S&P), Moody's Investor Service (Moody's) and Fitch Ratings (Fitch). For an issuer of short-term debt, the rating must be no less than A-1 (S&P), P-1 (Moody's) or F-1 (Fitch), while an issuer of long-term debt shall be rated no less than an "A."

As of June 30, 2018, following are the credit ratings of investments and cash equivalents:

		Fair	Minimum Legal	Exempt From			Rating as of `	Year-End		
Investment Type	١	/alue	Rating	Disclosure	AAA	Aa & Aa+	Аа-	A+	Α	A-
U.S. Treasury Notes	*	124,084	N/A	\$ 424,084	\$ - \$	- \$	\$	\$	- \$	
U.S. Agency Notes	1	40,852	N/A	140,852						
Corporate Bonds	2	267,656	A-	-	2,096	20,136	32,266	70,433	100,078	42,647
FRN Securities	1	19,715	A-		47,187	3,581	7,420	19,960	22,322	19,245
Asset-Backed Securities	1	47,203	AAA		100,674	20,252	20,000	1,001	2,856	2,420
Mortgage-Backed Securities		60,754	AAA		60,754	-				
Municipal Bonds		65,962	Α		4,808	38,071	12,516	9,075	1,007	485
Supranational		15,385	AAA		15,385	-				
Certificates of Deposit		5,053	A1/P1		5,053	-				
Commercial Paper		64,431	A1/P1		64,431	-				
Money Market Mutual Funds	1	17,241	AAA		117,241	-			-	
Total	\$ 1,4	28,336	•	\$ 564,936	\$ 417,629 \$	82,040 \$	72,202 \$	100,469 \$	126,263 \$	64,797

Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of CalOptima's investment in a single issuer. CalOptima's investment policy limits to no more than 5% of the total fair value of investments in the securities of any one issuer, except for obligations of the U.S. government, U.S. government agencies or government-sponsored enterprises; and no more than 10% may be invested in one money market mutual fund unless approved by the governing board. The investment policy also places a limit of 35% of the amount of investment holdings with any one government-sponsored issuer and 5% of all other issuers. At June 30, 2018, all holdings complied with the foregoing limitations. The following holdings exceeded 5% of the portfolio at June 30, 2018:

		Percentage of Portfolio
Investment Type	Issuer	2018
U.S. Treasury Notes	United States Treasury	30.42

5. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Increases and decreases in the County's capital assets for governmental and business-type activities during the fiscal year were as follows:

	Primary Government									
	J	Balance uly 1, 2017	_lr	ncreases	D	ecreases	Adj	ustments	Jui	Balance ne 30, 2018
Governmental Activities:										
Capital Assets Not Depreciable/Amortizable:										
Land	\$	839,273	\$	23,431	\$	(15,648)	\$	3,603	\$	850,659
Land Use Rights (Permanent)		7,602						(3,603)		3,999
Construction in Progress		175,447		210,569		(179, 187)				206,829
Intangible in Progress		5,562		10,174		(950)		_		14,786
Total Capital Assets Not		,								· · · · ·
Depreciable/Amortizable		1,027,884		244,174		(195,785)				1,076,273
Capital Assets, Depreciable/Amortizable:										
Structures and Improvements		1,247,078		135,552		(9,476)		_		1,373,154
Land Improvements		4,246		10				_		4,256
Equipment .		453,626		74,849		(33,882)				494,593
Software		122,549		3,175						125,724
Infrastructure:		,		,						,
Flood Channels		1,253,746		14,668		(138)				1,268,276
Roads		293,101		34,188		(90)				327,199
Bridges		116,382		20,512						136,894
Trails		44,073		431		(3)				44,501
Traffic Signals		11,956		3,974		(250)				15,680
Harbors and Beaches		41,238				(===)				41,238
Total Capital Assets,		,								,
Depreciable/Amortizable		3,587,995		287,359		(43,839)				3,831,515
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization For:										
Structures and Improvements		(694,868)		(33,534)		9,476				(718,926)
Land Improvements		(435)		(292)						(727)
Equipment		(313,780)		(25,732)		18,636				(320,876)
Software		(78,341)		(9,451)						(87,792)
Infrastructure:		(1-1,1-1)		(=, := :)						(01,10=)
Flood Channels		(334,364)		(16,653)		138				(350,879)
Roads		(142,109)		(15,581)		90				(157,600)
Bridges		(41,348)		(3,086)						(44,434)
Trails		(34,909)		(1,078)		3				(35,984)
Traffic Signals		(10,947)		(801)		250				(11,498)
Harbors and Beaches		(31,138)		(874)						(32,012)
Total Accumulated		(0.,.00)		(0.1)						(0=,0:=)
Depreciation/Amortization		(1,682,239)		(107,082)		28,593				(1,760,728)
Total Capital Assets,		(.,552,250)		(,002)		_0,000				(.,. 55,, 25)
Depreciable/Amortizable (Net)		1,905,756		180,277		(15,246)				2,070,787
Governmental Activities Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	2,933,640	\$	424,451	\$	(211,031)	\$		\$	3,147,060

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 includes the following adjustment amounts:

• \$3,603 represents a parcel of land originally recorded as an easement (Land Use Rights) but was later determined to meet the requirements of Land with no use restrictions.

5. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Primary Government									
	Balance July 1, 20		Inc	reases	Dec	creases	Adjustments			Balance ne 30, 2018
Business-Type Activities:										
Capital Assets Not Depreciable/Amortizable:										
Land		,842	\$	497	\$		\$		\$	38,339
Construction in Progress	103	,932		84,810		(5,545)				183,197
Intangible in Progress		255		560		(66)				749_
Total Capital Assets Not										
Depreciable/Amortizable	142	2,029		85,867		(5,611)		-		222,285
Capital Assets, Depreciable/Amortizable:										
Structures and Improvements	789	,263		3,727		(213)				792,777
Equipment .		,963		14,494		(3,988)				94,469
Software		,641		385						4,026
Infrastructure		,168		580						621,748
Total Capital Assets,		,								
Depreciable/Amortizable	1,498	3,035		19,186		(4,201)				1,513,020
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization For:										
Structures and Improvements	(308	3,036)		(25,497)		113				(333,420)
Equipment	•	3,374)		(5,412)		3,858				(59,928)
Software	•	(750)		(661)						(1,411)
Infrastructure		, ,165)		(16,028)						(391,193)
Total Accumulated		,,		(-, /						(,,
Depreciation/Amortization	(742	2,325)		(47,598)		3,971				(785,952)
Total Capital Assets,		,,		(, ,)		-,-				(, ,
Depreciable/Amortizable (Net)	755	5,710		(28,412)		(230)				727,068
Business-Type Activities Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 897	7,739	\$	57,455	\$	(5,841)	\$		\$	949,353
Depreciation/Amortization expense was allocate Government Activities: General Government Public Protection Public Ways and Facilities	ed among fur	nctions	s of	the prima	ary go	overnmer \$	11 45	lows: 1,082 5,955 2,056		
Health and Sanitation								-,000 3,888		
Public Assistance								1,988		
Education								,695		
Recreation and Cultural Services							7	7,550	١	
Internal Service Funds' Depreciation Expens Total Governmental Activities Depreciati					ns			9,868 7,082	_	
Business-Type Activities:									_	
Airport							30	,392		
Waste Management								,206		
Total Business-Type Activities Depreciat	ion/Amortiza	ation E	Expe	ense			47	7,598		
Total Depreciation/Amortization Expense						\$	154	1,680	_	

6. RECEIVABLES

GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," requires identification of receivable balances not expected to be collected within one year. The details of the receivables reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position that are not expected to be collected within the next fiscal year are identified below:

Accounts Receivable

Accounts Receivable had a balance of \$29,413 as of June 30, 2018. Of this amount, \$715 is not expected to be collected within the next fiscal year. This primarily consists of \$414 for animal care delinquent invoices and \$256 of expected recoveries from the Airport's multi-year fixed-base operator lessee for pollution remediation costs.

Deposits Receivable

Deposits Receivable had a balance of \$4,723 as of June 30, 2018. Of this amount, \$1,579 is not expected to be collected within the next fiscal year. This primarily consists of \$901 in operating accounts for Dana Point Harbor operators, the Green River Golf Course, and other deposits held for contracted services. In addition, \$528 is not expected to be collected within the next fiscal year for deposits held in condemnation proceedings related to real property acquired through eminent domain.

Due from Other Governmental Agencies

Due from Other Governmental Agencies had a balance of \$455,867 as of June 30, 2018. Of this amount, \$10,743 is not expected to be received within the next fiscal year, which primarily consists of \$6,711 owed by the State of California to the County for various mandated cost reimbursements for programs and services the State requires the County to provide. \$3,368 is for expected reimbursement of the Santa Ana River Subvention claims that will be submitted to the State Department of Water Resources. In addition, \$574 is related to a pending credit memo for animal care billings.

Notes Receivable

Notes Receivable had a balance of \$27,774 as of June 30, 2018. Of this amount, \$27,601 is not expected to be received within the next fiscal year. This primarily consists of \$25,004 for loans to build affordable, low to moderate income, and senior housing. In addition, \$2,030 is for housing loans for MHSA programs and \$518 is for loans provided to first time home buyers.

7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivables and payables may result from services rendered by one fund to another fund, or from interfund loans. "Due from" and "due to" balances are generally used to reflect short-term interfund receivables and payables whereas "advance from" and "advance to" balances are long-term.

7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (Continued)

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2018 is as follows:

Due from/to other funds:

	 Receivable Funds													
			Flood		Other		Other			С	ompressed		Internal	
	General		Control		Public	G	overnmental		Waste		Natural		Service	
Payable Funds	Fund		District		Protection		Funds	Ν	Management		Gas		Funds	Total
General Fund	\$ 	\$	929	\$	1,516	\$	20,393	\$		\$	7	9	2,620	\$ 25,465
Flood Control District	6,314				180		1,122		20				9	7,645
Other Public Protection	5,727						5						9	5,741
Mental Health Services Act	42,439													42,439
Other Governmental Funds	69,529		1,373		385		3,353		29				89	74,758
Airport	2,271		1		2		42						231	2,547
Waste Management	9,378		178				181						32	9,769
Compressed Natural Gas	16		81											97
Internal Service Funds	 634		29		35		9						6	713
Total	\$ 136,308	\$	2,591	\$	2,118	\$	25,105	\$	49	\$	7	\$	2,996	\$ 169,174

Interfund transactions between the Primary Government and Component Unit:

Receivable Entity	Payable Entity	 Amount
Primary Government – General Fund	Component Unit – CFCOC	\$ 494
Component Unit – CFCOC	Primary Government - Other Governmental Funds	3

The majority of the interfund balances resulted from the time lag between the time that: (1) goods and services were provided, (2) transactions were recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between the funds were made.

Advances to/from other funds:

Receivable Entity	Payable Entity	 Amount		
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 3,800		
Waste Management	General Fund	556		
Waste Management	Other Governmental Funds	29,440		

The interfund loans represent an advance to the Courthouse Construction Fund from the General Fund to backfill the deficit as a result of a state audit of court revenues for FY 2003-04 through FY 2011-12. The Waste Management Fund made advances to the General Fund for various information technology capital projects and to Other Governmental Funds for the Sheriff-Coroner's James A. Musick Facility Expansion project. The Waste Management Fund also made advances to Orange County Community Resources for the construction of a new OC Animal Care Center, replacing the existing shelter in the city of Orange.

8. COUNTY PROPERTY ON LEASE TO OTHERS

The County has noncancellable operating leases for certain buildings, which are not material to the County's general operations. The Airport Enterprise Fund derives a substantial portion of its revenues from noncancellable operating leases with air carriers and concessionaires, and the Waste Management Enterprise Fund derives revenue from landfill gas lease agreements, cell tower operators and a material recovery facility. The Enterprise Funds' property under operating leases, consisting primarily of structures and improvements, at June 30, 2018, approximates \$67,963, net of accumulated depreciation.

8. COUNTY PROPERTY ON LEASE TO OTHERS (Continued)

The County leases real property to others under operating lease agreements for recreational boating, retail, restaurant, and other commercial operations. Future minimum rentals to be received under these noncancellable operating leases as of June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
2019	\$ 12,942	\$ 50,827
2020	11,653	39,446
2021	10,489	26,663
2022	10,346	7,951
2023	8,768	4,547
	54,198	129,434
2024-2028	37,869	23,261
2029-2033	33,442	13,627
2034-2038	35,878	
2039-2043	11,526	
2044-2048	4,878	
2049-2053	4,429	
2054-2058	4,832	
2059-2063	5,162	
2064-2068	5,464	
2069-2073	5,843	
2074-2078	6,359	
2079-2081	3,321	
	159,003	36,888
Total future minimum rentals	\$ 213,201	\$ 166,322

Total contingent rentals, which arise primarily from a percentage of lessee's gross revenues, amounted to approximately \$33,351 (Enterprise Funds), \$6,627 (Other Governmental Funds), \$545 (Internal Service Funds) and \$372 (Flood Control District) for the year ended June 30, 2018.

9. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2018 were as follows:

				Т	ransfer In Fund	s			
		Flood	Other		Other			Internal	
	General	Control	Public		Governmental		Waste	Service	
Transfer Out Funds	Fund	District	Protection		Funds		Management	Funds	Total
General Fund	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 2,559	\$	97,844	\$	10	\$ 5,828	\$ 106,241
Flood Control District	2,707				261			788	3,756
Other Public Protection	22,677				3,613			346	26,636
Mental Health Services Act	178,348								178,348
Other Governmental Funds	166,456	50	600		18,815		60	1,675	187,656
Waste Management	10,756								10,756
Compressed Natural Gas		81							81
Internal Service Funds	 110	 215						12	337
Total	\$ 381,054	\$ 346	\$ 3,159	\$	120,533	\$	70	\$ 8,649	\$ 513,811

Interfund transfers reflect a flow of assets between funds and blended component units of the primary government without an equivalent flow of assets in return. Routine transfers were made in the current fiscal year to: (1) relay cash/resources from contributing County funds to various debt service funds for the retirement of long-term obligations, (2) transfer Measure H Tobacco Settlement revenues and Public Safety Sales Tax

9. INTERFUND TRANSFERS (Continued)

(PSST) excess revenue in compliance with the specific statutory requirements, (3) provide resources for services provided within the County's Wraparound Program, (4) make available cash distributions based on the Bankruptcy Recovery Plan, (5) contribute resources to comply with Proposition 63 MHSA, and (6) transfer excess unrestricted revenues to finance various County programs based on budgetary authorizations by the Board. Not all-inclusive, the summary below details some of the more significant transfers:

Routine Transfers

From General Fund

- \$37,611 was transferred to Other Governmental Funds for various capital projects including, the Year-Round Emergency Shelter and Multi Service Center, and the Civic Center Facilities Master Plan.
- \$17,102 was transferred to Other Governmental Funds to finance the County's 60% share of the Social Services Agency Wraparound Program.
- \$14,966 was transferred to Other Governmental Funds in connection with debt service payments for various County debt issues.
- \$9,006 was transferred to Other Governmental Funds to reimburse expenditures for Sheriff-Coroner construction and facility development projects.
- \$4,856 was transferred to Other Governmental Funds for data systems development projects including the Property Tax System Re-platforming project.
- \$4,738 was transferred to Internal Service Funds primarily for the purchase of Sheriff-Coroner vehicles.
- \$3,000 was transferred to Other Governmental Funds for the maintenance and repair of various Probation Criminal Justice Facilities.
- \$2,530 was transferred to Other Governmental Funds to distribute available cash to the remaining claimants of the bankruptcy loss as part of the Bankruptcy Recovery Plan.

From Flood Control District

\$2,707 was transferred to the General Fund for the Watershed Management Program.

From Other Public Protection

- \$10,836 was transferred to the General Fund to support the Sheriff-Coroner Department's operations.
- \$4,898 was transferred to the General Fund for the reimbursement of various District Attorney programs, such as Proposition 64 Consumer Protection Fund, Real Estate Fraud, Orange County Auto Theft Task Force (OCATT), and Supplemental Law Enforcement Services Fund (SLESF).
- \$3,518 was transferred to the Other Governmental Funds for Sheriff-Coroner capital projects.
- \$2,961 was transferred to the General Fund for the reimbursement of qualifying Public Protection expenditures incurred by the Clerk-Recorder's Office for specific charges mandated by state law that includes modernization of the County's record keeping system, health statistics, micrographics, and security measures.
- \$2,739 was transferred to the General Fund to cover the shortfall of state and federal appropriations over department expenditures in Child Support Services.

From Mental Health Services Act

• \$178,348 was transferred to the General Fund for the reimbursement of qualifying Proposition 63 MHSA expenditures.

From Other Governmental Funds

- \$59,843 was transferred to the General Fund for the reimbursement of various County programs as follows:
 - \$48,635 for the Social Services Agency Wraparound Program
 - \$7,452 for Emergency Medical Services

9. INTERFUND TRANSFERS (Continued)

Routine Transfers (Continued)

- \$3,756 for health disaster preparedness and the Center for Disease Control pandemic flu H1N1 costs
- \$33,096 was transferred to the General Fund for funding multi-year capital projects, including the Year-Round Emergency Shelter and Multi Service Center and HCA projects.
- \$26,754 of Tobacco Settlement monies was transferred to the General Fund to finance Health Care Agency's various health care programs and Sheriff-Coroner Department's operational costs.
- \$16,413 was transferred within the Other Governmental Funds for reimbursement of costs related to the Central Utility Facility Infrastructure Upgrade project.
- \$14,322 was transferred to the General Fund for the surplus reserves transfer to the County from the 2005 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds.
- \$4,982 was transferred to the General Fund for reimbursement of Juvenile Justice Center debt service payments.
- \$2,396 was transferred to the Other Governmental Funds for reimbursement of debt service payments associated with parking facilities.

From Enterprise Funds

• \$2,556 was transferred from Waste Management to the General Fund primarily to pay bankruptcy related obligations in accordance with the County's comprehensive recovery plan.

In addition, the County had non-recurring transfers in the current fiscal year, which consisted of the following:

Non-Recurring Transfers

From General Fund

• \$4,613 was transferred to Other Governmental Funds for the Central Utility Facility infrastructure upgrade project.

From Other Governmental Funds

- \$7,140 was transferred to the General Fund for the Year-Round Emergency Shelter and Multi Service Center.
- \$6,500 was transferred to the General Fund for the Property Tax Management System Replatforming Project.
- \$5,888 was transferred to the General Fund for various information systems projects.
- \$3,883 was transferred to the General Fund for reimbursement of costs related to the Central Utility Facility Infrastructure Upgrade project.

From Enterprise Funds

• \$8,200 was transferred to the General Fund for County's portion of Waste Management's net importation revenue.

10. SHORT-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, 2017 Series A

On January 13, 2017, the County issued Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, 2017 Series A (the 2017 POBs) in the principal amount of \$375,540. The 2017 POBs were issued in order to take advantage of the discount offered by the OCERS Board of Retirement to prepay the County's FY 2017-18 pension contribution. The 2017 POBs were issued as standard bonds, with five fixed-rate tranches, and a final maturity date of June 29, 2018. The obligation of the County to pay principal and interest on the 2017 POBs is imposed by law and is absolute and unconditional. The County repaid in full the outstanding balance of the bonds on June 29, 2018.

Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, 2018 Series A

On January 12, 2018, the County issued Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, 2018 Series A (the 2018 POBs) in the principal amount of \$375,345. The 2018 POBs were issued in order to take advantage of the discount offered by the OCERS Board of Retirement to prepay the County's FY 2018-19 pension contribution. The 2018 POBs were issued as standard bonds, with four fixed-rate tranches, and a final maturity date of April 30, 2019. The obligation of the County to pay principal and interest on the 2018 POBs is imposed by law and is absolute and unconditional. As of June 30, 2018, the outstanding principal amount of the 2018 POBs reported in the General Fund was \$375,345. Refer to Note 4, Deposits and Investments and Note 18, Retirement Plans for additional information.

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Description	Balance ly 1, 2017	[]	suances & Discount/ Premium nortization	Re	etirements	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2018	D	Amounts ue within One Year
County of Orange Taxable Pension Obligation									
Bonds, 2017 Series A									
Date Issued: January 13, 2017									
Interest Rate: 0.9795% to 1.4809%									
Original Amount: \$375,540									
Maturing in installments through June 29, 2018	\$ 375,540	\$		\$	(375,540)	\$		\$	
County of Orange									
Taxable Pension Obligation									
Bonds, 2018 Series A									
Date Issued: January 12, 2018									
Interest Rate: 1.881% to 2.253%									
Original Amount: \$375,345									
Maturing in installments through April 30, 2019	 		375,345	_			375,345	_	375,345
Total	\$ 375,540	\$	375,345	\$	(375,540)	\$	375,345	\$	375,345

11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

General Bonded Debt

General Obligation Bonded Debt

The amount of general obligation bonded indebtedness the County can incur is limited by law to 1.25% of the last equalized assessment property tax roll. At June 30, 2018, the County had no net general obligation bonded debt. The County's legal debt limit for the year was \$7,045,776. In order for the County to issue general obligation bonds secured by ad valorem taxes on real property, California Constitution Article XIIIA, Section 1 requires the approval of 2/3 of the voters voting on the proposition.

Bankruptcy Obligations

Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2005

On August 16, 2005, the Orange County Public Financing Authority (OCPFA) issued its \$419,755 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2005 (Series 2005 Bonds) at a premium of \$19,973. The proceeds of which, together with certain monies contributed by the County and other funds available to the trustee of the 1996 Recovery Certificates of Participation (Recovery COPs), were used to defease certain non-callable Recovery COPs, the remainder was used to fund a debt service reserve fund for the Series 2005 Bonds, and pay costs of issuance of the Series 2005 Bonds. As of June 30, 2018, the Series 2005 Bonds were fully redeemed.

Revenue Bonds Payable and Certificates of Participation

Refunding Certificates of Participation (Civic Center Parking Facilities Project)

In December 1987, Certificates of Participation (COPs) representing the proportionate interests of the owners thereof in lease payments made by the County under lease agreements between the County and the Orange County Public Facilities Corporation were delivered. The proceeds were used to finance the acquisition, construction, and installation of two parking structures located in the City of Santa Ana. These certificates were refunded in August 1991 with the \$33,579 Refunding COPs (Civic Center Parking Facilities Project), which are payable through December 2018. At June 30, 2018, the outstanding principal amount, interest accretion, and unaccreted interest of the Refunding COPs were \$392, \$2,033 and \$174, respectively.

The Refunding COPs are secured by lease payments made by the County through a facilities lease with the Orange County Public Facilities Corporation.

Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2006

On October 19, 2006, the OCPFA issued its \$32,700 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2006 (Series 2006 Bonds) at a premium of \$2,140. The Lease Revenue Bonds, payable through June 2018, were issued to finance the construction of a cogeneration conversion project at the County's Central Utility Facility, fund a debt service reserve fund for the bonds, and pay costs relating to the issuance of the bonds. As of June 30, 2018, the Series 2006 Bonds were fully redeemed.

Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 (Juvenile Justice Center Facility)

On April 25, 2012, the South Orange County Public Financing Authority (SOCPFA) issued the Juvenile Justice Center Facility Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 Bonds, in the principal amount of \$34,380, payable through June 2019, with a premium of \$2,927. The Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds were issued to redeem the outstanding OCPFA Juvenile Justice Center Facility Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2002, fund a reserve fund, and pay costs relating to the issuance of the bonds. As of June 30, 2018, the outstanding principal amount, including the premium of the Series 2012 Bonds, and interest were \$5,861 and \$252, respectively.

Revenue Bonds Payable and Certificates of Participation (Continued)

Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 (Juvenile Justice Center Facility) (Continued)

The bonds are special obligations of the SOCPFA payable solely from and secured by the base rental payments to be made by the County pursuant to a lease, dated as of April 1, 2012, between the SOCPFA and the County, and other amounts held by the trustee in the funds and accounts established under the indenture (other than the rebate fund), except as otherwise provided in the indenture.

Central Utility Facility Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2016

On June 2, 2016, the, SOCPFA issued its \$56,565 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2016 at a premium of \$11,724. The Lease Revenue Bonds, payable through April 2036, were issued to finance the acquisition, construction and installation of certain capital improvements to be owned by County and to pay costs relating to the issuance of the bonds. As of June 30, 2018, the outstanding principal amount, including the premium of the Series 2016 Bonds, and interest were \$64,087 and \$28,265, respectively.

The bonds are special obligations of the SOCPFA payable from and secured by the base rental payments to be made by the County pursuant to and as required under the lease agreement and the amounts held in all funds and accounts (other than the rebate fund) under the indenture.

Taxable Refunding Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 1997A

In September 1994, the County issued its Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 1994A in the aggregate principal amount of \$209,840 and Series 1994B in the aggregate principal amount of \$110,200 (Series 1994 Pension Bonds). The Series 1994 Pension Bonds were partially refunded with proceeds of the County's Taxable Refunding Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 1996A and Series 1997A.

On May 11, 2000, a cash tender offer of certain outstanding Pension Obligation Bonds was completed. The County purchased and canceled \$288,290 (maturity value) of Pension Obligation Bonds for a cost of \$179,016. On June 22, 2000, the debt service on the outstanding Pension Obligation Bonds was provided for through the deposit with the trustee of \$175,492 principal amount of "AAA" rated debt securities issued by Fannie Mae, along with \$9,151 in debt service funds already being held by the trustee. In accordance with irrevocable instructions, these securities, together with other cash amounts and investments held by the trustee, will be used solely to retire the remaining Pension Obligation Bonds as they mature. Because this was an economic defeasance and not a legal defeasance, this debt continues to be reported in the County's financial statements until it is fully redeemed. As of June 30, 2018, the outstanding principal amount, interest accretion, and unaccreted interest of the Series 1997A Pension Obligation Bonds were \$8,217, \$34,553, and \$5,772, respectively.

Airport Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A and 2009B

On July 9, 2009, the Airport issued the Airport Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A and 2009B (2009A and 2009B Bonds) in the aggregate principal amount of \$233,115, with an original issue net premium of \$288. The 2009A and 2009B Bonds were issued to finance a portion of the Airport Improvement Program (AIP), fund the debt service requirement for the bonds, fund capitalized interest on a portion of the bonds, and pay costs relating to the issuance of the bonds. The AIP consists of numerous direct improvements to the Airport facilities such as

Revenue Bonds Payable and Certificates of Participation (Continued)

Airport Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A and 2009B (Continued)

construction of Terminal C, Parking Structure C and two commuter/regional holdrooms at the north and south ends of the extended Terminal. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the total interest expense incurred and the amount included as part of the cost of capital assets under construction were \$7,841 and \$4,715, respectively. As of June 30, 2018, the outstanding principal amount, including net discount, of the 2009A and 2009B Bonds were \$56,435 and \$95,764, respectively, and the outstanding interest amounts were \$36,402 and \$41,693, respectively. The 2009B Bonds, in the amount of \$27,210, were called for early partial redemption on July 1, 2017

The 2009A and 2009B Bonds are secured by a pledge of (1) operating revenues, net of specified operating expenses, (2) interest earnings, (3) other miscellaneous revenue, and (4) available PFC revenue.

Advance Refunding

In prior years, various bonds, COPs and other obligations have been advance refunded. These obligations are considered defeased and the long-term debt liability has been removed from the related governmental funds and enterprise funds. As of June 30, 2018, \$6,205 of legally defeased debt remains outstanding.

Fiscal Year 2017-18 Debt Obligation Activity

During FY 2017-18, the following events concerning County debt obligations occurred:

Teeter Plan Notes

On February 1, 2013, the County issued its three-year tax exempt Teeter Plan Notes, Series B with Wells Fargo Municipal Capital Strategies, LLC and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, under the Note Purchase and Reimbursement Agreement. The Teeter Plan Notes were authorized for a total amount of \$150,000 and certain delinquent taxes (excluding penalties and interest) were pledged revenues for the Teeter Plan Notes. The rate for the Teeter Plan Notes will be based on the weekly Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) index plus 0.58%. All of the Teeter Plan Notes were issued within three years of February 1, 2013, with a maturity date of January 29, 2016.

On January 29, 2016, the Note Purchase and Reimbursement Agreement was extended upon mutual agreement between Wells Fargo and the County. In addition, the authorized total was revised to not exceed \$100,000 and all other terms and conditions in the Agreement remained unchanged. Teeter Plan Obligation Notes, Series B were issued to retire the old Teeter Notes maturing January 29, 2016. The new Notes have a maturity date of July 31, 2018. The outstanding amount of the Teeter Plan Notes as of June 30, 2016 was \$30.191.

On July 13, 2016, the County issued an additional \$31,536 in Teeter Plan Notes to finance the purchase of the delinquent property tax receivables associated with the Teeter Plan, leaving an outstanding balance of \$61,727. Proceeds of this issuance paid the participating agencies in the Teeter Plan the full amount of their taxes from the secured property tax roll.

On December 29, 2016 and June 27, 2017, the County used all of the accumulated base taxes to redeem \$24,364 and \$9,495, respectively, of the Teeter Plan Notes. As of June 30, 2017, the outstanding principal amount of the Teeter Plan Notes was \$27,868.

On July 12, 2017, the County converted its tax exempt Teeter Plan Obligation Notes, Series B to taxable notes to retire the outstanding Teeter balance of \$27,868, and finance the purchase of \$30,621 for the delinquent

Fiscal Year 2017-18 Debt Obligation Activity (Continued)

Teeter Plan Notes (Continued)

property tax receivables associated with the Teeter Plan. Proceeds of this issuance associated with the purchase of delinquent property tax receivables paid the participating agencies in the Teeter Plan the full amount of their taxes from the secured property tax roll. The new Notes have a maturity date of July 31, 2018.

On December 27, 2017 and June 28, 2018, the County used all of the accumulated base taxes to redeem \$21,142 and \$10,100, respectively, of the Teeter Plan Obligation Notes. As of June 30, 2018, the outstanding principal amount of the Teeter Plan Obligation Notes was \$27,247.

For additional information regarding the Teeter Plan Notes, refer to Note 21, Subsequent Events.

Schedule of Long-Term Debt Obligations, Fiscal Year 2017-18

The table below summarizes the revenue bonds and certificates of participation outstanding and related activity for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Description	Balance July 1, 2017	Issuances and Discount/ Premium Amortization	Accreted Interest	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2018	Amounts Due within One Year
Governmental Activities:						
Orange County Public Financing Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2005 Date Issued: August 16, 2005 to Refund and Defease the 1996 Recovery Certificates of Participation - Series 1996A Interest Rate: 3.00% to 5.75% Original Amount: \$419,755 FY 2017-18 Principal and Interest: \$5,725 FY 2017-18 Total Pledged Revenues: \$6 Maturing in installments through July 1, 2017	\$ 6,038	\$ (448)	\$	\$ (5,590)	\$	\$
Orange County Public Facilities Corporation, Refunding Certificates of Participation (Civic Center Parking Facilities Project) Date Issued: August 1, 1991 - Current Interest Rate Bonds (CIB) and Capital Appreciation Bonds (CAB) to Refund the 1987 COPs Bond Issue Interest Rate: CIB - 4.40% to 6.75% Interest Rate: CAB - 6.85% to 7.05% Original Amount: CIB - \$24,495 Original Amount: CAB - \$9,084 FY 2017-18 Principal and Interest: \$2,598 FY 2017-18 Total Pledged Revenues: \$2,423 Maturing in Installments Through December 1, 2018 Interest Accretion on CAB	811 3,876	 	 336	(419) (2,179)	392 2,033	392 2,209
Orange County Public Financing Authority Lease Revenue Bonds. Series 2006 Date Issued: October 19, 2006 Interest Rate: 4.00% to 5.00% Original Amount: \$32,700 FY 2017-18 Total Pledged Revenues: \$4,200 FY 2017-18 Total Pledged Revenues: \$2,460 Maturing in installments through June 1, 2018	4,396	(396)		(4,000)		
South Orange County Public Financing Authority Juvenile Justice Center Facility Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2012 Date Issued: April 25, 2012 to refund the 2002 Juvenile Justice Center Bonds issue Interest Rate: 1.00% to 5.00% Original Amount: \$34,380 FY 2017-18 Principal and Interest: \$5,827 FY 2017-18 Total Pledged Revenues: \$5,835 Maturing in installments through June 1, 2019	•	(697)		(5,335)	5,861	5,861

Schedule of Long-Term Debt Obligations, Fiscal Year 2017-18 (Continued)

Description	Balance July 1, 2017	Issuances and Discount/ Premium Amortization	Accreted Interest	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2018	Amounts Due within One Year
Governmental Activities (Continued):						
South Orange County Public Financing Authority Central Utility Facility Lease Revenue Bonds. Series 2016 Date Issued: June 2, 2016 Interest Rate: 3.00% to 5.00% Original Amount: \$56,565 FY 2017-18 Principal and Interest: \$4,490 FY 2017-18 Total Pledged Revenues: \$4,654 Maturing in installments through April 1, 2036	\$ 66,025	\$ (108)	\$	\$ (1,830)	\$ 64,087	\$ 2,062
County of Orange Taxable Refunding Pension Obligation Bonds - Series 1997 A: Date Issued: January 1, 1997 - Current Interest Rate Bonds (CIB) Date Issued: January 14, 1997 - Capital Appreciation Bonds (CAB) To Refund the Taxable POBs Series 1994 A Interest Rate: CIB - 5.71% to 7.36%						
Interest Rate: CAB - 7.33% to 7.96% Original Amount: CIB - \$71,605 Original Amount: CAB - \$65,318 Maturing in installments through September 1, 2010 (CIB) and September 1, 2021 (CAB) Interest Accretion on CAB County of Orange	11,220 42,765	Ξ	3,785	(3,003) (11,997)	8,217 34,553	2,772 12,228
Teeter Plan Notes Date Issued: January 29, 2016 Interest Rate: SIFMA Index + 0.58% Original Amount: \$40,387 FY 2017-18 Principal and Interest: \$27,878 Maturing on July 31, 2018	27,868			(27,868)		
Date Issued: July 12, 2017 Interest Rate: 1 month LIBOR + 50 basis points Original Amount: \$58,489 FY 2017-18 Principal and Interest: \$32,337 FY 2017-18 Total Pledged Revenues: \$11,210 Maturing on July 31, 2018		58,489		(31,242)	27,247	27,247
Subtotal - Governmental Activities	174,892	56,840	4,121	(93,463)	142,390	52,771
Business-Type Activities:						
Airport Revenue Bonds - Series 2009A and 2009B: Date Issued: July 9, 2009 Interest Rate: 3.00% to 5.75% Original Amount: \$233,115 FY 2017-18 Principal and Interest: \$43,935 FY 2017-18 Total Pledged Revenues: \$54,760 Maturing in Installments Through July 1, 2039	187,318	(29)		(35,090)	152,199	8,271
Subtotal - Business-Type Activities	187,318	(29)		(35,090)	152,199	8,271
Total	\$ 362,210	\$ 56,811	\$ 4,121	\$ (128,553)	\$ 294,589	\$ 61,042

Schedule of Long-Term Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The following is a schedule of all long-term debt service requirements to maturity by activity type on an annual basis.

	 Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities						
Fiscal Year(s) Ending June 30	Principal		nterest		Principal		Interest		Total
2019	\$ 37,341	\$	17,338	\$	8,275	\$	7,683	\$	70,637
2020	4,453		14,533		8,655		7,281		34,922
2021	4,506		15,481		9,085		6,837		35,909
2022	2,678		5,355		9,540		6,369		23,942
2023	2,265		2,221		6,215		5,965		16,666
2024-2028	13,155		9,289		44,200		23,851		90,495
2029-2033	16,785		5,654		31,365		12,864		66,668
2034-2038	12,218		1,242		25,060		6,604		45,124
2039-2040					12,054		641		12,695
Total	 93,401	•	71,113		154,449		78,095		397,058
Add: Premium/(Discount)	12,403				(2,250)				10,153
Add: Interest Accretion on CAB	36,586								36,586
Total	\$ 142,390	\$	71,113	\$	152,199	\$	78,095	\$	443,797

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activities, for the year ended June 30, 2018, were as follows:

	Balance						Balance		Due within	
	Ju	ly 1, 2017	Additions		Reductions	Jun	e 30, 2018	One Year		
Governmental Activities:										
Bonds, COPs and Notes Payable:										
Revenue Bonds	\$	74,300	\$ 	\$	(16,755)	\$	57,545	\$	6,930	
Certificates of Participation		811			(419)		392		392	
Pension Obligation Bonds		11,220			(3,003)		8,217		2,772	
Teeter Plan Notes		27,868	58,489		(59,110)		27,247		27,247	
Add: Premium/(Discount) on Bonds Payable		14,052			(1,649)		12,403		993	
Total Bonds, COPs, and Notes Payable, Net		128,251	58,489		(80,936)		105,804		38,334	
Interest Accretion on CAB		46,641	4,121		(14,176)		36,586		14,437	
Other Long-Term Liabilities:										
Compensated Employee Absences Payable		186,606	168,427		(172,140)		182,893		101,739	
Arbitrage Rebate Payable		365			(365)					
Capital Lease Obligations Payable		55,831	47		(12,709)		43,169		6,462	
Insurance Claims Payable		202,171	117,824		(116,236)		203,759		55,348	
SARI Line Loans		23,900			(23,900)					
Civic Center Facilities Master Plan Financing		175,340					175,340			
Estimated Liability - Litigation and Claims		112,400			(57,400)		55,000		55,000	
Intangible Assets Obligations Payable		1,823	812		(783)		1,852		689	
Total Other Long-Term Liabilities		758,436	287,110		(383,533)		662,013		219,238	
Total Long-Term Liabilities *			·		, , ,					
For Governmental Activities	\$	933,328	\$ 349,720	\$	(478,645)	\$	804,403	\$	272,009	

^{*} The total long-term liabilities do not include Net Pension Liability or Net OPEB Liability. Refer to Note 18 for additional information on the Net Pension Liability and Note 19 for the Net OPEB Liability.

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

	Balance July 1, 2017		Additions Reductions		Reductions	Balance June 30, 2018		Due within One Year	
Business-Type Activities:	 								
Bonds Payable:									
Revenue Bonds	\$ 189,539	\$		\$	(35,090)	\$	154,449	\$	8,275
Less: (Discount) on Bonds Payable	(2,221)		(29)				(2,250)		(4)
Total Bonds Payable, Net	187,318		(29)		(35,090)		152,199		8,271
Other Long-Term Liabilities:									
Compensated Employee Absences Payable	4,661		4,220		(4,422)		4,459		2,364
Landfill Site Closure/Postclosure									
Liabilities *	158,481		10,868		(3,363)		165,986		3,363
Pollution Remediation Obligation **	16,684		5,677		(1,810)		20,551		766
Intangible Assets Obligations Payable	154		7		(100)		61		57
Total Other Long-Term Liabilities	 179,980		20,772		(9,695)		191,057		6,550
Total Long-Term Liabilities ***									
For Business-Type Activities	\$ 367,298	\$	20,743	\$	(44,785)	\$	343,256	\$	14,821

- * Refer to Note 14 for additional information regarding the increase in Landfill Site Closure/Post Closure Liabilities.
- ** Refer to Note 17 for additional information regarding the increase in Pollution Remediation Obligation.
- *** The total long-term liabilities do not include Net Pension Liability or Net OPEB Liability. Refer to Note 18 for additional information on the Net Pension Liability and Note 19 for Net OPEB Liability.

Compensated Employee Absences

The estimated compensated employee absences payable recorded at June 30, 2018 is \$187,352. Employees are entitled to be paid annual leave, compensated time, and in some cases vacation and sick time depending on job classification, length of service, and other factors. For the governmental funds, most of the compensated absences liability will ultimately be paid from the General Fund.

OC Flood Control District, Santa Ana Regional Interceptor (SARI) Line Loans

On June 12, 2007, the Board approved a financing agreement between the Orange County Flood Control District (OCFCD) and Orange County Sanitation District (OCSD) for an amount equivalent to 60% (\$60,000) of an estimated total project cost of \$100,000 of the SARI Line. Concurrently, the Board also approved a financing agreement between the OCFCD and the Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority (SAWPA) for an amount equivalent to 10% (\$10,000) of the estimated total project cost of the SARI Line. The loan proceeds were used for the relocation of the SARI Line between Prado Dam and Weir Canyon Road for the following public benefits: protection of the sewer line from erosion, increased Prado Dam water releases, protection of the water supply, and uninterrupted use of the sewer line by residents. Subsequently, the agreements were amended to reflect the actual total project cost based on the awarded construction contracts. The SARI Line Project cost is not expected to exceed \$85,560 plus 15% contingencies in the amount of \$12,834 for a total of \$98,394. The OCFCD would contribute the remaining 30% (\$29,518) that would be expended to complete the SARI Line Project. As part of the terms of the agreement, the OCFCD agrees to pay SAWPA and OCSD as State subvention funding for the SARI Line Project is received by OCFCD. Repayment installments will be made within 30 days of OCFCD's receipt of State subvention funding in an amount equivalent to 10% of the funds received being paid to SAWPA and 60% of the funds received being paid to OCSD. The OCFCD is required to repay the entire loan to OCSD and SAWPA no later than July 1, 2022, regardless of whether OCFCD receives any State subvention funds for the SARI Line Project. For funds loaned by OCSD, interest shall accrue on the unpaid balance from July 1, 2018, at an annual interest rate of 2% until the unpaid balance is repaid. As for funds loaned by SAWPA, interest shall accrue on any such unpaid balance from July 1, 2018, at the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund interest rate in effect on July 1, 2018. To date, OCFCD received a \$51,336 (60%) loan from OCSD and \$8,556 (10%) from SAWPA based on the total project cost excluding contingencies. In May 2011, the Board awarded the construction contract for the SARI Yorba Linda Spur in the amount of \$7,210, and the Board awarded the construction contract for the SARI Mainline in the amount of \$42,000 in August 2011. In February 2013, construction of the SARI Yorba Linda Spur

OC Flood Control District, Santa Ana Regional Interceptor (SARI) Line Loans (Continued)

(YLS) was completed and the total amount paid to the contractor was \$8,314. Construction of the SARI Mainline was completed on August 17, 2015 and the total amount paid to the contractor was \$42,014.

Due to binding arbitration as a result of the contractor's claim, an additional payment was made to the YLS contractor in the amount of \$579 for a total payment of \$8,893. Likewise, due to mediation settlement as a result of the contractor's claim, an additional payment was made to the SARI Mainline contractor in the amount of \$3,002 for a total payment of \$45,016. As of June 30, 2018, the total outstanding loan principals have been fully repaid. In addition to the principal, SAWPA is also entitled to all interest earned on their loan deposit per the financing agreement. The earned interest in the total amount of \$59 will be remitted to SAWPA.

Civic Center Facilities Master Plan Financing

The Facilities Strategic Plan involves the +/- 11-acre County "superblock" (bounded by Ross Street, Civic Center Drive, Broadway and Santa Ana Boulevard), as well as County satellite buildings within the vicinity of the Civic Center. The Facilities Strategic Plan, which contains four phases, was approved by the Board on April 25, 2017. Phase One activity spans from 2016 to 2021 and includes replacement of the existing Building 16 with new facilities, construction of a County conference and events center, demolition of Building 11 (Hall of Finance) and renovation of the H.G. Osborne Building.

On June 22, 2017, the CMFA, issued its \$152,400 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A (Orange County Civic Center Infrastructure Improvement Program-Phase One) at a premium of \$22,940, with an interest rate range from 4.00%-5.00%. As the debt was issued by CMFA, this does not constitute debt for the County. Pursuant to a loan agreement, CMFA loaned the bond proceeds totaling \$175,340 to the Capital Facilities Development Corporation (Corporation), a component unit of the County, to construct Building 16 located at 601 N. Ross Street. A contractor has been selected to construct Building 16 pursuant to a Development Agreement with the Corporation.

The County's payment obligation will commence once the building's Certificate of Substantial Completion is delivered to the trustee. County departments occupying Building 16 will be responsible for making base rental payments. The County's base rental payments, under the Facility Lease, are scheduled to begin in FY 2020-21 and will be used to repay the loan to the CMFA. Loan repayments are scheduled to conclude when the bonds mature in June 2047.

The following is a schedule of the annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Orange County Civic Center Infrastructure Improvement Program-Phase One.

Fiscal Year(s) Ending June 30		Principal		Principal Inter		Interest		Total	
2019	\$		\$	7,176	\$	7,176			
2020				7,176		7,176			
2021		2,805		7,176		9,981			
2022		2,945		7,036		9,981			
2023		3,090 6,888				9,978			
2024-2028		17,940		31,962		49,902			
2029-2033		22,895		27,006		49,901			
2034-2038		29,215		20,681		49,896			
2039-2043		37,290		12,609		49,899			
2044-2047		36,220		3,691		39,911			
Total		152,400		131,401		283,801			
Add: Premium		22,940				22,940			
Total	\$	175,340	\$	131,401	\$	306,741			

Special Assessment District Bonds

Special Assessment District Bonds consist of Assessment District Bonds and Community Facilities District Bonds.

Assessment District Bonds are issued pursuant to provisions of the Improvement Bond Act of 1915 (Division 10 of the California Streets and Highways Code). Proportionate shares of principal and interest installments sufficient in aggregate to meet annual bond debt service requirements are included on the regular County tax bills sent to owners of property against which there are unpaid assessments. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the County, the State, or any political subdivision thereof is pledged to the payment of the bonds. Assessment District Bonds represent limited obligations of the County payable solely from special assessments paid by property owners within each district. Accordingly, such obligations are not included in the accompanying basic financial statements.

Community Facilities District Bonds are issued pursuant to the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982, as amended, and are payable from a portion of certain special taxes to be levied on property within the boundaries of the Community Facilities District. Except for the special taxes, no other taxes are pledged to the payment of the bonds. The bonds are not general or special obligations of the County nor general obligations of the District, but are limited obligations of the District payable solely from certain amounts deposited by the District in the special tax fund. Accordingly, such obligations are not included in the accompanying basic financial statements.

The County is acting as an agent of the assessment and community facilities districts in collecting the assessments and special taxes, forwarding the collections to other paying agents or directly to bondholders, and initiating any necessary foreclosure proceedings. Because of the County's limited obligation in connection with special assessment district and community facilities district debt, related transactions are reflected in Agency Departmental Funds. Major capital outlay expenditures relating to these bonds are accounted for in the "Service Areas, Lighting Maintenance and Assessment Districts" Special Revenue Fund. Special assessment district and community facilities district bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2018, amounted to \$519,115.

Orange County Vehicle License Fees (VLF)

On September 27, 2013, Assembly Bill (AB) 701 was signed to resolve the dispute between the State and the County which required the County to repay \$150,000 to the State. The \$150,000 due to the State was formally set aside. Repayment of this was allowed over five years. As of June 30, 2018, the remaining obligation to the State is \$55,000, formally set aside in reserve in the FY 2013-14 First Quarter Budget. For additional information regarding the VLF, refer to Management's Discussion and Analysis.

12. CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY DEBT

Single and Multi-Family Housing Bonds

From 1980 through 2013, the County issued bonds under the authority of Chapter 7 of Part 5 of Division 3 of the Health and Safety Code of the State of California. The purpose of the bonds is to finance the purchase of single-family homes and the construction of multi-family units to benefit low and moderate income families.

The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from revenue of the projects and payments received on the underlying mortgage loans.

The bonds do not constitute a liability of the County. Neither the County, the State of California, nor any political subdivisions thereof are obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. In no event shall the bonds be payable out of any funds or properties of the County. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of June 30, 2018, there were 18 series of bonds outstanding with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$155,073.

12. CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY DEBT (Continued)

Orange County Development Agency (OCDA) Successor Agency Bond Debt

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court issued an opinion in California Redevelopment Association (CRA) v. Matosantos, upholding the constitutionality of ABX1 26, eliminating Redevelopment Agencies (RDA) statewide effective February 1, 2012. Under ABX1 26, a successor agency was created for each dissolved RDA, including OCDA, and charged with winding down the dissolved RDA's operations and performing enforceable obligations (as defined in the law). The OCDA Successor Agency assumed the dissolved RDA's enforceable obligations, which include bond debt obligations. The Neighborhood Development and Preservation Project (NDAPP) and Santa Ana Heights Project (SAHP) Refunding Bonds debt service obligations for FY 2017-18 appeared on the OCDA Successor Agency Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) and were approved by the Successor Agency Oversight Board, the State Department of Finance, and were paid to bondholders according to the debt service schedule.

Effective with OCDA's dissolution on February 1, 2012, the assets and liabilities (including bond debt) were transferred to and reported in a private-purpose trust fund of the County. This transfer and reporting structure reflect the custodial role accepted by the successor agency. As of June 30, 2018, the outstanding principal amount, including the premium of the OCDA Successor Agency bonds and remaining interest were \$22,247 and \$2,564, respectively.

The bonds do not constitute a liability of the County. Neither the County, the State of California, nor any political subdivisions thereof are obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. In no event shall the bonds be payable out of any funds or properties of the County. Accordingly, the bonds are reported as liabilities in the private-purpose trust fund.

13. LEASES

Operating Leases

The County is committed under various operating leases, primarily for office buildings, office equipment and other equipment. The following is a schedule of future minimum payments required under operating leases entered into by the County that have initial or remaining noncancelable lease terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2018:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Equipment		Real Property		 Total
2019	\$	1,674	\$	28,019	\$ 29,693
2020		120		27,270	27,390
2021		47		27,279	27,326
2022		13		23,401	23,414
2023		2		20,681	20,683
2024-2028		6		72,775	72,781
2029-2033				14,820	 14,820
Total	\$	1,862	\$	214,245	\$ 216,107

Total expenditures for equipment rentals and building and improvements incurred for FY 2017-18 was \$59,644.

The following is a schedule of property the County has leased under capital leases at June 30, 2018:

Land	\$	14,831
Equipment		27,974
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(8,958)
Structures & Improvements		64,180
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	<u> </u>	(37,948)
Total	\$	60,079

13. <u>LEASES (Continued)</u>

Capital Leases

The following are the future minimum lease payments under capital leases and the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2018:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	
2019	\$ 9,431
2020	9,554
2021	8,606
2022	6,993
2023	7,147
2024-2027	12,888
Total Minimum Lease Payments	54,619
Less: Amount Representing Interest	 (11,450)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 43,169

14. LANDFILL SITE CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

State laws and regulations require Waste Management to place final covers on its landfill sites when the landfills stop accepting waste and perform certain postclosure maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for a minimum of 30 years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date each respective landfill stops accepting waste, Waste Management will report a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on the landfill capacity used as of the Statement of Net Position date.

Waste Management owns or operates the following waste disposal sites:

- Frank R. Bowerman (FRB) (Irvine Active)
- Olinda Alpha (Brea Active)
- Prima Deshecha (San Juan Capistrano Active)
- Santiago Canyon (Orange Ceased accepting waste in 1996, final closure certification in 2005)
- Coyote Canyon (Newport Beach Ceased accepting waste in 1990, final closure certification in 1995)

The total landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2018 was \$165,986. The total liability represents the cumulative amount accrued based on the percentage of the active landfill capacities that have been used to date (34.81% for FRB, 81.65% for Olinda Alpha and 20.92% for Prima Deshecha), less actual costs paid related to both closure and postclosure of the Santiago Canyon and Coyote Canyon landfills. Waste Management will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$180,592 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2017 dollars (using the 2017 inflation factor of 1.018). Waste Management estimates that it has enough landfill capacity to operate the system for a minimum of 25 years. However, Waste Management intends to operate the landfills well beyond this period as a result of approved and planned expansions.

In compliance with Title 27-Environmental Protection of California Code of Regulations, Waste Management makes annual cash contributions as required to its escrow funds to provide financial assurance for estimated future landfill closure costs based on the GASB Statement No. 18, "Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs", formula which is adjusted annually by the Cal Recycle-provided CPI factor. Also in compliance with regulations, Waste Management has executed pledge-of-revenue agreements to provide financial assurance for estimated future landfill postclosure maintenance costs. The agreements state that Waste Management pledges revenue from future disposal fees deposited to pay for estimated postclosure maintenance or shall obtain alternative coverage within sixty (60) days if Waste Management ceases at any time to retain control of its ability to allocate pledged revenue to pay postclosure

14. LANDFILL SITE CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS (Continued)

maintenance costs. Waste Management has proactively pre-funded this cost based on the State mandated formula that computes landfill capacity as a percentage of the total landfill capacity times the total estimated cost for postclosure maintenance. The estimated costs for future closure and postclosure maintenance are annually adjusted based on State provided inflation factors. The State mandated formula under which contributions to both closure and postclosure funds are calculated would provide for the accumulation of sufficient cash to cover all estimated costs when each landfill site reaches maximum capacity. If additional costs for closure or postclosure maintenance are determined due to changes in technology or higher regulatory requirements, these costs may need to be covered by increasing the amount charged to landfill customers.

As of June 30, 2018, a total of \$92,035 has been set aside for estimated closure and postclosure costs and is included in the accompanying Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position as Restricted Pooled Cash and Investments-Closure and Postclosure Care Costs.

Regulations governing solid waste management are promulgated by government agencies on the federal, state and local levels. These regulations address the design, construction, operation, maintenance, closure and postclosure maintenance of various types of facilities, acceptable and prohibited waste types, and inspection, permitting, environmental monitoring and solid waste recycling requirements. Regulations at both the state and federal levels could impose retroactive liability, particularly with respect to cleanup activities relating to any landfill site ever operated by the County, whether or not owned by the County. Refer to Note 17, Pollution Remediation, for additional discussion regarding pollution remediation liabilities.

15. CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Encumbrances

The County has established a procedure for encumbering appropriations for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments authorizing delivery of merchandise or rendering of services. An encumbrance system reduces the possibility of commitments being made in excess of budgeted appropriations due to the lag time between issuance of purchase orders, contracts, and other obligations, and the actual provision of services or goods and subsequent receipt of invoices and billings from the vendors and contractors. Depending on the source(s) of funding, encumbrances are reported as part of restricted or assigned fund balance on the governmental funds balance sheet. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, the County's total significant encumbrances for governmental funds in the aggregate are reported at June 30, 2018, as follows:

General Fund	\$ 50,702
Flood Control District	70,122
Other Public Protection	1,380
Other Governmental Funds	76,839
Total Encumbrances for Governmental Funds	\$ 199,043

15. CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS (Continued)

Construction Commitments

At June 30, 2018, the County's total commitments for major contracts entered into for equipment, land and structures and improvements were as follows, listed by fund within governmental or business-type activities:

Project Title	Significant Commitments
Governmental Activities:	
General Fund	
Property Tax System Re-platforming Project	\$ 3,692
Video Management and System Upgrade	1,378
Year-Round Emergency Shelter and Multi Service Center	1,325
Flood Cooked Dishript	6,395
Flood Control District Fullerton Creek Channel, D/S Western Ave to U/S Beach Blvd Improvement Project	21,647
San Juan Creek Channel Phase IV-3700' to 6100' U/S Stonehill Dr	9,399
Lane Channel-U/S Jamboree Rd to D/S Main St Phase 1	6,792
San Diego Creek Sediment Removal I-405 Project	4,379
Santa Ana River Dredging Project PCH to Upstream Adams Ave	2,488
Santa Ana River Interceptor Line Construction	2,421
Barranca Channel Project	2,213
Santa Ana River Parkway Extension	1,125
	50,464
Other Governmental Funds	440.000
Civic Center Facilities Master Plan	110,869
Edinger Avenue Bridge Replacement Over Bolsa Chica Channel	7,952
Live Oak Canyon Road, El Toro/Santiago Canyon Rd to O'Neill	3,145 2,537
Replace Air Handlers at Central Men's Jail, Central Women's Jail and Headquarters Dana Point Harbor Revitalization	2,55 <i>1</i> 2,447
Aliso Wood Canyon Visitor Center	1,452
Theo Lacy Jail Industrial Garbage Grinder	1,388
Santa Ana Parkway	1,141
Laguna Canyon Road Segment 4, Phase 2 to 4	1,126
Juvenile Hall Multipurpose Rehabilitation Center	1,117
La Pata Avenue Gap Closure/Widening, Phase I & II	1,017
	134,191
Internal Service Funds	5.004
Purchase of Various Vehicles	5,894 5,894
Pusinoss Typo Activities:	3,034
Business-Type Activities:	
Airport	2.652
Parking Structure C, Phase 2 Terminal Improvements	2,652
Taxiway "B" Rehabilitation	2,139 1,518
Taxway B Reflabilitation	6,309
Waste Management	
Olinda Front Slope Improvement Project Phase 2	8,090
Frank R. Bowerman Landfill Soil Buttress and Liner Construction Project	7,750
Prima Zone 1 Mass Excavation	4,844
	20,684
Total Commitments	<u>\$ 223,937</u>

15. CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS (Continued)

Construction Commitments (Continued)

In addition, the County is involved in the Santa Ana River Mainstem Project (SARMP). The SARMP is a major flood control project implemented and funded by the Federal government and three local sponsors—the Orange County Flood Control District (OCFCD), San Bernardino County Flood Control District, and Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District. A component of the initial project has been re-designated as the Prado Dam Project (Project), which is being implemented and funded by the Federal Government and the OCFCD through a separate Project Cooperation Agreement (PCA). The purpose of the SARMP is to prevent devastating damage caused by large-scale flooding of the Santa Ana River flood plain. When the SARMP was initiated in 1989, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE) considered this flood plain to constitute the worst flood threat west of the Mississippi River as to potential impacts to population and property. The Project involves a combination of flood channel improvements and constructing new channels in Orange, San Bernardino, and Riverside counties, construction of the Seven Oaks Dam in San Bernardino County, construction of improvements and protection at the Santiago retention basin and along the creek, raising the existing Prado Dam and increasing its flood flow outlet gates and reservoir capacity, along with several environmental mitigation-related studies, habitat restoration and protection activities, recreation amenities, and preservation of historical sites and records.

The COE's estimated combined cost of all project components is \$2,463,400. OCFCD's combined cost share is estimated to be \$786,633 for the entire Santa Ana River Project. As of June 30, 2018, the OCFCD has expended about \$641,855 on the entire Santa Ana River Project.

The construction of Seven Oaks Dam and most channel improvements in Riverside, San Bernardino, and Orange counties have been completed. The relocation and protection of State Route (SR) 71 adjacent to Prado Dam (a joint OCFCD and Caltrans project) and construction to raise the Prado Dam embankments and install new outlet gates is complete. Landscaping along the Santa Ana River in Orange County was completed in May 2010. Design for the construction of interior dikes in the Prado Dam reservoir, and for improvements and protection of SR-91 in the Santa Ana River canyon are also ongoing. The COE completed construction of National Housing Tract Dike and Sewage Treatment Plant in 2008. Landscaping for these dikes began in September 2009 and were completed in June 2011. Several environmental mitigation studies and restoration/preservation projects are underway in all three counties. All property right acquisitions for the Seven Oaks Dam and along the lower Santa Ana River in Orange County up to Weir Canyon Road are completed. The Green River Golf Course was acquired in September 2006. This property is required for construction of protection along SR-91 and nearby mobile homes, open space/recreation mitigation, and to accommodate increased flooding when the Prado Dam outlet gates are constructed and operational. The first phase of SR-91 protection (Reach 9 Phase 2B Project) was completed in September 2014. The second phase (Reach 9 Phase 3) started construction in January 2014 and was completed in March 2015. As continuation to the ongoing Reach 9 Project, the COE determined that bank improvements needed to continue east on the south side of the Santa Ana River along SR-91. As such, the Reach 9 Phase 4 Project was developed and the project was awarded on April 13, 2016 at an estimated cost of \$15,300. Completion of the Reach 9, Phase 4 Project is expected to occur in January 2019. The COE is also constructing bank improvements on the north side of the Santa Ana River adjacent to La Palma Avenue from Weir Canyon Road to the railroad (Reach 9 Phase 5A and Phase 5B). Phase 5A was awarded on September 28, 2015 at a cost of \$22,500 and is expected to be completed in January 2019. The construction contract for Phase 5B was awarded in September 2016 with an estimated cost of \$25,500 and expected to be completed in July 2020. The OCFCD awarded the construction contract on August 9, 2011 for the four miles of Santa Ana River Interceptor Line (SARI) relocation project, which was completed by August 2014. Phase I of the Auxiliary Embankment (an extension of Prado Dam) was completed in September 2012 and the earliest date for construction of Phase II would be November 2018. A contract for the construction of the Yorba-Slaughter Adobe Dike was awarded in December of 2012 at a cost of \$6,000 and was substantially completed in August 2017. The Women's Prison Dike (to protect the California Institute of Women) was awarded September 2014 for \$12,700 and a \$3,400 modification which was awarded in August 2015. This feature was substantially completed April of 2016. The OCFCD continues to acquire property rights for the Prado Dam Project, subject to the availability of funding.

15. CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS (Continued)

Construction Commitments (Continued)

The project has been authorized by the State Legislature for reimbursement of up to 70% of the Local Sponsors' expenses through the State Flood Control Subvention Fund, which is administered by the Department of Water Resources (DWR). As of June 30, 2018, OCFCD has submitted \$427,362 in claims, and received \$385,929 in reimbursements. An additional \$2,324 in claims is in the process of being prepared for submittal to the DWR.

Of the total amount outstanding, \$3,752 was accrued as revenue, and \$32,088 was reported as deferred inflows of resources at the fund level and recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements. Once a claim is reviewed and approved by DWR, 90% of the eligible expenditures can be paid, subject to available funding, with the remaining 10% paid after an audit by the State Controller's Office.

16. SELF-INSURANCE

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; natural disasters; unemployment; salary continuance; and providing health benefits to employees, retirees and their dependents. The County has chosen to establish ISFs where assets are set aside for claim settlements and judgments associated with such losses.

The Workers' Compensation ISF addresses the risks related to employee injury through its Safety Program, which is responsible for injury and illness prevention. The Workers' Compensation program ensures that all benefits are properly provided and administers the contract for the third-party workers' compensation claims administration. Workers' compensation claims are self-funded up to \$20,000.

The Property and Casualty Risk ISF is responsible for managing losses related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, civil rights claims, and natural disasters. Tort liability is also self-funded, up to \$5,000. Commercial insurance is purchased for property and other risk exposures. Excess liability insurance provides up to an additional \$100,000 in liability coverage. There were no losses that impacted the County's excess insurance coverage for the last three fiscal years.

Independent actuarial studies are prepared annually for the Workers' Compensation and Property and Casualty Risk ISFs. The reported unpaid claims liabilities are based on the results of those annual actuarial studies and include case reserves, development of known claims, incurred but not reported claims, allocated loss adjustment expenses and unallocated loss adjustment expenses. Unpaid claims liabilities are calculated considering inflation, claims cost trends, including frequency and payout of settlements and judgments, interest earnings, and changes in legal and economic factors. Unpaid claims liabilities have been discounted at a rate of 3.50% in the Workers' Compensation ISF and 2.50% in the Property and Casualty Risk ISF to reflect anticipated future investment earnings.

All County departments and other governmental agencies authorized by the Board to participate in the Workers' Compensation ISF are charged for their pro-rata share of costs based upon employee classification rates, claims experience, and funding for the Workers' Compensation program. All County departments participate in the Property and Casualty Risk self-insurance program and are charged for their pro-rata share based upon claims experience, actual number of positions from a biweekly County payroll report, and funding for the Property and Casualty Risk program. The rate calculations for Workers' Compensation and Property and Casualty Risk ISFs are based upon guidelines established by the State Controller's Office for cost plan allocations.

The County has established the Unemployment Insurance ISF, which covers all employees and is paid through the State of California; the County self-insured PPO Health Plans ISF, which provides health plan benefits; and the Health and Other Self-Insured Benefits ISF, which provides dental and short-term disability benefits for a portion of the County's employees and accidental death and dismemberment (AD&D) benefit for Reserve Deputy Sheriffs.

16. SELF-INSURANCE (Continued)

The County's Wellwise Choice, Wellwise Retiree, Sharewell Choice, and Sharewell Retiree PPO plans have no lifetime coverage maximum limitations. The dental insurance coverage is up to \$1,500 (absolute dollars) annually for each covered employee or dependent. The short-term disability insurance coverage is up to 12 months or when the employee returns to work, whichever occurs first. Unemployment benefits covered by law are up to 26 weeks per individual or when the employee returns to work or no longer meets the requirements for the benefit. The self-insured AD&D benefit is for Reserve Deputy Sheriffs only and has a maximum benefit of \$5,000 (absolute dollars).

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two fiscal years for these self-insurance funds are as follows:

Llaalth 9 Othor

							HE	eaith & Other		
			Ρ	roperty &			S	elf-Insured		
	1	Workers'	(Casualty	U	nemployment		Employee		
	Cor	npensation		Risk		Insurance		Benefits	Total	
Unpaid Claims, Beginning of FY 2016-17	\$	159,690	\$	46,020	\$	808	\$	12,978	\$ 219,496	
Claims and Changes in Estimates		30,398		16,157		1,088		61,757	109,400	
Claim Payments		(44,454)		(19,115)		(974)		(62,182)	(126,725)	
Unpaid Claims, End of FY 2016-17		145,634		43,062		922		12,553	202,171	
Claims and Changes in Estimates		40,568		12,802		848		63,606	117,824	
Claim Payments		(36,007)		(15,777)		(969)		(63,483)	(116,236)	
Unpaid Claims, End of FY 2017-18	\$	150,195	\$	40,087	\$	801	\$	12,676	\$ 203,759	

17. POLLUTION REMEDIATION

GASB Statement No. 49, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations," requires state and local governments to disclose to the public information about the financial impact of environmental cleanup and identifies the circumstances under which a governmental entity would be required to report a liability related to pollution remediation. The County has identified several environmental sites at the Airport and Waste Management for which a pollution remediation liability has been recorded in the County's financial statements. The following describes the nature of the obligating events and the estimated liability as they relate to the Airport and Waste Management.

John Wayne Airport (Airport)

In 1988 and 2006, the Airport was named as the responsible party in a cleanup and abatement order, for two sites on Airport property, by the California Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB). The sites, the Old Fuel Farm and the Former Fire Station #33, were identified as having chemical impacts to the soil and groundwater. In 1994 and 2002, the Airport began monitoring and remediating the Old Fuel Farm and the Former Fire Station #33 sites, respectively.

In 2008, the sites were sampled as part of an assessment. The results revealed that the soil and groundwater were still impacted by chemical pollutants. In an effort to increase the removal of the chemicals, the Airport's environmental consultant reevaluated the sites and recommended a change to the remediation plan. The consultant calculated the new estimated pollution remediation liability based on a more active method of remediation that includes remedial technologies such as soil vapor extraction, dual-phase sparging, and bioremediation.

The Airport started implementing the new remediation method in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. Following a remedial pilot test, the Airport has been performing monthly free-product removal at the Old Fuel Farm and performing annual groundwater monitoring at both sites. Active remediation has been delayed pending further guidance from the RWQCB, which could possibly affect the estimated pollution remediation liability as well as cause changes to the remedial technologies used to remediate the sites. As of June 30, 2018, the Airport has a

John Wayne Airport (Airport) (Continued)

liability of \$994 based on management's assessment and the results of the consultant's evaluation of potential remediation costs. The liability is not expected to decrease any further until active remediation begins or a closure plan is accepted by the RWQCB.

In 1995, the Airport entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with one of its fixed-base operator (FBO) lessees to address the remediation of the Old Fuel Farm. The FBO was identified as the operator of the site and the other responsible party. The lessee agreed to be obligated to pay 50% of the remediation costs associated with the Old Fuel Farm site. Reported in the Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position as part of accounts receivable, the total expected recovery for the Old Fuel Farm site is \$256 as of June 30, 2018.

The estimated pollution remediation obligation as of June 30, 2018, is:

Old Fuel Farm Site	\$ 785
Former Fire Station #33 Site	692
Less: Remediation Activity	(483)
Airport Pollution Remediation Obligation	\$ 994

Waste Management

Six closed sites were identified and the remediation costs and time periods were calculated for each of these sites based upon the type of remediation needed and historical trend data for closed landfill sites. The combined pollution remediation obligation ending balance as of June 30, 2018, after deducting actual pollution remediation expenses incurred during fiscal year 2018, is \$19,557.

<u>Cannery Former Refuse Disposal Station</u> A park owned by the City of Huntington Beach (Huntington Beach), California and an elementary school playground are located on a site that was formerly used as a refuse disposal station operated by the County from 1957 to 1969. Levels of methane gas that exceed regulatory limits were detected on the property. The Local Enforcement Agency (LEA) issued a Notice and Order to Huntington Beach, requiring Huntington Beach to remedy the landfill gas exceedances and to control potential offsite migration of landfill gases. In response to the LEA's Notice and Order, Huntington Beach and the Huntington Beach City School District (School District) issued the Notices of Intent to Sue under Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act to the County in 2004. Under an agreement with the County, Huntington Beach, and School District claims were tolled until June 2006.

Huntington Beach, the County, and School District entered into a Settlement Agreement in 2007 whereby Huntington Beach would be responsible for maintaining the cover of the former disposal site and the County would assume responsibility for the collection and control of landfill gas.

Based on engineering estimates and existing contracts for the operation and maintenance of other disposal sites of a similar size, the age of the site, the length the wastes have been buried and other factors, the County anticipates that the landfill gas collection system will operate fully for 15 years from beginning of the obligation date. The anticipated costs to operate, maintain and monitor the landfill gas collection system over the remaining anticipated operational period is \$46.

<u>Lane Road Former Refuse Disposal Station</u> The site, located in the City of Irvine, California and owned by NGP Realty Sub, L.P. and others, was leased and operated by the County as a refuse disposal facility from 1961 until its closure in 1964. An investigation revealed that landfill gas is present above regulatory limits in close proximity to residential housing units. The LEA issued a Notice and Order to the property owner requiring them to remedy the landfill gas exceedances and to control potential offsite migration of landfill gases. In response to the LEA's Notice and Order, a claim was filed with CEO Risk Management. The County entered into a

Waste Management (Continued)

Lane Road Former Refuse Disposal Station (Continued)

Settlement Agreement with the property owner in 2005. Per terms of that Settlement Agreement, the County funded the construction of a landfill gas collection and control system, including a carbon treatment element, for the eastern portion of the site. After verification that the system was operating as planned, the County assumed ownership of the system and responsibility for its operation, maintenance and monitoring in 2008. Also in 2008, it was discovered that landfill gas was elevated in the northern portion of the site. Pursuant to the Settlement Agreement, the County designed and constructed an upgrade and enhancement to the existing landfill gas system to control landfill gas migration on the northern portion of the site.

Based on engineering estimates and existing contracts for the operation and maintenance of other similar disposal sites, the County anticipates that the landfill gas collection system will operate fully for 25 years from beginning of the obligation date, then will most likely either no longer be required or will be converted to a passive system. The cost for the operation, maintenance and monitoring of the system was highest in the first full year of operation when the carbon canisters needed more regular replacement. For each subsequent year of operation, the cost will be reduced due to less frequent carbon swapping and due to anticipated alternative monitoring requirements. The cost to operate and maintain the landfill gas collection system at the site for the next fiscal year of operation is estimated at \$286. The anticipated costs to operate, maintain and monitor the landfill gas collection system over the remaining anticipated operational period is \$1,930.

<u>San Joaquin Former Refuse Disposal Station</u> The site, owned by the University of California at Irvine, was leased and operated by the County as a refuse disposal facility from 1954 to 1961. In 1996, a portion of the site was sold to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. Levels of methane gas that exceed regulatory limits were detected on the property. As both parties expressed an interest in avoiding costly litigation, the County entered into negotiations to cooperatively address site concerns, resulting in a Cooperative Agreement with the University that was approved by the Board in May 2005. Pursuant to the Cooperative Agreement, the County constructed a landfill gas collection and control system, including a carbon treatment element.

The County retains responsibility for the operation, maintenance, and monitoring of that system. Based on engineering estimates and existing contracts for the operation and maintenance of similar disposal sites, the County anticipates that the landfill gas collection system will operate fully for 15 years from beginning of the obligation date. The cost to operate and maintain the landfill gas collection system at the site for the next fiscal year of operation is estimated at \$118. The remaining obligation for landfill gas remediation at the San Joaquin site over the anticipated operational period is \$567.

<u>La Veta Former Refuse Disposal Station</u> Located in the City of Orange (Orange), California, La Veta is a former burn, dump and refuse disposal station leased to and operated by the County from 1946 to 1956. The site has multiple owners and was developed into a YMCA facility, apartments, a mobile home park and a small amount of open space. In 2006, the County learned that the California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) and the United States Environmental Protection Agency had previously performed limited soil and groundwater testing at the site. According to DTSC, the results of these tests indicate that further site assessment is warranted.

DTSC requested that the County enter into a Voluntary Cleanup Agreement with DTSC. In lieu of entering into a Voluntary Cleanup Agreement, the County conducted a series of additional site investigations and assessments. Based on the findings of the site investigations, YMCA is performing required methane monitoring. The County reimburses the YMCA for the costs associated with the monitoring efforts, and are accrued as estimable at June 30, 2018.

In addition, the findings of site investigations identified the existence of subsurface refuse extending laterally onto a single-family residence located within the lease boundaries of the former La Veta solid waste disposal site, and immediately adjacent to land owned by the YMCA (also covering a portion of the former disposal site).

Waste Management (Continued)

La Veta Former Refuse Disposal Station (Continued)

Buried waste was discovered under part of the back yard of the residence, which includes a swimming pool. Since then, CalRecycle and the LEA have required continuous methane monitoring at the property.

The County has acquired a single-family residence for the amount of \$828 with remaining obligation of \$32 for relocation costs. The County will retain responsibility for any required monitoring for the property. Monitoring may be required for up to 25 years from the date of acquisition.

Forster Former Refuse Disposal Station The site, located in the City of San Juan Capistrano (San Juan Capistrano), California was formerly leased and operated as a refuse disposal station by the County from 1958 to 1976. The current owner, Advanced Group 99-SJ, is proposing a change in land use for the property and has notified the County of its position that the County is responsible for re-closure of the site to meet current commercial and redevelopment requirements. The County disputes responsibility for site development related costs. In early 2010, San Juan Capistrano approved the proposed project and certified the Environmental Impact Report (EIR). The EIR was a subject of a citizen's referendum that ultimately resulted in affirmation of the proposed project. Subsequent to San Juan Capistrano approval of the proposed development plan, Advanced Group 99-SJ and the County entered into negotiations to resolve issues related to environmental responsibility at the site. These negotiations resulted in a settlement agreement and release of claims, brought about by a threat of litigation over the California Environmental Quality Act approvals. The settlement and release will permit the development of the site, with monies paid by the County for environmental controls to be installed at the site, an operation and maintenance fund and for environmental insurance, subject to conditions such as obtaining grading permits for the site for its actual development. In exchange, indemnification and environmental releases were provided by the developer to the County. The obligation by the County for environmental infrastructure and controls at the site as agreed upon in the Settlement Agreement is \$7,500.

The entire sum is anticipated to be released within five (5) years from the approval of the project grading permits, but is dependent upon actions by the owner and regulatory approvals for the project. The County will continue to incur additional costs for work related to the County's current obligation to monitor the groundwater underlying the site. This responsibility will be transferred to the site owner upon completion of one of the settlement agreement milestones, but due to the uncertainty of specific timing, the County is unable to fully estimate the remaining ground water obligations as of June 30, 2018.

The remaining balance for landfill gas remediation at the Forster site is \$7,500 as of June 30, 2018. Distribution of these funds will occur over time based on specific milestones in the development of the site.

<u>Yorba Refuse Disposal Station</u> The site, located in Orange, California, was owned and operated as a solid waste disposal site by the County. After disposal operations ceased, the site was sold to Orange for use as a city park. Park deed restrictions were later lifted from the property at the request of the city, which then began investigation into some form of commercial application or development at the site. In 2010, the Orange Redevelopment Agency filed suit against Orange. The Complaint alleged various causes of action, including those for private nuisance, public nuisance, dangerous condition of property and statutory contributions for hazardous substances, and a Porter-Cologne contribution and for Polanco Redevelopment Act cost recovery. The relief sought is for unknown costs and damages. In turn, Orange filed a cross-complaint against the County. The causes of action alleged include indemnity and/or contribution, declaratory relief, hazardous substance account act indemnity and remedies under the Porter-Cologne Act.

Orange and the County entered into negotiations to resolve the issues brought forth by Orange. The negotiations resulted in a settlement agreement and release of claims executed on November 5, 2015. This settlement agreement and release of claims provides a remedy for the differential settlement or subsidence to

Waste Management (Continued)

Yorba Refuse Disposal Station (Continued)

replace the irrigation system and for costs associated with site maintenance with monies paid for by the County. In addition, effective on the date of the agreement, the County assumed responsibility and ownership of the landfill gas control system at the site. In exchange, indemnification has been provided by Orange to the County. Based on engineering estimates and existing contracts for the operation and maintenance of other similar disposal sites, the County anticipates that the landfill gas collection system will operate fully for 30 years from beginning of the obligation date, then will most likely either no longer be required or will be converted to a passive system. The cost for the operation, maintenance and monitoring of the system was highest in the first full year of operation when the system needed upgrades and relocation of critical equipment. For each subsequent year of operation, the cost will be reduced due to less frequent carbon swapping and due to anticipated alternative monitoring requirements. The cost to operate and maintain the landfill gas collection system at the site for the next fiscal year of operation is estimated at \$357. The anticipated costs to operate, maintain and monitor the landfill gas collection system over the remaining anticipated operational period is \$9,482 as of June 30, 2018.

The estimated pollution remediation obligation as of June 30, 2018 is:

Cannery	\$ 46
Lane Road	1,930
San Joaquin	567
La Veta	32
Forster	7,500
Yorba	 9,482
Waste Management Pollution Remediation Obligation	\$ 19,557

18. RETIREMENT PLANS

The County of Orange participates in a number of pension plans. The OCERS plan and Extra-Help Defined Benefit plan are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. The County of Orange 401(a) and County of Orange 1.62% at 65 Retirement 401(a) plans are defined contribution plans. A summary of pension amounts for the County's defined benefit plans at June 30, 2018 is presented below:

	Extra-Help Defined OCERS Benefit Plan			Total		
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,047,01 3.984.40	,	2 1.962	\$ 1,047,019 3,986,363		
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Pension Expense	822,03 413,55	-	 481	822,039 414,033		

Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS)

<u>Plan Description</u>: Substantially all County employees participate in OCERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system established by the voters of Orange County in 1945 pursuant to the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937, California Government Code Section 31451 et. seq. (the Retirement Law). OCERS is an independent defined-benefit retirement plan in which employees of the County, Orange County Superior Court, and employees of certain cities and special districts within the County participate. OCERS is governed by the Board of Retirement (the OCERS Board). Certain attributes of independence of OCERS are guaranteed under the California Constitution. The OCERS Board consists of nine regular members and one

Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS) (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

alternate. Four OCERS Board members are appointed by the Board, three members plus one alternate are elected from active County employees, one member is elected from retirees, and the County Treasurer-Tax Collector is elected by registered voters in the County, serves as an Ex-Officio member.

The OCERS Board supervises the investment of OCERS assets and the distribution of benefits to retired employees. The OCERS Board also determines the annual contributions required of the County and other participating local governmental entities to fund OCERS.

The Retirement Law requires an actuarial valuation to be performed at least once every three years. OCERS' practice has been to conduct an actuarial valuation annually as of December 31, which is the end of the OCERS fiscal year.

OCERS operates as a cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan for the County of Orange, Orange County Superior Court of California, City of San Juan Capistrano, and twelve special districts: Orange County Cemetery District, Orange County Children and Families Commission, Orange County Department of Education, Orange County Employees Retirement System, Orange County Fire Authority, Orange County In-Home Supportive Services Public Authority, Orange County Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO), Orange County Public Law Library, Orange County Sanitation District, Orange County Transportation Authority, Transportation Corridor Agencies and the University of California, Irvine Medical Center and Campus. The Orange County Department of Education and the University of California, Irvine Medical Center and Campus are closed to new member participation. Capistrano Beach, Cypress Recreation & Parks District, Orange County Mosquito and Vector Control and City of Rancho Santa Margarita are no longer active plan sponsors, but retired members and their beneficiaries, as well as deferred members, remain in the System. OCERS is legally and fiscally independent of the County.

Benefits Provided: OCERS provides for retirement, death, disability, and cost-of-living benefits. Under OCERS, each County employee receives a defined-benefit pension at retirement, that is, a specific amount per month determined in accordance with the Retirement Law, which amount is not dependent upon the amount of money credited to the employee's account at the time of retirement. An OCERS member may be eligible for a Disability Retirement allowance. The member will be asked to designate a beneficiary or beneficiaries, who may be entitled to receive lifetime and/or lump sum benefits that may be payable upon a member's death. OCERS also provides two types of disability benefits, a nonservice-connected disability retirement or service-connected disability retirement. Under each type, the eligibility requirements are different. More information can be found on www.ocers.org. The OCERS Board does not set the benefit amounts. OCERS administers benefits that are set by the County Board through the collective bargaining process with County employees in accordance with the Retirement Law.

Effective June 28, 2002, Safety members, including Probation Services employees, became eligible for an annual annuity equal to a retirement benefit formula of 3% of the member's "final compensation" for each year of service rendered at age 50. Law enforcement management, which includes executives in the Sheriff-Coroner and District Attorney departments, and employees represented by the Association of Orange County Deputy Sheriffs hired after April 9, 2010, receive an annual annuity equal to a retirement benefit formula of 3% of the member's "final compensation" for each year of service rendered at age 55.

Effective July 1, 2005, as part of collective bargaining agreements with County employees, most General members who work for the County (approximately 14,000) became eligible for an enhanced annual annuity equal to a retirement benefit formula of 2.7% of the member's "final compensation" for each year of service rendered at age 55. In collective bargaining agreements with General members, the employee associations agreed to pay the increased retirement costs related to the difference between the prior retirement benefit formulas and the new 2.7% at age 55 enhanced formula, as well as the annual amortization of the unfunded liability created by the retroactive application of the increased benefit. Members of the American Federation

Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS) (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

of State, County and Municipal Employees (AFSCME) did not elect the 2.7% at age 55 retirement formula and remain at the previous benefit formulas. The benefit formulas for AFSCME are an annual annuity equal to 2% of the "final compensation" for each year of service rendered at age 57 for Tier I General members and 1.667% of the member's "final compensation" for each year of service rendered at age 57.5 for Tier II General members. Due to the passage of the Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) of 2013, most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2013, except for Safety members and members represented by AFSCME and the Orange County Attorneys Association (OCAA), will receive an annual annuity equal to a retirement benefit formula of 1.62% of the member's "final compensation" for each year of service rendered at age 65. The 1.62% at age 65 retirement formula includes a voluntary defined contribution component with an employer match.

Non-vested Supplemental Targeted Additional Retiree Cost of Living Adjustment (STAR COLA) benefits are also paid by OCERS to eligible retirees and survivors. Pursuant to Government Code Section 31874.3 of the Retirement Law, the OCERS Board has the sole authority to grant STAR COLA each year. The OCERS Board understands that granting STAR COLA may increase the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL); and therefore, asks for comments from plan sponsors prior to voting on approval of the annual benefit.

Retirees who have lost more than 20% of their purchasing power since retirement are eligible for this benefit, and currently, approximately 263 retirees (of which 255 are County retirees) who retired before April 1, 1980, and their survivors receive the STAR COLA. The STAR COLA benefits are excluded from the actuarial valuation and are funded annually through current employer contributions. Benefits are considered immaterial to the plan.

<u>Contributions</u>: In accordance with various Board resolutions, the County's funding policy is to make periodic contributions to OCERS in amounts such that, when combined with employee contributions and investment income, will fully provide for member benefits by the time they retire. Covered employees are required to contribute a percentage of their annual compensation to OCERS as a condition of employment. Base employee contributions are calculated using a formula defined in the Retirement Law. The California Supreme Court's 1997 Ventura decision stated that, for the purpose of calculating pension benefits, "final compensation" means not only base salaries, but also other components. The County employee contributions under current contracts are calculated on base salary, eligible premium pay, and some categories of overtime as defined in the 1997 Ventura decision.

Employer contributions are based on what is needed to properly fund the system. The law, however, does allow employers and employees to negotiate some variation in who pays the contributions. OCERS' responsibility is to make certain the total required contribution is paid, regardless of how the employers and employees share the cost. For FY 2017-18, employer's contributions for funding purpose, as a percentage of covered payrolls, were 34.70% for General members, 61.89% for Safety-Law Enforcement members and 44.97% for Safety-Probation members, as determined by the December 31, 2015, actuarial valuation. The County's total contribution to OCERS for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$433,098.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension: At June 30, 2018, the County reported a liability of \$3,984,401 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability (TPL) used to calculate the net pension liability was determined using actuarial valuation results. At December 31, 2017, the County's proportion was 80.46%, which was an increase of 2.55% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2016.

Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County recognized pension expense of \$413,552. At June 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	 erred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	\$ -	\$	383,075	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience				
in the Total Pension Liability	12,560		358,546	
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs	578,940		80,270	
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Employer's				
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	19,733		148	
County Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	233,125			
County Prepaid Pension Contribution	202,659			
Total	\$ 1,047,017	\$	822,039	

\$233,125 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2019.

The County reported the full amount of prepaid pension contribution as a part of the prepaid cost at the fund level. However, due to the difference in the County's fiscal year end date and the net pension liability measurement date, half of the prepaid pension contribution of \$202,659 is recognized as deferred outflows of resources related to pension, and the other half will remain as a prepaid cost on the government-wide statement.

In September 1994, the County issued \$320,000 of pension obligation bonds, of which \$318,000 in proceeds were paid to OCERS. OCERS maintains the proceeds in a County Investment Account. Amounts in the County Investment Account have been used to fund a portion of the County's contributions over time, pursuant to agreements between OCERS and the County, which allows the County significant discretion in applying the credit. As of June 30, 2018, \$135,485 of such proceeds remains in the County Investment Account available for future credits to the County's pension obligations. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County did not utilize funds available in the County Investment Account to meet its annual required contribution.

On January 12, 2018, the County issued its short-term Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, 2018 Series A in the amount of \$375,345. Of the \$375,345 bond proceeds, \$375,242 was combined with \$30,077 in contributions from certain County departments to prepay the estimated FY 2018-19 actuarially required contribution related to both the amortization of the UAAL and the normal annual contribution to OCERS. In return, the County received a 4.50% discount or \$18,239 on the required employer contribution amount. The discount, combined with the interest and issuance costs, resulted in a net savings of \$9,704 to the County. Refer to Note 4, Deposits and Investments, and Note 10, Short-term Obligations, for additional information.

Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension (Continued)

Amounts provided by OCERS' actuarial study reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2019	\$ (23,504)
2020	(67,706)
2021	(146,692)
2022	(78,686)
2023	104,735
Thereafter	1.047

Actuarial Assumptions: The actuarial assumptions included a 2.75% inflation rate, 4.25% to 12.25% projected salary increases to general members and 4.75% to 17.25% to safety members, and a 7.00% (previously 7.25%) investment rate of return, net of investment expense. The mortality assumptions used were based on the results of the actuarial experience study for the period of January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2013 using the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table projected with the Society of Actuaries Scale BB to 2020.

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates.

According to Paragraph 30 of GASB Statement No. 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 7.00% investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of investment expenses. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher total pension liability and net pension liability. The difference is not material to the County's financial statements.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage adding expected inflation and deducting expected investment expenses and a risk margin.

The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation but before deducting investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumption are summarized in the following table:

Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS) (Continued)

<u>Discount Rate (Continued)</u>

		Long-Term Expected
Asset class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	35.00%	6.38%
Core Bonds	13.00%	1.03%
High Yield Bonds	4.00%	3.52%
Bank Loan	2.00%	2.86%
TIPS	4.00%	0.96%
Emerging Market Debt	4.00%	3.78%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.33%
Core Infrastructure	2.00%	5.48%
Natural Resources	10.00%	7.86%
Risk Mitigation	5.00%	4.66%
Mezzaine/Distressed Debts	3.00%	6.53%
Private Equity	8.00%	9.48%
Total	100.00%	

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%	
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase	
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$6,139,455	\$3,984,401	\$2,233,688	

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>: OCERS issues an audited stand-alone annual financial report for each year ending December 31. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available and can be obtained online at <u>www.ocers.org</u>, in writing to the Orange County Employees Retirement System, 2223 Wellington Avenue, Santa Ana, CA 92701, or by calling (714) 558-6200.

County Administered Plans

Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>: The plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan for employees working less than half-time or as extra-help for the County and six (6) other cost-sharing agencies. Eligible employees of this plan are not covered by OCERS or Social Security. Initially, the normal retirement benefits for a participant who retired on or after the normal retirement date was a monthly amount equal to one-twelfth of 2% of the participant's career earnings during the final 30 years of service credited under the Plan. There are no automatic cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) increases and no ad hoc COLAs have ever been granted. The current benefit for a participant who terminates or retires after November 20, 2008 is a lump sum payment, which is the greater of the actuarial equivalent of the participant's frozen accrued monthly benefit or the participant's contribution plus interest earnings. The normal retirement date is the first day of the month coinciding with or immediately preceding a participant's birthday.

The plan was adopted to comply with the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990. The Board has full authority to amend or establish plan or benefit provisions at any time in accordance with the plan. The County is the named fiduciary and has the duty and full power to administer the plan. The Chief Financial Officer of the County is the trustee of the plan and has authority over the management and investment of plan assets.

County Administered Plans (Continued)

Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The plan was adopted in January 1992 and was closed to new participants as of February 28, 2002. This plan subsequently froze benefit accruals and stopped collecting employee contributions effective November 21, 2008. As of that date, the normal retirement benefit was changed to a single lump sum distribution equal to the greater of the participant's account balance or the present value of their normal retirement benefit. As of June 30, 2018, the plan consists of 26 active plan participants, 203 terminated plan participants entitled to but not yet receiving benefits, and 37 retirees receiving benefits.

The plan financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. County contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due, pursuant to the plan documentation and as may be required by statutory requirements. The benefits paid to participants and refunds of prior contributions are recognized when due and payable, in accordance with the terms of the plan. These are reported in the County CAFR as Fiduciary Funds.

The County charges a benefits administration fee to County agencies, which funds the cost of administering all of the County benefit programs, including the Extra-Help Defined Benefit Retirement Plan. The Empower Retirement Investment management fee is an annual asset-based fee of 11 basis points (each basis point is one hundredth of a percent).

Contributions: The County has the authority to determine plan contributions. GASB Statement No. 67 requires the County to have an actuarial valuation performed at least biennially to determine the plan's total pension liability. This valuation is currently performed biennially. The plan's total pension liability was calculated using the data as of July 1, 2017, rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using actual benefit payments for FY 2017-18. In both the 2017 valuation and the 2018 roll forward calculations the actuarial assets are valued at market value. Because plan benefits are frozen, the actuary has determined the County's actuarially determined contribution using the projected unit credit method and a 5-year rolling amortization of the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability. Based on the plan actuary's advice, the County determines the amount necessary for contribution to the plan. Since the plan's inception, the County and six (6) cost-sharing agencies have contributed \$7,017. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County and six (6) cost-sharing agencies contributed \$545. The County's proportionate share of the contribution was \$535.

Plan participants do not contribute to the fund effective November 21, 2008 (the date of the freeze). Note that effective November 21, 2008, there is no normal cost due to the plan freeze.

<u>Investment policy</u>: The County has sole authority for establishing and amending the plan's investment policy and allocation of the invested assets. The plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets may be established and amended by the plan's Trustee. The plan may invest in bonds, mortgages, notes, common or preferred stock, mutual funds, or other securities, policies of life insurance, annuity contracts, or property (real, bank deposits, or retain in cash or other property). The allocation policy with the target asset class and allocation is set forth in the investment policy.

<u>Concentrations</u>: The plan is invested 100% with Empower Retirement. The plan has stated its assets at fair value based on information provided by Empower Retirement.

<u>Discount Rate</u>: For the year ended June 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on the Plan's investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 4.53%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.25%, the same as the long-term expected rate of return on plan assets.

76.76%

18. RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

County Administered Plans (Continued)

Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate (Continued)

In accordance with Paragraph 30 of GASB Statement No. 68, the long-term discount rate was determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method equal to the expected future real rate of return on the investment with Empower Retirement plus expected inflation, rounded to the nearest 0.25%. The target investment allocation is 33% equities and 67% fixed income. The best estimate of the long-term expected geometric real rate of return for the equities and fixed income (net of investment expense and inflation) are 4.53% U.S. equity, 4.60% non-U.S. equity, 1.47% U.S. fixed income, and 0.35% global fixed income.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to Pensions</u>: The components of the collective net pension liability of the County and the six (6) cost-sharing agencies at June 30, 2018 were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 8,601
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position	(6,602)
Plan's Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,999

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability

The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018. The County's proportionate share of the June 30, 2018 net pension liability is \$1,962. The County's proportion of 98.12% is based on an employer contribution allocation and has not changed since June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County recognized pension expense of \$481. At June 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources of \$2, which represents the aggregated net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments.

	Deferred O		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on plan investments	\$	2	\$		
Total	\$	2	\$		

The deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to this pension plan will be recognized as pension expense for the County as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2019	\$ 28
2020	(1)
2021	(34)
2022	9

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability based on the July 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement: (a) 2.75% inflation, (b) 5.25% investment return, (c) the 417(e) lump sum mortality table used for ERISA-governed plans and the 30-

County Administered Plans (Continued)

Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

year Treasury rate with a look-back month of November grading into the long-term assumption of 4.75%, and (d) RPH-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected generationally with mortality improvement Scale MP-2016. This plan does not have a salary increase assumption or post-retirement benefit increase assumption as these factors do not impact the benefits of this frozen plan.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>: The following presents the net pension liability of the collective plan and the County's proportionate share, calculated using the discount rate of 5.25%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.25%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(4.25%)	(5.25%)	(6.25%)
Collective plan	\$2,293	\$1,999	\$1,754
County's proportionate share	\$2,250	\$1,962	\$1,721

Extra-Help Defined Contribution Plan

Plan Description: Effective March 1, 2002, as amended and restated on February 10, 2015, the Board established the Extra-Help Defined Contribution Plan to replace the Extra-Help Defined Benefit Retirement Plan for (a) new employees hired on or after March 1, 2002, and supplements the benefits of the Extra-Help Defined Benefit Retirement Plan for employees hired prior to March 1, 2002 and (b) effective February 10, 2015, employees hired on or after such date (i) who attained age 60 by such hire date, (ii) who waive membership in the OCERS, do not have funds on deposit with OCERS and otherwise meet the requirements under OCERS' regulations and state law to waive membership in OCERS, (iii) whose employer has signed the OCERS Employer's Concurrence—Waiver of Membership form or any other documents that may be required by OCERS, and (iv) who sign the OCERS Employees' Waiver of Membership form and provide any other documents required by OCERS to waive membership. Eligible employees of this plan are not covered by OCERS or Social Security. This plan is a tax-deferred retirement plan, established in accordance with IRC Sections 457 and 3121 and is intended to comply with the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990 and meet the requirements to be a Social Security replacement plan. The Board has the authority to amend the plan. As of June 30, 2018, there were 4,286 participants with a balance in the plan, with 4,107 participants actively contributing to the plan as of the end of June payroll.

The plan is intended for retirement and funds may not be withdrawn until participants have separated from the County. The plan benefits for a participant who separates from service with the County or retires on or after the normal retirement date will be dependent upon the accumulated value of individual contributions and investment return.

If a participant's employment status changes from a part-time or extra-help employee to a permanent full-time employee or a part-time employee working 20 hours or more per week, those participants may elect to transfer the balance to the County's Section 457 Defined Contribution Plan or leave the balance in the plan until they are no longer employed with the County.

County Administered Plans (Continued)

Extra-Help Defined Contribution Plan (Continued)

<u>Funding Policy</u>: Participants in the plan are required to contribute 7.5% of compensation each pay period. The contributions are invested in the County's Stable Value Fund offered through Empower Retirement, which is designed to protect principal and maximize earnings. Empower Retirement serves on behalf of the County as the third party administrator of the plan and holds all plan assets in trust. In the current fiscal year there was no additional contribution made by the County, and total employee contributions were \$841. As of June 30, 2018, total plan assets were \$7,982.

Administrative Cost: There is an annual administrative fee of 0.18% charged to participants (at a monthly rate of 0.015%), which is capped for account balances at \$125. Each month, participant fees are based on the average daily balance of their account(s) over a 30-day period and are reflected on participants' quarterly statements. No employer-level fees are charged for the Plan.

County of Orange 401 (a) Defined Contribution Plan

<u>Plan Description:</u> Effective January 1, 1999, as amended and restated on March 24, 2015, the Board established the County 401(a) Plan for the benefit of eligible employees, elected officials, which includes members of the Board, certain executive managers, certain administrative managers once classified as confidential and grandfathered into the plan, attorneys represented by the Orange County Attorney's Association, and certain other employee classifications as defined in the plan document. The Board also has the authority to amend the plan. The plan was closed to the attorneys effective June 24, 2005. The plan was closed to new administrative managers and all grandfathered administrative managers effective June 23, 2016 and December 28, 2012, respectively. The plan is intended for retirement and funds may not be withdrawn until participants have separated from the County. The plan benefits for a participant who separates from service with the County or retires on or after the normal retirement date will be dependent upon the accumulated value of individual contributions and investment return. As of June 30, 2018, the plan had 657 participants with a balance in the plan, with 621 participants actively contributing to the plan as of the end of June payroll.

<u>Funding Policy:</u> This plan is a defined contribution plan funded entirely by employer contributions. County contributions to the plan vary according to employee classification and range from 4% to 8% of bi-weekly compensation. Total contributions for the fiscal year as of June 30, 2018, were \$1,042 by the County and zero by the employees.

As previously described, Empower Retirement, a marketing name of Great-West Life and Annuity Insurance Company, serves on behalf of the County as the third party administrator of the plan. Contribution to the plan defaults to the County's Stable Value Fund upon initial enrollment, which is offered through Empower Retirement and designed to generate a stable yield while preserving the investor's principal. Once enrolled, plan participants may self-direct the investment of plan contributions into any of a number of eligible investment options offered under the plan. As of June 30, 2018, total plan assets were \$16,513.

Administrative Cost: There is an annual administrative fee of 0.18% charged to participants (at a monthly rate of 0.015%) which is capped for account balances at \$125. Each month participant fees are based on the average daily balance of their account(s) over a 30-day period and are reflected on participants' quarterly statements. No employer-level fees are charged for the plan.

County Administered Plans (Continued)

County of Orange - 1.62% at 65 Retirement

<u>Plan Description:</u> On April 20, 2010, the Board approved and adopted the resolution implementing the 1.62% at 65 OCERS retirement formula for certain eligible employees. Effective May 7, 2010, as amended and restated on July 1, 2011, the Board approved the County 1.62% Defined Contribution Plan for the benefit of employees in the "1.62% at 65" OCERS retirement formula. The 1.62% Defined Contribution Plan is a combination governmental 457(b) and 401(a) retirement plan. Employee contributions are deposited into a 457(b) plan and employer-matching contributions are deposited into a 401(a) plan. Participation in the 1.62% Defined Contribution Plan is strictly voluntary and is designed to supplement the "1.62% at 65" OCERS retirement benefit. Only employees in the "1.62% at 65" OCERS retirement benefit formula are eligible to participate in the 1.62% Defined Contribution Plan.

On September 12, 2012, the Governor signed the PEPRA of 2013. PEPRA created a new pension retirement formula, commonly referred to as 2% at 62 retirement formula, for all new non-safety public employees hired on or after January 1, 2013. PEPRA also allowed a public employer to continue to offer another retirement formula, if offered before December 31, 2012, to new public employees if the retirement formula has a lower benefit factor at normal retirement age and results in a lower normal cost than the 2% at 62 PEPRA retirement formula. On December 18, 2012, the Board approved and adopted the "1.62% at 65" OCERS retirement formula for certain general (non-safety) public employees hired on or after January 1, 2013.

The Board has the authority to amend the plan. The plan is intended to comply with the requirements of Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 401(a) and is intended for retirement. Matching employer contributions are determined by the County and approved by the Board, as stipulated in the Participants' bargaining units Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) or Personnel and Salary Resolution, as applicable. Employer contributions vest on employees' behalf after five years of continuous service with the County. For the purposes of eligibility and vesting, year of service means a 12-consecutive-month period during which the employee completes at least 2,080 hours of service, exclusive of overtime. If the employee leaves employment with the County prior to the vesting period, the employee will only be entitled to the employee contributions to the plan.

Funds may not be withdrawn until participants have separated from the County. The plan benefits for a participant who separates from service with the County or retires on or after the early or normal retirement date will be dependent upon the accumulated value of individual contributions and investment return. As of June 30, 2018, the plan had 1,836 participants in the plan, with 1,826 participants actively contributing to the plan as of the end of June payroll.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: This plan is a defined contribution plan funded entirely by employer contributions. As of June 30, 2018, the County provides up to a 2% match per pay period of the employee's voluntary contribution to the IRC Section 457 element of the 1.62% Defined Contribution Plan. Employer contributions are deposited into the 401(a) Plan. Total contributions for the fiscal year as of June 30, 2018, were \$1,662 by the County and zero by the employees.

As previously described, Empower Retirement, a marketing name of Great-West Life and Annuity Insurance Company, serves on behalf of the County as the third party administrator of the plan. Contribution to the plan defaults to the age-appropriate target-date fund upon initial enrollment. Once enrolled, plan participants may self-direct the investment of plan contributions into any of a number of eligible investment options offered under the plan. As of June 30, 2018, total plan assets were \$4,714.

Administrative Cost: There is an annual administrative fee of 0.18% charged to participants (at a monthly rate of 0.015%), which is capped for account balances at \$125. Each month participant fees are based on the average daily balance of their account(s) over a 30-day period and are reflected on participants' quarterly statements. No employer-level fees are charged for the plan.

County Administered Plans (Continued)

Condensed Financial Statements

In lieu of separately issued financial statements for the County administered retirement funds, condensed financial statements are presented below as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018:

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

	Total	D	tra-Help efined nefit Plan	tra-Help Defined ntribution Plan	,	(a) Defined ntribution Plan	Retiren D	2% at 65 nent, 401(a) efined bution Plan
<u>Assets</u>								
Pooled Cash/Investments	\$ 546	\$	545	\$ 	\$		\$	1
Restricted Cash and Investments								
Restricted Investments with Trustee	35,173		6,057	7,957		16,489		4,670
Due from Other Governmental Agencies	92			25		24		43
Total Assets	35,811		6,602	7,982		16,513		4,714
Net Position								
Restricted for Retirement Plans Benefits	 35,811		6,602	7,982		16,513		4,714
Total Net Position	\$ 35,811	\$	6,602	\$ 7,982	\$	16,513	\$	4,714

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Additions:		Total	D	ra-Help efined efit Plan		tra-Help Defined ntribution Plan		(a) Defined ntribution Plan	Retire	52% at 65 ment, 401(a) Defined ribution Plan
Contributions to Pension Trust:	\$	3,249	\$	545	\$		\$	1 042	\$	1 662
Employer Employee Other Revenues	φ	3,249 841 3	Ф	3	Ф	841	Ф	1,042	Φ	1,662
Interest and Investment Income		1,928		295		164		1,180		289
Less: Investment Expense		(41)		(7)		(9)		(17)		(8)
Total Additions		5,980		836		996		2,205		1,943
Deductions:										
Benefits Paid to Participants		2,844		762		887		1,195		
Total Deductions	_	2,844		762		887		1,195		
Change in Net Position for Employees' Retirement		3,136		74		109		1,010		1,943
Net Position at Beginning of Year		32,675		6,528		7,873		15,503		2,771
Net Position at End of Year	\$	35,811	\$	6,602	\$	7,982	\$	16,513	\$	4,714

19. POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

County of Orange Retiree Medical Plan

<u>Plan Description:</u> The County of Orange Third Amended Retiree Medical Plan (the Retiree Medical Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan, intended to assist career employees in maintaining health insurance coverage following retirement from County and participating employers' service. The Retiree Medical Plan was established by the Board. The Board is also the authority for amending the Retiree Medical Plan. The Retiree Medical Plan is not required by the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937 ("CERL")—the statute governing County employee retirement benefits. Eligible retired County employees receive a monthly grant (the Grant), which helps offset the cost of monthly County-offered health plans and/or Medicare A and/or B premiums. The Retiree Medical Plan specifically states that it does not create any vested right to the benefits. The Plan is reported in the County's financial statements since it administers the Plan. The Plan is reported as of December 31, 2017.

<u>Plan Membership:</u> As of June 30, 2018, seven employers, the County, Orange County Public Law Library, Superior Courts of Orange County, Orange County Local Agency Formation Commission, Orange County Employees Retirement System, Children and Families Commission of Orange County, and Orange County Cemetery District have elected to participate in the plan. As of the most recent actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2017, the membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members currently receiving benefit payments	8,301
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	31
Active plan members	15,316
	23,648

<u>Benefits Provided:</u> In order to be eligible to receive the Grant upon retirement, the employee must have completed at least 10 years of continuous County and/or participating employers' service (although exceptions for disability retirements exist), be enrolled in a County sponsored health plan and/or Medicare, qualify as a retiree as defined by the Retiree Medical Plan and be able to receive a monthly benefit payment from OCERS. To qualify as a retiree as defined by the Retiree Medical Plan, the employee upon retirement must be at least 50 years of age or have at least 20 years of service for a safety member of OCERS or at least 30 years of service for a general member of OCERS.

The monthly Grant amount is determined by a formula that multiplies a base number by the number of years of qualifying County employment up to a maximum of 25 years. The base number for calendar year 2017 was \$22.09 (absolute dollars) per year of County service, and the maximum base monthly Grant was \$552.25 (absolute dollars). The base number for calendar year 2018 is \$22.75 (absolute dollars) per year of County service, and the maximum monthly Grant is \$568.75 (absolute dollars). The amount of the Grant is netted against the monthly health plan premium and/or reimburses Medicare premiums paid by the retiree for retiree and dependent coverage with the retiree obligated to pay the remaining balance. In no case shall the Grant exceed the actual cost to a retiree for the Qualified Health Plan and Medicare premiums.

The plan was amended in 2007. Certain plan provisions were changed as of effective dates that varied by labor group. The Grant is reduced by 50% once the retiree becomes Medicare Parts A and B eligible. Retirees who were age 65 and/or Medicare Parts A and B eligible on the effective date are not subject to the Medicare reduction. For employees retiring after the effective date, the Grant is reduced or increased by 7.5% based on the employee's age at retirement, such that the Grant is reduced 7.5% for each year under age 60 and increased by 7.5% for each year of age worked after age 60 up to age 70. Safety employees and disability retirements are exempt from the age adjustment.

The base number for the Grant is adjusted annually based on a formula defined in the Retiree Medical Plan document with a maximum increase/decrease of 3%. Surviving dependents of a deceased employee or retiree eligible for the Grant are entitled to receive 50% of the Grant that the employee/retiree was eligible to receive.

County of Orange Retiree Medical Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

In addition to the Grant, the Retiree Medical Plan provides a frozen lump sum payment to terminated employees not eligible for the Grant. The qualifying hours of service for calculation of the lump sum payment is frozen and the effective date varies by labor agreement. The frozen lump sum payment is equal to 1% of the employee's final average hourly pay (as defined in the Retiree Medical Plan) multiplied by the employee's qualifying hours of service (as defined) since the Retiree Medical Plan's effective date.

Employees represented by AFSCME who retired before September 30, 2005 are not subject to the Medicare reduction or age adjustment to the Grant. The base number for these retirees is adjusted annually with a maximum increase/decrease of 5%. AFSCME employees who were employed on or after September 30, 2005 are not eligible for the Grant or the lump sum payment. They may participate in the County-offered health plans at their own cost.

Employees represented by the Association of Orange County Deputy Sheriffs (AOCDS) who were hired on or after October 12, 2007 are not eligible for the Grant or lump sum payment. Service hour accruals for the Grant and lump sum calculations for employees represented by AOCDS who were hired before October 12, 2007 were frozen. A Defined Contribution Plan Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) was established to replace the Grant for new employees, and to supplement the frozen grants for current employees.

Association of County Law Enforcement Management (ACLEM) employees who were hired on or after June 19, 2009 are not eligible for the Grant or lump sum payment. Service hour accruals for the Grant calculations for ACLEM employees who were hired before June 19, 2009 were frozen. The qualifying hours of service for calculation of the lump sum payment for law enforcement management employees were frozen as of June 23, 2006. A Defined Contribution Plan HRA was established to replace the Grant for new employees, and to supplement the frozen grants for current employees.

Effective January 1, 2008, health insurance premium rates were separately pooled for the active and retired employees, except for employees represented by the AOCDS. Effective July 1, 2008, retiree health insurance premium rates for retired AOCDS and ACLEM employees enrolled in the AOCDS health plans must be 10% higher than active employees.

Effective July 8, 2016, all active OCAA employees are no longer eligible for the Retiree Medical Grant or Lump Sum. A Defined Contribution Plan HRA was established to replace the Grant or Lump Sum for all active employees.

<u>Contributions</u>: The County implemented a policy to make an employer contribution in an amount equal to the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) for the affected labor groups except AOCDS and ACLEM. In order to more adequately fund benefits under the Retiree Medical Plan, on June 19, 2007 the Board adopted the County of Orange Retiree Medical Trust (Trust) effective July 2, 2007. The Trust is an Internal Revenue Code section 115 trust for which the County Chief Financial Officer is the Trustee. In addition, OCERS has established an Internal Revenue Code section 401(h) account to invest monies and acts as Trustee for the 401(h) account which is used to pay the Grant. The combined Trust and 401(h) represent the fiduciary net position of the Plan and are reported in the County's CAFR.

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the County was setting aside contributions of 0.4% of payroll for AFSCME, 0.4% for OCAA, 3.4% for AOCDS, 7.3% for law enforcement management, 3.9% for the Probation Department safety personnel and 4.0% of payroll for all other labor groups, which is the estimated ADC for those groups calculated by an actuary. Additionally, AOCDS and ACLEM employees covered under the "3%@50" safety retirement formula contributed 1.6% of base pay.

County of Orange Retiree Medical Plan (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

For the Plan year ended December 31, 2017, the total Plan contributions were \$60,721. The County's contribution was \$55,158 (90.84%), Superior Court was \$5,052 (8.32%), OCERS was \$322 (0.53%), CFCOC was \$43 (0.07%), Law Library was \$55 (0.99%), Cemetery District was \$73 (0.12%), and LAFCO was \$18 (0.03%). The County's contributions for the fiscal year June 30, 2018 was \$46,005.

Funds were initially deposited into the Trust in December 2007, with subsequent deposits made throughout each fiscal year. The administrative expenses for the Trust are paid from the Trust.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB: The components of the collective net OPEB liability of the participating employers as of June 30, 2018 were as follows:

Collective OPEB Liability	\$ 694,598
Collective Plan's Fiduciary Net Position	(293,805)
Collective Net OPEB Liability	\$ 400,793
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of	
the Total OPEB Liability	42.30%

At June 30, 2018, the County reported a liability of \$364,071 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 and rolled forward for December 31, 2017. The County's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was based on the 2017 share of actuarially determined contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2017, the County's proportion was 90.84%, which did not change from December 31, 2016. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$35,695. At June 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual	 	_		
Earnings on Plan Investments	\$ 	\$	12,368	
Employer Contributions after Measurement Date	24,170			
Total	\$ 24,170	\$	12,368	

Deferred outflow of resources of \$24,170 related to OPEB resulting from County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the following fiscal year. Deferred inflows of resources of \$12,368 related to OPEB will be recognized in the County's OPEB expense as follows:

County of Orange Retiree Medical Plan (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

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Year ending June 30:	
2019	\$ (3,092)
2020	(3,092)
2021	(3,092)
2022	(3,092)
Thereafter	

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The actuarial valuations involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future and will be subject to continual revision as they reflect a long-term perspective.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The County contracts with an outside actuarial consultant to prepare a biennial actuarial valuation in conformance with GASB requirements and is based on established pattern of practice. The actuarial methods and significant actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation are:

- The entry age normal actuarial cost method
- 7.00% long-term expected rate of return, net of investment expenses, on funds held in the Trusts
- 3.25% per annum payroll increase assumption
- 2.75% per annum general inflation rate assumption
- Assumed annual increases in the monthly grant of 3% for non-AFSCME employees and 5% for AFSCME employees. The healthcare trend was assumed to be greater than or equal to the annual increase to the Grant in almost all future years. Therefore, it is the Grant annual increase rather than the healthcare trend that has the largest impact on the projected benefits and the net OPEB liability.
- Grant participation rate was 81% based on the April 2006 participation study

Medical trend used for pre-Medicare members was 7.50% for 2019, decreasing to 4.00% for 2076 and later; for Medicare eligible members, 6.50% was used for 2019, decreasing to 4.00% for 2076 and later. Mortality rates were based on the Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Mortality Tables with separate tables for males and females. Mortality improvement was projected fully generational with Society of Actuaries mortality improvement Scale MP-2016.

<u>Discount Rate:</u> The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00%, the long-term expected rate of return on plan assets, net of investment expenses. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made at the current negotiated contribution rate and that the employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on actuarial assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

County of Orange Retiree Medical Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate (Continued)

The target allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each asset class are summarized in the following table:

	-	Long-Term Expected
A control of the cont	Target	Arithmetic Real
Asset class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equities	35.00%	6.38%
Core Bonds	13.00%	1.03%
High Yield Bonds	4.00%	3.52%
Bank Loan	2.00%	2.86%
TIPS	4.00%	0.96%
Emerging Market Debt	4.00%	3.78%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.33%
Core Infrastructure	2.00%	5.48%
Natural Resources	10.00%	7.86%
Risk Mitigation	5.00%	4.66%
Mezzanine/Distressed Debt	3.00%	6.53%
Private Equity	8.00%	9.48%
Total	100.00%	
Assumed Long-Term Rate of Inflation		2.75%
Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return,		
Net of Investment Expenses		7.00%

Rate of Return: For the year ended December 31, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 14.74%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. For further information on the investment policy of OCERS refer to Note 4, Deposits and Investments.

<u>Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:</u> The following presents the Net OPEB liability of the collective plan and the County's proportionate share, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
Net OPEB Liability	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Collective plan	\$484,856	\$400,793	\$330,533
County's proportionate share	\$440,432	\$364,071	\$300.248

<u>Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:</u> The following presents the Net OPEB liability of the collective plan and the County's proportionate share, as well as what they would be calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (6.5%/5.5% decreasing to 3.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%/7.5% decreasing to 5.0%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

County of Orange Retiree Medical Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (Continued)

	Current Healthcare Cost								
	1% Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase						
	(6.50%/5.50%	(7.5%/6.5%	(8.50%/7.50%						
Net OPEB Liability	decreasing to 3.00%)	decreasing to 4.0%)	decreasing to 5.00%)						
Collective plan	\$389,673	\$400,793	\$412,101						
County's proportionate share	\$353,970	\$364,071	\$374,343						

<u>OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position:</u> As previously described, the 401(h) assets are held with OCERS. The underlying investments should be obtained from OCERS, however the combined Plan is in the County's financial statements. OCERS issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for each fiscal year ending on December 31, which includes the 401(h) assets. The CAFR can be obtained online at www.ocers.org by request, or in writing, to the Orange County Employees Retirement System, 2223 Wellington Avenue, Santa Ana, CA 92701, or by calling (714) 558-6200.

County of Orange Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA)

<u>Plan Description</u>: On October 23, 2007, the Board approved and adopted a MOU agreement with the AOCDS. The MOU restructured the Retiree Medical Plan and established a Defined Contribution Plan Health Reimbursement Arrangement to replace the Retiree Medical Plan for new employees, and to supplement the current employees' frozen service hour accruals for the Grant.

On June 24, 2008, the Board approved the County of Orange Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) Plan Document. The HRA Plan is not required by the Retirement Law. The plan is intended to fund the reimbursement accounts of eligible employees on a pre-tax basis and reimburse the eligible unreimbursed and substantiated qualified medical expenses of retired participants.

On March 10, 2009, the Board approved the restructuring of the Retiree Medical Plan and establishment of a Defined Contribution Plan HRA for employees represented by ACLEM effective June 19, 2009. The HRA replaces the Retiree Medical Plan for new employees, and supplements the current ACLEM employees' frozen service hour accruals for the Grant.

On May 12, 2015, the Board approved the restructuring of the Retiree Medical Plan and establishment of a Defined Contribution Plan HRA for employees represented by OCAA effective July 8, 2016. The HRA will replace the Retiree Medical Plan for all active attorney employees.

Administration of the HRA by the third party administrator began in August 2009. The HRA is intended to comply with the requirements of IRC Sections 105 and 106 and meets the requirements of a health reimbursement arrangement as defined under IRS Notice 2002-45. The contributions made to reimbursement accounts, any investment gains and qualified medical expenses reimbursed under this plan are intended to be eligible for exclusion from the gross income of eligible employees, participants and retired participants (including the spouses and dependents of each) under IRC Section 105(b). The HRA may be amended by the Board or the plan administrator to comply with federal, state, or local laws, statues, regulations, or guidance from regulatory agencies. The Plan Document was amended and restated on January 1, 2011 to reflect changes to the definition of dependent due to healthcare reform.

County of Orange Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The Plan Document was amended and restated on June 1, 2016 to provide for the transition of the OCAA to the HRA Plan in July 2016. Prior employee contributions for employees represented by OCAA to the retiree medical program and the interest earnings thereon through July 5, 2016 were transferred as a lump sum deposit for eligible employees to their HRA accounts.

As of June 30, 2018, the plan had 2,746 active and 726 inactive participants.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: Employer and mandatory employee contributions were effective October 12, 2007 for employees represented by AOCDS, effective June 19, 2009 for employees represented by ACLEM, and effective July 8, 2016 for OCAA represented employees. All contributions made to the HRA are deemed to be employer contributions. Employee contributions for employees represented by each of the bargaining units are mandatory pursuant to their bargaining unit MOU and mandatory pursuant to Board action.

On March 15, 2016, the Board approved for employees represented by AOCDS an increase in the County's contribution from 3.0% to 5.0% of base salary each pay period. Furthermore, required contributions by employees represented by AOCDS were decreased from 2.0% to 0% of base salary for each pay period. Employee contributions for employees represented by ACLEM and OCAA are mandatory pursuant to the MOU. For employees represented by ACLEM, the County contributes 2.0% of base salary each pay period and employees are also required to contribute 1.0% of base salary each pay period. For employees are also required to contribute 1.0% of base salary each pay period and employees are also required to contribute 1.0% of base salary each pay period.

ICMA Retirement Corporation serves on behalf of the County as the third party administrator of the HRA. Contributions to the HRA Plan default to the age-appropriate target-date fund upon initial enrollment. Once enrolled, HRA participants may self-direct the investment of plan contributions into any of a number of eligible investment options offered under the HRA. As of June 30, 2018, the value of the HRA assets was \$116,713.

<u>Administrative Cost</u>: Annual administrative fees include a plan asset fee of 0.40% and annual account fee of \$80. Each quarter, 25% of the fees are assessed to participant accounts and are reflected on participants' quarterly statements. No employer-level fees are charged for the Plan.

Condensed Financial Statements

In lieu of separately issued financial statements for the County administered postemployment health care benefit trust funds, condensed financial statements are presented below as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018:

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position		Total	(Com	e Medical Plan bined 401(h) 115 Trusts)*	Health Reimbursement Arrangement Plan		
Assets	•	0.400	•	0.450	•	4.0	
Pooled Cash/Investments	\$	2,196	\$	2,150	\$	46	
Restricted Cash and Investments		440.400				440.400	
Restricted Investments with Trustee		116,403				116,403	
Pooled with OCERS		289,352		289,352			
Investment Receivable		3,926 24		3,926 24			
Interest/Dividend Receivable		2 4 1,676		24 1,412		 264	
Due from Other Governmental Agencies Total Assets		413,577		296.864		116,713	
Total Assets		413,377		290,004		110,713	
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable		3,059		3,059			
Total Liabilities		3,059		3,059			
Not Decition							
Net Position Restricted for OPEB Benefits		/10 E10		293,805		116 712	
Total Net Position	•	410,518 410,518	•	293,805	\$	116,713	
Total Net Position	\$	410,316	\$	293,005	Ф	116,713	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position		Total	(Com	e Medical Plan bined 401(h) 115 Trusts)*	Reim	Health bursement gement Plan	
Additions:				,			
Employer Contributions	\$	72,139	\$	60,721	\$	11,418	
Employee Contributions		2,193		2,193			
Interest and Investment Income		43,453		34,217		9,236	
Less: Investment Expense		(699)		(4)		(695)	
Total Additions		117,086		97,127		19,959	
Deductions:							
Benefits Paid to Participants		37,438		35,111		2,327	
Administrative Expense		37,436 18		35,111		2,321	
Total Deductions		37,456		35,129		2,327	
Total Deductions		37,400		30,129		2,321	
Change in Net Position		79,630		61,998		17,632	
Net Position - Beginning of Year, as Restated		330,888		231,807		99,081	
Net Position - End of Year*	\$	410,518	\$	293,805	\$	116,713	

^{*}The Trust Plan is presented as of 12/31/17 in accordance with the plan year.

20. CONTINGENCIES

Estimated Liability for Litigation and Claims

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County's legal counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County. To the extent the outcome of such litigation has been determined to result in probable financial loss to the County, a liability has been accrued in the accompanying financial statements. Litigation where loss to the County is reasonably possible has not been accrued and at this time an estimate cannot be made. For information regarding claim payments and unpaid claims balance for self-insurance claims, refer to Note 16, Self-Insurance.

21. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The following events occurred subsequent to June 30, 2018:

<u>Teeter Plan Notes:</u> On July 16, 2018, the County issued an additional \$61,107 in taxable Teeter Plan Obligation Notes, Series B to refund the June 30, 2018 outstanding Teeter balance of \$27,247 and finance the purchase of \$33,860 for the delinquent property tax receivables associated with the Teeter Plan. Proceeds of this issuance, associated with the purchase of delinquent property tax receivables, paid the participating agencies in the Teeter Plan the full amount of their taxes from the secured property tax roll. The outstanding balance as of July 16, 2018, was \$61,107. For additional information regarding the Teeter Plan Series B Notes, refer to Note 11, Long-Term Obligations.

<u>Dana Point Harbor Revitalization</u>: On July 17, 2018, the Board approved the lease agreement with Dana Point Harbor Partners LLC (DPHP) and Dana Point Harbor Partners Drystack LLC. This lease, with a 66-year term, authorizes the lessees to renovate and operate Dana Point Harbor while paying the County a portion of gross receipts recognized by the lessees. The revenue to the County over the lease term is estimated at \$717,000 (see table below). The County will contribute \$20,000 towards the renovation of the Dana Point Harbor drystack boat storage area. DPHP will assume responsibility for an estimated \$414,000 of future County operations and maintenance costs over the lease period.

Projected Rent Per Development Component

	Leas	se Year 1	Lease	e Years 1-25	Leas	e Years 1-66
Marina	\$	1,642	\$	60,513	\$	345,600
Dry Storage		275		13,829		165,558
Affordable Hotel		198		6,614		78,987
Boutique Hotel				11,388		42,895
Retail		149		26,414		83,862
Total Rent	\$	2,264	\$	118,758	\$	716,902

1997 Special Tax Bonds Pay-off: In connection with the issuance of the Series A of 1997 Special Tax Bonds (1997 Bonds) of the Community Facilities District No 87-4 (Foothill Ranch), the Treasurer purchased a Repurchase Agreement in the amount of \$1,082 for the bond reserve fund for the benefit of the owners of the 1997 Bonds pursuant to the Supplement to Board Resolution No. 97-230. On July 9, 2018, the County redeemed the Repurchase Agreement in full, and subsequently paid off the 1997 Bonds on August 15, 2018.

<u>Standard & Poor's (S&P's) reaffirmation of "AAAm":</u> On September 19, 2018, S&P reaffirmed its highest Principal Stability Fund Rating of AAAm on the OCMMF and the OCEMMF.

<u>Fitch Credit Rating Upgrade:</u> On November 7, 2018, Fitch Ratings upgraded the County's Issuer Default Rating (IDR) to "AAA" from "AA+". At the same time, Fitch upgraded the Taxable Refunding Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 1997A to "AA+" from "AA" and the California Municipal Finance Authority (CMFA) Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A (Orange County Civic Center Infrastructure Improvement Program – Phase I) to "AA+" from "AA".

21. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Continued)

<u>Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2018A</u>: The Facilities Strategic Plan involves the +/- 11 acre County "superblock" (bounded by Ross Street, Civic Center Drive, Broadway and Santa Ana Boulevard), as well as County satellite buildings within the vicinity of the Civic Center. The Facilities Strategic Plan, which contains four phases, was approved by the Board on April 25, 2017. Phase Two activity spans from 2019 to 2022 and includes replacement of the existing Building 14 with new facilities, construction of a new Board hearing room, demolition of Buildings 10, 11, 12 and 14, and creation of surface parking.

On December 13, 2018, California Municipal Finance Authority (CMFA), issued its \$185,705 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2018A (Orange County Civic Center Infrastructure Improvement Program – Phase II) at a premium of \$26,599, with an interest rate coupon of 5%. As the debt was issued by CMFA, this does not constitute debt for the County of Orange. Pursuant to a loan agreement, CMFA loaned the bond proceeds totaling \$212,304 to the Capital Facilities Development Corporation (Corporation), a component unit of the County, to construct Building 14 located at 645 N. Ross Street. A contractor has been selected to construct Building 14 pursuant to a Development Agreement with the Corporation.

The County's payment obligation will commence once the building's Certificate of Substantial Completion is delivered to the trustee. County departments occupying Building 14 will be responsible for making base rental payments. The County's base rental payments, under the Facility Lease, are scheduled to begin in FY 2022-23 and will be used to repay the loan to the CMFA. Loan repayments are scheduled to end when the bonds mature, in June 2048.







Required Supplementary Information (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS)

Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (1)

	 2017	2016	2015	2014
County's proportion of the net pension liability	80.46%	77.91%	76.83%	76.68%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,984,401	\$ 4,044,638	\$ 4,391,967	\$ 3,897,223
Covered payroll (2)	\$ 1,247,616	\$ 1,200,243	\$ 1,118,395	\$ 1,198,458
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll (2)	 319.36%	 336.98%	392.70%	 325.19%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	72.85%	69.56%	65.66%	68.16%

Schedule of County Contributions (3)

	20182017			2016	2015		
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 401,323	\$	386,138	\$ 358,103	\$	340,626	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	433,098		405,494	411,426		397,044	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (31,775)	\$	(19,356)	\$ (53,323)	\$	(56,418)	
Covered payroll (2)	\$ 1,217,880	\$	1,223,930	\$ 1,159,319	\$	1,158,427	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	35.56%		33.13%	35.49%		34.27%	

The schedules are presented to show information for 10 years. However, a full 10-year trend is currently not available; the County will be adding years in the future.

⁽¹⁾ Information is from OCERS' actuary report for OCERS' fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

⁽²⁾ The numbers for 2014-2015 were for covered-employee payroll, prior to GASB Statement No. 82 implementation.

⁽³⁾ For the 12-month period ending on June 30, 2018, fiscal year end.

Orange County Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan

Schedule of Changes in the Collective Plan Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

		2018	2017		2016		2015	 2014
Total Pension Liability								
Service cost	\$		\$ 	\$		\$		\$
Interest	\$	448	\$ 436	\$	435	\$	271	\$ 282
Changes of benefit terms		-	-		-		-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(127)			73			
Changes of assumptions		480			73			
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(762)	 (372)		(424)		(522)	(695)
Net change in Total Pension Liability		39	64		157		(251)	(413)
Total Pension Liability-beginning		8,562	 8,498	_	8,341	_	8,592	 9,005
Total Pension Liability-ending (a)	\$	8,601	\$ 8,562	\$	8,498	\$	8,341	\$ 8,592
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions-employer	\$	545	\$ 784	\$	784	\$	421	\$ 421
Contributions-member								
Net investment income		295	527		123		17	15
Investment Expense		(7)	(5)		(4)			
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(762)	(372)		(428)		(522)	(695)
Administrative expense (1)								
Other		3	(5)		7			
Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		74	929		482		(84)	(259)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position-beginning		6,528	5,599		5,117		5,201	5,460
Plan Fiduciary Net Position-ending (b)	\$	6,602	\$ 6,528	\$	5,599	\$	5,117	\$ 5,201
Plan Net Pension Liability-ending (a) – (b)	\$	1,999	\$ 2,034	\$	2,899	\$	3,224	\$ 3,391
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total								
Pension Liability		76.76%	76.24%		65.89%		61.35%	60.53%
Covered payroll (2)	\$	4,298	\$ 4,725	\$	1,747	\$	1,829	\$ 1,876
Plan Net Pension Liability as a percentage of covered payroll	(2)	46.51%	43.05%		165.94%		176.27%	180.76%

Schedule of Investment Returns

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	4.53%	8.51%	2.22%	0.35%	0.26%

⁽¹⁾ Administrative expense does not round up to \$1 in thousands.

The schedule is presented to show information for 10 years. However, a full 10-year trend is currently not available; the County will be adding years in the future.

⁽²⁾ The numbers for 2014 and 2015 were for covered-employee payroll, prior to GASB Statement No. 82 implementation.

Orange County Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

		2018	 2017	2016	2015		
County's proportion of the net pension liability		98.12%	98.12%	98.12%		98.12%	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,962	\$ 1,995	\$ 2,845	\$	3,163	
Covered payroll (1)	\$	4,298	\$ 4,725	\$ 1,747	\$	1,829	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability							
as a percentage of its covered payroll (1)		45.65%	 42.22%	 162.85%		172.94%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	'		 				
total pension liability		76.76%	76.24%	65.89%		61.35%	

Schedule of Collective Plan Contributions

	 2018	2017	2016	 2015	 2014
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 555 545	\$ 784 784	\$ 784 784	\$ 421 421	\$ 421 421
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 10	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Covered payroll (1)	\$ 4,298	\$ 4,725	\$ 1,747	\$ 1,829	\$ 1,876
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.68%	16.59%	44.88%	23.02%	22.44%

Schedule of County Contributions

	 2018	2017	_	2016	2015	 2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 545	\$ 769	\$	769	\$ 413	\$ 421
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	535	769		769	413	421
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 10	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$
Covered payroll (1)	\$ 4,298	\$ 4,725	\$	1,747	\$ 1,829	\$ 1,876
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.45%	16.28%		44.02%	22.58%	22.44%

The schedules are presented to show information for 10 years. However, a full 10-year trend is currently not available; the County will be adding years in the future.

⁽¹⁾ The numbers for 2014 and 2015 were for covered-employee payroll, prior to GASB Statement No. 82 implementation.

Orange County Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

Notes to Schedule

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution

rates:

Valuation date July 1, 2017

Actuarial cost method Projected Unit Credit
Amortization method Level dollar, open

Remaining amortization period 5 years
Asset valuation method Market Value

Inflation 2.75% Salary increases n/a

Investment rate of return 5.25%, net of investment expenses

Retirement age 100% retirement at age 65

Participation assumption 100%

Mortality RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table

projected with Scale BB to 2020

Actuarial Equivalence for Lump Sums – Mortality 417(e) lump sum table

Actuarial Equivalence for Lump Sums – Interest Rate 30-year Treasury rate with look-back month of November,

current rates grading into 4.75% long-term assumption

Orange County Retiree Medical Plan

Schedule of Changes in the Collective Plan Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

		2017				
Total OPEB Liability		_				
Service cost	\$	15,479				
Interest		46,589				
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(35,111)				
Net change in Total OPEB Liability		26,957				
Total OPEB Liability-beginning		667,641				
Total OPEB Liability-ending (a)	\$	694,598				
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions-employer	\$	60,721				
Contributions-employee	φ	2,193				
Net investment income		34,217				
		(35,111)				
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expense						
Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(22) 61,998				
Plan Fiduciary Net Position- beginning		231,807				
Plan Fiduciary Net Position-ending (b)	\$	293,805				
Figure Figure 1 (b)	Φ	293,003				
Plan Net OPEB Liability-ending (a) – (b)	\$	400,793				
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		42.30%				
Covered payroll ⁽¹⁾	\$	1,313,217				
Plan Net OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered payroll		30.52%				
Schedule of Investment Returns						
		2017				
Actual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense		14.74%				

The schedule is presented to show information for 10 years. However, a full 10-year trend is currently not available; the County will be adding years in the future.

⁽¹⁾ For the 12 month period ending on December 31, 2017 (measurement date and plan year).

Orange County Retiree Medical Plan (Continued)

Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

	2017
	90.84%
\$ \$	364,071 1,203,106 30.26%
	42.30%
	\$\$

	 2017
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 47,006 60,721 (13,715)
Covered payroll (1)	\$ 1,313,217
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	4.62%

Schedule of County Contributions

Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 42,716 46,005 \$ (3,289)
Covered payroll (2)	\$ 1,220,638
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	3.77%

The schedule is presented to show information for 10 years. However, a full 10-year trend is currently not available; the County will be adding years in the future.

⁽¹⁾ For the 12 month period ending on December 31, 2017 (measurement date and plan year).

⁽²⁾ For the 12 month period ending on June 30, 2018, fiscal year end.

Orange County Retiree Medical Plan (Continued)

Notes to Schedule

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation date June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percent of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 18 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.00%

Salary increases 3.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Retirement age OCERS 2011-2013 Experience Study

Participation assumption 81%

Mortality CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study projected

generationally with modified mortality improvement Scale

MP-2014

Grant increase rates 5% for AFSCME, 3% for others

Medical Trend 7.0% initial (7.2% Medicare) decreasing to 5.0% for 2021

and later





NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than the permanent fund or for major capital projects) that have either legal or operational requirements to restrict expenditures for specified purposes.

Parking Facilities

This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to parking facilities. This includes costs to lease parking spaces for County staff, costs and revenue from the Manchester and Hall of Administration lots, interest revenue, and the County's operating and maintenance costs.

Service Areas, Lighting, Maintenance and Assessment Districts

This group of funds is used to account for the construction of public facilities from the proceeds of various Mello-Roos districts (also known as Community Facilities Districts) bond issues, special assessment district bond issues, and interfund transfers from County Service Area operating funds. Upon completion of construction, the public facilities are transferred to the Special Assessment and Community Facilities Districts. It is also used to account for local park and recreation facilities, highway lighting, and street sweeping services within unincorporated areas of the County. Revenues consist primarily of property taxes and State grants.

Other Environmental Management

This group of funds is used to account for Local Redevelopment Authority (LRA) activities, fees from violations of fish and game laws, usage of various State tidelands held in trust by the County, registration of off-highway vehicles, and motor vehicle fees levied by the South Coast Air Quality Management District.

Tobacco Settlement

This fund accounts for Tobacco Settlement monies allocated to the County from the State of California, pursuant to the Master Settlement Agreement concluded on November 23, 1998 between the major tobacco companies and 46 States (including California), the District of Columbia and four U.S. Territories. On November 7, 2000, Orange County voters passed Measure H. This measure requires the County to utilize its share of the national tobacco litigation settlement revenues in the following percentages:

- 80% for specified health care services
- 20% for public safety

Community and Welfare Services

This group of funds is used to account for the Orange County Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act, Welfare-to-Work, Shelter Care Facilities, In Home Supportive Services, Housing and Community Development, Substance Abuse Treatment, and Other Community and Welfare Social Programs. Revenues consist primarily of Federal grants passed through the State, as well as State grants.

OC Parks

This fund accounts for the development and maintenance of County tidelands and related aquatic recreational facilities, as well as the acquisition, operation and maintenance of County beaches, inland, regional park facilities and community park sites in the unincorporated areas. Revenues consist primarily of property taxes, State aid, lease and concession revenues, and park and recreation fees.

OC Dana Point Harbor

This fund accounts for monies received primarily through rent and concession revenues which are dedicated to providing public coastal access, environmental stewardship, and a diverse regional recreational facility so users and visitors may experience the Dana Point Harbor resource in a safe and enjoyable way.

Housing Asset

The Orange County Development Agency (OCDA) was dissolved effective February 1, 2012 in accordance with Health and Safety Code 34172. The Orange County Housing Authority assumed the housing functions

previously performed by OCDA. The Housing Asset Fund was established and the housing assets from the OCDA Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund were transferred into the Fund.

OC Public Libraries

This fund accounts for library services for the unincorporated areas as well as some of the incorporated areas within the County. Property taxes provide most of the fund's revenue. Licenses, permits, Federal and State aid, and charges for services make up the remaining revenue.

Plan of Adjustment Available Cash

This group of funds is used to account for monies set aside, pursuant to the Plan of Adjustment, for specified parties to the 1994 bankruptcy and for County-Administered Accounts. These monies are then distributed from these funds in accordance with the provisions in the Plan of Adjustment. The residual balances in these funds were distributed in FY 2017-18.

Health Care Programs

This group of funds is used to account for Board-approved Realignment Reserves for Health Care, Medi-Cal Mental Health Managed Care programs, Medi-Cal Administrative Activities and Targeted Case Management, Bioterrorism Preparedness grant funds, Emergency Medical Services allocations, and other purpose-restricted revenues related to health care programs. Revenues consist primarily of State grants and allocations, and Federal grants passed through the State.

Roads

This fund accounts for proceeds restricted for the maintenance and construction of roadways, and for specialized engineering services to other governmental units and the public. Revenues consist primarily of the County's share of State highway users' taxes, Federal funds, and charges for engineering services provided.

Orange County Housing Authority

This fund is used to account for revenues received from the Federal Government for Section 8 Rental Assistance Program expenditures. This program assists low-income families to obtain decent, safe, and sanitary housing through a system of rental subsidies.

Other Governmental Resources

This group of funds is used to account for fees charged for property characteristics information that are purpose-restricted for technological and capital acquisitions and/or improvements.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

These funds are used to account for the accumulation and disbursement of taxes and other revenues for the periodic payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt that includes general obligation, revenue, and demand bond issues.

Teeter Plan Notes

This fund accounts for the financing of the County's purchase of delinquent taxes receivable pursuant to the Teeter Plan. The Teeter Plan is an alternate secured property tax distribution plan, whereby, the County distributes 100% of the local secured levy to the taxing agencies participating in the Teeter Plan and in exchange receives the right to keep the delinquent taxes, penalties and interest.

Orange County Public Facilities Corporation Bonds, Master Lease

This non-budgeted fund is used to account for Orange County Public Facilities Corporation Revenue Bonds (governmental fund type components only) and for Master Lease Obligations.

Pension Obligation Bonds

This fund is used to account for the debt service expenditures for the Orange County Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds.

Capital Facilities Development Corporation

This non-budgeted fund was established to account for the Civic Center Facilities Master Plan project and will facilitate financings, acquisitions of property, and other property related transactions for the benefit of Orange County, California.

South Orange County Public Financing Authority

This non-budgeted fund was established to account for the debt service expenditures for the South Orange County Public Financing Authority (SOCPFA). Included is the Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012, which were issued to redeem the outstanding OCPFA 2012 JJC bonds and pay costs relating to the issuance. On June 2, 2016, SOCPFA issued the Central Utility Facility Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2016 to finance the acquisition, construction and installation of certain capital improvements.

Orange County Public Financing Authority

This fund was established to account for the debt service expenditures for the Orange County Public Financing Authority (OCPFA). On August 16, 2005, OCPFA issued Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2005 to defease certain non-callable Recovery COPs, refund the remaining COPs, fund a debt service reserve fund, and pay the cost of issuance of the Series 2005 Bonds.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

These funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by the proprietary funds).

Criminal Justice Facilities

This group of funds is used to account for monies received from surcharges and penalty assessments on offenses used for capital improvements to court and other criminal justice facilities.

Countywide Capital Projects Non-General Fund

This fund was established to budget and account for the multi-year approved capital projects funded primarily with Net County Cost or general purpose revenue.

Capital Facilities Development Corporation Construction

This non-budgeted fund was established for the Civic Center Facilities Master Plan project and to account for the related construction.

PERMANENT FUND

A Permanent Fund is used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs, that is, for the benefit of the government or its citizenry.

Regional Park Endowment
This fund is used to account for costs associated with the repair and maintenance of a mitigation area in Limestone Regional Park.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

			Special Revenue					
ASSETS		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds		Parking acilities	Service Areas, Lighting, Maintenance, & Assessment Districts		Envi	Other ronmental nagement
Pooled Cash/Investments	\$	678,469	\$	6,880	\$	5,378	\$	6,225
Imprest Cash Funds Restricted Cash and Investments with Trustee		45 306,162				 119,526		
Deposits In-Lieu of Cash		25						
Receivables								
Accounts		2,649						1
Taxes Interest/Dividends		20,194 1,752		23		16 18		 21
Deposits		2,140						
Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables		(110)		(10)				
Due from Other Funds		25,105		440				261
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		35,015		442				44
Prepaid Costs		14,275		80				
Notes Receivable, Net Total Assets	\$	27,774 1,113,495	\$	7,855	\$	124,938	\$	6,552
Total Assets	Ψ	1,113,493	Ψ	7,000	Ψ	124,938	Ψ	0,332
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	37,299	\$	642	\$	22,415	\$	
Retainage Payable		2,106				1		1
Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable Interest Payable		1,897 67		9 				
Deposits from Others		45,094						
Due to Other Funds		74,758		269		28		17
Due to Component Unit		3		400				
Due to Other Governmental Agencies Unearned Revenue		6,957 21,423		439		162		
Advances from Other Funds		33,240						
Total Liabilities		222,844		1,359		22,606		18
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenue-Intergovernmental Revenues		12,200						
Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes		1,036				6		
Unavailable Revenue-Other		46						
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		13,282				6		
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		14,475		80				
Restricted		685,941		5,260		102,326		978
Assigned		176,953		1,156				5,556
Total Fund Balances		877,369		6,496		102,326		6,534
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	1,113,495	\$	7,855	\$	124,938	\$	6,552
	Ψ	.,,100	<u> </u>	.,500	<u> </u>	. 2 1,000	<u>*</u>	0,002

		Co	mmunity &			OC	
Т	obacco		Welfare	OC	Da	ana Point	
Se	ttlement		Services	 Parks		Harbor	
							<u>ASSETS</u>
\$	25,502	\$	109,864	\$ 112,962	\$	74,272	Pooled Cash/Investments
			45				Imprest Cash Funds
							Restricted Cash and Investments with Trustee
						25	Deposits In-Lieu of Cash Receivables
			1	1,035		349	Accounts
				1,106			Taxes
			306	359		219	Interest/Dividends
				7		2,083	Deposits
							Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables
			9,593	923		7	Due from Other Funds
			3,443	209		117	Due from Other Governmental Agencies
			253	4,710			Prepaid Costs
			6,380	 			Notes Receivable, Net
\$	25,502	\$	129,885	\$ 121,311	\$	77,072	Total Assets
							<u>LIABILITIES</u>
\$		\$	1,677	\$ 2,295	\$	1,147	Accounts Payable
				783		361	Retainage Payable
			27	689			Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable
							Interest Payable
			1	1,549		3,231	Deposits from Others
	8,932		45,994	2,434		1,448	Due to Other Funds
							Due to Component Unit
			1,094			102	Due to Other Governmental Agencies
			206	2,746		7	Unearned Revenue
-	0.000		21,940	 40.400			Advances from Other Funds
	8,932		70,939	 10,496		6,296	Total Liabilities
							DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES
			952				Unavailable Revenue-Intergovernmental Revenues
				644			Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes
							Unavailable Revenue-Other
			952	644			Total Deferred Inflows of Resources
							FUND BALANCES
			253	4,710			Nonspendable
	16,570		18,539	93,278		70,776	Restricted
			39,202	12,183			Assigned
-	16,570		57,994	110,171		70,776	Total Fund Balances
\$	25,502	\$	129,885	\$ 121,311	\$	77,072	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue

<u>ASSETS</u>	<u> </u>	Housing Asset		C Public .ibraries	Adju	an of stment ole Cash		alth Care rograms
Pooled Cash/Investments	\$	11,334	\$	48.199	\$		\$	48,572
Imprest Cash Funds	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
Restricted Cash and Investments with Trustee								
Deposits In-Lieu of Cash								
Receivables								
Accounts				462				
Taxes				687				
Interest/Dividends		33		145				29
Deposits								
Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables								
Due from Other Funds				58				1,880
Due from Other Governmental Agencies				16				661
Prepaid Costs				4,678				
Notes Receivable, Net		19,972						
Total Assets	\$	31,339	\$	54,245	\$		\$	51,142
Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable Interest Payable Deposits from Others Due to Other Funds Due to Component Unit Due to Other Governmental Agencies Unearned Revenue Advances from Other Funds Total Liabilities	\$	6 173 179	\$	272 65 612 351 255 1 177 	\$	 	\$	7,354 3 5,013 2,432
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenue-Intergovernmental Revenues								134
Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes				386				
Unavailable Revenue-Other								
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				386				134
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable				4,678		<u></u>		
Restricted		31,160		47,448				22,618
Assigned		31,100		, 44 0				13,588
Total Fund Balances		31,160		52,126				36,206
Total Fullu Dalatices		31,100		JZ, 1ZU				30,200
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	31,339	\$	54,245	\$		\$	51,142

	Special Revenue						De	bt Servic	e	
_	Roads		Orange County Housing Authority		Other Governmental Resources		eter Plan Notes	Publ Co	nge County ic Facilities rporation Bonds, ster Lease	ACCETO
										<u>ASSETS</u>
\$	104,258	\$	8,719	\$	1,625	\$	52,399	\$		Pooled Cash/Investments
			 4,251				 67		 2,768	Imprest Cash Funds Restricted Cash and Investments with Trustee
			4,251						2,700	Deposits In-Lieu of Cash
										Receivables
	297		504							Accounts
							18,385			Taxes
	324		30		2		174			Interest/Dividends
	50		(70)							Deposits
	(30) 1,208		(70) 4							Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables Due from Other Funds
	18,892		684				10,096			Due from Other Governmental Agencies
	3,044		1,510							Prepaid Costs
			1,422							Notes Receivable, Net
\$	128,043	\$	17,054	\$	1,627	\$	81,121	\$	2,768	Total Assets
										<u>LIABILITIES</u>
\$	3,165	\$	975	\$		\$		\$		Accounts Payable
,	606	Ť		•		·		•		Retainage payable
	367		193							Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable
							67			Interest Payable
	39,962 3,602		 1.829				3			Deposits from Others Due to Other Funds
	3,002		1,029							Due to Component Unit
	145		1							Due to Other Governmental Agencies
	15,855									Unearned Revenue
						_				Advances from Other Funds
-	63,702		2,998				70			Total Liabilities
										DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES
	11,114									Unavailable Revenue-Intergovernmental Revenues
	·									Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes
										Unavailable Revenue-Other
	11,114									Total Deferred Inflows of Resources
										FUND BALANCES
	3,044		1,510							Nonspendable
	50,183		12,546		1,627		18,385		2,768	Restricted
				_		_	62,666	_	-,	Assigned
	53,227		14,056		1,627		81,051		2,768	Total Fund Balances
œ	128 042	¢	17.054	¢	1 607	¢	Q1 101	¢	2 760	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances
Φ	128,043	\$	17,054	\$	1,627	\$	81,121	\$	2,768	and i did Dalances

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Debt Service									
ASSETS	0	Pension obligation Bonds	Dev	tal Facilities velopment orporation	Public	outh OC c Financing uthority	Orange County Public Financing Authority			
<u>NOOL 10</u>										
Pooled Cash/Investments Imprest Cash Funds	\$	44	\$		\$		\$			
Restricted Cash and Investments with Trustee		46,564		14,770		9,247		6		
Deposits In-Lieu of Cash Receivables		,		·		·				
Accounts										
Taxes										
Interest/Dividends										
Deposits										
Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables Due from Other Funds										
Due from Other Governmental Agencies				<u></u>						
Prepaid Costs										
Notes Receivable, Net										
Total Assets	\$	46,608	\$	14,770	\$	9,247	\$	66		
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Retainage payable	\$		\$		\$		\$			
Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable										
Interest Payable										
Deposits from Others										
Due to Other Funds Due to Component Unit		9				2,201				
Due to Other Governmental Agencies										
Unearned Revenue										
Advances from Other Funds										
Total Liabilities		9				2,201				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable Revenue-Intergovernmental Revenues										
Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes										
Unavailable Revenue-Other Total Deferred Inflows of Resources			-							
			-							
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable										
Restricted		46,599		14,770		7,046		6		
Assigned Total Fund Balances		46,599		14,770		7,046		6		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,	_	40.555								
and Fund Balances	\$	46,608	\$	14,770	\$	9,247	\$	6		

		С	apital Project	s		P	ermanent	
	inal Justice acilities	Countywide Capital Projects Non-General Fund		Capital Facilities Development Corporation Construction			gional Park ndowment	ASSETS
\$	28,456	\$	33,433	\$		\$	347	Pooled Cash/Investments
*		Ψ		Ψ		*		Imprest Cash Funds
					108,963			Restricted Cash and Investments with Trustee
								Deposits In-Lieu of Cash Receivables
								Accounts
								Taxes
	68						1	Interest/Dividends
								Deposits
								Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables
	1		10,730					Due from Other Funds
	411							Due from Other Governmental Agencies
								Prepaid Costs Notes Receivable, Net
\$	28,936	\$	44,163	\$	108,963	\$	348	Total Assets
				-				
								<u>LIABILITIES</u>
\$	3,155	\$	1,550	\$		\$		Accounts Payable
	289							Retainage payable
								Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable
								Interest Payable Deposits from Others
	199		11					Due to Other Funds
								Due to Component Unit
								Due to Other Governmental Agencies
								Unearned Revenue
	11,300							Advances from Other Funds
	14,943		1,561	_				Total Liabilities
								DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES
								Unavailable Revenue-Intergovernmental Revenues
								Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes
	46							Unavailable Revenue-Other
	46				<u></u>			Total Deferred Inflows of Resources
								FUND BALANCES
							200	Nonspendable
	13,947				108,963		148	Restricted
			42,602					Assigned
	13,947		42,602	_	108,963		348	Total Fund Balances
\$	28,936	\$	44,163	\$	108,963	\$	348	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

			Special Revenue						
	Noni Goverr	otal major nmental nds		arking cilities	Service Area, Lighting, Maintenance, & Assessment Districts		Other rironmental nagement		
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	143,546	\$		\$ 655	\$			
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises		1,871							
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties		20,410							
Use of Money and Property		61,357		13,445	1,008		829		
Intergovernmental		355,599		1,179	77,645		159		
Charges for Services		43,307		349	12		491		
Other		44,274		392	11	_	386		
Total Revenues		670,364		15,365	79,331		1,865		
Expenditures Current									
General Government		76,202			54,871		134		
Public Protection		668			·		156		
Public Ways and Facilities		101,534		10,164	221		1,437		
Health and Sanitation		929		·			,		
Public Assistance		191,381							
Education		46,842							
Recreation and Cultural Services		117,965							
Capital Outlay		132,827		758			424		
Debt Service		,							
Principal Retirement		79,303			<u></u>				
Interest		25,526							
Total Expenditures	-	773,177		10,922	55,092		2,151		
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues		770,177		10,022	00,002		2,101		
Over Expenditures	(102,813)		4,443	24,239		(286)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers In		120,533		443			261		
Transfers Out		,					201		
Debt Issued	(187,656) 58,489		(3,765)					
Capital Leases		47							
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(8,587)		(3,322)			261		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(111,400)		1,121	24,239		(25)		
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year	,	988,769		5,375	78,087		6,559		
Fund Balances-End of Year		877,369	\$	6,496	\$ 102,326		6,534		
Turiu Dalarices-Lilu VI Teal	Ψ	511,509	φ	0,430	Ψ 102,320	Ψ	0,004		

Revenues Revenues Revenues	<u>:</u>	Tobacco Settlement	Communit Welfare Service	è	OC Park		D	OC ana Point Harbor	_
Total Revenues	•		œ.		ф о	0.402	æ		
Total Part	Ф			700	\$		Ф		
200				799				400	
			4						
Charges for Services		200						27,210	
31,859 5,280 2,726 89 Other						•			•
Section		24.050							•
Expenditures Current		,							
Current		32,059	47,	605		5,700		28,028	Total Revenues
Current									Expenditures
512 Public Protection Public Ways and Facilities Health and Sanitation 22,128 Public Assistance Education 94,200 23,765 Recreation and Cultural Services 11,221 14,013 943 Capital Outlay Principal Retirement Interest Interest 133,861 108,213 24,708 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Interest Transfers In Transfers In Transfers In Debt Issued Debt Issued Debt Issued Capital Leases									
		8							General Government
				512					Public Protection
22,128 Public Assistance 94,200 23,765 Recreation and Cultural Services 11,221 14,013 943 Capital Outlay Debt Service Principal Retirement Interest 13,861 108,213 24,708 Total Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Debt Issued Debt Issued Debt Issued Capital Leases Capital Leases Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Total Capital Leases									Public Ways and Facilities
Capital Cultural Services									Health and Sanitation
94,200 23,765 Recreation and Cultural Services 11,221 14,013 943 Capital Outlay Debt Service Principal Retirement Interest			22,	128					Public Assistance
11,221 14,013 943 Capital Outlay Debt Service Principal Retirement Interest 8 33,861 108,213 24,708 Total Expenditures Excess (Deficit) of Revenues 32,051 13,744 7,553 3,320 Over Expenditures									Education
Debt Service Principal Retirement Interest Service Principal Retirement Interest Interest Total Expenditures Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures Over Expenditures Over Expenditures Interest Over Expenditures Over Expenditures Over Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In (26,926) (55,958) (1,101) (18) Transfers Out Output Debt Issued Capital Leases Output Debt Issued Output						,		23,765	Recreation and Cultural Services
			11,	221	1	4,013		943	Capital Outlay
Total Expenditures Excess (Deficit) of Revenues									Debt Service
8 33,861 108,213 24,708 Total Expenditures Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures 32,051 13,744 7,553 3,320 Over Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses) 8 17,614 Transfers In (26,926) (55,958) (1,101) (18) Transfers Out Debt Issued Capital Leases (26,918) (38,344) (1,101) (18) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 5,133 (24,600) 6,452 3,302 Net Change in Fund Balances 11,437 82,594 103,719 67,474 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year									Principal Retirement
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues									Interest
32,051 13,744 7,553 3,320 Over Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses) 8 17,614 Transfers In (26,926) (55,958) (1,101) (18) Transfers Out Debt Issued Capital Leases (26,918) (38,344) (1,101) (18) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 5,133 (24,600) 6,452 3,302 Net Change in Fund Balances 11,437 82,594 103,719 67,474 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		8	33,	861	10	8,213		24,708	·
Other Financing Sources (Uses) 8									
8 17,614 Transfers In (26,926) (55,958) (1,101) (18) Transfers Out Debt Issued Capital Leases (26,918) (38,344) (1,101) (18) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 5,133 (24,600) 6,452 3,302 Net Change in Fund Balances 11,437 82,594 103,719 67,474 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		32,051	13,	744		7,553		3,320	Over Expenditures
8 17,614 Transfers In (26,926) (55,958) (1,101) (18) Transfers Out Debt Issued Capital Leases (26,918) (38,344) (1,101) (18) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 5,133 (24,600) 6,452 3,302 Net Change in Fund Balances 11,437 82,594 103,719 67,474 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year									Other Financing Sources (Uses)
(26,926) (55,958) (1,101) (18) Transfers Out Debt Issued Capital Leases (26,918) (38,344) (1,101) (18) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 5,133 (24,600) 6,452 3,302 Net Change in Fund Balances 11,437 82,594 103,719 67,474 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		8	17.	614					• , ,
Debt Issued Capital Leases (26,918) (38,344) (1,101) (18) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 5,133 (24,600) 6,452 3,302 Net Change in Fund Balances 11,437 82,594 103,719 67,474 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year					(1.101)		(18)	Transfers Out
(26,918) (38,344) (1,101) (18) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 5,133 (24,600) 6,452 3,302 Net Change in Fund Balances 11,437 82,594 103,719 67,474 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year			(,		`			` ,	Debt Issued
5,133 (24,600) 6,452 3,302 Net Change in Fund Balances 11,437 82,594 103,719 67,474 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year									Capital Leases
11,437 82,594 103,719 67,474 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		(26,918)	(38,	344)		1,101)		(18)	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)
		5,133	(24,	600)		6,452		3,302	Net Change in Fund Balances
		11,437	82,	594	10	3,719		67,474	Fund Balances-Beginning of Year
	\$	16,570	\$ 57,	994	\$ 11	0,171	\$	70,776	Fund Balances-End of Year

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (Continued) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue

Revenues	Housing Asset	OC Public Libraries	Plan of Adjustment Available Cash	Health Care Programs
Taxes	\$	\$ 54,698	\$	\$
	\$	\$ 54,698	э	\$
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises				7 444
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties		7		7,444
Use of Money and Property	283	503	32	568
Intergovernmental		383		4,549
Charges for Services		1,053		1,166
Other		1,141		91
Total Revenues	283	57,785	32	13,818
Expenditures				
Current				
General Government			19,685	
Public Protection			·	
Public Ways and Facilities				
Health and Sanitation				929
Public Assistance	664			
Education		46,842		
Recreation and Cultural Services				
Capital Outlay		1,841		
Debt Service		.,		
Principal Retirement		16		
Interest		1		
Total Expenditures	664	48,700	19.685	929
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues		40,700	19,003	929
Over Expenditures	(381)	9,085	(19,653)	12,889
Over Experiultures	(361)	9,065	(19,055)	12,009
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In			2,530	1,991
Transfers Out			(7)	(12,624)
Debt Issued				
Capital Leases		47		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		47	2,523	(10,633)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(381)	9,132	(17,130)	2,256
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year	31,541	42,994	17,130	33,950
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$ 31,160	\$ 52,126	\$	\$ 36,206

		Special Revenue		Debt	Service	
	Roads	Orange County Housing Authority	Other Governmental Resources	Teeter Plan Notes	Orange County Public Facilities Corporation Bonds, Master Lease	
Φ.		•	•	•	•	Revenues
\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	Taxes
	807			0.000		Licenses, Permits, and Franchises
	3	450		9,990		Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties
	771	159	18	1,218	27	Use of Money and Property
	70,512	163,542				Intergovernmental
	23,708	3	191			Charges for Services
	1,587	572	59	2		Other
	97,388	164,276	268	11,210	27	Total Revenues
						Expenditures
						Current
			1	220		General Government
			'	220		Public Protection
	89,712					Public Ways and Facilities
	09,712					Health and Sanitation
		168,589				Public Assistance
		100,369				Education
						Recreation and Cultural Services
	28,253					Capital Outlay
	20,233					Debt Service
				59,110	419	Principal Retirement
				1,105	2,179	Interest
	117,965	160 500	1			
	117,905	168,589		60,435	2,598	Total Expenditures
	(20 577)	(4.242)	267	(40.005)	(0.574)	Excess (Deficit) of Revenues
	(20,577)	(4,313)	267	(49,225)	(2,571)	Over Expenditures
						Other Financing Sources (Uses)
					2,396	Transfers In
	(625)		(8)			Transfers Out
	(===)			58,489		Debt Issued
						Capital Leases
	(625)		(8)	58,489	2,396	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)
	(21,202)	(4,313)	259	9,264	(175)	Net Change in Fund Balances
	74,429	18,369	1,368	71,787	2,943	Fund Balances-Beginning of Year
\$	53,227	\$ 14,056	\$ 1,627	\$ 81,051	\$ 2,768	Fund Balances-End of Year
	,	,,,,,	,,,,,	,501	,,. 00	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (Continued) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Debt Service

Development Corporation Public Financing Authority Public Financing Authority Venues Taxes \$ \$ \$ \$ Licenses, Permits, and Franchises Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties Use of Money and Property 176 90 173 Intergovernmental Charges for Services Total Revenues 176 90 173 Public Financing Authority Authority Public Financing Public Financing Authority Authority Public Financing A				
	Obligation	Development	Public Financing	Orange County Public Financing Authority
Revenues				
	\$	\$	\$	\$
	176	90	173	26
Intergovernmental				
Charges for Services				
Other				
Total Revenues	176	90	173	26
Expenditures				
Current				
General Government	37	95		
Public Protection				
Public Ways and Facilities				
Health and Sanitation				
Public Assistance				
Education				
Recreation and Cultural Services				
Capital Outlay				
Debt Service				
Principal Retirement	3,003		7,165	9,590
Interest	11,997	6,757	3,152	335
Total Expenditures	15,037	6,852	10,317	9,925
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues	10,007	0,002	10,017	0,020
Over Expenditures	(14,861)	(6,762)	(10,144)	(9,899)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In			10,316	2,440
Transfers Out		(6)	(16,413)	(14,322)
Debt Issued		(6)	(10,413)	(14,322)
Capital Leases				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(6)	(6,097)	(11,882)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(14,861)	(6,768)	(16,241)	(21,781)
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year	61,460	21,538	23,287	21,787
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$ 46,599	\$ 14,770	\$ 7,046	\$ 6
	,,,,,,			

		Capital Projects		Permanent	
	inal Justice acilities	Countywide Capital Projects Non- General Fund	Capital Facilities Development Corporation Construction	Regional Park Endowment	
\$		\$	\$	\$	Revenues Taxes
Ψ		Ψ 	Ψ	Ψ	Licenses, Permits, and Franchises
	2,817				Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties
	177	470	1,247	3	Use of Money and Property
					Intergovernmental
					Charges for Services
	75			4	Other
	3,069	470	1,247	7	Total Revenues
	0,000		1,271		Total Neverlacs
					Expenditures
					Current
		1,151			General Government
					Public Protection
					Public Ways and Facilities
					Health and Sanitation
					Public Assistance
					Education
					Recreation and Cultural Services
	16,400	15,213	43,761		Capital Outlay
					Debt Service
					Principal Retirement
					Interest
	16,400	16,364	43,761		Total Expenditures
					Excess (Deficit) of Revenues
	(13,331)	(15,894)	(42,514)	7	Over Expenditures
					Other Figuresian Courses (Hear)
	40.004	00.404	0		Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In
	19,034	63,494	6		Transfers Out
	(4,319)	(51,564)			Debt Issued
					Capital Leases
	14,715	11,930	6		Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)
	,				
	1,384	(3,964)	(42,508)	7	Net Change in Fund Balances
	12,563	46,566	151,471	341	Fund Balances-Beginning of Year
\$	13,947	\$ 42,602	\$ 108,963	\$ 348	Fund Balances-End of Year

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-SPECIAL REVENUE

	* Oriç	ginal Budget		Final Budget		Actual on getary Basis		Variance Positive Negative)
Parking Facilities								
Revenues and Other Financing Sources	•		•		_			(100)
Use of Money and Property Charges for Services	\$	6,207 301	\$	6,207 505	\$	6,074 349	\$	(133) (156)
Other		376		376		401		25
Transfers In		669		443		443		
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		7,553	_	7,531		7,267		(264)
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses								
Public Ways and Facilities:		7 440		0.074		0.040		4 400
Parking Facilities Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		7,419 7,419		8,271 8,271		6,843 6,843		1,428 1,428
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing		7,415		0,271		0,043		1,420
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		134		(740)		424	\$	1,164
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		742		742		742		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	876	\$	2	\$	1,166		
Service Area, Lighting, Maintenance, and Assessment Districts Revenues and Other Financing Sources								
Taxes	\$	612	\$	612	\$	655	\$	43
Use of Money and Property Intergovernmental		39 4		148 4		994 4		846
Charges for Services		29		29		12		(17)
Other		2		10		11		1
Transfers In				77,641		77,641		
Bond Issuance Proceeds			_	33,459				(33,459)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		686	_	111,903		79,317		(32,586)
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses General Government:								
Special Assessment-Top of the World Improvement		58		58				58
CFD 2015-1 RMV (Village of Esencia) Construction		1,623		29,835		29,808		27
CFD 2016-1 RMV (Village of Esencia) Construction CFD 2017-1 RMV (Village of Esencia) Construction		48,898		48,898 111,100		31,935 4,470		16,963 106,630
Public Ways and Facilities:								
North Tustin Landscaping and Lighting Assessment District		3,474 9		3,474		157		3,317
County Service Area No. 13-La Mirada County Service Area No. 20-La Habra		1		10 10		7		3 10
County Service Area No. 22-East Yorba Linda		66		66		57		9
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		54,129		193,451		66,434		127,017
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	'	(53,443)		(81,548)		12,883	\$	94,431
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		93,965		93,965		93,965		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	40,522	\$	12,417	\$	106,848		
Other Environmental Management								
Revenues and Other Financing Sources	Φ.	400	Φ	400	Φ.	0.40	Φ.	400
Use of Money and Property Intergovernmental	\$	409 1,852	\$	409 1,852	\$	848 159	\$	439 (1,693)
Charges for Services		85		85		491		406
Other		166		166		386		220
Transfers In Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		2,512		261 2,773		261 2,145		(628)
		2,012		2,110		2,170		(020)
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses General Government:								
Real Estate Development Program		2,388		2,649		95		2,554
Air Quality Improvement		670		670		463		207
Public Protection:								
Survey Monument Preservation Public Ways and Facilities:		363		363		156		207
El Toro Improvement Fund		2,965		2,965		1,437		1,528
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		6,386		6,647		2,151		4,496
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing			_			-		
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(3,874)		(3,874)		(6)	\$	3,868
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		6,571	_	6,571		6,571		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	2,697	\$	2,697	\$	6,565		

^{*} Budgeted amounts, which include carried forward prior year encumbrance, may differ from the adopted budget.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-SPECIAL REVENUE (Continued)

	* Orig	ginal Budget		Final Budget	Actual on getary Basis	F	/ariance Positive legative)
<u>Tobacco Settlement</u> Revenues and Other Financing Sources							
Other	\$	25,194	\$		\$ 31,859	\$	6,903
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		25,194	-	24,956	 31,859		6,903
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses General Government:							
Orange County Tobacco Settlement Fund		33,664	_	36,381	 26,754		9,627
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing		33,664	_	36,381	 26,754		9,627
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(8,470)		(11,425)	5,105	\$	16,530
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		11,425		11,425	 11,425		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	2,955	\$		\$ 16,530	1	
Community and Welfare Services							
Revenues and Other Financing Sources							
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises	\$	802	\$		\$ 799	\$	(3)
Use of Money and Property		1,091		1,341	1,891		550
Intergovernmental Charges for Services		40,146 2,937		42,769 3,412	36,270 3,235		(6,499) (177)
Other		7,561		4,795	5,280		485
Transfers In		19,056		24,632	21,684		(2,948)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		71,593	_	77,751	69,159		(8,592)
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Public Assistance:							
MHSA Housing Fund		994		994	18		976
OC Animal Care Center Donations		100		146	138		8
Dispute Resolution Program		893		924	635		289
Domestic Violence Program Facilities Development and Maintenance		1,054 2,080		1,112 2,080	771 315		341 1,765
Workforce Investment Act		19,644		19,309	12,543		6,766
County Executive Office-Single Family Housing		5,251		5,251	5,030		221
OC Housing		12,436		11,232	8,130		3,102
Strategic Priority Affordable Housing		492		492	393		99
In-Home Support Services Public Authority SSA Donations and Fees		1,977 1,314		1,977 1,314	1,699 996		278 318
SSA Wraparound		26,352		54,984	46,412		8,572
CalHome Program Reuse Fund		778		778	·		778
OC Animal Shelter Fund		16,831		16,265	15,203		1,062
Santa Ana Regional Center Lease Conveyance Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		964 91,160	_	964 117,822	 963 93,246		24,576
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing		31,100	-	117,022	 93,240		24,370
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(19,567)		(40,071)	(24,087)	\$	15,984
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		105,343	_	105,343	 105,343		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	85,776	\$	65,272	\$ 81,256		
OC Parks							
Revenues and Other Financing Sources							
Taxes	\$	83,663	\$,	\$ 88,110	\$	4,447
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties		233 34		233 34	265 49		32 15
Use of Money and Property		10,903		10,903	11,715		812
Intergovernmental		407		407	1,064		657
Charges for Services		9,798		9,798	12,373		2,575
Other		135		135	2,483		2,348
Transfers In Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		17,583 122,756	-	17,583 122,756	 4,000 120,059		(13,583)
-		,	_	,	 ,		(=,==:)
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Recreation and Cultural Services:							
County Tidelands-Newport Bay		9,859		9,859	6,181		3,678
OC Parks		124,934		124,934	94,567		30,367
OC Capital		33,830		33,830	 12,740		21,090
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		168,623	_	168,623	 113,488		55,135
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(45,867)		(45,867)	6,571	\$	52,438
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		102,362		102,362	102,362		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	56,495	\$		\$ 108,933		
			· <u> </u>		 	1	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-SPECIAL REVENUE (Continued)

	* Original Budget			Final Budget		actual on getary Basis	- 1	/ariance Positive Negative)
OC Dana Point Harbor								
Revenues and Other Financing Sources								
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises	\$	11	\$	11	\$		\$	(11)
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	Ψ	127	Ψ	127	•	100	Ψ	(27)
Use of Money and Property		27,027		27,027		27,454		427
Charges for Services		854		854		629		(225)
Other		60		60		90		30
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		28,079	_	28,079		28,273		194
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses								
Recreation and Cultural Services:								
OC Dana Point Harbor		44,147		44,147		24,850		19,297
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		44,147		44,147		24,850		19,297
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing								
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(16,068)		(16,068)		3,423	\$	19,491
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		67,722		67,722		67,722		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	51,654	\$	51,654	\$	71,145		
Housing Asset								
Revenues and Other Financing Sources								
Use of Money and Property	\$	254	\$	254	\$	407	\$	153
Other						(90)		(90)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		254	_	254		317	_	63
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses								
Public Assistance:								
Orange County Development Agency Housing Asset		12,216		12,216		663		11,553
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		12,216		12,216		663		11,553
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing								
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(11,962)		(11,962)		(346)	\$	11,616
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		31,564		31,564		31,564		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	19,602	\$	19,602	\$	31,218		
OC Public Libraries								
Revenues and Other Financing Sources								
Taxes	\$	46,514	\$	46,514	\$	54,636	\$	8,122
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties		19		19		7		(12)
Use of Money and Property		228		228		669		441
Intergovernmental		450		450		383		(67)
Charges for Services		1,042		1,042		1,053		11
Other Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	-	722 48,975	-	722 48,975		908 57,656		186 8,681
•				-,-		- ,		-,
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Education:								
OC Public Libraries-Capital		6,488		6,751		2,336		4,415
OC Public Libraries		58,754		59,704		46,776		12,928
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		65,242		66,455		49,112		17,343
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing		•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•		*
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(16,267)		(17,480)		8,544	\$	26,024
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		43,038		43,038		43,038		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	26,771	\$	25,558	\$	51,582		

^{*} Budgeted amounts, which include carried forward prior year encumbrance, may differ from the adopted budget.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-SPECIAL REVENUE (Continued)

	* Ori	ginal Budget		Final Budget	Actual on Budgetary Basis		Variance Positive (Negative)
Plan of Adjustment Available Cash							
Revenues and Other Financing Sources							
Use of Money and Property	\$	25	\$	33	\$ 33	\$	
Transfers In		10,154		2,530	2,530		
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		10,179		2,563	2,563		
Expenditures and Other Financing Sources							
General Government:							
Class B-27 Registered Warrants				3	3		
Recovery Plan of Adjustment Available Cash		12,255		19,690	19,690		
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		12,255		19,693	19,693		
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(2,076)		(17,130)	(17,130) \$	
Fund Palanace Paginning of Voor		17 120		17,130	17,130		
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	17,130 15,054	\$		\$	-	
	Ψ	10,004	Ψ		Ψ	=	
Health Care Programs Revenues and Other Financing Sources							
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties	\$	7,855	\$	7,855	\$ 7,446	\$	(409)
Use of Money and Property	•	191	•	191	285		94
Intergovernmental		5,700		6,200	3,816		(2,384)
Charges for Services		1,251		1,251	1,166		(85)
Other		255		255	91		(164)
Transfers In		400		1,980	1,975		(5)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		15,652		17,732	14,779		(2,953)
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Health and Sanitation:							
Medi-Cal Administrative Activities Targeted Case Management		1,808		1,808	965		843
Emergency Medical Services		7,790		7,790	7,455		335
HCA Purpose Restricted Revenues		2,183		3,763	952		2,811
HCA Interest Bearing Purpose Restricted Revenues		51		51	4		47
Bioterrorism Center for Disease Control		3,997		4,556	3,815		741
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing		15,829		17,968	13,191		4,777
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(177)		(236)	1,588	\$	1,824
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		34,865		34,865	34,865		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	34,688	\$	34,629	\$ 36,453	_	
Roads						=	
Revenues and Other Financing Sources							
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises	\$	721	\$	721	\$ 807	\$	86
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties		7		7	3		(4)
Use of Money and Property		670		670	1,056		386
Intergovernmental		70,596		72,546	76,434		3,888
Charges for Services		53,607		54,007	23,794		(30,213)
Other Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		60,630 186,231	-	36,710 164,661	1,593 103,687		(35,117)
Former difference and Other Financina Hear		,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses							
Public Ways and Facilities: OC Road		154,539		163,409	91,022		72,387
Foothill Circulation Phasing Plan		1,002		1,062	349		72,367
South County Roadway Improve Prog (SCRIP)		28,005		36,454	28,000		8,454
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	-	183.546	-	200,925	119,371		81,554
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing		100,040		200,020	110,011		01,004
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		2,685		(36,264)	(15,684	\$	20,580
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		76,057		76,057	76,057		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	78,742	\$	39,793	\$ 60,373	_	
			_		· ·	=	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-SPECIAL REVENUE (Continued)

Name		* Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual on Igetary Basis	1	/ariance Positive Negative)
State of Money and Property 166,644 166,644 163,542 (3,102)									
Intergovermental 166,644 166,644 163,542 (3,102) Charges for Services 9 9 9 9 3 3 (6) Charges for Services 167,604 167,604 167,604 164,302 (3,302) 167,604 167,604 167,604 164,302 (3,302) 167,604 167,604 167,604 164,302 (3,302) 167,604 167,604 167,604 164,302 (3,302) 167,604 167,604 167,604 164,302 (3,302) 167,604 167,604 167,604 167,604 164,302 1,303 164,302 1,303 164,302 1,303 164,302 1,303 164,302 1,303 164,302 1,303 164,302 1,303 1									
Charges for Services 9 9 3 6) Other 822 822 571 (251) Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 167,604 167,604 167,604 164,302 (3,302) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Public Assistance: Orange County Housing Authority-Operating Reserve 4,281 4,282 1,338 2,944 Orange County Housing Authority 174,307 174,871 167,251 7,620 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 178,588 179,153 168,589 10,564 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Uses (10,984) (11,549) (4,287) 7,262 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 18,386 18,386 18,386 18,386 18,386 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year \$ 7,402 \$ 6,837 \$ 14,099 \$ 7,262 Other Governmental Resources Revenues and Other Financing Sources \$ 7 \$ 7 \$ 12 \$ 5 Charges for Services 200 200 191 <t< td=""><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td></t<>		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Other 822 822 571 (251) Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 167,604 167,604 164,302 (3,302) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Public Assistance: Valid August 100 (August 100 (Augu	•		166,644		166,644		163,542		(3,102)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 167,604 167,604 164,302 (3,302)			-		-		-		
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Public Assistance: Orange County Housing Authority Operating Reserve 4,281 4,282 1,338 2,944 1,230 174,307 174,871 167,251 7,620 174,871 167,251 7,620 174,871 167,251 7,620 174,871 167,251 7,620 174,871 167,251 7,620 174,871 167,251 7,620 174,871 167,251 7,620 174,871 167,251 7,620 174,871 167,251 7,620 174,871 167,251 7,620 174,871 167,251 7,620 174,871 167,251 7,620 174,871 167,251 7,620 174,871 167,251 7,620 174,971 167,251 7,620 174,971 167,251 1									
Public Assistance: 4,281 4,282 1,338 2,944 Orange County Housing Authority 174,307 174,871 167,251 7,620 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 178,588 179,153 168,589 10,564 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing 178,588 179,153 168,589 10,564 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing 18,386 18,386 18,386 18,386 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 18,386 18,386 18,386 14,099 Other Governmental Resources Revenues and Other Financing Sources 200 200 191 (9) Charges for Services 200 200 191 (9) Other - - - 5 5 Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 207 207 262 55 Expenditures and Other Financing Uses General Government: - - - - - - - - - - -	Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		167,604		167,604		164,302		(3,302)
Orange County Housing Authority 174,307 174,871 167,251 7,620 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 178,588 179,153 168,589 10,564 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Uses (10,984) (11,549) (4,287) \$ 7,262 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 18,386 18,386 18,386 18,386 Fund Balances-End of Year \$ 7,402 6,837 14,099 Other Governmental Resources Revenues and Other Financing Sources Use of Money and Property \$ 7 7 \$ 5 Charges for Services 200 200 191 (9) Other 59 59 Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 207 207 262 55 Expenditures and Other Financing Uses General Government: 76 76 1 75 Assessor Property Characteristic 200 200 200 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 276 276									
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 178,588 179,153 168,589 10,564 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (10,984) (11,549) (4,287) \$ 7,262 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 18,386 18,386 18,386 18,386 Fund Balances-End of Year \$ 7,402 6,837 \$ 14,099 Other Governmental Resources Revenues and Other Financing Sources \$ 7 7 \$ 12 \$ 5 Charges for Services 200 200 191 (9) Other 59 59 59 Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 207 207 262 55 Expenditures and Other Financing Uses General Government: 8 76 7 1 75 Assessor Property Characteristic 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 -	Orange County Housing Authority-Operating Reserve		4,281		4,282		1,338		2,944
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	Orange County Housing Authority		174,307		174,871		167,251		7,620
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (10,984) (11,549) (4,287) 7,262 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 18,386 18,386 18,386 18,386 Fund Balances-End of Year \$ 7,402 6,837 14,099 Other Governmental Resources Revenues and Other Financing Sources Use of Money and Property \$ 7 7 12 5 Charges for Services 200 200 191 (9) Other 59 59 Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 207 207 262 55 Expenditures and Other Financing Uses General Government: 76 76 1 75 Assessor Property Characteristic 200 200 200 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 276 276 1 275 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Uses (69) (69) (69) 261 \$ 330 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 1,370	Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		178,588		179,153		168,589		10,564
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year	Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing								
Other Governmental Resources \$ 7,402 \$ 6,837 \$ 14,099 Revenues and Other Financing Sources Use of Money and Property \$ 7 \$ 7 \$ 12 \$ 5 Charges for Services 200 200 191 (9) Other 59 59 Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 207 207 262 55 Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 8 76 76 1 75 Assessor Property Characteristic 200 200 200 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 276 276 1 275 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Uses (69) (69) (69) 261 330 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 1,370 1,370 1,370 1,370	Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(10,984)		(11,549)		(4,287)	\$	7,262
Other Governmental Resources \$ 7,402 \$ 6,837 \$ 14,099 Revenues and Other Financing Sources Use of Money and Property \$ 7 \$ 7 \$ 12 \$ 5 Charges for Services 200 200 191 (9) Other 59 59 Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 207 207 262 55 Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 8 76 76 1 75 Assessor Property Characteristic 200 200 200 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 276 276 1 275 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Uses (69) (69) (69) 261 330 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 1,370 1,370 1,370 1,370	Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		18,386		18,386		18,386		
Sevenues and Other Financing Sources		\$		\$		\$			
Sevenues and Other Financing Sources	Other Governmental Resources								
Use of Money and Property \$ 7 \$ 7 \$ 12 \$ 5 Charges for Services 200 200 191 (9) Other 59 59 Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 207 207 262 55 Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Seneral Government: Seneral Government: 200 200 200 Assessor Property Characteristic 200 200 200 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 276 276 1 275 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Uses (69) (69) (69) 261 330 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 1,370 1,370 1,370									
Other 59 59 Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 207 207 262 55 Expenditures and Other Financing Uses General Government: Remittance Processing Equipment Replacement 76 76 1 75 Assessor Property Characteristic 200 200 200 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 276 276 1 275 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Uses (69) (69) 261 \$ 330 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 1,370 1,370 1,370		\$	7	\$	7	\$	12	\$	5
Other 59 59 Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 207 207 262 55 Expenditures and Other Financing Uses General Government: Remittance Processing Equipment Replacement 76 76 1 75 Assessor Property Characteristic 200 200 200 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 276 276 1 275 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Uses (69) (69) 261 \$ 330 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 1,370 1,370 1,370	Charges for Services		200		200		191		(9)
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses General Government: 76 76 1 75 Remittance Processing Equipment Replacement 76 76 1 75 Assessor Property Characteristic 200 200 200 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 276 276 1 275 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing 8 699 (69) 261 \$ 330 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 1,370 1,370 1,370 1,370	Other						59		
General Government: 76 76 1 75 Remittance Processing Equipment Replacement 76 76 1 75 Assessor Property Characteristic 200 200 200 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 276 276 1 275 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (69) (69) 261 \$ 330 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 1,370 1,370 1,370	Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		207	_	207		262		55
Assessor Property Characteristic 200 200 200 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 276 276 1 275 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (69) (69) 261 \$ 330 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 1,370 1,370 1,370									
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 276 276 1 275 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (69) (69) 261 \$ 330 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 1,370 1,370 1,370	Remittance Processing Equipment Replacement		76		76		1		75
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (69) (69) (69) 261 \$ 330 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 1,370 1,370 1,370	Assessor Property Characteristic		200		200				200
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (69) (69) 261 \$ 330 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 1,370 1,370 1,370	Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		276		276		1		275
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 1,370 1,370 1,370	Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing					_			
	Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(69)		(69)		261	\$	330
	Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		1,370		1,370		1,370		
	Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	1,301	\$	1,301	\$	1,631		

^{*} Budgeted amounts, which include carried forward prior year encumbrance, may differ from the adopted budget.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-DEBT SERVICE

	* Original Budget			Final Budget		actual on getary Basis		Variance Positive (Negative)
Teeter Plan Notes								
Revenues and Other Financing Sources								
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties	\$		\$	11,050	\$	9,449	\$	(1,601)
Use of Money and Property		225		225		1,405		1,180
Other						2		2
Bond Issuance Proceeds		32,000		58,489		58,489		
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		32,225		69,764		69,345		(419)
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses								
General Government:								
Teeter Series A Debt Service		66,957		104,496		60,435		44,061
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		66,957		104,496		60,435		44,061
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing								
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(34,732)		(34,732)		8,910	\$	43,642
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		68,452		68,452		68,452		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	33,720	\$	33,720	\$	77,362		
Pension Obligation Bonds								
Revenues and Other Financing Sources								
Use of Money and Property	\$	8,359	\$	8,359	\$	8,359	\$	
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	Ψ	8.359	Ψ	8.359	Ψ	8.359	Ψ	
Total Nevertues and Other I maneing Sources		0,000		0,000		0,000		
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses								
General Government:								
Pension Obligation Bonds Debt Service		15,046		15,046		15,035		11_
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		15,046		15,046		15,035		11_
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing		42.2 5→		/a a		/a a==-:	_	
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(6,687)		(6,687)		(6,676)	\$	11
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		28,205		28,205		28,205		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	21,518	\$	21,518	\$	21,529		

^{*} Budgeted amounts, which include carried forward prior year encumbrance, may differ from the adopted budget.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-CAPITAL PROJECTS

Part		* Orig	inal Budget	 Final Budget	ctual on etary Basis	İ	/ariance Positive legative)
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties \$ 2,825 \$ 2,739 \$ 2,817 \$ 78 Use of Money and Property 75 75 266 211 Intergovernmental 6,505 6,505 (6,505) Cither 12 2,604 75 (2,529) City 12 2,604 75 (2,529) Transfers In 37,138 39,760 19,035 (20,725) Transfers In 37,138 39,760 19,035 (20,725) Transfers In 37,138 39,760 19,035 (20,725) Transfers In 25,609 25,973 22,213 (29,470) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 25,609 28,973 5,981 22,992 Courthouse Temporary Construction 3,639 3,664 3,664 Sheriff-Coroner Construction and Facility Development 33,379 39,157 9,099 30,058 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 62,627 71,794 18,744 53,050 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Uses (16,072) (20,111) 3,469 \$ 23,580 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 20,097 20,097 20,097 Fund Balances-End of Year \$ 4,025 \$ (14) \$ 23,566 Countywide Capital Projects Non-General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Total Revenues and Other Financing Uses 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 67,174 74,653 67,484 7,169 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Uses 67,174 74,653 67,484 7,169							
Use of Money and Property	<u> </u>						
Intergovernmental		\$,	\$,	\$, -	\$	
Other 12 2,604 75 (2,529) Transfers In 37,138 39,760 19,035 (20,725) Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 46,555 51,683 22,213 (29,470) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Public Protection: Criminal Justice Facilities Accumulated Capital Outlay 25,609 28,973 5,981 22,992 Courthouse Temporary Construction 3,639 3,664 3,664 - Shefff-Coroner Construction and Facility Development 33,379 39,157 9,099 30,058 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 62,627 71,794 18,744 53,050 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Uses (16,072) (20,111) 3,469 \$ 23,580 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 20,097 20,097 20,097 Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources Transfers In 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Total Revenues and Other Financing Uses 24,473 63,474					286		
Transfers In Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 37,138 39,760 19,035 (20,725) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Fubilic Protection: Separation of Separ	ŭ		-,	-,			. , ,
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources				,			
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Public Protection: Criminal Justice Facilities Accumulated Capital Outlay 25,609 28,973 5,981 22,992 Courthouse Temporary Construction 3,639 3,664 3,664				 39,760			
Public Protection: Criminal Justice Facilities Accumulated Capital Outlay 25,609 28,973 5,981 22,992 Courthouse Temporary Construction 3,639 3,664 3,664 Sheriff-Coroner Construction and Facility Development 33,379 39,157 9,099 30,058 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 62,627 71,794 18,744 53,050 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing (16,072) (20,111) 3,469 \$23,580 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 20,097 20,097 20,097 20,097 Fund Balances-End of Year \$4,025 1(14) 23,566 Countywide Capital Projects Non-General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources Transfers In 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Countywide Capital Projects Non-General 56,403 63,060 56,022 7,038 Countywide Capital Projec	Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		46,555	 51,683	 22,213		(29,470)
Courthouse Temporary Construction 3,639 3,664 3,664 3,664	•						
Sheriff-Coroner Construction and Facility Development 33,379 39,157 9,099 30,058 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 62,627 71,794 18,744 53,050 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Uses (16,072) (20,111) 3,469 323,580 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 20,097 20,097 20,097 Fund Balances-End of Year 34,025 1414 323,566 Countywide Capital Projects Non-General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Countywide Capital Projects Non-General 56,403 63,060 56,022 7,038 Countywide Capital Projects Non-General 10,771 11,593 11,462 131 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 67,174 74,653 67,484 7,169 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Uses (42,701) (11,179) (4,011) \$7,168 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 46,558 46,558 46,558 46,558	Criminal Justice Facilities Accumulated Capital Outlay		25,609	28,973	5,981		22,992
Sheriff-Coroner Construction and Facility Development 33,379 39,157 9,099 30,058 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 62,627 71,794 18,744 53,050 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Uses (16,072) (20,111) 3,469 323,580 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 20,097 20,097 20,097 Fund Balances-End of Year 34,025 1414 323,566 Countywide Capital Projects Non-General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Countywide Capital Projects Non-General 56,403 63,060 56,022 7,038 Countywide Capital Projects Non-General 10,771 11,593 11,462 131 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 67,174 74,653 67,484 7,169 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Uses (42,701) (11,179) (4,011) \$7,168 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 46,558 46,558 46,558 46,558	Courthouse Temporary Construction		3,639	3,664	3,664		,
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (16,072) (20,111) 3,469 \$ 23,580 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 20,097 20,097 20,097 20,097 Fund Balances-End of Year \$ 4,025 (14) \$ 23,566 Countywide Capital Projects Non-General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources Transfers In Sources 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Capital Improvements: 56,403 63,060 56,022 7,038 Countywide Capital Projects Non-General 10,771 11,593 11,462 131 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 67,174 74,653 67,484 7,169 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Uses (42,701) (11,179) (4,011) \$ 7,168 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 46,558 46,558 46,558			33,379	39,157	9,099		30,058
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (16,072) (20,111) 3,469 \$ 23,580 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 20,097 20,097 20,097 Fund Balances-End of Year \$ 4,025 (14) 23,566 Countywide Capital Projects Non-General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources Transfers In Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Capital Improvements: Countywide Capital Projects Non-General 56,403 63,060 56,022 7,038 Countywide IT Projects Non-General 10,771 11,593 11,462 131 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 67,174 74,663 67,484 7,169 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Uses (42,701) (11,179) (4,011) \$ 7,168 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 46,558 46,558 46,558	Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		62,627	 71,794	 18,744		53,050
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 20,097 20,097 20,097 Fund Balances-End of Year \$ 4,025 \$ (14) \$ 23,566 Countywide Capital Projects Non-General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources Transfers In 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Capital Improvements: Countywide Capital Projects Non-General 56,403 63,060 56,022 7,038 Countywide IT Projects Non-General 10,771 11,593 11,462 131 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 67,174 74,653 67,484 7,169 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources (42,701) (11,179) (4,011) \$ 7,168 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 46,558 46,558	Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing			 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Countywide Capital Projects Non-General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Transfers In Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 24,473 63,060 56,022 7,038 Capital Improvements: Countywide Capital Projects Non-General 56,403 63,060 56,022 7,038 Countywide IT Projects Non-General 10,771 11,593 11,462 131 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 67,174 74,653 67,484 7,169 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Uses (42,701) (11,179) (4,011) \$7,168 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 46,558 46,558 46,558	Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(16,072)	(20,111)	3,469	\$	23,580
Countywide Capital Projects Non-General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Transfers In 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Capital Improvements: 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 9 7,038 1,060 56,022 7,038 1,0771 11,593 11,462 131 1,1462 131 1,1462 131 1,1462 131 1,1462 1,169 <td>Fund Balances-Beginning of Year</td> <td></td> <td>20,097</td> <td>20,097</td> <td>20,097</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		20,097	20,097	20,097		
Revenues and Other Financing Sources 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1)	Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	4,025	\$ (14)	\$ 23,566		
Revenues and Other Financing Sources 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1)	Countywide Capital Projects Non-General Fund						
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 24,473 63,474 63,473 (1)							
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Capital Improvements: Countywide Capital Projects Non-General 56,403 63,060 56,022 7,038 Countywide IT Projects Non-General 10,771 11,593 11,462 131 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 67,174 74,653 67,484 7,169 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (42,701) (11,179) (4,011) \$ 7,168 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 46,558	Transfers In		24,473	63,474	63,473		(1)
Capital Improvements: 56,403 63,060 56,022 7,038 Countywide Capital Projects Non-General 10,771 11,593 11,462 131 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 67,174 74,653 67,484 7,169 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (42,701) (11,179) (4,011) \$ 7,168 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 46,558 46,558 46,558	Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		24,473	63,474	63,473		(1)
Countywide IT Projects Non-General 10,771 11,593 11,462 131 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 67,174 74,653 67,484 7,169 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (42,701) (11,179) (4,011) \$ 7,168 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 46,558 46,558 46,558							
Countywide IT Projects Non-General 10,771 11,593 11,462 131 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 67,174 74,653 67,484 7,169 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (42,701) (11,179) (4,011) \$ 7,168 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 46,558 46,558 46,558	· ·		56.403	63.060	56.022		7.038
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 67,174 74,653 67,484 7,169 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (42,701) (11,179) (4,011) \$ 7,168 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 46,558 46,558 46,558			,	,	,		,
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (42,701) (11,179) (4,011) \$ 7,168 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 46,558 46,558	·	-		 	 		
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (42,701) (11,179) (4,011) \$ 7,168 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 46,558 46,558 46,558	·			 	 , .		
	Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(42,701)	(11,179)	(4,011)	\$	7,168
Fund Balances-End of Year \$ 3,857 \$ 35,379 \$ 42,547	Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		46,558	46,558	46,558		
	Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	3,857	\$ 35,379	\$ 42,547		

^{*} Budgeted amounts, which include carried forward prior year encumbrance, may differ from the adopted budget.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-PERMANENT FUND

	* Origir	nal Budget	Fin	al Budget	ual on ary Basis	Po	riance ositive gative)
Regional Park Endowment							
Revenues and Other Financing Sources							
Use of Money and Property	\$		\$	4	\$ 4	\$	
Other				4	5		1
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources				8	9		1
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses							
Public Ways and Facilities:							
Limestone Regional Park Mitigation Maintenance Endowment				8			8
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses				8	 		8
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources							,
Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses					9	\$	9
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		184		184	184		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	184	\$	184	\$ 193		

^{*} Budgeted amounts, which include carried forward prior year encumbrance, may differ from the adopted budget.



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

These funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one County department or agency to other County departments or agencies, or to other governmental entities, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Health and Other Self-Insured Employee Benefits

These funds are used to account for the County's self-funded health insurance programs, group salary continuance plan, group dental insurance programs, wellness program, and flexible spending accounts.

Insured Health Plans

This fund is used to account for the fully insured health plans for the County employees and retirees.

Life Insurance

This fund is used to account for the County's life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance for employees.

Workers' Compensation

This fund is used to account for the County's self-funded workers' compensation insurance program.

Unemployment Insurance

This fund is used to account for the County's self-funded unemployment insurance program.

Property and Casualty Risk

This fund is used to account for the County's self-funded property and casualty risk insurance program.

Transportation

This fund is used to account for motor pool repair and maintenance, and for other transportation services, which are provided to departments and agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Reprographics

This fund is used to account for printing and graphic services, which are provided to departments and agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Information and Technology

This fund is used to account for applications development and support, voice and data services, and desktop support to departments and agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	T	otal	Sel	n and Other f-Insured yee Benefits		nsured alth Plans	Ins	Life surance	 orkers'
ASSETS									
Current Assets Pooled Cash/Investments Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$	256,817 375	\$	35,985 375	\$	7,310 	\$	131	\$ 90,831
Imprest Cash Funds Receivables		8							
Accounts Interest/Dividends Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables		163 690 (57)		6 108 		26 		 	240
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		2,996 680		874 275		195 1			61 42
Inventory of Materials and Supplies Prepaid Costs		385 1,879				 7.500			 255
Total Current Assets		263,936		37,623	-	7,532		131	 91,429
Noncurrent Assets Capital Assets		0.440							
Construction in Progress Intangible Assets-Amortizable Accumulated Amortization		2,448 118 (16)		 		 		 	118 (16)
Structures and Improvements Accumulated Depreciation		12,599 (6,650)							`'
Equipment Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets		135,615 (82,008) 62,106		 				 	8 (8) 102
Total Assets		326,042		37,623		7,532		131	91,531
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB		11,156 299		 				 	2,799 108
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		11,455							 2,907
LIABILITIES									
Current Liabilities Accounts Payable Retainage Payable		12,848 26		467				 	825
Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable		515							63
Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governmental Agencies		713 2		5 					11
Insurance Claims Payable Compensated Employee Absences Payable		55,348 1,157		12,676		<u></u>		 	 30,859 143
Total Current Liabilities		70,609		13,148					 31,901
Noncurrent Liabilities Insurance Claims Payable		148,411							119,336
Compensated Employee Absences Payable Net Pension Liability		1,219 37,768							121 7,006
Net OPEB Liability Total Noncurrent Liabilities		4,514 191,912							 1,633 128,096
Total Liabilities		262,521		13,148					 159,997
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB		8,874 153							2,468 55
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		9,027							2,523
NET POSITION									
Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted		62,106 3,843		 24,475		 7,532		 131	102 (68,184)
Total Net Position	\$	65,949	\$	24,475	\$	7,532	\$	131	\$ (68,082)

Section Sect		nployment surance		operty & sualty Risk	Trar	nsportation			formation & echnology	<u>ASSETS</u>	
CashCash Equivalents Impress Cash Funds Receivables	æ	9 100	æ	62 147	¢	17 260	œ	4 200	¢	20.726	
1	Ф		Ф		Ф	17,369	Ф		Ф		
Receivables				5						3	
177											
(56) (1) Allowance for Uncoloctible Receivables Decide From Street Principle Control Principle Control Control Principle Control Cont				3		56		4		68	Accounts
16 14 - 332 Due from Other Funds 130 644 78 768 130 644 78 768 130 644 78 768 130 644 78 768 130 644 78 768 130 644 78 768 130 644 78 768 130 644 78 768 130 644 78 768 130 644 78 768 130 644 78 768 130 644 78 768 239 2.09 239 2.09 239 2.09		24		177				11			
16											
130						,					
130											· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
8,124 63,691 20,089 4,301 31,016 Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets Noncurrent Assets Capital Capital A											
Noncurrent Assets	-		-		-		-		-		
Capital Assets		0,124		00,001		20,000		4,001		01,010	Total Galloni Addoto
											Noncurrent Assets
Intangible Assets Amortizable Accumulated Amortization											
(5.58) (1.112) (5.675											
Company											
Section Sect										,	
(25,900) (1,226) (54,874) Accumulated Depreciation 8,124 63,691 57,023 4,754 55,633 Total Assets DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 719 3,303 600 3,735 Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB 16 75 12 88 Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB 7,355 3,378 612 3,823 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources LIABILITIES Current Liabilities 13 1,853 718 183 8,789 Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Retainage Payable Current Liabilities Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Current Liabilities No 11,1012								1.440			
8,124 63,691 57,023 4,754 55,633 Total Assets											
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Compensated Employee Absences Payable Total Current Liabilities Compensated Employee Absences Payable Compensated Employee Ab						36,934		453		24,617	Total Capital Assets
Transfer		8,124		63,691		57,023		4,754		55,633	Total Assets
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Total Deferred Outflows of Resources											DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources LIABILITIES											
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts Payable Accounts Paya			-								
13	-		-	733	-	3,370		012	-	3,023	Total Deletted Outflows of Resources
13											LIABILITIES
1											Current Liabilities
174 30 214 Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable 3 553 8 133 Due to Other Funds Due to Other Guoremental Agencies 11,012 1 1 1 Due to Other Guoremental Agencies 11,012 Insurance Claims Payable Compensated Employee Absences Payable 100 368 44 502 Compensated Employee Absences Payable 13,002 1,814 278 9,652 Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities		13		1,853		718				,	
3 553 8 133 Due to Other Funds 1 1 1 1 Due to Other Governmental Agencies 100 368 44 502 Compensated Employee Absences Payable 100 368 44 502 Compensated Employee Absences Payable 100 368 54 502 Total Current Liabilities 29,075 Insurance Claims Payable 86 466 28 518 Compensated Employee Absences Payable 2,841 12,395 2,436 13,090 Net Pension Liability 239 1,136 183 1,323 Net OPEB Liability 332,241 13,397 2,647 14,931 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 31,341 15,811 2,925 24,583 Total Liabilities 32,441 15,811 2,925 24,583 Total Liabilities 32,441 15,811 2,925 24,583 Total Liabilities 32,441 15,811 2,925 24,583 Total Liabilities 32,547 452 2,844 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB 571 2,586 458 2,889 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 36,934 453 24,617 Net Investment in Capital Assets 36,934 453 458 458 458 458 458 458 458 458 458 458											
Total Liabilities Page P											
11,012											
100 368											
Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities						368		44			
1		814									
1		<u> </u>									
86 466 28 518 Compensated Employee Absences Payable 2,841 12,395 2,436 13,090 Net Pension Liability 239 1,136 183 1,323 Net OPEB Liability 32,241 13,997 2,647 14,931 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 4,543 15,811 2,925 24,583 Total Liabilities 563 2,547 452 2,844 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension 8 39 6 45 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB 571 2,586 458 2,889 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources NET POSITION 36,934 453 24,617 Net Investment in Capital Assets 36,934 453 7,310 18,612 5,070 1,530 7,367 Unrestricted											
2,841 12,395 2,436 13,090 Net Pension Liability 239 1,136 183 1,323 Net OPEB Liability 32,241 13,997 2,647 14,931 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 814 45,243 15,811 2,925 24,583 Total Liabilities 563 2,547 452 2,844 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Resources 571 2,586 458 2,889 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Resources Related to OPEB Total Deferred Inflows of Resources NET POSITION 36,934 453 24,617 Net Investment in Capital Assets 7,310 18,612 5,070 1,530 7,367 Unrestricted											
Total Liability Total Noncurrent Liabilities											
- 32,241 13,997 2,647 14,931 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 814 45,243 15,811 2,925 24,583 Total Liabilities - 563 2,547 452 2,844 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Negative to OPEB Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Total Deferred Inflows of Resources NET POSITION 36,934 453 24,617 Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted											
Second					-						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		014		45.040							Total Liabilities
563 2,547 452 2,844 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Total Deferred Inflows of Resources NET POSITION 36,934 453 24,617 Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted		814		45,243		15,811		2,925		24,583	
Net Incomplete											DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES
571 2,586 458 2,889 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources **NET POSITION** 36,934 453 24,617 Net Investment in Capital Assets 7,310 18,612 5,070 1,530 7,367 Unrestricted											
36,934 453 24,617 Net Investment in Capital Assets 7,310 18,612 5,070 1,530 7,367 Unrestricted						39					
36,934 453 24,617 Net Investment in Capital Assets 7,310 18,612 5,070 1,530 7,367 Unrestricted				5/1		2,586		458		2,889	lotal Deterred Inflows of Resources
7,310 18,612 5,070 1,530 7,367 Unrestricted											NET POSITION
7,310 18,612 5,070 1,530 7,367 Unrestricted						36,934		453		24,617	Net Investment in Capital Assets
\$ 7,310 \$ 18,612 \$ 42,004 \$ 1,983 \$ 31,984 Total Net Position						5,070		1,530		7,367	Unrestricted
	\$	7,310	\$	18,612	\$	42,004	\$	1,983	\$	31,984	Total Net Position

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

		Total	Self	and Other f-Insured yee Benefits		nsured alth Plans	Life urance		Vorkers' npensation
Operating Revenues	•	4 504	œ		•		\$	œ	
Use of Money and Property	\$	1,581	\$	4.500	\$		\$ 	\$	
Charges for Services Insurance Premiums		99,612		1,503		470.044			
		330,315		65,600		173,614	 824		58,558
Total Operating Revenues		431,508		67,103		173,614	 824		58,558
Operating Expenses									
Salaries and Employee Benefits		22,834							2,663
Services and Supplies		27,090		1,784					421
Professional Services		58,648		4,614		5			5,434
Operating Leases		2,124							164
Insurance Claims and Premiums		293,087		63,902		174,115	852		40,568
Other Charges		368		368					
Taxes and Other Fees		8							
Depreciation		9,868							16
Total Operating Expenses		414,027		70,668		174,120	 852		49,266
Operating Income (Loss)		17,481	-	(3,565)		(506)	 (28)		9,292
Nonoperating Revenues									
Intergovernmental Revenues		1,039		1,039					
Interest and Investment Income		2,085		335		115	2		604
Gain on Disposition of Capital Assets		345							
Other Revenue		7,299		4,930		251			228
Total Nonoperating Revenues		10,768		6,304		366	2		832
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers		28,249		2,739		(140)	(26)		10,124
Capital Contributions		424							
Transfers In		8,649		928		5			157
Transfers Out		(337)				(108)	 (2)		(12)
Change in Net Position		36,985		3,667		(243)	(28)		10,269
Net Position - Beginning of Year		33,530		20,808		7,775	159		(76,699)
Adjustment Due to Change in Accounting Principle		(4,566)					 		(1,652)
Net Position - Beginning of Year, as Restated		28,964		20,808		7,775	 159		(78,351)
Net Position - End of Year	\$	65,949	\$	24,475	\$	7,532	\$ 131	\$	(68,082)

	mployment surance		operty & sualty Risk	Transportation	R	eprographics		ormation & echnology	
\$		\$		\$	- \$		\$	1,581	Operating Revenues
Ф		Ф		ъ 24,861	Ф	4,009	Ф	69,239	Use of Money and Property Charges for Services
			31,719	24,001		4,009		09,239	Insurance Premiums
			31,719	24,861		4,009		70,820	Total Operating Revenues
			31,719	24,001		4,009		70,020	Total Operating Nevertues
									Operating Expenses
			1,553	8,051		1,341		9,226	Salaries and Employee Benefits
			7,575	9,254		1,253		6,803	Services and Supplies
	66		527	2,339		402		45,261	Professional Services
			173	42		443		1,302	Operating Leases
	848		12,802						Insurance Claims and Premiums
									Other Charges
				8					Taxes and Other Fees
				5,421		48		4,383	Depreciation
	914		22,630	25,115		3,487	-	66,975	Total Operating Expenses
	(914)		9,089	(254)		522	-	3,845	Operating Income (Loss)
									Nonoperating Revenues
									Intergovernmental Revenues
	85		468	148		33		295	Interest and Investment Income
				345					Gain on Disposition of Capital Assets
	9		1,336	264		188		93	Other Revenue
	94		1,804	757		221		388	Total Nonoperating Revenues
	(820)		10,893	503		743		4,233	Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers
				424					Capital Contributions
				7,559					Transfers In
				(215))				Transfers Out
	(820)		10,893	8,271		743		4,233	Change in Net Position
	8,130		7,961	34,882		1,425		29,089	Net Position - Beginning of Year
	0,130		(242)	(1,149)		(185)		(1,338)	Adjustment Due to Change in Accounting Principle
	8,130	-	7,719	33,733		1,240	-	27,751	Net Position - Beginning of Year, as Restated
•	7,310	•					Φ.		Net Position - Beginning of Year, as Restated Net Position - End of Year
Φ	1,310	Φ	18,612	\$ 42,004	\$	1,983	Φ	31,984	NET LOSITION - EUR OF LEGI

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

		Total	S	Ith and Other elf-Insured loyee Benefits	Insured alth Plans		Life Insurance	Vorkers'
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Receipts from Customers	\$	32,359	\$	1,831	\$ 	\$		\$
Cash Received for Premiums Within the County's Entity		330,315		65,600	173,614		824	58,558
Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(385,671)		(70,129)	(174,125)		(852)	(42,388)
Payments to Employees for Services		(23,086)						(2,830)
Payments for Interfund Services		(1,203)		(891)	(90)			
Receipts for Interfund Services		70,355						68
Payment for Taxes and Other Fees Other Operating Receipts		(8) 7,299		4,930	 251			228
Other Operating Receipts Other Operating Payments		(2,546)		(368)	(14)			(204)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	_	27,814		973	(364)		(28)	13,432
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Transfers In		8,649		928	5			157
Transfers Out		(337)			(108)		(2)	(12)
Intergovernmental Revenues		1,039		1,039				
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		9,351		1,967	 (103)	_	(2)	 145
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(40.050)						(52)
Acquisition of Capital Assets Principal Paid on Capital Lease Obligations		(12,956) (6,900)						(53)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		345						
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(19,511)			 			 (53)
	-	(-, - ,			 			 (/
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		4 000		200	445		2	F20
Interest on Investments Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		1,883 1,883		300	 115 115		2	 538 538
·					 			
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		19,537		3,240	(352)		(28)	14,062
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	237,663 257,200	\$	33,120 36,360	\$ 7,662 7,310	\$	159 131	\$ 76,769 90,831
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to	\$	17,481	\$	(3,565)	\$ (506)	\$	(28)	\$ 9,292
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:								
Depreciation Other Payages		9,868		4.020				16
Other Revenue (Increases) Decreases In:		7,299		4,930	251			228
Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowances		(21)		(5)	(13)			
Due from Other Funds		1,721		(860)	(90)			67
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		372		333	(1)			(40)
Inventory of Materials and Supplies		24						`
Prepaid Costs		(53)						(7)
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension		(2,735)						(979)
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Increases (Decreases) In:		43						16
Accounts Payable		(8,394)		48	(5)			(519)
Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable		47			(3)			(1)
Due to Other Funds		(1,808)		(31)				1
Due to Other Governmental Agencies		(11)		()				
Insurance Claims Payable		1,588		123				4,561
Compensated Employee Absences Payable		114						(27)
Net Pension Liability		(747)						(270)
Net OPEB Liability		(394)						(143)
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension		3,267						1,182
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB		153			 			 55
Total Adjustments Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	10,333 27,814	\$	4,538 973	\$ (364)	\$	(28)	\$ 4,140 13,432
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to Statement of Net Position	<u>-T</u>	- , 1	*		 11		1==1	 -, -==
Pooled Cash/Investments	\$	256,817	\$	35,985	\$ 7,310	\$	131	\$ 90,831
Cash/Cash Equivalents		375		375				
Imprest Cash Funds		8			 			
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	257,200	\$	36,360	\$ 7,310	\$	131	\$ 90,831

	ployment urance		roperty & sualty Risk	Trar	nsportation	Rep	rographics		ormation & echnology	
										CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES
\$		\$	9	\$	24,876	\$	4,011	\$	1,632	Receipts from Customers
			31,719							Cash Received for Premiums Within the County's Entity
	(1,022)		(23,943)		(12,193)		(1,492)		(59,527)	Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services
			(1,587)		(8,129)		(1,382)		(9,158)	Payments to Employees for Services
			(10)				(212)			Payments for Interfund Services
					2,633				67,654	Receipts for Interfund Services
					(8)					Payment for Taxes and Other Fees
	9		1,336		264		188		93	Other Operating Receipts
	(4.042)		(173)		(42)		(443)		(1,302)	Other Operating Payments
	(1,013)		7,351		7,401		670		(608)	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities
										CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES
					7,559					Transfers In
					(215)					Transfers Out
					(213)					Intergovernmental Revenues
-					7,344					Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities
					7,044					The dustri torided (000d) by Horioapida i indiretty felivilles
										CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES
					(11,704)		(242)		(957)	Acquisition of Capital Assets
									(6,900)	Principal Paid on Capital Lease Obligations
					345					Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets
					(11,359)		(242)		(7,857)	Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities
										CASH ELOW EDOM INVESTING ACTIVITIES
	81		416		126		22		283	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on Investments
	81	_	416		126		22		283	Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities
	01		410		120				203	Net Cash Florided by investing Activities
	(932)		7,767		3,512		450		(8,182)	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents
	9,032		55,385		13,857		3,758		37,921	Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year
\$	8,100	\$	63,152	\$	17,369	\$	4,208	\$	29,739	Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year
										·
\$	(914)	\$	9,089	\$	(254)	\$	522	\$	3,845	Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:
					5,421		48		4,383	Depreciation
	9		1,336		264		188		93	Other Revenue
			.,							(Increases) Decreases In:
			1		6		(4)		(6)	Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowances
			(13)		2,639				(22)	Due from Other Funds
			8		9		6		57	Due from Other Governmental Agencies
					24					Inventory of Materials and Supplies
			(3)		(62)		23		(4)	Prepaid Costs
			(133)		(700)		(106)		(817)	Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension
			2		11		2		12	Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB
										Increases (Decreases) In:
	13		(61)		(563)		152		(7,459)	Accounts Payable
					12		1		35	Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable
			3		(6)		(212)		(1,563)	Due to Other Funds
			(0.075)		1		(12)			Due to Other Governmental Agencies
	(121)		(2,975)				(00)			Insurance Claims Payable
			(23)		25		(30)		169	Compensated Employee Absences Payable
			(40)		(188)		(30)		(219)	Net Pension Liability
			(21)		(99)		(16)		(115)	Net OPEB Liability
			173		822		132		958	Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension
	(00)		(4.720)		39		149		(4.452)	Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB
¢	(99)	Φ.	(1,738)	•	7,655	•	148	•	(4,453)	Total Adjustments Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities
Φ	(1,013)	\$	7,351	\$	7,401	\$	670	\$	(608)	iver Casil Flovided (Osed) by Operating Activities
										Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to Statement of Net Position
\$	8,100	\$	63,147	\$	17,369	\$	4,208	\$	29,736	Pooled Cash/Investments
	-				·		·			Cash/Cash Equivalents
			5						3	Imprest Cash Funds
\$	8,100	\$	63,152	\$	17,369	\$	4,208	\$	29,739	Total Cash and Cash Equivalents

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee or agency capacity on behalf of outside parties, including employees, individuals, private organizations, or other governments. These funds cannot be used to support the County's programs. When these assets are held under a formal trust agreement, a trust fund is used. Agency funds are generally used to account for assets that the County holds on behalf of others as their agent in a purely custodial capacity.

PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

Public Administration Trust Funds

These funds are used to account for trust arrangements where the principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Examples of private-purpose trusts include unidentified funds, unclaimed prisoner funds, and decedents' property held for escheatment.

Orange County Redevelopment Successor Agency (Successor Agency)

The Orange County Development Agency (OCDA) was dissolved effective February 1, 2012 in accordance with ABx1 26. A successor agency was designated as the successor entity to the former redevelopment agency in accordance with Health and Safety Code 34173. The Orange County Redevelopment Successor Agency holds the assets of the dissolved OCDA pending liquidation and distribution.

PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS TRUST FUNDS

Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan

This fund is used to account for the retirement plan for employees working less than half-time or as extrahelp. This retirement plan was closed to new participants as of February 28, 2002. The eligible employees of these plans are not covered by the Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS).

Extra-Help Defined Contribution Plan

This fund is used to account for the defined contribution retirement plan for extra-help and part-time employees. This plan replaced the Extra-Help Defined Benefit Retirement Plan and was effective for new employees on March 1, 2002. Effective February 10, 2015, the plan also includes new employees who have attained age 60 at date of hire, who waive membership in OCERS, and do not have funds on deposit with OCERS and otherwise meet the requirements under OCERS' regulations and state law to waive membership in OCERS. The eligible employees of these plans are not covered by OCERS.

401(a) Defined Contribution Plan

This fund accounts for the 401(a) defined contribution plan, which was established in January 1999 for eligible employees, including the members of the Board, certain executive managers, certain administrative managers once classified as confidential and grandfathered in the plan, attorneys represented by the Orange County Attorney's Association and certain other employee classifications as defined in the plan document. The plan was closed to the attorneys effective June 24, 2005. The plan was closed to new administrative managers and to all grandfathered administrative managers, effective June 23, 2016 and December 28, 2012, respectively.

1.62% at 65 Retirement, 401(a) Defined Contribution Plan

This fund is used to account for the matching 401(a) employer contributions for eligible employees in the "1.62% at 65" Retirement (OCERS) formula who voluntarily contribute to the "1.62% at 65" Retirement, 457(b) defined contribution plan. The Plan was established on May 7, 2010.

Retiree Medical Plan (Combined 401h and 115 Trust)

This fund is used to account for the annual required contributions, benefit payments, and investment losses and gains in the Retiree Medical Trust (Trust) which was established effective July 2, 2007. The Trust was established exclusively for the Retiree Medical Plan (Plan) which is multi-employer other postemployment benefit plan that was established on August 1, 1993 for eligible employees as defined in the plan document. The Trust and the 401(h) account with OCERS represents the Plan reported here. The Plan is reported as of December 31.

Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) Plan

This fund is used to account for the employer contributions to the HRA, a defined contribution plan, which became effective on June 24, 2008 for eligible employees, including employees represented by the Association of Orange County Deputy Sheriffs and Law Enforcement Management employees as defined in the plan document. The HRA was amended and restated on June 1, 2016 to provide for the transition of the Orange County Attorney's Association to the HRA Plan in July 2016.

AGENCY FUNDS

Unapportioned Tax and Interest Funds

This group of funds is used to account for the collection of property taxes, and later distribution of such taxes, as well as the interest earned on them. Included are taxes collected by the County for other governmental units using the County treasury, as well as governmental units not using the County treasury, such as cities.

Departmental Funds

This group of funds is used by certain County officers to hold various types of cash receipts and deposits in a fiduciary capacity. Disbursements are made from these funds by checks issued by the County Auditor-Controller upon requisition of the responsible officer.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

	Total		Public Administration Trust Funds		ange County development cessor Agency
<u>ASSETS</u>		,			<u> </u>
Pooled Cash/Investments Restricted Cash and Investments	\$	61,485	\$ 56,280	\$	5,205
Restricted Cash and investments Restricted Investments with Trustee Receivables		4,675			4,675
Interest/Dividends		259	226		33
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		1			1
Land and Improvements Held for Resale		133	 		133
Total Assets		66,553	 56,506		10,047
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Charge on Refunding		273 273	 		273 273
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		2/3	 		2/3
LIABILITIES					
Bonds Payable		22,247			22,247
Interest Payable		290			290
Due to Other Governmental Agencies Total Liabilities		22,949	 396 396		16 22,553
i otal Liabilities		22,343	 390_		22,333
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Charge on Refunding		97			97
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		97	 		97
NET POSITION					
Restricted for Private-Purpose Trust Funds		43,780	56,110		(12,330)
Net Position (Deficit)	\$	43,780	\$ 56,110	\$	(12,330)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Total	Adm	Public ninistration ust Funds	Orange County Redevelopment Successor Agency	
Additions:						
Contributions to Private-Purpose Trust	\$	69,958	\$	69,958	\$	
Intergovernmental Revenues		5,059				5,059
Other Revenues		910				910
Interest and Investment Income		458		304		154
Less: Investment Expense		(36)		(30)		(6)
Total Additions		76,349		70,232		6,117
Deductions:						
Distributions from Private-Purpose Trust		68,094		68,094		
Professional Services		95				95
Tax Pass-Throughs		5,142				5,142
Interest Expense	<u></u>	743		<u></u>		743
Total Deductions		74,074		68,094		5,980
Change in Net Position		2,275		2,138		137
Net Position (Deficit), Beginning of Year		41,505		53,972		(12,467)
Net Position (Deficit), End of Year	\$	43,780	\$	56,110	\$	(12,330)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS TRUST FUNDS

ASSETS	Total		Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan		Extra-Help Defined Contribution Plan		I	401(a) Defined ntribution Plan
Pooled Cash/Investments	\$	2,742	\$	545	\$		\$	
Restricted Cash and Investments								
Restricted Investments with Trustee		151,576		6,057		7,957		16,489
Pooled with OCERS		289,352						
Receivables								
Investments		3,926						
Interest/Dividends		24 1 769				 25		 24
Due from Other Governmental Agencies Total Assets		1,768 449,388		6,602		7,982		16,513
Total Assets		449,300		0,002	-	7,902	-	10,515
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable		3,059						
Total Liabilities		3,059						
NET POSITION								
Restricted for Pension and OPEB Benefits		446,329		6,602		7,982		16,513
Net Position	\$	446,329	\$	6,602	\$	7,982	\$	16,513

Retirem	2% at 65 nent, 401(a) efined oution Plan	Plar 401	iree Medical n (Combined (h) and 115 Trusts) *	Health Reimbursement Arrangement Plan			
\$	1	\$	2,150	\$	46		
	4,670 		 289,352		116,403 		
	 43 4,714		3,926 24 1,412 296,864		264 116,713		
			3,059 3,059		<u></u>		
\$	4,714 4,714	\$	293,805 293,805	\$	116,713 116,713		

ASSETS

Pooled Cash/Investments
Restricted Cash and Investments
Restricted Investments with Trustee
Pooled with OCERS
Receivables
Investments
Interest/Dividends
Due from Other Governmental Agencies
Total Assets

LIABILITIES

Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable Total Liabilities

NET POSITION

Restricted for Pension and OPEB Benefits
Net Position

^{*} The Trust Plan is presented as of 12/31/17

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS TRUST FUNDS

Additions:	Total		Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan		Extra-Help Defined Contribution Plan		401(a) Defined Contribution Plan	
Contributions to Pension and Other								
Employee Benefits Trust:								
Employer	\$	75,388	\$	545	\$		\$	1,042
Employee	•	3,034	•		*	841	·	
Other Revenues		3		3				
Interest and Investment Income		45,381		295		164		1,180
Less: Investment Expense		(740)		(7)		(9)		(17)
Total Additions		123,066		836		996		2,205
Deductions:								
Benefits Paid to Participants		40,282		762		887		1,195
Professional Services		18						
Total Deductions		40,300		762		887		1,195
Change in Net Position		82,766		74		109		1,010
Net Position, Beginning of Year		401,559		6,528		7,873		15,503
Adjustment Due to Change in Accounting Principle		(37,996)						
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated		363,563		6,528		7,873		15,503
Net Position, End of Year	\$	446,329	\$	6,602	\$	7,982	\$	16,513

1.62% at 65 Retirement, 401(a) Defined Contribution Plan		Plan 401(ree Medical (Combined h) and 115 Frusts)*	Reim	Health bursement gement Plan	Additions:
						Contributions to Pension and Other Employee Benefits Trust:
\$	1,662	\$	60,721	\$	11,418	Employer
			2,193			Employee
						Other Revenues
	289		34,217		9,236	Interest and Investment Income
	(8)		(4)		(695)	Less: Investment Expense
	1,943		97,127		19,959	Total Additions
						Deductions:
			35,111		2,327	Benefits Paid to Participants
			18			Administrative Expense
			35,129		2,327	Total Deductions
	1,943		61,998		17,632	Change in Net Position
	2,771		269,803		99,081	Net Position, Beginning of Year
			(37,996)		·	Adjustment Due to Change in Accounting Principle
	2,771		231,807		99,081	Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated
\$	4,714	\$	293,805	\$	116,713	Net Position, End of Year

^{*} The Trust Plan is presented as of 12/31/17

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION ALL AGENCY FUNDS

		Total	apportioned and Interest Funds	Departmental Funds	
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Pooled Cash/Investments	\$	329,579	\$ 166,968	\$	162,611
Cash/Cash Equivalents		244			244
Restricted Cash and Investments with Trustee		41,482			41,482
Investments		1,082			1,082
Deposits In-Lieu of Cash		56,160			56,160
Receivables					
Accounts		560			560
Taxes		307,035	307,035		
Interest/Dividends		20,921	20,451		470
Allowance For Uncollectible Receivables		(186,777)	(186,776)		(1)
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		6,983	274		6,709
Notes Receivable		28,994	 		28,994
Total Assets		606,263	307,952		298,311
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Interest Payable		16,184	16,184		
Deposits from Others		23,865			23,865
Monies Held for Others		198,352			198,352
Due to Other Governmental Agencies		76,094			76,094
Unapportioned Taxes	<u></u>	291,768	 291,768		
Total Liabilities		606,263	307,952		298,311
NET POSITION	\$		\$ 	\$	



COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS

UNAPPORTIONED TAX AND INTEREST FUNDS		Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	 Deductions	Balance nd of Year
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Pooled Cash/Investments Taxes Interest/Dividends Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables Due from Other Governmental Agencies	\$	191,591 302,964 11,833 (179,588) 340	\$ 8,982,182 18,860,146 117,163 15,546	\$ 9,006,805 18,856,075 108,545 7,188 15,612	\$ 166,968 307,035 20,451 (186,776) 274
Total Assets	\$	327,140	\$ 27,975,037	\$ 27,994,225	\$ 307,952
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Interest Payable Due to Other Governmental Agencies Unapportioned Taxes	\$	9,907 2 317,231	\$ 57,359 77,816 12,094,021	\$ 51,082 77,818 12,119,484	\$ 16,184 291,768
Total Liabilities	\$	327,140	\$ 12,229,196	\$ 12,248,384	\$ 307,952
DEPARTMENTAL FUNDS	E	Balance Seginning of Year	 Additions	 Deductions	Balance nd of Year
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Pooled Cash/Investments Cash/Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash and Investments with Trustee Investments Deposits In-Lieu of Cash Receivables	\$	161,225 206 38,313 1,082 54,565	\$ 3,563,096 70 520,343 1,654	\$ 3,561,710 32 517,174 59	\$ 162,611 244 41,482 1,082 56,160
Accounts Interest/Dividends Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables		475 312 (1)	709 1,807 	624 1,649 	560 470 (1)
Due from Other Governmental Agencies Prepaid Costs		2,841 	753,447 9,610	749,579 9,610	6,709
Notes Receivable Total Assets	\$	29,431 288,449	\$ 4,850,736	\$ 437 4,840,874	\$ 28,994 298,311
LIABILITIES					
Deposits From Others Monies Held for Others Due to Other Governmental Agencies Total Liabilities	\$	18,457 203,981 66,011 288,449	\$ 35,791 5,776,460 1,319,138 7,131,389	\$ 30,383 5,782,089 1,309,055 7,121,527	\$ 23,865 198,352 76,094 298,311

TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS	Balance Beginning of Year	 Additions	 Deductions	Balance End of Year		
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Pooled Cash/Investments Cash/Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash and Investments with Trustee Investments Deposits In-Lieu of Cash Receivables Accounts Taxes Interest/Dividends Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables	\$ 352,816 206 38,313 1,082 54,565 475 302,964 12,145 (179,589)	\$ 12,545,278 70 520,343 1,654 709 18,860,146 118,970 	\$ 12,568,515 32 517,174 59 624 18,856,075 110,194 7,188	\$	329,579 244 41,482 1,082 56,160 560 307,035 20,921 (186,777)	
Due from Other Governmental Agencies Prepaid Costs Notes Receivable	3,181 29,431	768,993 9,610 	765,191 9,610 437		6,983 28,994	
Total Assets	\$ 615,589	\$ 32,825,773	\$ 32,835,099	\$	606,263	
LIABILITIES						
Interest Payable Deposits from Others Monies Held for Others Due to Other Governmental Agencies Unapportioned Taxes	\$ 9,907 18,457 203,981 66,013 317,231	\$ 57,359 35,791 5,776,460 1,396,954 12,094,021	\$ 51,082 30,383 5,782,089 1,386,873 12,119,484	\$	16,184 23,865 198,352 76,094 291,768	
Total Liabilities	\$ 615,589	\$ 19,360,585	\$ 19,369,911	\$	606,263	





STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

The information in this section is not covered by the Independent Auditor's Report but is presented as supplemental data for the benefit of the readers of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context, and detail to assist in using the information in the basic financial statements, notes to the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information to understand and assess a government's economic condition.

Contents		<u>Page</u>
unde	rends se schedules contain trend information to help the reader erstand how the County's financial performance and well-being e changed over time.	202
	apacity se schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	214
the	city se schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help reader understand the environment within which the County's ncial activities take place.	219
Thes the repo	and Demographic Information se schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help reader understand how the information in the County's financial ort relates to the services the County provides and the activities it orms.	224
read relat	nformation se schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the ler understand how the information in the County's financial report ses to the services the County provides and the activities it forms.	226

Source: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

			Fi	iscal Year		
	2017-18	2016-17 ⁰	3)	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14 ⁽³⁾
Governmental Activities						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 3,031,574	\$ 2,813,296	\$	2,707,493	\$ 2,670,577	\$ 2,646,812
Restricted for:						
Expendable						
OPEB						
Pension Benefits	135,485	125,876		111,639	112,544	109,986
Capital Projects	123,245	164,400		10,836	6,154	8,661
Debt Service	25,792	33,409		36,380	37,734	37,639
Legally Segregated for Grants						
and Other Purposes	1,148,735	1,192,827		1,103,257	1,045,897	1,190,106
Regional Park Endowment	148	145		144	141	140
Nonexpendable						
Regional Park Endowment	200	196		193	188	185
Unrestricted	 (3,312,306)	(3,074,958)		(2,979,945)	(2,991,814)	331,408
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 1,152,873	\$ 1,255,191	\$	989,997	\$ 881,421	\$ 4,324,937
Business-Type Activities						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	799,668	\$ 708,286	\$	663,280	\$ 642,427	\$ 624,621
Restricted for:						
Expendable						
Debt Service	8,672	36,181		8,499	7,324	7,090
Passenger Facility Charges						
Approved Capital Projects	12,044	2,775		14,705	70,538	62,522
Replacements and Renewals	1,000	1,000		1,000	1,000	1,000
Landfill Closure/Postclosure	26,655	28,962		33,997	33,337	37,412
Landfill Corrective Action	8,358	8,278		8,245	8,174	7,141
Wetland	879	879		879	879	879
Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure	104	104		104	104	104
Airport (2)						
Waste Management (2)						
Unrestricted	454,482	463,495		465,003	362,546	384,871
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$ 1,311,862	\$ 1,249,960	\$	1,195,712	\$ 1,126,329	\$ 1,125,640

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ In FY 2011-12, it was determined that the Restricted Net Position for Other Postemployment Benefits does not meet the definition of restriction and should be reported as unrestricted.

⁽²⁾ Starting in FY 2012-13, Restricted Net Position for Business-Type Activities will be shown by activity detail.

⁽³⁾ The balances shown have not been restated to include the prior period adjustments.

		F	iscal Year			
2012-13	2011-12 ⁽	(3)	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	
\$ 2,563,976	\$ 2,699,809	\$	2,626,281	\$ 2,560,468	\$ 2,445,397	Governmental Activities Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for: Expendable
	((1)	41,609	43,580	57,322	OPEB
105,900	96,604	11	107,807			Pension Benefits
11,904	16,269		56,219	58,947	85,197	Capital Projects
31,965	·		87,253	76,936	66,515	Debt Service
1,174,791	1,077,117		1,133,256	1,069,801	1,047,284	Legally Segregated for Grants and Other Purposes
139						Regional Park Endowment
400	0.10		0.15	454	4.40	Nonexpendable
183	319		315	154	149	Regional Park Endowment
 196,850	 37,790		(73,741)	 (9,986)	 (1,271)	Unrestricted
\$ 4,085,708	\$ 3,927,908	\$	3,978,999	\$ 3,799,900	\$ 3,700,593	Total Governmental Activities Net Position
						Business-Type Activities
\$ 587,934	\$ 574,982	\$	591,664	\$ 537,375	\$ 493,658	Net Investment in Capital Assets
						Restricted for:
						Expendable
58,772						Debt Service
						Passenger Facility Charges
55,331						Approved Capital Projects
1,000						Replacements and Renewals
40,355						Landfill Closure/Postclosure
6,109						Landfill Corrective Action
879						Wetland
104						Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure
	58,149		50,899	48,225	176,225	Airport (2)
	82,205		84,070	86,943	284,943	Waste Management (2)
 335,122	350,474		313,568	321,778		Unrestricted
\$ 1,085,606	\$ 1,065,810	\$	1,040,201	\$ 994,321	\$ 954,826	Total Business-Type Activities Net Position

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Continued)

			F	iscal Year		
	2017-18	2016-17 ⁰	(3)	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14 ⁽³⁾
Primary Government						,
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 3,831,242	\$ 3,521,582	\$	3,370,773	\$ 3,313,004	\$ 3,271,433
Restricted for:						
Expendable						
OPEB						
Pension Benefits	135,485	125,876		111,639	112,544	109,986
Capital Projects	123,245	164,400		10,836	6,154	8,661
Debt Service	34,464	69,590		44,879	45,058	44,729
Legally Segregated for Grants						
and Other Purposes	1,148,735	1,192,827		1,103,257	1,045,897	1,190,106
Regional Park Endowment	148	145		144	141	140
Passenger Facility Charges						
Approved Capital Projects	12,044	2,775		14,705	70,538	62,522
Replacements and Renewals	1,000	1,000		1,000	1,000	1,000
Landfill Closure/Postclosure	26,655	28,962		33,997	33,337	37,412
Landfill Corrective Action	8,358	8,278		8,245	8,174	7,141
Wetland	879	879		879	879	879
Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure	104	104		104	104	104
Airport (2)						
Waste Management (2)						
Nonexpendable						
Regional Park Endowment	200	196		193	188	185
Unrestricted	 (2,857,824)	(2,611,463)		(2,514,942)	(2,629,268)	716,279
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 2,464,735	\$ 2,505,151	\$	2,185,709	\$ 2,007,750	\$ 5,450,577

(1) In FY 2011-12, it was determined that the Restricted Net Position for Other Postemployment Benefits does not meet the definition of restriction and should be reported as unrestricted.

Notes:

⁽²⁾ Starting in FY 2012-13, Restricted Net Position for Business-Type Activities will be shown by activity detail.

⁽³⁾ The balances shown have not been restated to include the prior period adjustments.

Restricted for: Expendable			F	iscal Year			
\$ 3,151,910 \$ 3,274,791 \$ 3,217,945 \$ 3,097,843 \$ 2,939,055 Restricted for:	2012-13	2011-12	(3)	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	
Restricted for: Expendable							Primary Government
Expendable	\$ 3,151,910	\$ 3,274,791	\$	3,217,945	\$ 3,097,843	\$ 2,939,055	Net Investment in Capital Assets
105,900 96,604 107,807 Pension Benefits 11,904 16,269 56,219 58,947 85,197 Capital Projects 90,737 87,253 76,936 66,515 Debt Service Legally Segregated for Grant Legally Segregated for Grant and Other Purposes 139 Regional Park Endowment Passenger Facility Charges Facility Charges Regional Park Endowment Passenger Facility Charges 1,000 Approved Capital Projects 1,000 Replacements and Renewals 40,355 Replacements and Renewals 40,355 Landfill Closure/Postclosure 6,109 Landfill Corrective Action 879 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure/Postclosure <				44.000	40.500	F7 000	
11,904 16,269 56,219 58,947 85,197 Capital Projects 90,737 87,253 76,936 66,515 Debt Service Legally Segregated for Grant 1,174,791 1,077,117 1,133,256 1,069,801 1,047,284 and Other Purposes 139 Regional Park Endowment Passenger Facility Charges 55,331 Approved Capital Projects 1,000 Replacements and Renewals 40,355 Landfill Closure/Postclosure 6,109 Landfill Corrective Action 879 Wetland 104 Wetland 104 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Clo 58,149 50,899 48,225 176,225 Airport (2) 82,205 84,070 86,943 284,943 Waste Management (2)			1)	,	43,580	57,322	
90,737 87,253 76,936 66,515 Debt Service Legally Segregated for Grant 1,174,791 1,077,117 1,133,256 1,069,801 1,047,284 and Other Purposes 139 Regional Park Endowment Passenger Facility Charges 55,331 Approved Capital Projects 1,000 Replacements and Renewals 40,355 Landfill Closure/Postclosure 6,109 Landfill Corrective Action 879 Wetland 104 Wetland 104 Negrous Deshecha/La Pata Clo 58,149 50,899 48,225 176,225 Airport (2) 82,205 84,070 86,943 284,943 Waste Management (2) Nonexpendable 183 319 315 154 149 Regional Park Endowment 531,972 388,264 239,827 311,792 (1,271) Unrestricted	•	,		,			
Legally Segregated for Grant and Other Purposes 1,174,791	•	16,269		•			• •
1,174,791 1,077,117 1,133,256 1,069,801 1,047,284 and Other Purposes 139 Regional Park Endowment Passenger Facility Charges 55,331 Approved Capital Projects 1,000 Replacements and Renewals 40,355 Landfill Closure/Postclosure 6,109 Landfill Corrective Action 879 Wetland 104 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Clo 58,149 50,899 48,225 176,225 Airport (2) 82,205 84,070 86,943 284,943 Waste Management Nonexpendable 183 319 315 154 149 Regional Park Endowment 531,972 388,264 239,827 311,792 (1,271) Unrestricted	90,737			87,253	76,936	66,515	Debt Service
139 Regional Park Endowment Passenger Facility Charges 55,331 Approved Capital Projects 1,000 Replacements and Renewals 40,355 Landfill Closure/Postclosure 6,109 Landfill Corrective Action 879 Wetland 104 Wetland 104 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Clo 58,149 50,899 48,225 176,225 Airport (2) 82,205 84,070 86,943 284,943 Waste Management (2) Nonexpendable 183 319 315 154 149 Regional Park Endowment 531,972 388,264 239,827 311,792 (1,271) Unrestricted							Legally Segregated for Grants
Passenger Facility Charges S5,331	1,174,791	1,077,117		1,133,256	1,069,801	1,047,284	and Other Purposes
55,331 Approved Capital Projects 1,000 Replacements and Renewals 40,355 Landfill Closure/Postclosure 6,109 Landfill Corrective Action 879 Wetland 104 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Clo 58,149 50,899 48,225 176,225 Airport (2) 82,205 84,070 86,943 284,943 Waste Management (2) Nonexpendable Nonexpendable 183 319 315 154 149 Regional Park Endowment 531,972 388,264 239,827 311,792 (1,271) Unrestricted	139						Regional Park Endowment
1,000 Replacements and Renewals Advantage							Passenger Facility Charges
40,355 Landfill Closure/Postclosure 6,109 Landfill Corrective Action 879 Wetland 104 Wetland 58,149 50,899 48,225 176,225 Airport (2) 82,205 84,070 86,943 284,943 Waste Management (2) Nonexpendable 183 319 315 154 149 Regional Park Endowment 531,972 388,264 239,827 311,792 (1,271) Unrestricted	55,331						Approved Capital Projects
6,109 Landfill Corrective Action 879 Wetland 104 Wetland 104 58,149 50,899 48,225 176,225 Airport (2) 82,205 84,070 86,943 284,943 Waste Management (2) Nonexpendable 183 319 315 154 149 Regional Park Endowment 531,972 388,264 239,827 311,792 (1,271) Unrestricted	1,000						Replacements and Renewals
879 Wetland 104 Wetland 104 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Clo 58,149 50,899 48,225 176,225 Airport (2) 82,205 84,070 86,943 284,943 Waste Management (2) Nonexpendable 183 319 315 154 149 Regional Park Endowment 531,972 388,264 239,827 311,792 (1,271) Unrestricted	40,355						Landfill Closure/Postclosure
104 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Clo 58,149 50,899 48,225 176,225 Airport (2) 82,205 84,070 86,943 284,943 Waste Management (2) Nonexpendable 183 319 315 154 149 Regional Park Endowment 531,972 388,264 239,827 311,792 (1,271) Unrestricted	6,109						Landfill Corrective Action
58,149 50,899 48,225 176,225 Airport (2) 82,205 84,070 86,943 284,943 Waste Management (2) Nonexpendable 183 319 315 154 149 Regional Park Endowment 531,972 388,264 239,827 311,792 (1,271) Unrestricted	879						Wetland
82,205 84,070 86,943 284,943 Waste Management (2) Nonexpendable 183 319 315 154 149 Regional Park Endowment 531,972 388,264 239,827 311,792 (1,271) Unrestricted	104						Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure
Nonexpendable 183 319 315 154 149 Regional Park Endowment 531,972 388,264 239,827 311,792 (1,271) Unrestricted		58,149		50,899	48,225	176,225	Airport (2)
183 319 315 154 149 Regional Park Endowment 531,972 388,264 239,827 311,792 (1,271) Unrestricted		82,205		84,070	86,943	284,943	Waste Management (2)
183 319 315 154 149 Regional Park Endowment 531,972 388,264 239,827 311,792 (1,271) Unrestricted							Nonexpendable
531,972 388,264 239,827 311,792 (1,271) Unrestricted	183	319		315	154	149	
₾ 5474.244 ₾ 4.002.740 ₾ 5.040.200 ₾ 4.704.224 ₾ 4.655.440 Total Discrete Occurrent No. 5	 531,972	388,264		239,827	311,792	(1,271)	
3 5,171,314 \$ 4,993,718 \$ 5,019,200 \$ 4,794,221 \$ 4,055,419 Iotal Primary Government Net F	\$ 5,171,314	\$ 4,993,718	\$	5,019,200	\$ 4,794,221	\$ 4,655,419	Total Primary Government Net Position

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
		2017-18		2016-17 ⁽	1)	2015-16		2014-15		2013-14 ⁽¹⁾
Expenses										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$	196,233	\$	186,340	\$	203,394	\$	191,793	\$	131,026
Public Protection		1,475,626		1,485,137		1,433,421		1,326,028		1,261,984
Public Ways and Facilities		151,779		97,928		142,071		114,398		127,561
Health and Sanitation		656,234		593,617		554,872		537,580		626,063
Public Assistance		1,102,747		1,097,327		1,097,129		1,049,665		988,735
Education		48,412		44,510		46,170		43,314		41,240
Recreation and Cultural Services		123,798		112,749		115,136		102,069		96,820
Interest on Long-Term Debt		25,741		17,544		20,112		23,560		28,028
Subtotal Governmental Activities		3,780,570		3,635,152		3,612,305		3,388,407		3,301,457
Business-Type Activities:										
Airport		124,466		125,522		120,921		124,778		120,731
Waste Management		125,472		105,149		96,301		69,307		94,161
Compressed Natural Gas		299		367		283		331		379
Subtotal Business-Type Activities		250,237		231,038		217,505		194,416		215,271
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	4,030,807	\$	3,866,190	\$	3,829,810	\$	3,582,823	\$	3,516,728
Program Revenues Governmental Activities: Charges for Services General Government Public Protection Public Ways and Facilities Health and Sanitation Public Assistance	\$	43,104 355,850 55,544 112,715 38,741	\$	41,988 307,630 67,796 117,170 40,589	\$	34,048 288,185 63,487 85,392 37,975	\$	36,924 286,644 53,834 102,599 37,650	\$	32,016 273,215 53,071 93,470 42,300
Education		1,237		1,274		1,426		1,480		2,059
Recreation and		-,		-,		.,		.,		_,,
Cultural Services		49,892		47,763		46,937		43,882		39,251
Operating Grants and Contributions		2,175,087		2,067,777		2,037,311		1,996,861		2,033,550
Capital Grants and Contributions		123,575		113,481		105,776		33,241		54,478
Subtotal Governmental Activities Program Revenues		2,955,745		2,805,468		2,700,537		2,593,115		2,623,410
Business-Type Activities: Charges for Services										
Airport		152,551		150,260		149,894		141,563		136,359
Waste Management		162,273		153,842		147,130		139,493		125,106
Compressed Natural Gas		266		248		269		312		392
Operating Grants and Contributions		272		69		171		255		900
Capital Grants and Contributions		4,829		1,828		2,174		9,215		5,277
Subtotal Business-Type Activities Program Revenues		320,191		306,247		299,638		290,838		268,034
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$	3,275,936	\$	3,111,715	\$	3,000,175	\$	2,883,953	\$	2,891,444

Notes: (1) The balances shown have not been restated to include prior period adjustments.

				F	iscal Year					
	2012-13		2011-12 ⁽	1)	2010-11		2009-10		2008-09	
										Expenses
										Governmental Activities:
\$	221,110	\$	161,615	\$	223,710	\$	165,489	\$	268,092	General Government
	1,264,354		1,231,925		1,174,859		1,160,823		1,230,894	Public Protection
	137,651		144,382		136,017		120,135		108,748	Public Ways and Facilities
	621,381		593,657		586,525		578,983		593,331	Health and Sanitation
	944,230		930,348		931,263		931,469		898,668	Public Assistance
	38,548		41,226		39,788		41,009			Education
	101,232		102,762		101,993		90,649		81,896	Recreation and Cultural Services
	31,269		56,765		53,806		53,782		59,751	Interest on Long-Term Debt
	3,359,775		3,262,680		3,247,961		3,142,339		3,241,380	Subtotal Governmental Activities
										Business-Type Activities:
	122,568		107,120		88,059		92,068		91,959	Airport
	94,737		94,553		93,985		84,754		79,374	Waste Management
	305		306		349		95			Compressed Natural Gas
_	217,610	_	201,979		182,393	_	176,917	_	171,333	Subtotal Business-Type Activities
\$	3,577,385	\$	3,464,659	\$	3,430,354	\$	3,319,256	\$	3,412,713	Total Primary Government Expenses
										Program Revenues
										Governmental Activities:
										Charges for Services
\$	32,127	\$	26,942	\$	33,561	\$	27,452	\$	44,782	General Government
,	283,031	•	271,423	•	310,773	•	278,355	•	289,014	Public Protection
	39,981		62,653		53,960		45,809		47,283	Public Ways and Facilities
	81,039		86,027		93,815		86,430		82,059	Health and Sanitation
	34,780		35,036		36,304		30,914		26,636	Public Assistance
	1,327		1,437		1,576		1,449		1,338	Education
										Recreation and
	39,637		38,888		37,560		38,223		40,138	Cultural Services
	1,904,858		1,800,296		1,706,231		1,741,762		1,641,501	Operating Grants and Contributions
	62,893		39,010		170,516		16,828		94,031	Capital Grants and Contributions
	2,479,673		2,361,712		2,444,296		2,267,222		2,266,782	Subtotal Governmental Activities Program Revenues
										Business-Type Activities:
										Charges for Services
	132,941		129,213		124,298		126,656		125,095	Airport
	106,876		99,249		102,595		82,442		93,456	Waste Management
	385		293		242		129			Compressed Natural Gas
	200		212		657		1,432		171	Operating Grants and Contributions
	3,839		5,216		6,544		8,077		7,466	Capital Grants and Contributions
	244,241		234,183		234,336		218,736		226,188	Subtotal Business-Type Activities Program Revenues
\$	2,723,914	\$	2,595,895	\$	2,678,632	\$	2,485,958	\$	2,492,970	Total Primary Government Program Revenues

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Continued)

	Fiscal Year									
		2017-18		2016-17	(3)	2015-16	2014-15		2013-14 ⁽³⁾	
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental Activities	\$	(824,825)	\$	(829,684)	\$	(911,768) \$	(795,292)	\$	(678,047)	
Business-Type Activities		69,954		75,209		82,133	96,422		52,763	
Total Primary Government (Expense)	\$	(754,871)	\$	(754,475)	\$	(829,635) \$	(698,870)	\$	(625,284)	
General Revenue and Other										
Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities:										
Taxes			_		_			_		
Property Taxes, Levied for General Fund	\$	305,296	\$	287,212	\$	311,902 \$	328,500	\$	277,591	
Property Taxes, Levied for		404700		00.500		00.400	77.000		70 707	
Flood Control District		104,798		98,563		82,193	77,090		72,737	
Property Taxes, Levied for OC Parks		81,206		76,493		61,048	57,266		54,042	
Property Taxes, Levied for		E4 400		47.004		45.004	40.000		20.724	
OC Public Libraries		51,166		47,804		45,364	42,333		39,734	
Property Tax Increments (2)										
Property Taxes in-Lieu of		070 700		254 044		222 505	244.057		205 700	
Motor Vehicle License Fees		372,728		351,011		333,595	314,957		295,798	
Other Taxes Grants and Contributions Not Restricted		99,889		98,216		78,184	71,613		73,178	
to Specific Programs		10,757		8,434		4,583	49,476		14,192	
State Allocation of Motor		10,737		0,434		4,363	49,470		14,192	
Vehicle License Fees		1,615		1,234		1,100	764		895	
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		19,389		19,760		17,032	6,796		18,459	
Miscellaneous		71,164		80,229		63,825	69,789		54,412	
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets		, 		·		·	, <u></u>		·	
Transfers		10,767		25,922		21,518	19,959		17,557	
Subtotal Governmental Activities		1,128,775		1,094,878		1,020,344	1,038,543		918,595	
Extraordinary Gain/(Loss)									· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Dissolution of OCDA (1)										
Business-Type Activities:										
Other Taxes		82		78		72	109		101	
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		7,695		3,497		6,526	3,042		3,064	
Miscellaneous Revenues		1,830		1,386		2,170	1,597		3,177	
Transfers		(10,767)		(25,922)		(21,518)	(19,959)		(17,557)	
Subtotal Business-Type Activities		(1,160)		(20,961)		(12,750)	(15,211)		(11,215)	
Total Primary Government General										
Revenue and Other Charges		1,127,615		1,073,917	\$	1,007,594 \$	1,023,332	\$	907,380	
Change in Net Position										
Governmental Activities	\$	303,950	\$	265,194	\$	108,576 \$	243,251	\$	240,548	
Business-Type Activities	Ψ	68,794	Ψ	54,248	Ψ	69,383	81,211	Ψ	41,548	
Total Primary Government	\$	372,744	\$	319,442	\$	177,959 \$	324,462	\$	282,096	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		- ,	•	,	•	, T	- ,	,	- ,	

Notes: (1) Extraordinary item results from dissolution of OCDA which is now reported as a private-purpose trust fund.

⁽²⁾ Starting in FY 2012-13, there were no property tax increment revenues due to dissolution of OCDA.

⁽³⁾ The balances shown have not been restated to include prior period adjustments.

					Fisca	l Ye	ar			
	2012-13 ⁽³⁾)	2011-12		2010-11		2009-10		2008-09	
									_	Net (Expense)/Revenue
\$	(880,102)	\$	(900,968)	\$	(803,665)	\$	(875,117)	\$	(1,015,863)	Governmental Activities
	26,631		32,204		51,943		41,819		54,855	Business-Type Activities
\$	(853,471)	\$	(868,764)	\$	(751,722)	\$	(833,298)	\$	(961,008)	Total Primary Government (Expense)
										General Revenue and Other
										Changes in Net Position
										Governmental Activities:
\$	313,299	\$	311,779	\$	298,953	\$	290,054	\$	263,893	Taxes Property Taxes, Levied for General Fund
Ф	313,299	Φ	311,779	Φ	290,955	Φ	290,054	Φ	203,093	Property Taxes, Levied for
	69,321		68,184		73,260		67,103		68,747	Flood Control District
	51,550		51,168		51,554		49,857		51,076	Property Taxes, Levied for OC Parks
	01,000		01,100		01,001		10,001		01,070	Property Taxes, Levied for
	37,961		37,389		37,590		37,057		37,932	OC Public Libraries
			18,308		30,755		31,917		35,276	Property Tax Increments (2)
			•		•		•		,	Property Taxes in-Lieu of
	309,745		303,955		228,421		229,635		232,760	Motor Vehicle License Fees
	108,430		43,568		83,938		93,024		94,184	Other Taxes
										Grants and Contributions Not Restricted
	6,711		9,377		27,457		10,299		27,637	to Specific Programs
										State Allocation of Motor
	1,659		2,667		49,889		46,697		50,390	Vehicle License Fees
	11,559		4,195		23,703		15,541		13,583	Unrestricted Investment Earnings
	48,478		57,125 34		64,563		54,496		49,438	Miscellaneous Gain on Sale of Capital Assets
	10,276		11,767		12,681		11,188		14,129	Transfers
	968,989		919,516		982,764		936,868		939,045	Subtotal Governmental Activities
	900,909		919,510		902,704		930,000		939,043	Extraordinary Gain/(Loss)
	1,800		(69,639)							Dissolution of OCDA (1)
	1,000		(00,000)							Dissolution of OCDA
										Business-Type Activities:
	93		134							Other Taxes
	2,113		3,530		5,509		6,411		17,332	Unrestricted Investment Earnings
	1,235		1,508		1,109		2,453		786	Miscellaneous Revenues
	(10,276)		(11,767)		(12,681)		(11,188)		(14,129)	Transfers
	(6,835)		(6,595)		(6,063)		(2,324)		3,989	Subtotal Business-Type Activities
										Total Primary Government General
\$	963,954	\$	843,282	\$	976,701	\$	934,544	\$	943,034	Revenue and Other Charges
•		•	/= 4 a a · · ·	•	.=0.05-	•		•	(=0.04-)	Change in Net Position
\$,	\$	(51,091)	\$	179,099	\$	61,751	\$	(76,818)	Governmental Activities
Φ.	19,796	ሰ	25,609	Φ	45,880	Φ	39,495	Φ	58,844	Business-Type Activities
\$	110,483	\$	(25,482)	\$	224,979	\$	101,246	\$	(17,974)	Total Primary Government
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year											
		2017-18		2016-17		2015-16		2014-15		2013-14		
General Fund										_		
Reserved	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$			
Unreserved												
Nonspendable (1)		378,418		372,572		331,889		336,606		321,022		
Restricted (1)		31,815		39,581		49,230		31,486		42,028		
Assigned (1)		179,119		265,293		321,064		269,529		153,336		
Unassigned (1)		219,426		73,446		25,655		26,887				
Total General Fund	\$	808,778	\$	750,892	\$	727,838	\$	664,508	\$	516,386		
All Other Covernmental Funda												
All Other Governmental Funds	Φ		Φ.		Φ		Φ		Φ			
Reserved	\$		\$		\$		\$		Ъ			
Unreserved, Reported in:												
Special Revenue Funds												
Debt Service Funds												
Capital Projects Funds												
Permanent Fund												
Nonspendable (1)		21,505		21,697		20,501		21,296		21,207		
Restricted (1)		1,492,269		1,635,408		1,479,405	•	1,417,122		1,362,102		
Assigned (1)		176,953		170,472		129,782		83,765		67,929		
Unassigned ⁽¹⁾												
Total All Other Governmental												
Funds	\$	1,690,727	\$	1,827,577	\$	1,629,688	\$	1,522,183	\$	1,451,238		

Note:

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, which was implemented in FY 2010-11, the classification of fund balance was redefined.

⁽²⁾ The balances shown have not been restated to include prior period adjustments.

			Fi	scal Year			
2012-13	(2)	2011-12		2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	
							Genera
\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 53,190	\$ 49,423	Rese
					215,094	238,621	Unre
263,446		225,460		266,328			Nons
34,679		26,336		10,872			Rest
68,157		100,448		1,394			Assi
 78,264		990					Una
\$ 444,546	\$	353,234	\$	278,594	\$ 268,284	\$ 288,044	Total G
							All Oth
\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 540,745	\$ 517,375	Rese
							Unre
					894,148	878,113	Spe
					(1,813)	(9,903)	De
					47,362	73,045	Ca
					154	149	Per
18,929		23,057		20,802			Nons
1,357,556		1,318,071		1,482,755			Rest
65,556		43,900		34,173			Assi

(8,074)

(3,016)

General Fund Reserved Unreserved

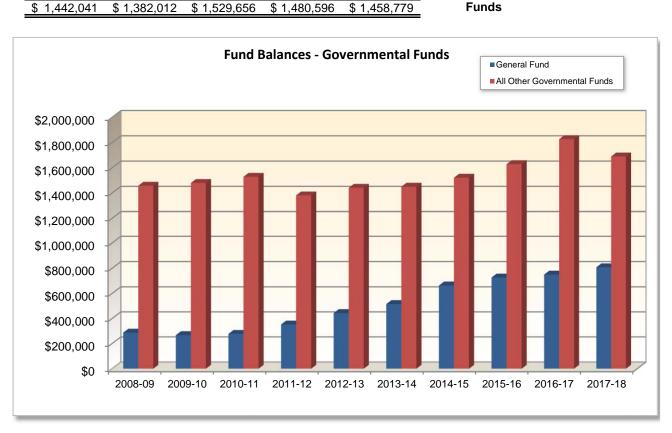
Nonspendable ⁽¹⁾ Restricted ⁽¹⁾ Assigned ⁽¹⁾ Unassigned ⁽¹⁾

Total General Fund

All Other Governmental Funds Reserved

Unreserved, Reported in:
Special Revenue Funds
Debt Service Funds
Capital Projects Funds
Permanent Fund
Nonspendable (1)
Restricted (1)
Assigned (1)
Unassigned (1)

Total All Other Governmental Funds



Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
		2017-18		2016-17		2015-16		2014-15		2013-14
Revenues										
Taxes	\$	982,742	\$	923,561	\$	876,808	\$	822,511	\$	778,936
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises		28,142		28,209		27,659		24,583		24,920
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties		69,858		96,950		61,669		108,115		62,081
Use of Money and Property		85,694		68,498		88,211		73,700		63,611
Intergovernmental		2,232,699		2,172,013	2	2,125,136		2,064,354		2,070,245
Charges for Services		567,464		530,883		466,659		480,023		470,899
Other		78,707		63,949		69,436		71,207		54,406
Total Revenues		4,045,306		3,884,063	3	3,715,578		3,644,493		3,525,098
Expenditures										
General Government		295,157		267,663		261,387		212,805		172,195
Public Protection		1,441,435		1,401,694		1,289,902		1,230,878		1,194,069
Public Ways and Facilities		135,056		97,169		123,140		102,732		127,506
Health and Sanitation		649,064		578,772		527,482		515,560		621,891
Public Assistance		1,094,675		1,073,964		1,061,647		1,030,404		972,156
Education		46,842		42,564		43,928		41,949		40,008
Recreation and Cultural Services		117,965		106,356		100,381		98,001		98,388
Capital Outlay		259,797		176,308		116,569		102,863		125,781
Debt Service		200,707		,,,,,,		110,000		102,000		.20,.01
Principal Retirement		108,997		100,119		126,319		104,756		111,486
Interest		36,273		47,089		43,039		31,513		35,107
Debt Issuance Costs										200
Total Expenditures		4,185,261		3,891,698	3	3,693,794		3,471,461		3,498,787
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues		.,,		-,,		-,,		-,,		
Over Expenditures		(139,955)		(7,635)		21,784		173,032		26,311
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers In		505,092		653,593		396,952		338,055		294,374
Transfers Out		(502,637)		(631,891)		(387,373)		(323,604)		(279,287)
Debt Issued		58,489		31,536		127,494		31,541		39,639
Premium on Debt Issued						11,724				
Principal Payment on Demand Bonds										
Refunding Bonds Issued										
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow										
for Resale										
Capital Leases		47				254		43		
Loan Proceeds				175,340						
Total Other Financing Sources	-	60,991		228,578		149,051		46,035		54,726
Extraordinary Gain/(Loss)	-									
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(78,964)	\$	220,943	\$	170,835	\$	219,067	\$	81,037
Debt Service as a Percentage		0.700/		0.070/		4.700/				
of Noncapital Expenditures:		3.70%		3.97%		4.73%		4.04%		4.34%

Notes:

		Fi	scal Year				
2012-13	2011-12 ⁽¹)	2010-11		2009-10	2008-09	
							Revenues
\$ 854,587	\$ 784,797	\$	738,109	\$	741,850	\$ 727,159	Taxes
15,213	18,046		16,831		14,976	17,965	Licenses, Permits, and Franchises
79,267	80,180		93,461		102,959	112,882	Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties
58,441	81,088		89,514		88,350	69,667	Use of Money and Property
1,940,687	1,846,311		1,745,066		1,769,253	1,697,017	Intergovernmental
439,224	435,920		478,916		418,373	443,456	Charges for Services
 77,464	66,920		64,125		65,727	89,064	Other
 3,464,883	3,313,262		3,226,022		3,201,488	3,157,210	Total Revenues
							Expenditures
186,145	170,156		207,193		211,434	277,369	General Government
1,157,676	1,125,831		1,068,267		1,054,947	1,117,882	Public Protection
112,294	126,809		110,789		106,985	110,548	Public Ways and Facilities
611,369	580,791		576,793		559,315	576,964	Health and Sanitation
932,414	909,296		911,704		903,733	878,436	Public Assistance
37,239	37,621		37,671		38,921	39,666	Education
94,051	91,753		84,506		82,826	79,889	Recreation and Cultural Services
122,639	105,207		84,311		124,077	155,286	Capital Outlay
							Debt Service
72,499	95,429		87,685		88,962	205,268	Principal Retirement
43,777	46,152		40,634		39,565	46,697	Interest
 							Debt Issuance Costs
3,370,103	3,289,045		3,209,553	;	3,210,765	3,488,005	Total Expenditures
							Excess (Deficit) of Revenues
94,780	24,217		16,469		(9,277)	(330,795)	Over Expenditures
							Other Financing Sources (Uses)
274,363	345,692		395,752		382,154	793,528	Transfers In
(268,110)	(336,157)		(388,274)		(370,820)	(781,397)	Transfers Out
78,419	10,000		36,000				Debt Issued
	2,927						Premium on Debt Issued
							Principal Payment on Demand Bonds
	34,380						Refunding Bonds Issued
	(40,491)		(710)				Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow
	43						for Resale
			133				Capital Leases
							Loan Proceeds
84,672	16,394		42,901		11,334	12,131	Total Other Financing Sources
1,800	(113,615)						Extraordinary Gain/(Loss)
\$ 181,252	\$ (73,004)	\$	59,370	\$	2,057	\$ (318,664)	Net Change in Fund Balances
 						 	Debt Service as a Percentage
3.60%	4.44%		4.12%		4.18%	7.54%	of Noncapital Expenditures:
2.0070			/0		11.070		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Assessed Value of Taxable Property (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Residential Property	Industrial/ Commercial Property	Other Property ⁽²⁾	Unsecured Roll Gross Total ⁽³⁾		
2017-18	\$ 427,214,695	\$ 119,884,555	\$ 2,827,145	\$ 20,772,113		
2016-17	400,931,553	114,636,194	2,787,769	20,582,609		
2015-16	377,592,570	110,440,476	3,294,159	20,394,462		
2014-15	352,800,864	105,523,254	3,694,094	20,902,660		
2013-14	328,138,473	102,580,010	3,792,261	19,281,087		
2012-13	315,635,908	100,074,695	3,489,057	19,905,480		
2011-12	310,211,002	96,431,670	2,848,162	20,634,672		
2010-11	304,895,403	97,097,750	3,038,747	21,198,638		
2009-10	302,855,181	100,686,715	2,814,952	21,516,171		
2008-09	310,398,180	97,515,067	3,125,331	21,026,522		

Notes:

Source: Orange County Assessor Department

⁽¹⁾ Article XIIIA, added to the California Constitution by Proposition 13 in 1978, fixed the base valuation of property subject to taxes at the full cash value appeared on the Assessor's 1975-76 assessment roll. The full cash value can be increased to reflect the annual inflation up to 2 percent, the current market value at time of ownership change and the market value for new construction. Estimated actual value of taxable property cannot easily be determined as the property in the County is not reassessed annually. Reassessment normally occurs when ownership changes.

⁽²⁾ Other property includes: timeshares, rural/agricultural land, unique miscellaneous, mineral rights, water rights and personal property and fixtures.

⁽³⁾ Unsecured roll includes properties for which taxes assessed are not a lien on real property and are not sufficient, in the opinion of the Assessor, to secure payment of taxes. It consists of improvements, business personal property, boats and aircrafts, and it can also include land and improvements that are identified as real estate of others, as defined by the Assessor (reference Revenue and Taxation Code Section 134).

otal Taxable	No	ss: Exempt & n-Reimbursed	Net Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate Percent ⁽¹⁾
 ssesseu value		Exemptions	value	Percent
\$ 570,698,508	\$	(12,895,747)	\$ 557,802,761	1.00
538,938,125		(12,807,570)	526,130,555	1.00
511,721,667		(12,722,344)	498,999,323	1.00
482,920,872		(11,661,965)	471,258,907	1.00
453,791,831		(10,943,554)	442,848,277	1.00
439,105,140		(10,634,193)	428,470,947	1.00
430,125,506		(9,729,486)	420,396,020	1.00
426,230,538		(9,452,472)	416,778,066	1.00
427,873,019		(9,063,739)	418,809,280	1.00
432,065,100		(8,051,290)	424,013,810	1.00

COUNTY OF ORANGE Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (Rate Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value) (4)

	Direct Rate (1)					
Fiscal Year	County General	School Districts	Local Special Districts	Cities	Public Utility	Total Direct & Overlapping Rates
2017-18	1.00000	0.05366	0.01289	0.00713	0.00259	1.07627
2016-17	1.00000	0.04840	0.01316	0.00659	0.00270	1.07085
2015-16	1.00000	0.05101	0.01455	0.00670	0.00227	1.07453
2014-15	1.00000	0.04579	0.04438	0.00681	(3)	1.09698

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Article XIIIA, added to the California Constitution by Proposition 13 in 1978, fixed the base valuation of property subject to taxes at the full cash value appeared on the Assessor's 1975-76 assessment roll. The full cash value can be increased to reflect the annual inflation up to 2 percent, the current market value at time of ownership change and the market value for new construction. Estimated actual value of taxable property cannot easily be determined as the property in the County is not reassessed annually. Reassessment normally occurs when ownership changes.

⁽²⁾ These overlapping rates are in addition to the County General rate, but only apply to taxpayers within the borders of the school districts, local special districts, cities, and public utilities that lie within the County.

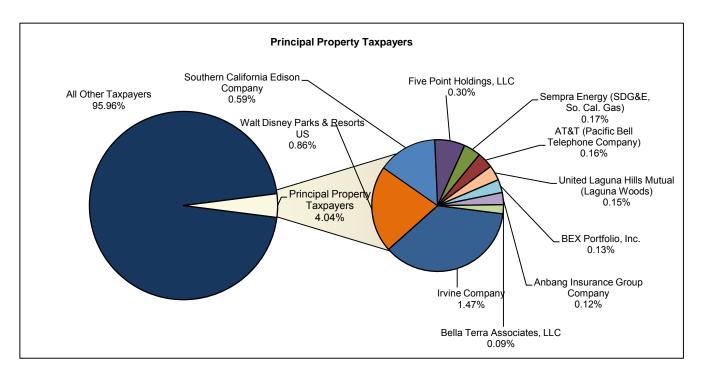
⁽³⁾ No rate was available for Public Utility in FY 2014-15.

⁽⁴⁾ The schedule is presented to show information for 10 years. However, a full 10-year trend is not currently available; the County will be adding years in the future.



Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		201	18		2009					
Тахрауег	ual Taxes Levied	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxes Levied	tual Taxes Levied	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxes Levied				
Irvine Company	\$ 94,856	1	1.47%	\$ 59,816	1	1.18%				
Walt Disney Parks & Resorts US	55,322	2	0.86%	40,304	2 & 7	0.79%				
Southern California Edison Company	38,458	3	0.59%	23,001	3	0.45%				
Five Point Holdings, LLC	19,542	4	0.30%							
Sempra Energy (SDG&E, So. Cal. Gas)	10,785	5	0.17%							
AT&T (Pacific Bell Telephone Company)	10,026	6	0.16%	7,885	6	0.16%				
United Laguna Hills Mutual (Laguna Woods)	9,883	7	0.15%	6,981	8	0.14%				
BEX Portfolio, Inc.	8,443	8	0.13%							
Anbang Insurance Group Company	7,572	9	0.12%							
Bella Terra Associates, LLC	5,949	10	0.09%							
Irvine Apartment Communities				22,440	4	0.44%				
Irvine Community Development				11,277	5	0.22%				
Irvine Company LLC				6,901	9	0.14%				
Heritage Fields El Toro LLC				6,061	10	0.12%				
Total	\$ 260,836		4.04%	\$ 184,666		3.64%				

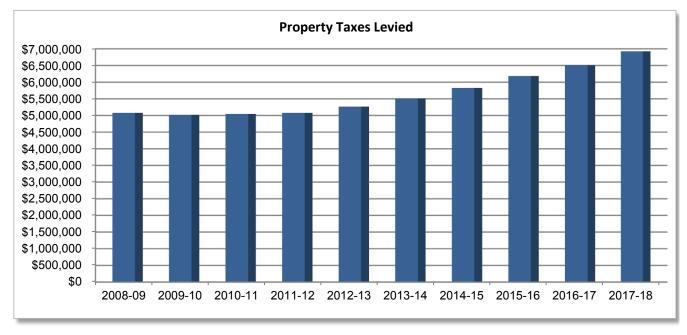


Note: The base used for the Percentage of Total Taxes Levied for 2018 includes total secured taxes of \$6,464,862.

Source: Treasurer-Tax Collector, County of Orange

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Taxes Levied for the		Within the Fiscal	Collections of Delinquent Taxes from	Tot	al Collections	for the Fiscal Year ⁽³⁾
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year (1)	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Prior Years (4)		Amount	Percentage of Levy
2017-18	\$ 6,925,546	\$ 6,855,493	98.99%	\$	\$	6,855,493	98.99%
2016-17	6,511,944	6,446,780	99.00%	35,702		6,482,482	99.55%
2015-16	6,183,862	6,119,771	98.96%	45,682		6,165,453	99.70%
2014-15	5,828,106	5,759,699	98.83%	54,485		5,814,184	99.76%
2013-14	5,509,379	5,444,912	98.83%	51,333		5,496,245	99.76%
2012-13	5,265,844	5,194,193	98.64%	57,834		5,252,027	99.74%
2011-12	5,079,589	5,002,490	98.48%	83,337		5,085,827	100.12%
2010-11	5,045,802	4,960,748	98.31%	34,937		4,995,685	99.01%
2009-10	5,019,061	4,904,188	97.71%	21,576		4,925,764	98.14%
2008-09	5,076,796	4,901,574	96.55%	16,066		4,917,640	96.87%



Notes:

- (1) Total tax levy includes secured, supplemental, unsecured and former redevelopment agency increment, including penalties.
- (2) Total tax collections include penalties.
- (3) Total collections include collections of current year taxes and collections related to prior year levies.

 The percentage of levy represents the ratio of total collections to the taxes levied for that fiscal year.
- (4) No amounts are shown because the property taxes levied will be collected in the following year.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt ⁽¹⁾ by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (in Thousands Except Per Capita) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Governmental Activities

		001011111	0				
Fiscal Year	Refunding Recovery Bonds ⁽⁶⁾	Redevelopment Bonds ⁽²⁾	Certificates of Participation (5)	Pension Obligation Bonds ⁽⁵⁾	Teeter Plan Notes	SARI Line Loans	Civic Center Facilities Master Plan Financing
2017-18	\$	\$	\$ 392	\$ 8,217	\$ 27,247	\$	\$ 175,340
2016-17			811	11,220	27,868	23,900	175,340
2015-16			1,262	19,140	30,191	28,022	
2014-15			1,744	27,227	33,823	36,277	
2013-14	19,172		2,262	32,193	39,830	47,410	
2012-13	35,317		2,822	37,925	43,486	59,892	
2011-12	51,600		3,422	47,523		40,328	
2010-11	67,028	47,009	4,064	54,680		33,999	
2009-10	81,619	49,729	4,758	59,331			
2008-09	95,206	52,306	5,502	69,711			

Notes:

 $^{(1) \ \} Details \ regarding \ the \ \ County's \ outstanding \ debt \ can \ be \ found \ in \ Note \ 11, \ Long-Term \ Obligations.$

⁽²⁾ Redevelopment Bonds are no longer County debt due to the dissolution of Redevelopment Agency on February 1, 2012. Details regarding the Redevelopment Bonds can be found in Note 12, Conduit Debt Obligations and Successor Agency Debt.

⁽³⁾ Capital lease obligations arise from lease agreements which are in-substance like purchases. The agreements convey property rights to the lessee and the lessee assumes substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership.

⁽⁴⁾ See demographic and economic statistics schedule for personal income and population data. For years prior to FY 2012-13, the personal income ratio and the debt per capita amounts were calculated using personal income and population from the prior fiscal year.

⁽⁵⁾ Beginning FY 2012-13, outstanding debt does not include Interest Accretion on capital appreciation bonds (CAB), this was separated and numbers were restated.

⁽⁶⁾ Beginning FY 2013-14, outstanding debt does not include deferred amount on refunding due to implementation of GASB Statement No. 65. Prior years have not been restated.

⁽⁷⁾ Lease Revenue bonds and Airport Revenue bonds include unamortized premiums and discounts.

 Business-Type Activities														
Lease Revenue onds ^{(6), (7)}		Capital Lease igations ⁽³⁾	Α	nterest ccretion on CAB		Airport Revenue Bonds ⁽⁷⁾		e Manage tem Reve Bonds			al Primary vernment	Percer of Per Incon	sonal	Per Capita ⁽⁴⁾
\$ 69,948	\$	43,169	\$	36,586	\$	152,199	\$			\$	513,098		0.24%	\$ 159
88,352		55,831		46,641		187,318					617,281		0.31%	193
141,145		67,928		73,926		195,127					556,741		0.29%	175
105,880		79,168		96,303		202,536					582,958		0.31%	185
137,115		62,446		103,377		209,804					653,609		0.34%	210
155,828		67,353		110,084		240,540			7,018		760,265		0.41%	247
181,097		71,755				248,900		1:	3,666		658,291		0.40%	215
249,924		76,074				256,683		1	9,921		809,382		0.51%	269
309,517		80,114				264,099		2	5,738		874,905		0.57%	276
365,850		84,952				33,502		3	1,144		738,173		0.50%	235

Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt ⁽¹⁾ Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years (in Thousands Except Per Capita) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

General Debt Outstanding

Fiscal Year	Refunding Recovery Bonds	Pension Obligation Bonds ⁽³⁾	Restricted for Debt Payments (3)	Total (Excess)/	Percentage of Assessed Value	Per Capita ⁽²⁾
2017-18	\$	\$ 42,770	\$ 42,770	\$	0.00%	\$
2016-17		53,985	53,985		0.00%	
2015-16		87,521	87,521		0.00%	
2014-15		116,494	116,494		0.00%	
2013-14	19,172	127,206	127,206	19,172	0.00%	6
2012-13	35,317	138,484	138,484	35,317	0.01%	11
2011-12	51,600	47,523	47,523	51,600	0.01%	17
2010-11	67,028	54,680	54,680	67,028	0.02%	22
2009-10	81,619	59,331	59,331	81,619	0.02%	26
2008-09	95,206	69,711	69,711	95,206	0.02%	30

Notes: (1) Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in Note 11, Long-Term Obligations.

⁽²⁾ See demographic and economic statistics schedule for population data. For years prior to FY 2012-13, the debt per capita amount was calculated using the population for the prior fiscal year.

⁽³⁾ Beginning in FY 2012-13, outstanding debt includes accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds.

Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of Debt Limit Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	A:	ssessed Value ⁽¹⁾	Leg	al Debt Limit	Applic	let Debt able to mit	L	egal Debt Margin	Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit
2017-18	\$	563,662,044	\$	7,045,776	\$		\$	7,045,776	0%
2016-17		531,052,158		6,638,152				6,638,152	0%
2015-16		504,650,360		6,308,130				6,308,130	0%
2014-15		476,303,290		5,953,791				5,953,791	0%
2013-14		447,749,156		5,596,864				5,596,864	0%
2012-13		432,902,274		5,411,278				5,411,278	0%
2011-12		424,769,642		5,309,621				5,309,621	0%
2010-11		420,751,575		5,259,395				5,259,395	0%
2009-10		422,965,596		5,287,070				5,287,070	0%
2008-09		428,809,224		5,360,115				5,360,115	0%



Note:

⁽¹⁾ Starting from FY 2007-08, Assessed Value includes the State assessed properties.

⁽²⁾ The amount of the general obligation bonded indebtedness the County can incur is limited by law to 1.25 percent of the equalized assessment property tax roll. In order for the County to issue general obligation bonds secured by ad valorem taxes on real property, California Constitution Article XIIIA, section 1 requires the approval of 2/3 of the voting on the proposition.

Pledged Revenue Coverage (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	,	South	Oran	ge Cou	nty P	ublic Fina	ncing /	Autho	ority			Orar	ige County F	Publi	c Facilities	s Co	rporation	Bonds	
Funding Source: Interest Earnings, Rents and Concessions De							Transfers	=	Fundi	ng Source:	Interest Earni	ings a	nd Transfers		Debt Se	ervice			
Fiscal Year	Gro: Rever		Operating Net Available Expenses Revenue		, ,		Princ	ipal	Interest	Coverage	Fiscal Year	Gross Revenue	Operating Expenses		t Available Revenue	Р	rincipal	Interest	Coverage
2017-18	\$ 10	0,489	\$		\$	10,489	\$ 7	165	\$ 3,152	1.02	2017-18	\$ 2,423	\$	\$	2,423	\$	419	\$ 2,179	0.93
2016-17	10	0,465				10,465	7	335	2,974	1.02	2016-17	2,405	8		2,397		451	2,157	0.92
2015-16	5	5,828		271		5,557	4	920	906	0.95	2015-16	2,470			2,470		482	2,121	0.95
2014-15	5	5,830				5,830	4	780	1,049	1.00	2014-15	2,475			2,475		518	2,090	0.95
2013-14	5	5,825				5,825	4	680	1,143	1.00	2013-14	2,459			2,459		560	2,045	0.94
2012-13	5	5,841				5,841	4	520	1,307	1.00	2012-13	2,403	44		2,359		600	2,005	0.91
2011-12				262		(262)					2011-12	2,770			2,770		642	1,958	1.07
2010-11											2010-11	2,525			2,525		694	1,906	0.97
2009-10											2009-10	2,743			2,743		744	1,861	1.05
2008-09											2008-09	2,700			2,700		804	1,801	1.04
	Orange County Public Financing Authority												Teet	er Plan No	otes				
Fur	ding Sou	urce:	Intere	st Earnir	ngs, R	ents and Co	ncession	s, and	Transfers		Fundi	ng Source:	Delinquent Pr	ropert	y Taxes Coll	ected	t		
							D	ebt S	ervice	=							Debt Se	ervice	
Fiscal Year	Gro: Rever			rating enses		Available evenue	Princ	ipal	Interest	Coverage	Fiscal Year (2)	Gross Revenue	Operating Expenses		t Available Revenue	Р	rincipal	Interest	Coverage
2017-18	\$ 2	2,466	\$		\$	2,466	\$ 9	590	\$ 335	0.25	2017-18	\$ 11,210	\$ 220	\$	10,990	\$	59,110	\$ 1,105	0.18
2016-17	10	0,189				10,189	41	235	1,587	0.24	2016-17	26,232	154		26,078		33,859	600	0.77
2015-16	44	4,418				44,418	25	420	3,235	1.55	2015-16	316	210		106		74,561	347	0.00
2014-15	29	9,928				29,928	24	235	4,455	1.04	2014-15	174	2,954		(2,780)	(3)	37,548	352	(0.07)
2013-14	29	9,949				29,949	23	115	5,605	1.04	2013-14	11,147	251		10,896		43,295	413	0.25
2012-13	29	9,952				29,952	22	160	6,638	1.04	2012-13	15,706	1,032		14,674		14,449	327	0.99
2011-12	35	5,697				35,697	61	630	10,837	0.49	2011-12								
2010-11	74	4,725				74,725	58	990	13,643	1.03	2010-11								
2009-10	74	4,838				74,838	56	580	16,151	1.03	2009-10								
2008-09	77	7,027				77,027	56	225	18,385	1.03	2008-09								

Airport Revenue Bonds

Funding Source: Rents and Concessions, Other Charges for Services, Misc Revenue,
Interest Earnings, and Available Passenger Facility Charge Revenue

Debt Service

Fiscal Year	Gross Revenue				•		Р	rincipal	lı	nterest	Coverage	
2017-18	\$	145.649	\$	90.889	\$	54.760	\$	35.090	\$	8.845	1.25	
	Ψ	-,	Ψ	,	Ψ	- ,	Ψ	,	Ψ	-,		
2016-17		143,707		89,055		54,652		7,530		9,999	3.12	
2015-16		143,661		82,833		60,828		7,205		10,338	3.47	
2014-15		135,491		82,558		52,933		6,995		10,603	3.01	
2013-14		131,285		84,708		46,577		30,473		11,395	1.11	
2012-13		126,966		79,739		47,227		9,250		12,250	2.20	
2011-12		124,403		77,628		46,775		7,851		12,592	2.29	
2010-11		120,088		70,521		49,567		7,460		12,906	2.43	
2009-10		121,761		68,771		52,990		2,865		7,163	5.28	
2008-09		115,026		67,749		47,277		13,480		4,567	2.62	

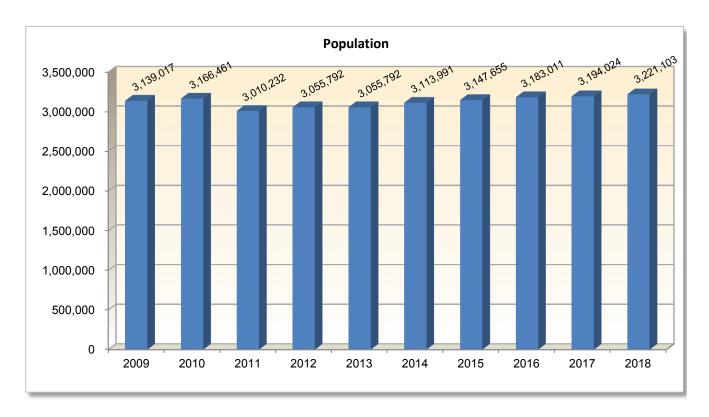
Notes: (1) Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation or amortization expenses.

⁽²⁾ Teeter Plan Notes were converted from short-term commercial paper to long-term note in FY 2012-13, therefore, only long-term note information is presented.

⁽³⁾ For FY 2014-15, there is a deficit balance for Net Available Revenue due to the change in Teeter Plan Reserve methodology.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (2)	Per Capita Personal Income (Absolute Dollars) (2)	Median Age ⁽³⁾	Public School Enrollment (In Thousands) (4)	Unemployment Rate ⁽⁵⁾
2018	3,221,103	\$ 215,479,000	\$ 66,896	N/A	485,835	3.1%
2017	3,194,024	199,492,000	62,458	37.3	490,430	4.2%
2016	3,183,011	190,978,000	59,999	37.1	493,030	4.4%
2015	3,147,655	185,500,000	58,933	36.7	497,116	4.0%
2014	3,113,991	177,412,900	56,973	36.4	500,487	5.4%
2013	3,081,804	168,966,400	54,827	36.2	501,801	6.7%
2012	3,055,792	166,345,500	54,436	36.7	502,195	8.1%
2011	3,010,232	159,007,100	52,822	37.3	502,895	8.6%
2010	3,166,461	153,098,600	48,350	37.2	502,239	9.6%
2009	3,139,017	148,372,600	47,267	36.9	504,136	9.6%



N/A means Not Available

Sources:

- (1) California Department of Finance, Demographic Research Unit, http://www.dof.ca.gov
- (2) Chapman University Economic & Business Review.
- (3) U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, http://www.census.gov, 2018 N/A
- (4) California Department of Education, http://www.cde.ca.gov
- (5) State of California, Employment Development Department, http://www.edd.ca.gov/

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2018

Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Walt Disney Co.	30,000	1	1.87%
University of California, Irvine	23,605	2	1.47%
County of Orange	18,257	3	1.14%
St. Joseph Health System	13,786	4	0.86%
Kaiser Permanente	7,800	5	0.49%
Boeing Co.	6,103	6	0.38%
Albertsons	6,057	7	0.38%
Wal-Mart	6,000	8	0.37%
Hoag Memorial Hospital	5,680	9	0.35%
Target Corporation	5,400	10	0.34%

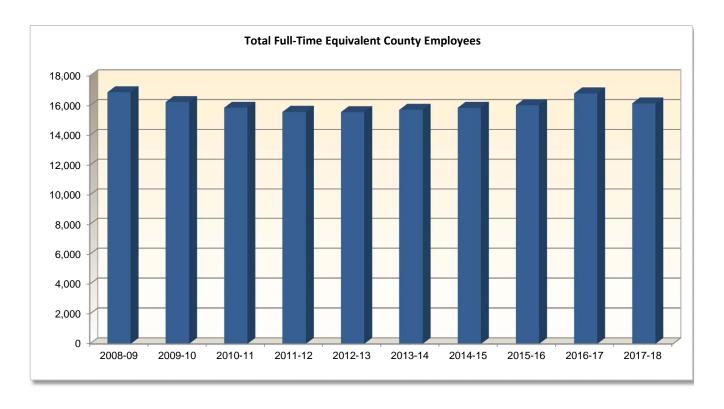
2009

Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Walt Disney Co.	20,000	1	1.25%
County of Orange	18,668	2	1.17%
University of California, Irvine	17,500	3	1.10%
St. Joseph Health System	10,656	4	0.67%
Boeing Co.	8,100	5	0.51%
Yum! Brands Inc.	7,000	6	0.44%
Target Corporation	6,100	7	0.38%
Supervalu Inc.	6,082	8	0.38%
California State University Fullerton	5,768	9	0.36%
Bank of America Corporation	5,500	10	0.35%

Source: Orange County Business Journal Book of Lists - County of Orange http://www.labormarketinfo.edd.ca.gov

Full-time Equivalent County Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13(2)	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09
General Government	1,461	1,511	1,419	1,341	1,322	1,273	1,279	1,314	1,346	1,383
Public Protection	6,722	6,915	6,642	6,674	6,760	6,781	6,653	6,692	6,879	7,298
Public Ways and Facilities	386	431	435	440	478	508	542	569	585	622
Health and Sanitation	2,307	2,409	2,253	2,198	2,128	2,137	2,209	2,292	2,346	2,507
Public Assistance	4,276	4,529	4,306	4,239	4,043	3,876	3,867	3,935	4,023	4,000
Education	306	309	302	286	290	286	307	324	325	350
Recreation and Cultural Services	288	298	272	265	274	268	283	289	285	277
Airport	157	153	154	159	162	167	168	168	169	168
Waste Management	236	249	233	241	249	255	257	261	267	272
CFCOC	10	9	11	11	11	11	13	14	16	17
Total Full-time Equivalent Employees (1)	16,149	16,813	16,027	15,854	15,717	15,562	15,578	15,858	16,241	16,894



Note: (1) Full-time equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by the total of hours in a fiscal year (2,080 hours).

(2) Updated FY 2012-13 numbers due to revaluation of methodology. It was subsequently determined that prior methodology was appropriate.

Source: County Executive Office, County of Orange

Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Year		
Function/Program	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14
General Government					
Auditor-Controller					
Property Tax Bills Prepared	1,125,902	1,127,725	1,141,652	1,216,325	1,220,750
Assessor					
Number of Real Property Valued	943,771	937,630	930,470	924,791	918,672
Number of Unsecured Property Assessed	117,126	121,665	141,224	145,151	135,551
New Parcels Created and Mapped	7,868	9,053	6,665	6,918	4,519
New Construction Events	20,758	21,254	19,397	18,530	16,904
County Executive Office Volunteer Program Service Hours	562,121	645,482	613,277	638,230	700,759
Clerk-Recorder	002,121	040,402	010,211	000,200	700,700
Marriage Licenses Issued	23,702	25,309	23,725	23,553	25,244
Marriage Ceremonies Performed	11,946	12,876	11,122	11,213	12,056
Copies of Birth Certificates Issued	82,463	85,051	74,508	79,826	82,268
Property-Related Document Recordings	534,185	640,243	617,914	651,866	580,899
Passport Applications Filed	10,144	9,437	7,093	5,016	2,686
Treasurer-Tax Collector					
Orange County Investment Pool Income (1)	\$ 57,610 \$	36,677	\$ 24,877	\$ 14,581 \$	11,298
Assets Under Management (1)	\$ 9,387,613 \$	-	\$ 8,271,502		•
Number of Property Tax Bills	1,471,356	1,448,886	1,367,275	1,381,808	1,421,654
Percentage of Secured Tax Bill Collection	99.36%	99.39%	99.26%	99.21%	99.16%
Number of Incoming Phone Calls	98,660		111,948	121,461	
_	,	108,061	•	*	115,123
Percentage of Electronic Payments	60.9%	57.2%	54.9%	54.2%	53.8%
Secured Tax Bill Reminders	42,866	40,898	38,213	35,917	31,988
Property Tax Payments by eCheck	398,711	348,961	309,977	285,932	248,908
Registrar of Voters					
Registered Voters	1,481,881	1,535,967	1,395,380	1,424,216	1,411,232
Highest Number of Ballots Cast Elections Conducted	635,224 1	1,239,405 1	691,802 4	640,358 7	340,187 3
Public Protection					
Sheriff-Coroner					
Patrolled Cities Population	646,818	644,496	641,753	637,261	631,934
Patrolled Unincorporated Areas					
Population	129,278	125,792	125,420	124,014	121,473
Number of Bookings to Orange County	04.457	50,000	E0 400	50.405	04.000
Jail System	61,157	56,330	56,163	56,135	61,262
Average Daily Jail Head Count	6,249	6,220	6,028	6,055	7,039
District Attorney	00.000	04.040	04.504	50,000	FF 000
Defendants Prosecuted - Adult Defendants Prosecuted - Juvenile	62,682 3,426	61,219 3,631	61,521 3,564	56,233 4,482	55,906 5,103
	3,420	3,031	3,304	4,402	3,103
Probation Physical Arrests - Adult	*	*	*	*	*
Physical Arrests - Juvenile	*	*	*	*	*
Probationers under Supervision as of					
June 30th-Adult	11,560	11,189	11,714	10,725	14,425
Probationers under Supervision as of	,	,	,	-, -	, -
June 30th-Juvenile	2,270	2,290	2,550	3,124	4,156
Avg. Daily Juvenile Hall Population	129	150	130	150	229
Avg. Daily Camp Population	119	136	143	203	182
Public Defender					
Cases Appointed Annually	59,095	61,878	65,574	79,119	74,101

Note: (1) Dollar amounts in thousand

(2) * means Not Available

Sources: County Departments

• 1	
iscal	

		- 1	iscai Year			
2012-13	2011-12		2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	Function/Program
						General Government
						Auditor-Controller
1,186,238	1,153,816		1,189,320	1,144,933	1,148,720	Property Tax Bills Prepared
						Assessor
914,489	901,840		899,644	897,547	888,770	Number of Real Property Valued
139,865	159,464		161,005	168,208	169,821	Number of Unsecured Property Assessed
8,175	3,649		2,739	9,413	9,185	New Parcels Created and Mapped
17,173	17,129		9,372	13,172	16,565	New Construction Events
						County Executive Office
815,407	885,416		935,284	882,680	839,125	Volunteer Program Service Hours
						Clerk-Recorder
22,502	22,415		20,868	20,292	21,339	Marriage Licenses Issued
*	*		*	*	*	Marriage Ceremonies Performed
81,775	83,611		85,773	87,999	98,231	Copies of Birth Certificates Issued
839,353	741,935		725,323	669,332	629,373	Property-Related Document Recordings
*	*		*	*	*	Passport Applications Filed
						Treasurer-Tax Collector
\$ 12,958	\$ 17,978	\$	22,295	\$ 35,656	\$ 67,242	Orange County Investment Pool Income (1)
\$ 6,490,056	\$ 5,922,768	\$	6,183,195	\$ 5,975,392	\$ 5,963,577	Assets Under Management (1)
1,347,596	1,257,709		1,382,198	1,362,221	1,367,901	Number of Property Tax Bills
98.94%	98.51%		98.35%	97.61%	96.30%	Percentage of Secured Tax Bill Collection
150,830	148,463		162,955	160,067	178,420	Number of Incoming Phone Calls
49.4%	51.1%		49.3%	43.8%	40.8%	Percentage of Electronic Payments
28,664	25,451		21,027	*	*	Secured Tax Bill Reminders
213,146	181,151		143,136	126,942	112,114	Property Tax Payments by eCheck
						Registrar of Voters
1,683,001	1,612,145		1,621,934	1,603,312	1,607,989	Registered Voters
1,133,204	145,474		898,205	482,708	1,167,657	Highest Number of Ballots Cast
2	2		5	5	4	Elections Conducted
						Public Protection
						Sheriff-Coroner
627,447	557,403		553,148	584,947	581,109	Patrolled Cities Population
						Patrolled Unincorporated Areas
120,396	119,698		121,488	120,088	119,480	Population
00.400	05.050			50.000		Number of Bookings to Orange County
63,439	65,256		63,615	58,322	61,778	Jail System
6,805	6,265		5,721	5,171	6,090	Average Daily Jail Head Count
F7 070	04.750		C4 440	04.000	70.050	District Attorney
57,873	61,759		64,418	64,969	70,058	Defendants Prosecuted - Adult
6,651	6,743		7,907	6,894	7,740	Defendants Prosecuted - Juvenile
0.047	0.007		4.000	4 000	4.705	Probation
2,947	2,307		1,926	1,822	1,725	Physical Arrests - Adult
640	467		488	685	595	Physical Arrests - Juvenile Probationers under Supervision as of
14,186	14,788		13,243	13,476	15,022	June 30th-Adult
1-7,100	17,700		10,270	10,710	10,022	Probationers under Supervision as of
4,984	5,399		5,792	6,527	6,492	June 30th-Juvenile
320	315		417	428	455	Avg. Daily Juvenile Hall Population
193	169		194	191	310	Avg. Daily Camp Population
						Public Defender
77,073	73,487		77,661	76,191	83,029	Cases Appointed Annually
,	. 0, 101		. , , , , , ,	. 0, 10 1	55,525	ousse, ippointed, unident

Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)

	Fiscal Year 2017-18 2016-17 2015-16 2014-15					
Function/Program	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	
Public Ways and Facilities OC Public Works (OCPW)						
Building and Home Inspections	42,590	39,056	40,662	30,324	31,772	
Health and Sanitation						
OC Community Resources						
Animal Licenses	149,342	171,237	192,470	198,358	192,320	
Health Care Agency	224 450	204,683	102 F20	192 704	170 904	
911 Emergency Medical Services Responses Retail Food Facility Inspections Conducted	234,459 30,893	32,305	193,538 26,195	183,794 31,397	170,804 32,689	
Hazardous Waste Inspections Conducted	6,003	7,271	8,328	5,950	4,616	
Number of Home Visits by Public Health Nurses	20,156	32,108	29,219	31,258	35,101	
Number of Low Income Children Dental Health			400		4 005	
Services Number of Ocean Water Days of Closure	360	311	496	755	1,225	
(In Beach-Miles)	10	17	22	24	20	
Public Assistance	.0					
OC Community Resources						
Adult Day Care Hours of Service	65,900	47,567	49,971	43,010	50,944	
Elderly Nutrition Program Meals Delivered	1,323,802	1,417,361	1,374,275	1,406,526	1,347,251	
One-Way Transportation Trips Provided to Seniors	185,258	190,534	198,851	180,899	187,864	
Social Service Agency	202 742	0.47, 400	040.000	740,004	504.070	
Average Monthly Medi-Cal Recipients Average Monthly Child Abuse Hotline Calls	806,716 4,189	817,408 4,076	810,388 4,259	718,061 4,049	521,078 3,674	
Average Monthly CalFresh (formerly Food	4,109	4,070	4,239	4,049	3,074	
Stamp) Recipients	233,038	250,772	263,556	258,676	247,517	
Average Monthly In-Home Supportive Services	26,369	24,427	22,635	20,787	19,652	
Average Persons Receiving Cash Assistance	41,622	46,369	52,081	55,921	55,225	
Average Children in Foster Care/Relative Care	1,917	1,886	1,791	1,924	2,119	
Average Elder and Adult Abuse Unduplicated Reports Received	1,091	995	942	815	710	
Education	1,001	000	0.12	0.10	7.10	
OC Community Resources						
Total Volumes Borrowed at Library Branches	7,041,985	6,864,635	6,634,747	6,411,127	6,642,739	
Recreation and Cultural Services						
OC Community Resources						
Exotic Invasive Plant Removal (acres)	2,285	2,940	2,782	1,466	1,154	
Native Vegetation Restoration (acres)	414	262	293	312	368	
Dana Point Harbor						
Slip and Dry Storage Tenants	438	438	2,903	3,204	2,679	
Boat Launches Sailing and Event Center Participants	16,487 101,945	16,303 80,752	17,695 50,000	15,511 75,000	15,606 111,838	
Ocean Institute Students/Visitors	90,948	127,361	192,384	41,000	100,000	
Hotel Guests	59,319	39,140	43,515	43,073	42,887	
Catalina Express Passengers	129,239	128,000	25,711	123,688	123,257	
Special Events at the Harbor	6	6	8	12	15	
<u>Airport</u>						
Passengers	10,670,156	10,373,714	10,361,436	9,608,873	9,304,295	
Air Cargo Tonnage Takeoffs & Landings	19,577 302,483	17,813 285,704	18,568 276,817	16,997 264,726	17,564 252,166	
Waste Management	552,405	200,104	210,011	204,120	202,100	
Solid Waste Tonnage	4,980,101	4,810,116	4,772,722	4,581,359	4,070,238	
Gallons of Leachate and Impacted	.,	.,,,	-, -,	-,,,000	.,	
Ground Water Collected	5,576,351	5,599,757	3,542,736	5,510,821	3,854,530	

Sources: County Departments

		Fiscal Year			
2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	Function/Program
					Public Ways and Facilities
					OC Public Works (OCPW)
19,368	15,591	13,215	11,222	24,731	Building and Home Inspections
					Health and Sanitation
					OC Community Resources
191,098	200,755	173,570	176,123	158,202	Animal Licenses
					Health Care Agency
171,420	168,172	156,638	158,863	160,369	911 Emergency Medical Services Responses
34,953	35,025	34,962	36,445	33,146	Retail Food Facility Inspections Conducted
6,058 34,953	5,444 32,498	6,237 29,260	6,600 30,091	5,847 29,505	Hazardous Waste Inspections Conducted Number of Home Visits by Public Health Nurses
34,933	32,490	29,200	30,091	29,303	Number of Low Income Children Dental Health
1,107	1,344	1,533	1,520	979	Services
, -	,-	,	,		Number of Ocean Water Days of Closure
8	1	61	20	26	(In Beach-Miles)
					Public Assistance
					OC Community Resources
49,129	70,267	93,425	92,964	101,732	Adult Day Care Hours of Service
1,360,601	1,636,379	1,846,571	1,796,596	1,725,058	Elderly Nutrition Program Meals Delivered
155,003	184,476	287,611	213,832	233,382	One-Way Transportation Trips Provided to Seniors
					Social Service Agency
430,559	418,649	403,142	376,101	343,222	Average Monthly Medi-Cal Recipients
3,009	2,880	3,003	3,165	3,242	Average Monthly Child Abuse Hotline Calls
230,964	213,919	185,489	150,141	109,491	Average Monthly CalFresh (formerly Food Stamp) Recipients
19,663	19,240	18,335	17,595	16,364	Average Monthly In-Home Supportive Services
55,008	56,847	58,770	53,214	44,115	Average Persons Receiving Cash Assistance
2,213	2,128	2,148	2,336	2,466	Average Children in Foster Care/Relative Care
•	•	•	•	•	Average Elder and Adult Abuse Unduplicated
636	630	604	598	531	Reports Received
					Education
					OC Community Resources
6,564,262	6,741,380	7,796,954	7,629,378	7,314,615	Total Volumes Borrowed at Library Branches
					Recreation and Cultural Services
					OC Community Resources
4,102	4,042	629	61	1,475	Exotic Invasive Plant Removal (acres)
843	994	2,448	82	144	Native Vegetation Restoration (acres)
					Dana Point Harbor
2,700	2,237	2,748	2,750	2,836	Slip and Dry Storage Tenants
15,037	14,327	15,150	18,759	19,903	Boat Launches
115,996	111,959	108,070	83,738	66,163	Sailing and Event Center Participants
108,668	110,059	125,000	125,060	126,957	Ocean Institute Students/Visitors
41,141	36,800	26,972	25,252	28,650	Hotel Guests
123,257 16	120,945 16	114,176 16	106,305 16	111,648 16	Catalina Express Passengers Special Events at the Harbor
10	10	10	10	10	•
0.404.470	0.040.440	0.044.054	0.040.400	0.550.500	Airport
9,124,172 17,821	8,642,116 16,831	8,611,054 15,150	8,812,169 14,870	8,552,590 15,197	Passengers Air Cargo Tonnage
252,506	251,191	260,466	213,404	215,585	Takeoffs & Landings
202,000	201,101	200,400	210,707	210,000	
3,428,657	3,304,643	3,495,649	3,502,715	3,876,902	Waste Management Solid Waste Tonnage
5,420,057	3,304,043	5,435,043	3,302,713	3,070,902	Gallons of Leachate and Impacted
3,116,108	3,448,964	3,209,725	3,390,965	3,441,343	Ground Water Collected
-,,.00	-,,50.	-,,, 	-,,500	-,,	

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Year		
Function/Program	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14
General Government					
Auditor-Controller					
Hall of Finance and Records	1	1	1	1	1
Clerk-Recorder					
OC Archives Building	1	1	1	1	1
Registrar of Voters					
Trailer	2	1	1	1	1
Vehicle/Truck	3	4	4	4	3
Public Protection					
Sheriff-Coroner					
Crime/Forensic Lab	1	1	1	1	1
Jail Facilities	3	3	3	3	3
Vehicles	938	948	917	916	911
Buses	13	12	11	11	11
Helicopters	5	5	4	3	3
Boats	10	10	10	10	10
Robot Andros	3	3	3	3	3
Haz-mat Vehicles	4	4	4	4	4
K-9 units	34	26	28	22	18
District Attorney					
Justice Center Offices	5	5	5	5	5
Probation Department					
Juvenile Institutions	4	4	4	4	4
Vehicles/Trucks	158	159	155	159	156
Equipment	15	13	12	16	12
Public Ways and Facilities					
OC Public Works					
Hall of Administration	1	1	1	1	1
Data Center	1	1	1	1	1
Alternate Fuel Vehicles	42	46	50	51	60
Vehicles/Trucks	46	45	42	53	54
OC Flood Control District					
Watersheds	22	21	19	13	13
Dams	4	4	3	3	3
Dump Trucks	4	4	7	7	12
Tractors	20	20	20	14	19
Trailers	16	16	14	24	17
Vehicles/Trucks	94	97	79	156	156
Roads					
Street Miles	345	330	330	320	320
Dump Trucks	13	12	12	11	9
Tractors	30	30	30	18	9
Trailers	26	24	32	30	18
Vehicles/Trucks	174	174	147	146	165
7 01110100/ 11 0010					

^{*} means Not Available

Source: County Departments

	F	iscal Year			
2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	Function/Program
					General Government
					Auditor-Controller
1	1	1	1	1	Hall of Finance and Records
					Clerk-Recorder
1	1	1	1	1	OC Archives Building
					Registrar of Voters
1	1	1	1	1	Trailer
3	3	3	3	3	Vehicle/Truck
					Public Protection
					Sheriff-Coroner
1	1	1	1	1	Crime/Forensic Lab
3	3	3	3	3	Jail Facilities
918	838	844	844	859	Vehicles
11	11	13	13	13	Buses
2	2	2	2	2	Helicopters
9	9	5	5	5	Boats
3	3	3	3	3	Robot Andros
4	4	4	4	4	Haz-mat Vehicles
13	10	14	14	14	K-9 units
					District Attorney
5	5	5	5	5	Justice Center Offices
					Probation Department
4	5	5	5	5	Juvenile Institutions
*	*	*	*	*	Vehicles/Trucks
*	*	*	*	*	Equipment
					Public Ways and Facilities
					OC Public Works
1	1	1	1	1	Hall of Administration
1	1	1	1	1	Data Center
60	59	59	59	59	Alternate Fuel Vehicles
51	50	50	50	47	Vehicles/Trucks
0.1	00	00	00		OC Flood Control District
13	13	19	11	11	Watersheds
3	3	3	3	3	Dams
5	5	13	13	13	Dump Trucks
5	5	10	19	19	Tractors
8	12	15	14	14	Trailers
156	165	161	122	166	Vehicles/Trucks
130	103	101	122	100	Roads
319	320	320	320	320	Street Miles
4	11	9	1	8	Dump Trucks
6	3	4	3	12	Tractors
10	5	9	11	14	Trailers
151	146	151	144	158	Vehicles/Trucks

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)

			Fiscal Year		
Function/Program	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14
Health and Sanitation					_
Clinics (1)	4	4	4	4	3
Laboratories (1)	2	2	2	2	2
Trailers (1)	10	9	12	12	8
Vehicles and Trucks (1)	33	30	24	24	25
OC Community Resources					
Animal Care Center	1	1	1	1	1
Trailers	2	3	3	3	3
Public Assistance					
Social Service Agency					
Vehicles	2	4	5	5	5
Office Locations	20	20	20	20	19
<u>Education</u>					
Library Branches	33	33	33	33	33
Library Headquarters	*	*	*	*	*
Recreation and Cultural Services					
OC Community Resources					
Park Land (acres)	62,900	62,900	62,900	62,900	60,500
Recreational Trails (in miles)	295	295	295	295	295
Zoo	1	1	1	1	1
Urban Regional Parks	15	15	15	15	15
Wilderness Parks	5	5	5	5	5
Nature Preserves	4	4	4	4	4
Harbors	3	3	3	3	3
Beaches	11	11	11	11	11
Historical Sites	7	7	7	7	7
Boats	9	10	8	7	7
Tractors	26	26	25	26	28
Trailers	35	33	31	27	29
Vehicles/Trucks	207	199	204	174	170
Dana Point Harbor					
Harbor	1	1	1	1	1
Marinas	2	2	2	2	2
Public Parking Areas	9	9	9	9	9
Beaches	1	1	1	1	1
Access Points to Ocean	6	6	6	6	6
Hotel	1	1	1	1	1
Ocean Education Center	1	1	1	1	1
Sailing and Events Center	1	1	1	1	1
Shops	24	24	24	23	23
Restaurants	16	16	16	16	16
Fuel Dock	1	1	1	1	1
Shipyard	1	1	1	1	1
Boater Service Buildings	15	15	15	15	15
Parcel 11 (Yacht Building Company)	1	1	1	*	*
Parcel 23 (Yacht Club)	1	1	1	*	*

Note: (1) Presentation changed in FY 2014-15 to summarize by asset

(2) * means Not Available Source: County Departments

	F	iscal Year			
2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	Function/Program
					Health and Sanitation
3	3	2	2	2	Clinics (1)
2	2	2	2	1	Laboratories (1)
11	27	27	27	27	Trailers ⁽¹⁾
25	24	27	26	25	Vehicles and Trucks
					OC Community Resources
1	1	1	1	1	Animal Care Center
3	3	3	3	3	Trailers
					Public Assistance
					Social Service Agency
6	10	10	8	7	Vehicles
20	20	19	20	21	Office Locations
					<u>Education</u>
33	33	33	33	33	Library Branches
*	*	1	1	1	Library Headquarters
					Recreation and Cultural Services
					OC Community Resources
59,318	57,688	57,688	39,490	39,490	Park Land (acres)
295	295	295	292	300	Recreational Trails (in miles)
1	1	1	1	1	Zoo
15	12	12	12	12	Urban Regional Parks
5	5	5	5	5	Wilderness Parks
4	4	4	4	3	Nature Preserves
3	2	2	2	2	Harbors
11	9	9	9	9	Beaches
7	7	7	7	7	Historical Sites
9	21	15	14	14	Boats
24	26	22	18	17	Tractors
33	30	24	20	17	Trailers
211	188	233	208	176	Vehicles/Trucks
	.00	200	200		Dana Point Harbor
1	1	1	1	1	Harbor
2	2	2	2	2	Marinas
9	9	9	9	9	Public Parking Areas
1	1	1	1	1	Beaches
6	6	6	6	6	Access Points to Ocean
1	1	1	1	1	Hotel
1	1	1	1	1	Ocean Education Center
1	1	1	1	1	Sailing and Events Center
23	25	25	25	26	Shops
16	16	15	16	15	Restaurants
1	1	1	1	1	Fuel Dock
1	1	1	1	1	Shipyard
15	15	15	15	15	Boater Service Buildings
*	*	1	*	*	Parcel 11 (Yacht Building Company)
*	*	1	*	*	Parcel 23 (Yacht Club)
		•			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)

			Fiscal Year		
Function/Program	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14
<u>Airport</u>					
Acres	501	501	501	501	501
Runways	2	2	2	2	2
Public Parking Structures/Lots	5	5	5	5	5
Terminals	3	3	3	3	3
Fire Trucks	4	4	4	4	4
Waste Management					
Active Landfills	3	3	3	3	3
Inactive Landfills	2	2	2	2	2
Household Hazardous Waste					
Collection Centers	4	4	4	4	4
Dozers	6	6	8	7	7
Dump Trucks	10	10	10	10	10
Loaders	12	12	21	20	20
Scrapers	6	6	8	8	8
Excavators	2	2	2	2	2
Tractors	35	27	30	28	29
Graders	4	4	4	4	4
Compactors	7	7	8	8	8
Water/Fuel Trucks	14	14	13	13	13
Sweeper	1	*	*	*	*

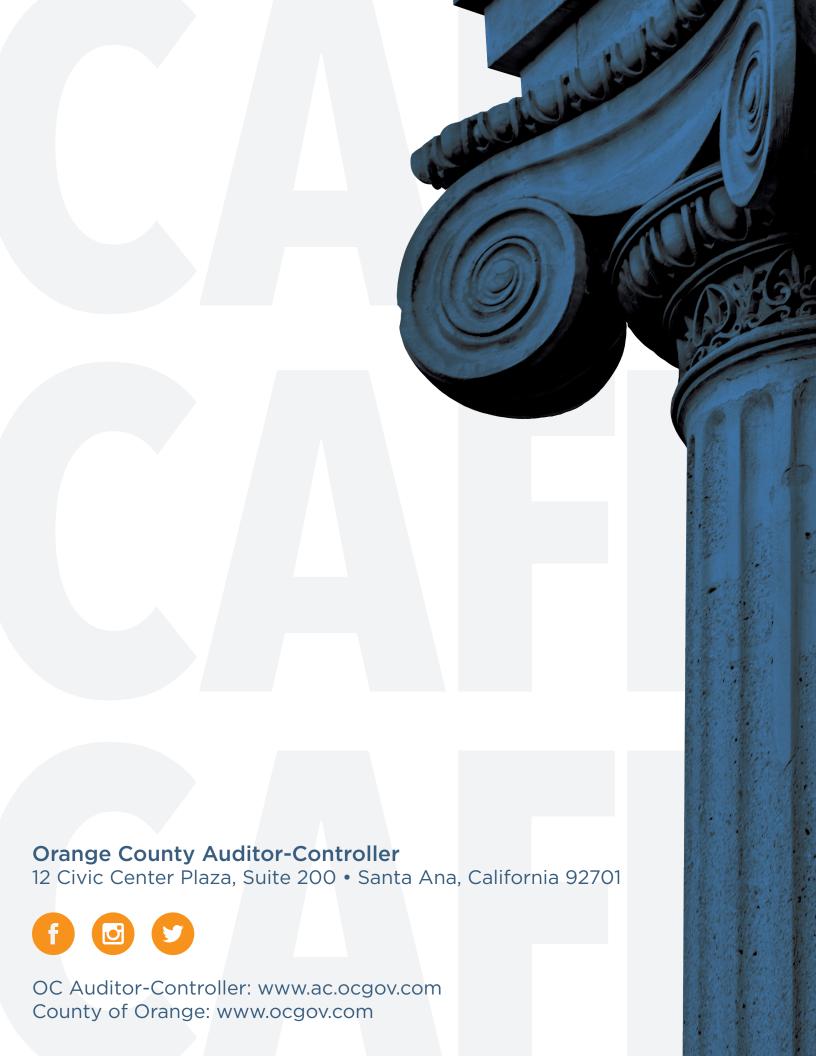
Source: County Departments

^{*} means Not Available

Fiscal	I Vaar

12-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	Function/Program	
					<u>Airport</u>	
501	501	501	501	501	Acres	
2	2	2	2	2	Runways	
5	5	5	5	5	Public Parking Structures/Lots	
3	3	1	1	1	Terminals	
4	4	4	4	4	Fire Trucks	
					Waste Management	
3	3	3	3	3	Active Landfills	
2	2	2	2	2	Inactive Landfills	
					Household Hazardous Waste	
4	4	4	4	4	Collection Centers	
7	8	8	10	10	Dozers	
12	12	14	14	14	Dump Trucks	
20	21	22	21	21	Loaders	
8	8	11	13	13	Scrapers	
2	2	2	-	-	Excavator	
28	29	29	29	28	Tractors	
4	4	4	3	6	Graders	
8	8	8	5	5	Compactors	
11	11	11	12	13	Water/Fuel Trucks	
*	*	*	*	*	Sweeper	
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APPENDIX C INVESTMENT POLICY

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Orange County Treasurer



2019 Investment Policy Statement

(Approved By B.O.S. 12/18/2018)

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ORANGE COUNTY TREASURER INVESTMENT POLICY STATEMENT

PURPOSE

This policy is intended to provide the structure for the prudent investment of the cash balances entrusted to the Orange County Treasurer (the "Treasurer") and outline the policies to assist in maximizing the efficiency of the Treasurer's cash management system while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the County, the School Districts, Community Colleges, voluntary participants and other County-related agency funds. The Treasurer's Investment Policy Statement is approved annually by the County Board of Supervisors as required by California Government Code Section 53646 (a) (1) and reviewed annually by the Treasury Oversight Committee, pursuant to the requirements of California Government Code Section 27133. (All references are to the California Government Code unless otherwise stated.)

I. POLICY STATEMENT

The investment practices and policies of the Treasurer are based on compliance with State law and prudent money management. The primary goal is to invest public funds in a manner that will provide the maximum security of principal invested with secondary emphasis on providing adequate liquidity to pool participants and lastly to achieve a market rate of return within the parameters of prudent risk management while conforming to all applicable statutes and resolutions governing the investment of public funds.

The Orange County Investment Fund (the "OCIF"), which includes all cash balances entrusted to the Treasurer as noted above, is designed to meet both the investment and cash requirements of our participants. If separate funds are established, the Treasurer shall determine on a cash flow basis what percent of available cash will be invested in each fund.

II. SCOPE

The scope of this Investment Policy Statement applies to all financial assets as indicated in II.1 below.

1. FUNDS

The Treasurer is responsible for investing the unexpended cash of the OCIF, defined as all monies under the investment authority of the Treasurer, including funds, and subsets of funds for the Orange County Department of Education; and excluding the County employee's pension and medical trust funds which are invested separately by Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS), and those funds that are invested separately by the County Treasurer under bond indenture agreements. The County Funds are accounted for in the County's CAFR and include:

- Governmental Funds, including the General Fund
- Enterprise Funds
- Fiduciary Funds
- Any other funds or new funds created by the County, unless specifically exempted

a) Pooled Funds:

It is the Treasurer's policy to pool certain funds for investment purposes to provide efficiencies and economies of scale. Investing through pooled funds will provide for greater use of funds by allowing for more efficient cash flows, a reduction in transaction costs, and improved access to the market. In addition to allowing for one pool for all participants, OCIF may also be split into different pools to meet the specific needs of participants such as short-term pools and longer-term pools. Each pool established will be reviewed separately for purposes of determining compliance with the Investment Policy Statement. These pools are based on the investment requirements detailed in Government Code Sections 53600 et seq. and 53630 et seq.

- i. If a longer-term pool such as an extended fund is established by the Treasurer, it will be utilized for investment requirements generally longer than one year. It will be invested primarily in high grade securities.
- ii. If a short-term pool is established, it can be established as a single pool or as separate pools depending on the needs of the pool participants. These pools will be utilized for shorter-term investment requirements and providing liquidity for immediate cash needs. They will be invested primarily in cashequivalent securities to fulfill the primary goals of safety and liquidity.

b) Specific Investment Accounts:

From time to time, the Treasurer may be asked by the County or a participant's governing board to invest other specific investments or to manage bond proceeds issued by the County, a local school district, voluntary participant, or other local agency. This may include deposits that are set aside for future needs of a long-term nature and may be appropriately invested in longer-term securities, either in a pool or in specific investments as allowed by Government Code. The County or the participating agencies will be required to sign a written agreement acknowledging that there may be risk to principal should they desire to redeem funds early, thereby forcing an early sale of securities rather than holding investments to maturity.

In addition, no investment will be made in any security that at the time of the investment has a term remaining to maturity in excess of five years, unless the appropriate legislative body has granted express authority to make that investment either specifically or as part of an investment program approved by that legislative body no less than three months prior to the investment. Strategies for such deposits may include matching maturities with long-term liabilities.

III. PRUDENCE

Government Code Sections 27000.3 and Section 53600.3 provide that the "prudent investor" standard is to be used by the Treasurer as a fiduciary of public funds. This standard provides that when investing, reinvesting, purchasing, acquiring, exchanging, selling, or managing public funds, the Treasurer shall act with care, skill, prudence, and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing, specifically including, but not limited to, the general economic conditions and the anticipated needs of the County and other depositors that a prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiarity with those matters would use in the conduct of funds of a like character and with like aims, to safeguard the principal and maintain the liquidity needs of the County and

the other depositors. Within the limitation of this section and considering individual investments as part of an overall investment strategy, investments may be acquired as authorized by law.

The Treasurer and those delegated staff shall act in accordance with written procedures and the Investment Policy Statement, exercise due diligence, report in a timely fashion and implement appropriate controls to mitigate adverse developments.

IV. DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY

Annually, the County Board of Supervisors delegates to the Treasurer the authority to invest and reinvest the funds of the County and other depositors as specified in Government Code Sections 27000.1, 53607 and 53608. Such delegation is conditioned upon the Treasurer submitting any and all investment policies and amendments thereto to the Board for review and approval. The Treasurer may further delegate investment authority to such persons within the Treasurer's Department as deemed appropriate.

V. OBJECTIVES

Criteria for selecting investments and the absolute order of priority are:

1. SAFETY

Safety of principal is the foremost objective of the investment program. Investments shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio.

The Treasurer shall seek to preserve principal and minimize capital losses by mitigating credit risk and market risk as follows:

- a) Credit Risk: Defined as an issuer's ability and willingness to repay interest and principal. Credit risk shall be mitigated by diversifying the fund among issues and issuers so that the failure of any one issue or issuer would not result in a significant loss of income or principal to participants.
- b) Market Risk: Defined as the risk of market value fluctuations due to changes in the general level of interest rates. Because longer-term securities generally have greater market risk than shorter-term securities, market risk will be mitigated by establishing a maximum weighted average maturity or duration for the portfolio. Occasional market losses on individual securities are inevitable with active portfolio management and must be considered within the context of the overall investment return.

2. LIQUIDITY

Liquidity refers to the recurring maturity of a portion of the investment portfolio, as well as the ability to sell an investment at any given moment with a minimal chance of principal loss. A portion of OCIF, which may be in a separate pool, will maintain liquidity for the purpose of meeting all operating requirements and reasonably anticipated cash flow needs.

3. YIELD

Yield refers to the objective of attaining a market rate of return commensurate with the risk profile and cash flow characteristics of the portfolio throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Although the Treasurer may employ certain indices to gauge the funds' rate of return, such indices shall be used solely for comparative purposes and do not constitute a warranty or guarantee of actual fund performance.

4. MARK-TO-MARKET

Investment pools, as described in Section II, 1 (a) of this Investment Policy Statement, are marked to market. To the extent reasonably possible and consistent with the Treasurer's trust and fiduciary duty, any funds in a short-term pool will attempt to stabilize at a \$1.00 net asset value (NAV). If the ratio of the market value of the short-term pool divided by the book value of the short-term pool is less than \$.9975, holdings may be sold as necessary to maintain the NAV above \$.9975.

The Treasurer will also act on a "best efforts" basis to keep any short-term pools above \$.9975 and will provide the NAV of all pools in the monthly report. However, the \$1.00 NAV is not guaranteed or insured by the Treasurer for any pool, including any longer-term pool, nor are the pools registered with the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC).

VI. AUTHORIZED INVESTMENTS

The County is authorized by Government Code Section 53600 et seq. to invest in specific types of securities. Investments not specifically listed below are prohibited. Consistent with the requirements of law and this Investment Policy Statement, the Treasurer may place orders for the execution of transactions with or through such broker/dealers, banks or counterparties as may be selected from time to time at his/her discretion. All securities must be U.S. dollar denominated. To the extent consistent with the objectives stated above, the investment restrictions outlined below, and the investment limitations specified in Sections VII and VIII, the pools may invest in the following areas.

1. U.S. TREASURY SECURITIES

United States Treasury bills, notes, bonds, or certificates of indebtedness, for which the full faith and credit of the United States are pledged for the payment of principal and interest. There is no limit on the percentage of any individual pool's total assets that can be invested in this category.

2. U. S. GOVERNMENT AGENCY SECURITIES

Obligations, participations, or other instruments of, or issued by, a federal agency or a United States government-sponsored enterprise (GSE). There is no limit on the percentage of any individual pool's total assets that can be invested in this category including no issuer limit.

3. COMMERCIAL PAPER

Eligible commercial paper shall not exceed 270 days maturity, and shall not exceed 40% of any individual pool's total assets. The entity that issues the commercial paper shall meet all of the following conditions in either paragraph (a) or paragraph (b):

a) Has total assets in excess of five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000), is organized and operating within the United States as a general corporation and has debt other than commercial paper, if any, that is rated "A" or higher by a NRSRO.

b) Is organized in the United States as a special purpose corporation, trust, or limited liability company, has program-wide credit enhancements including, but not limited to overcollateralization, letters of credit or a surety bond.

No more than 5% of any individual pool's total assets may be invested in any one issuer's commercial paper.

4. NEGOTIABLE CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT

Negotiable certificates of deposit issued by a nationally or state-chartered bank, savings association, or a federal association (as defined by Section 5102 of the California Financial Code), or by a federally licensed or state-licensed branch of a foreign bank. No more than 20% of any individual pool's total assets may be invested in negotiable certificates of deposit and maximum remaining maturity cannot exceed eighteen months.

5. REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS

Investments in repurchase agreements for the purpose of this Investment Policy Statement means a purchase of securities by the Treasurer pursuant to an agreement by which the seller will repurchase the securities on or before a specified date and for a specified amount and will deliver the underlying securities to the Treasurer by book entry, physical delivery, or by third party custodial agreement. The term of a repurchase agreement shall not exceed one year. The term "securities," for the purpose of repurchase agreements, means securities of the same issuer, description, issue date, and maturity.

To participate in repurchase agreements, a master repurchase agreement must be completed and signed by all parties involved. The Treasurer will maintain a signed copy of the agreement. Repurchase agreements are required to be collateralized by securities or cash.

a) Collateralization:

In order to anticipate market changes and provide a level of security for all repurchase agreement transactions, the market value of securities that underlie a repurchase agreement shall be valued at 102% or greater of the funds borrowed against those securities and the value shall be adjusted no less frequently than weekly. Since the market value of the underlying securities is subject to daily market fluctuations, the investments in repurchase agreements shall be in compliance if the value of the underlying securities is brought back up to 102% no later than the next business day.

Collateral will be limited to cash, and U.S. Treasury and U.S. Government Agency securities. For compliance purposes, U.S. Treasury and/or U.S. Government Agency collateral are exempt from the issuer limits as stated in Section VIII.2. Collateral will be held by an independent third party with whom the Treasurer has a current custodial agreement. A clearly marked evidence of ownership (safekeeping/custody receipt) must be supplied to the Treasurer and retained. No collateral substitutions may be made without prior approval of the Treasurer.

Investments in repurchase agreements are limited to no more than 20% of any individual pool's total assets. Agreements are subject to Government Code Section 53601 and must comply with the delivery requirements and the maturity provision from Section 53601.

6. BANKERS' ACCEPTANCES

Bankers' acceptances, also known as time drafts or bills of exchange, that are drawn on and accepted by a commercial bank. Purchases of bankers' acceptances shall not exceed 180 days maturity. Bankers' acceptances are limited to no more than 40% of any individual pool's total assets.

7. MONEY MARKET MUTUAL FUNDS

Shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies that are money market mutual funds registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. Sec. 80a-1 et seq.), which only invest in direct obligations in U.S. Treasury bills, notes, and bonds, U.S. Government Agencies, Municipal Debt, and repurchase agreements with a weighted average maturity of 60 days or less. Money Market Mutual Funds that do not maintain a constant Net Asset Value (NAV) are prohibited. Money market mutual funds are not required to conform to the restrictions detailed in this Investment Policy Statement, but are limited to no more than 20% of any individual pool's total assets. The Treasurer shall be required to investigate money market mutual funds prior to investing and perform a periodic review, but at least annually thereafter while the funds are invested in the money market mutual fund. At a minimum, approved money market mutual funds shall have met either of the following criteria:

- a) Attained the highest ranking or the highest letter and numerical rating provided by no less than two NRSROs.
- **b)** Retained an investment advisor registered or exempt from registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission with not less than five years' experience managing money market mutual funds with assets under management in excess of \$500,000,000.

8. STATE POOL – LOCAL AGENCY INVESTMENT FUND

The Treasurer may invest in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) established by the State Treasurer under Government Code Section 16429.1. LAIF has no final stated maturity and will be reported as a one-day maturity. Investments in LAIF shall not exceed the current State limit (currently at \$65 million per pool).

9. MUNICIPAL DEBT

Such instruments are defined as being issued by a local or state agency, including:

- **a**) Bonds issued by the local agency, including bonds payable solely out of the revenues from a revenue-producing property owned, controlled, or operated by the local agency or by a department, board, agency or authority of the local agency.
- **b)** Registered state warrants or treasury notes or bonds of this state, including bonds payable solely out of the revenues from a revenue-producing property owned, controlled, or operated by the state or by a department, board, agency, or authority of a state.
- c) Bonds, notes, warrants, or other evidences of indebtedness of a local agency within this state, including bonds payable solely out of the revenues from a revenue-producing property owned, controlled, or operated by the local agency, or by a department, board, agency, or authority of the local agency.

10. MEDIUM-TERM NOTES

Medium-term notes are defined as all corporate and depository institution debt securities with a maximum remaining maturity of not more than 397 days for any short-term pools and two years for any other pools such as a longer-term pool. Medium-term notes must be issued by corporations organized and operating within the United States or by depository institutions licensed by the United States or any state and operating within the United States. Investments in medium-term notes are limited to no more than 20% of any individual pool's total assets.

11. INVESTMENT POOLS

Shares of beneficial interest issued by a joint powers authority organized pursuant to Government Code Section 6509.7 that invests in the securities and obligations as authorized under 53601 (a) to (o), inclusive, and that comply with the investment restrictions of Government Code Sections 53600 through 53610 and Section 53630. The Treasurer shall be required to investigate all local government investment pools prior to investing and perform a quarterly review thereafter while the funds are invested in the pool. The analysis shall include, but is not limited to, the following characteristics of a pool/fund as part of its investigation and quarterly review:

- Eligible securities
- Maximum maturity
- REPO collateral/counter-party
- Size of the pool/fund
- Limits on withdrawal/deposit
- Expense ratio

Investments in this investment type are limited to no more than 20% of any individual pool's total assets. No more than 10% of any individual pool's total assets shall be invested in a single investment pool.

12. SUPRANATIONAL SECURITIES

Supranational securities are defined as United States dollar denominated senior unsecured unsubordinated obligations issued or unconditionally guaranteed by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, International Finance Corporation, or Inter-American Development Bank, with a maximum remaining maturity five years or less, and eligible for purchase and sale within the United States. Investments in supranationals shall not exceed 30 percent of any individual pool's total assets.

VII. INVESTMENT CREDIT RATING RESTRICTIONS

Credit ratings will be applied at the time of purchase of a security and monitored for changes while owned. A downgrade subsequent to purchase in a security's credit rating will not constitute a violation of the Investment Policy Statement. Securities that are downgraded below the minimum acceptable rating levels must be reviewed for possible sale by the Treasurer within a reasonable amount of time.

Municipal debt issued by the County of Orange, California (as defined in Section VI 9), U.S. Government obligations (as defined in Section VI 1 and VI 2) and State Pool (as defined in Section VI 8), are exempt from the credit rating requirements listed below. Money Market

Mutual funds (as defined in Section VI 7) and Investment Pools (as defined in Section VI 11) require the highest ranking or the highest letter and numerical rating provided by at least one NRSRO. In addition, all Supranational Securities shall be rated "AA" or higher from all NRSROs that rate the issuer.

The credit ratings referred to in this policy must be assigned by one of the following Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations (NRSRO): Standard & Poor's Corporation (S&P), Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's) and Fitch Ratings (Fitch). In addition, all investments, except those noted above, 1) must have the minimum ratings required below by at least two NRSROs, and 2) the lowest rating of any NRSRO must meet or exceed the minimum rating required below:

a) Short-term debt ratings:

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"A-1" or "SP-1" S&P
"P-1" or "MIG 1/VMIG 1" Moody's
"F1" Fitch
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Split ratings below the minimum rating required are not allowed, i.e. A-1/P-1/F2 or similar. An issuer of short-term debt with remaining maturities of 397 days or less must have no less than an "AA" rating on long-term debt, from each of the NRSROs that rate the issuer.

Long-term debt ratings:

Investments purchased with remaining maturities longer than 397 days, shall have obtained no less than an "AA" rating by all NRSROs that rate the issuer. If an issuer of long-term debt has a short-term rating, then it may not be less than A-1/SP-1 or P-1/MIG1 or F1 and ratings by all NRSROs that rate the issuer must meet these minimum ratings.

- **b)** Repurchase Agreement counterparties shall have a minimum short-term rating, or counterparty rating, of no less than A-1 or equivalent and have capital of not less than \$500 million.
- c) Any issuer that has been placed on "Credit Watch-Negative" by a NRSRO will be placed on hold and current holdings reviewed for possible sale within a reasonable period of time unless the following criteria are met and are also approved in writing by the Treasurer prior to purchase:

The issuer has:

- (a) an A-1+ or F1+ short-term rating; and
- (b) at least an AA or Aa2 or higher long-term rating from each of the NRSROs that rate the issuer.
- **d**) If any issuer is placed on "Credit Watch-Negative" by any NRSRO, all related entities, including parent and subsidiaries, will also be placed on hold and subject to the above requirements.

VIII. <u>DIVERSIFICATION AND MATURITY RESTRICTIONS</u>

It is the policy of the Treasurer to diversify the pooled funds. Investments are diversified to minimize the risk of loss resulting in overconcentration of assets in a specific maturity, specific issuer, or a specific class of securities. Diversification strategies shall be established by the Treasurer and periodically reviewed.

1. AUTHORIZED INVESTMENTS AND ISSUER CONCENTRATION

Only debt issued by firms listed on the Office of the Treasurer's Approved Issuer List may be purchased. The following diversification limits will also be applied at the time of purchase of a security.

Type of Investment	Cal Gov Code % of Funds Permitted	Orange County IPS	Cal Gov Code Maximum Final Maturity	Orange County IPS Maximum Final Maturity (All Pooled Funds Except Short- Term Funds)	Orange County IPS Maximum Final Maturity (Short-Term Fund)
U.S. Treasury Securities	100%	100%	5 Years	5 Years	397 Days
U.S. Government Agency Securities (GSEs)	100%	100%	5 Years	5 Years	397 Days
Municipal Debt	100%	20% Total, no more than 5% in one issuer except 10%- County of Orange	5 Years	3 Years	397 Days
Medium-Term Notes	30%	20% Total, no more than 5% in one issuer	5 Years	2 Years	397 Days
Bankers Acceptances	40%, 30% of a single issuer	40% Total, no more than 5% in one issuer	180 Days	180 Days	180 Days
Commercial Paper	40%, 10% of a single issuer	40% Total, no more than 5% in one issuer	270 Days	270 Days	270 Days
Negotiable Certificates of Deposits	30%	20% Total, no more than 5% in one issuer	5 Years	18 months	397 Days
State of California Local Agency Investment Fund	\$65 million per account	State limit (currently \$65 million per pool)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Repurchase Agreements	100%	20% Total, no more than 10% in one issuer	1 Year	180 Days	1 Year
Money Market Mutual Funds (MMMF)	20%	20% Total, no more than 10% in one MMMF account	N/A	N/A	N/A
JPA Investment Pools (JPA)	100%	20% Total, no more than 10% in one JPA Pool	N/A	N/A	N/A
Supranationals	30%	30% Total, no more than 5% in one issuer	5 Years	5 Years	397 Days

2. MATURITY

- **a)** The weighted average maturity (WAM) of any short-term pool, on a dollar-weighted basis, shall not exceed 60 days.
- **b)** The maximum maturity of any investment purchased will be five years with the exception of investments and investment pools authorized by the Board of

Supervisors or the appropriate legislative body to be invested in longer than five year maturities.

The following restrictions will apply:

Short-term 13 months (397)

Long-term 5 years

c) For purposes of calculating a final maturity date, the earlier of either the final maturity date, pre-refunded date, or mandatory put to tender option date that will be used.

d) For purposes of calculating the weighted average maturity of the portfolio, the maturity of a variable-rate security will be considered its next interest rate reset date, if there is a reasonable expectation that the security will maintain an approximate value of par upon each adjustment of the security's interest rate at any time until final maturity.

3. DURATION

a) All pools, except short-term pools, shall have a maximum duration of 1.50 years.

IX. PROHIBITED TRANSACTIONS

At the time of purchase, all permitted investments shall conform in all respects with this Investment Policy Statement and with applicable provisions of the Government Code, as may be amended from time to time. No investment prohibited by Government Code shall be permitted herein.

Any investment transactions, credit risk criterion, percentage limitations, or market valuations that are not in compliance with this Investment Policy Statement and cannot be corrected without penalty <u>at time of purchase</u> must be documented and approved by the Treasurer in writing as soon as possible. Thereafter, action shall be taken by the Treasurer to correct such matter as soon as practical. If a percentage restriction is adhered to at the time of purchase, a later increase or decrease in percentage resulting from a change in values or assets will not constitute a violation of that restriction.

- 1. The following transactions are prohibited:
 - a) Borrowing for investment purposes ("Leverage").
 - **b**) Reverse Repurchase Agreements, as defined by Government Code Section 53601(j) (3) and (j) (4) or otherwise.
 - c) Structured Notes (e.g. inverse floaters, leveraged floaters, structured certificates of deposit, equity-linked securities, event-linked securities). This includes all floating-rate, adjustable-rate or variable-rate securities in which a change in interest rates or other variables that can reasonably be foreseen to occur during their term would result in their market value not returning to par at the time of each interest rate adjustment.

Simple "floating rate notes," whose periodic coupon adjustment is based on a short-term (one-year or less) rate index (such as Treasury bills, federal funds, prime rate,

SOFR or LIBOR) and which have a reasonable expectation of maintaining a value of par at each interest rate adjustment through final maturity, are exempt from this definition. Additionally, U.S. Treasury and Agency zero coupon bonds or callable securities which otherwise meet the quality, maturity, and percent limitations assigned to their respective security category, are exempt from this section.

- d) Structured Investment Vehicles (SIV).
- e) Derivatives (e.g., options, futures, swaps, swap options, spreads, straddles, caps, floors, collars).
- f) Money Market Mutual Funds that do not maintain a constant Net Asset Value (NAV).

X. ETHICS AND CONFLICT OF INTEREST

The Treasurer and all persons involved in the investment process shall refrain from personal business activity, which could create a conflict with proper execution of the investment program, or which could impair the ability to execute impartial investment decisions. The Treasurer and all treasury and investment personnel shall disclose to the Treasury Oversight Committee any material financial interests in financial institutions, broker dealers, and vendors ("outside entities") that conduct business with the County of Orange and shall disclose any material financial investment positions in such outside entities.

1. STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTEREST FORM 700

The Treasurer, Auditor-Controller, members of the Treasury Oversight Committee, and all designated employees must annually file a Form 700 (Statement of Economic Interests) in accordance with the County's Conflict-of-Interest Code.

2. COUNTY'S GIFT BAN ORDINANCE – SEC. 1-3-22 THE CODIFIED ORDINANCES, ORANGE COUNTY, CALIF.

The County's Gift Ban Ordinance prohibits the receipt of specified gifts to the Treasurer, Auditor-Controller, and "designated employees" from business entities and individuals that "do business with the County" as that termed in defined in the Ordinance. Under the Ordinance, the term "designated employee" includes every employee of the County who is designated in the County's Conflict-of-Interest Code to file a Form 700 and every member of a board or commission under the jurisdiction of the Board of Supervisors required to file such a form. For purposes of the Treasurer's Office, "designated employees" include: the Chief Assistant Treasurer-Tax Collector, the Assistant Treasurer-Tax Collectors, all investment staff, all financial/credit analysts, all cash managers, and all accounting and compliance staff. The Treasurer will review this list of "designated employees" periodically and submit any proposed changes to the Board of Supervisors for approval.

XI. AUTHORIZED BROKER/DEALERS AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

The Treasurer will maintain a list of broker/dealers and financial institutions authorized to provide investment and/or depository services and products. Any permitted investment, not purchased directly from an approved issuer, shall be purchased either from a "primary" or regional securities broker/dealer qualifying under SEC Rule 15c3-1(uniform net capital rule) and licensed by the state as a broker/dealer as defined in Section 25004 of the Corporations

Code or a "well capitalized" national bank or Federal savings association as defined in Title 12 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 6.4 or a savings association or Federal association as defined by Section 5102 of the California Financial Code. To be eligible to receive local agency money, a bank, savings association, federal association or federally insured industrial loan company shall have received an overall rating of not less than "satisfactory" in its most recent evaluation by the appropriate federal financial supervisory agency of its record of meeting the credit needs of California's communities, including low-and moderate-income neighborhoods, pursuant to Section 2906 of Title 12 of the United States Code. Sections 53601.5 and 53601.6 shall apply to all investments that are acquired pursuant to this section. Broker/dealers must comply with the political contribution limitations contained in Rule G-37 of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board. Section 27133(c) of the Government Code prohibits the selection of any broker, brokerage, dealer, or securities firm that has made a contribution to the Treasurer, any member of the Board of Supervisors, or any candidate for those offices, within any consecutive 48 month period.

The Treasurer shall conduct an annual review of each broker/dealer and financial institution's financial condition and registrations to determine whether it should remain on the approved broker/dealer list for investment and/or depository services and require annual audited financial statements to be on file for each firm. The Treasurer shall strive to open an application period every two years for all new and existing broker/dealers and financial institutions submitting a questionnaire to determine if they should be added to the approved broker/dealer list. This detailed questionnaire is required to be completed by broker/dealers and financial institutions seeking to provide investment services. The Treasurer shall annually send a copy of the current Investment Policy Statement to all broker/dealers and financial institutions approved to provide investment services to the County, and they shall notify the Treasurer in writing of receipt and that they have read it.

XII. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

The Treasurer shall submit monthly, quarterly, and annual reports (in compliance with Government Code Sections 53607, 53646, and 27134) to the Treasury Oversight Committee, the pool participants, the County Executive Officer, the Director of Auditor-Controller Internal Audit, the Auditor-Controller, and the Board of Supervisors. These reports shall contain sufficient information to permit an informed outside reader to evaluate the performance of the investment program and shall be in compliance with Government Code. In accordance with GASB Statements 31, 40, 72 and 84, the Treasurer shall provide financial information on investments for the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

XIII. SAFEKEEPING

All security transactions, including collateral for repurchase agreements, entered into by the Treasurer shall be conducted on a delivery-versus-payment (DVP) basis. All investments shall have the County of Orange and either the OCIF or the specific pool name as its registered owner except for municipal debt issued by the County of Orange and privately placed with the County Treasurer in which case the investments shall have the Orange County Treasurer on behalf of the OCIF as its registered owner.

All securities shall be held by a third party custodian designated by the Treasurer (this does not apply to money market funds or investment pools). The third party custodian shall be

required to issue a safekeeping statement to the Treasurer listing the specific instrument, rate, maturity, and other pertinent information.

XIV. MAINTAINING THE PUBLIC TRUST

All participants in the investment process shall act as custodians of the public trust. The overall program shall be designed and managed with a degree of professionalism that is worthy of the public trust.

XV. INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Treasurer shall establish a system of written internal controls, which will be reviewed annually with the County's independent (external) auditor. The controls shall be designed to prevent loss of public funds due to fraud, employee error, and misrepresentation by third parties, unanticipated market changes, or imprudent actions by employees of the Treasurer's Office. The Treasurer shall evaluate audit reports in a timely manner with the Treasury Oversight Committee. The quarterly audit reports of the Treasury shall be provided as required by Government Code Sections 26920 through 26922. Daily compliance of the investment portfolio shall be performed by the Department's Accounting/Compliance Unit. Compliance will be determined on a fair market value basis. Cash held at the bank will not be included in the pool balance. All agreements, statements, and trade packets will be subject to review annually by auditors in conjunction with their audit.

1. INVESTMENT PROCEDURES

The Treasurer shall develop and maintain written administrative procedures for the operation of the investment program that are consistent with this investment policy. Procedures will include reference to safekeeping, Master Repurchase Agreements, wire transfer agreements, collateral and depository agreements, banking service contracts, and other investment and banking related activities. Such procedures shall include explicit delegation of authority to personnel responsible for investment transactions.

No investment personnel may engage in an investment transaction except as provided under terms of this policy and the procedures established by the County Treasurer. The Treasurer shall be responsible for all transactions undertaken and shall establish a system of controls to regulate the activities of all Treasury and Investment personnel.

XVI. EARNINGS AND COSTS APPORTIONMENT

The Treasurer determines the interest earnings for the respective pools on an accrual basis. Accrual basis interest earnings and Treasury administrative fees (see below) are allocated to each individual pool participant based upon their average daily balance on deposit with the Treasurer. The actual cash distribution is generally paid in the months following.

As authorized by Government Code Section 27013, the Treasurer who invests, deposits or otherwise handles funds for public agencies for the purpose of earning interest or other income on such funds as permitted by law, may deduct from such interest or income, before distribution thereof, the actual administrative cost of such investing, depositing or handling of funds and of distribution of such interest or income. Such cost reimbursement shall be paid

into the county general fund. In addition, the costs of compliance with the Treasury Oversight provisions of Government Code Sections 27130 through 27137 shall be included as an eligible administrative cost. These investment administrative costs will be deducted from any interest or income, prior to distribution to the pool participant. The Treasurer shall annually prepare a proposed budget revenue estimate, providing a detailed itemization of all estimated costs which comprise this investment administrative fee charged in accordance with Government Code Section 27013. The Treasurer will be required to annually reconcile the estimated charges and actual costs incurred and adjust participant accounts accordingly.

Investment earnings and the above estimated fee charge will be allocated to the pool participants on at least a quarterly basis. As of the first working day of the following period, the pool participants' account will reflect the gross investment earnings and the estimated monthly administrative and overhead costs. The Treasurer's monthly report will state the current estimated fees charged to participants.

XVII. <u>VOLUNTARY PARTICIPANTS</u>

Should a local agency within Orange County, or a Joint Powers Agency (JPA) consisting of at least one public agency from within Orange County, not required by California law to deposit monies with the Treasurer desire entry into the Treasurer's Investment Pool, the agency shall comply with the requirements of Government Code Section 53684 and provide to the Treasurer a resolution adopted by its governing board stating that excess funds are available for the purpose of investment. The resolution shall specify that the local agency authorizes the investment of excess funds pursuant to Section 53684, those persons authorized at the agency to coordinate the transactions, the agency's willingness to be bound by the withdrawal provisions of Government Code Section 27136, and the agency's understanding that investment administrative charges will be deducted by the Treasurer as permitted by Sections 53684(b) and 27013. The Treasurer shall approve or disapprove such agency's request in writing. Upon the Treasurer's approval of voluntary participants to join the pool, the Treasurer will notify the Board of Supervisors within 5 days.

Monies deposited by local agencies approved for entry into the Treasurer's Investment Pool will be invested in the OCIF and shall be invested by the Treasurer in accordance with this Investment Policy Statement, as amended from time to time. The local agency's authorized representative will execute an agreement with the Treasurer. This agreement specifies the contractual terms and conditions by which the Treasurer will manage and invest local agency's excess funds which have been deposited for investment with the Treasurer.

XVIII. WITHDRAWAL

As required by Government Code Sections 27000.3, 27133(h), 27136 and 53684(c), withdrawal of participant funds for the purpose of investing or depositing these funds outside the County treasury shall require prior written approval from the Treasurer or designee. The Treasurer shall thereafter review the withdrawal request consistent with his/her trust and fiduciary duties. Prior to approving or disapproving the withdrawal request, the Treasurer or designee shall make a finding of the effect on the stability and predictability of the investments and on the interests of the other depositors in the County treasury.

XIX. PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

The investment portfolio shall be designed with the objective of obtaining a market rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, commensurate with the investment risk constraints and the cash flow needs, but focusing on, in order of importance, preservation of capital, liquidity, and yield.

The Treasurer's investment strategy is to actively manage the portfolios to create less risk than a benchmark comparable index and to use economies of scale to invest and administer the program at a reasonable cost. Given this strategy, the basis used by the Treasurer to determine whether market yields are being achieved shall be the indices most comparable to the fund, such as money rate data published in Barron's, The Wall Street Journal, Bloomberg, or other bond fund indices. The standards enumerated herein do not constitute a guarantee of the fund's performance.

XX. INVESTMENT POLICY STATEMENT REVIEW

This Investment Policy Statement shall be reviewed on an annual basis by the Treasury Oversight Committee prior to being presented to for review and approval by, the Board of Supervisors in an open session.

XXI. FINANCIAL REPORTING

The monthly Treasurer's Investment Report and all compliance Audit Reports shall be provided to the Orange County Board of Supervisors, the County Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer, the Director of Auditor-Controller Internal Audit, the Auditor-Controller, the Treasury Oversight Committee, the presiding judge of the Superior Court, the director or director executive officer and Treasurer or other official responsible for the funds of any Local Agency who has investments in the OCIF as allowed by Government Code Sections 53607, 53646, and 53686.

All reports filed by the Treasurer in accordance with Government Code Section 53646 shall, among other matters, state compliance of the portfolio with the Investment Policy Statement, or the manner in which the portfolio is not in compliance. A statement will also be filed by the Treasurer in accordance with Government Code 53646(b) denoting the ability of each pool to meet its expenditure requirements for the next six months or provide an explanation of why sufficient money may not be available.

XXII. <u>LEGISLATIVE CHANGES</u>

Any State of California law that further restricts allowable maturities, investment type, percentage allocations, or any other provision of this Investment Policy Statement will, upon effectiveness, be incorporated into this Investment Policy Statement and supersede any and all previous applicable language.

XXIII. <u>DISASTER RECOVERY PROGRAM</u>

The Treasurer's Disaster Plan includes critical phone numbers and addresses of key treasury and investment personnel as well as currently approved bankers and broker/dealers. Three copies of the Disaster Plan for home, office, and car have been distributed to key treasury and investment personnel. The plan provides for an offsite location to be communicated at the time of readiness if our offices are uninhabitable.

In the event the Treasurer or authorized staff is unable to invest the portfolio, the Treasurer has an agreement with the custodian for a daily sweep of all uninvested cash with the custody bank into a money market mutual fund. Until normal operations of the Treasurer's office have been restored, the limitations on the size of an individual issuer and the percentage restrictions by investment type would be allowed to exceed those approved in this Investment Policy Statement and would be required to be reported to the Board of Supervisors and pool participants in a timely manner.

INVESTMENT POLICY STATEMENT GLOSSARY

This Glossary is for general reference purposes only and does not constitute an exhaustive or exclusive list of terms and definitions applicable to this Investment Policy Statement. The definitions included herein do not modify any of the terms of this Investment Policy Statement or applicable law.

ACCRUED INTEREST: The amount of interest that is earned but unpaid since the last interest payment date.

ADJUSTABLE RATE NOTE: (See Floating Rate Note)

AGENCY SECURITIES: (See U.S. Government Agency Securities)

AMORTIZATION: The systematic reduction of the amount owed on a debt issue through periodic payments of principal.

AVERAGE LIFE: The average length of time that an issue of serial bonds and/or term bonds with a mandatory sinking fund feature is expected to be outstanding.

ASKED PRICE: The price at which securities are offered from a seller.

ASSET BACKED SECURITIES (ABS): (See Receivable-Backed Securities)

BANKERS' ACCEPTANCE (BA): Negotiable money market instruments issued primarily to finance international trade. These are time drafts in which a bank "accepts" as its financial responsibility to pay the principal at maturity even if the importer does not. In essence, these are bank obligations collateralized by goods being shipped between an exporter and an importer.

BASIS POINT: When a yield is expressed as 7.32%, the digits to the right of the decimal point are known as basis points. One basis point equals 1/100 of one percent. Basis points are used more often to describe changes in yields on bonds, notes and other fixed-income securities.

BID PRICE: The price at which a buyer offers to buy a security.

BOOK ENTRY: The system, maintained by the Federal Reserve, by which most money market securities are "delivered" to an investor's custodian bank. The Federal Reserve maintains a computerized record of the ownership of these securities, and records any changes in ownership corresponding to payments made over the Federal Reserve wire (delivery versus payment). The owners of these securities do not receive physical certificates.

BOOK VALUE: The original cost of the investment, plus accrued interest and amortization of any premium or discount.

BROKER: A broker brings buyers and sellers together and is compensated for his/her service.

CALLABLE BONDS: Bonds that may be redeemed by the issuing company prior to the maturity date.

CALL PRICE: The price at which an issuer may redeem a bond prior to maturity. The price is usually at a slight premium to the bond's original issue price to compensate the holder for loss of income and ownership.

CALL RISK: The risk to a bondholder that a bond may be redeemed prior to maturity.

CAPITAL GAIN/LOSS: The profit or loss realized from the sale of a capital asset.

CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT (CD or NCD): A deposit of funds at a bank for a specified period of time that earns interest at a specified rate. Commonly known as "CDs" or "negotiable CDs."

COLLATERAL: Securities or cash pledged by a borrower to secure repayment of a loan or repurchase agreement. Also, securities pledged by a financial institution to secure deposits of public moneys.

COMMERCIAL PAPER (CP): Short-term unsecured promissory notes issued by corporations for maturities of 270 days or less.

CONSUMER RECEIVABLE-BACKED BONDS: (See Receivable-Backed Securities)

CONVEXITY: A measure of a bond's price sensitivity to changing interest rates. A high convexity indicates greater sensitivity of a bond's price to interest rate changes.

CREDIT OUTLOOK: (See Rating Outlook)

CREDIT QUALITY: The measurement of the financial strength of a bond issuer. This measurement helps an investor to understand an issuer's ability to make timely interest payments and repay the loan principal upon maturity. Generally, the higher the credit quality of a bond issuer, the lower the interest rate paid by the issuer because the risk of default is lower. Credit quality ratings are provided by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

CREDIT RISK: The risk to an investor that an issuer will default in the payment of interest and/or principal on a security.

CREDIT WATCH: indicates that a company's credit is under review and credit ratings are subject to change.

*+ (positive) Credit is under review for possible upgrade.

*- (negative) Credit is under review for possible downgrade.

* Credit is under review, direction uncertain.

COUPON: The rate at which a bond pays interest.

CURRENT YIELD: The annual income from an investment divided by the current market value. Since the mathematical calculation relies on the current market value rather than the investor's cost, current yield is unrelated to the actual return the investor will earn if the security is held to maturity.

CUSTODIAN: A bank or other financial institution that keeps custody of stock certificates and other assets.

DEALER: A dealer, as opposed to a broker, acts as a principal in all transactions, buying and selling for his own account.

DELIVERY VERSUS PAYMENT (DVP): Delivery of securities with a simultaneous exchange of money for the securities.

DERIVATIVE: A security whose interest rate of principal amount may vary and are determined by a market index or a combination of market indexes.

DISCOUNT: The difference between the par value of a bond and the cost of the bond, when the cost is below par. Some short-term securities, such as Treasury bills and bankers acceptances, are known as **discount securities**. They sell at a discount from par, and return the par value to the investor at maturity without additional interest. Other securities, which have fixed coupons, trade at a discount when the coupon rate is lower than the current market rate for securities of that maturity and/or quality.

DIVERSIFICATION: An investment principle designed to spread the risk in a portfolio by dividing investments among different sectors, industries and companies.

DOLLAR-WEIGHTED AVERAGE MATURITY: A calculation that expresses the "average maturity" of an investment portfolio using each investment's maturity weighted by the size of that investment.

DURATION: A measure of the timing of the cash flows, such as the interest payments and the principal repayment, to be received from a given fixed-income security. This calculation is based on three variables: term to maturity, coupon rate and yield to maturity. The duration of a security is a useful indicator of its price volatility for given changes in interest rates.

FEDERAL FUNDS RATE: Interest rate charged by banks with excess reserves at a Federal Reserve district bank to banks needing overnight loans to meet reserve requirements. A target rate is set by the FOMC.

FEDERAL OPEN MARKET COMMITTEE (FOMC): This committee sets Federal Reserve guidelines regarding purchases and sales of government securities in the open market as a means of influencing the volume of bank credit and money.

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM: A U.S. centralized banking system, which has supervisory powers over the 12 Federal Reserve banks and about 6,000 member banks.

FITCH, INC: (see Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization)

FIXED-INCOME SECURITIES: Securities that return a fixed income over a specified period.

FLOATING RATE NOTE: A debt security whose interest rate is reset periodically (monthly, quarterly, annually) and is based on a market index (e.g. Treasury bills, London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR), Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR) etc.).

INTEREST: The amount earned while owning a debt security, generally calculated as a percentage of the principal amount.

INTERNAL CONTORLS: An internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the entity are protected from loss, theft, or misuse. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that 1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and 2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940: Federal legislation which sets the standards by which investment companies, such as mutual funds, are regulated in the areas of advertising, promotion, performance reporting requirements, and securities valuations.

LIQUIDITY: The speed and ease with which an investment can be converted to cash.

LOCAL AGENCY: County, city, city and county, including a chartered city or county, school district, community college district, public district, county board of education, county superintendent of schools, or any public or municipal corporation.

MARK-TO-MARKET: The market valuation for every security in a portfolio used in determining Net Asset Value (NAV).

MARKET RISK: The risk that changes in overall market conditions or interest rate may adversely affect current market prices.

MARKET VALUE: The price at which a security is trading and could presumably be purchased or sold.

MASTER REPURCHASE AGREEMENT: A written contract between the parties of a repurchase agreement establishing each party's rights in all current and future transactions until termination of the contract by either party.

MATURITY: The date upon which the principal or stated value of an investment becomes due and payable.

MEDIUM TERM NOTES (MTN): Debt securities issued by a corporation or depository institution with a maturity ranging from nine months to five years. The term "medium-term note" refers to the time it takes for an obligation to mature, and includes other corporate debt securities originally issued for maturities longer than five years, but which have now fallen within the five-year maturity range. MTNs issued by banks are also called "bank notes."

MONEY MARKET: The market in which short-term debt instruments (Treasury bills, discount notes, commercial paper, bankers acceptances, etc.) are issued and traded.

MONEY MARKET MUTUAL FUNDS: An investment company that pools money from investors and invest in a variety of short-term money market instruments.

MOODY'S INVESTORS SERVICE, INC: (See Nationally Recognized Rating Services)

MUNICIPAL DEBT: Bonds, notes and other securities issued by a state, municipality or county.

NATIONALLY RECOGNIZED STATISTICAL RATING ORGANIZATION (NRSRO):

Firms that review the creditworthiness of the issuers of debt securities, and express their opinion in the form of letter ratings (e.g. AAA, AA, A, BBB, etc.). The primary rating agencies are the following: Standard & Poor's Corporation; Moody's Investor Services, Inc.; and Fitch, Inc.

NEGOTIABLE CD: (See Certificates of Deposit)

NET ASSET VALUE (NAV): A per-share valuation of a mutual fund based on total assets minus total liabilities.

NON-CALLABLE: Bond that cannot be called at the option of the issuer.

OFFER PRICE: The price asked by a seller of securities.

PAR or PAR VALUE: The amount of principal that must be paid at maturity. Also referred to as the face amount of a bond, normally quoted in \$1,000 increments per bond.

PHYSICAL DELIVERY: The delivery of an investment to a custodian bank in the form of a physical certificate and/or supporting documents evidencing the investment (as opposed to "book entry" delivery).

PORTFOLIO: A group of securities held by an individual or institutional investor.

PREMIUM: The difference between the par value of a bond and the market value of the bond, when the market value is above par.

PRICE RISK: The risk that the price of a bond sold prior to maturity will be less than the price at which the bond was originally purchased.

PRIMARY DEALER: Banks and securities brokerages authorized to buy and sell government securities in direct dealings with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York in its execution of Federal Open Market Operations.

PRIME RATE: The base rate that banks use in pricing commercial loans to their best and most creditworthy customers.

PRINCIPAL: The face value or par value of an investment.

PROSPECTUS: A legal document that must be provided to any prospective purchaser of a new securities offering registered with the SEC. This can include information of the issuer, the issuer's business, the proposed use of proceeds, the experience of the issuer's management, and certain certified financial statements.

RATING OUTLOOK: The potential direction of the credit rating assigned by a NRSRO for a specific company.

REINVESTMENT RISK: The risk that coupon payments (or other payments received) cannot be reinvested at the same rate as the initial investment.

RECEIVABLE-BACKED SECURITIES: Securities collateralized with consumer receivables, such as automobile loans, credit card receivables, or home equity loans, which are owned by the issuer, but placed with a trustee for the benefit of the investor.

RECEIVABLE PASS-THROUGH CERTIFICATE: A debt obligation that is backed by a portfolio of receivables, normally issued by a bank or financial institution. The interest and principal of the obligation is paid out of the cash flow generated by the receivables portfolio.

REFUNDED BOND: A bond secured by an escrow fund that is sufficient to pay off the entire issue of bonds at the next call date (pre-funded) or maturity (escrowed to maturity).

REGISTERED STATE WARRANT: A short-term obligation of a state governmental body issued in anticipation of revenue.

REPURCHASE AGREEMENT (REPO): The purchase of securities, on a temporary basis, with the seller's simultaneous agreement to repurchase the securities back at a later date at a specified price that includes interest for the buyer's holding period.

RULE 2a-7 OF THE INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT: Applies to all money market mutual funds and mandates such funds to maintain certain standards, including a 13-month maturity limit and a 60-day average maturity on investments, to help maintain a constant net asset value of one dollar (\$1.00).

RULE G-37 OF THE MUNICIPAL SECURITIES RULEMAKING BOARD: Federal regulations to sever any connection between the making of political contributions and the awarding of municipal securities business.

SAFEKEEPING: Storage and protection of a customer's financial assets, valuables, or documents, provided as a service by an institution serving as Agent or Custodian and, where control is delegated by the customer.

SECURITIES & EXCHANGE COMMISSION (SEC): The federal agency responsible for supervising and regulating the securities industry.

SINKING FUND: Money accumulated on a regular basis in a separate custodial account that is used to redeem debt securities or preferred stock issues.

STANDARD & POOR'S CORPORATION: (See Nationally Recognized Rating Services)

STRUCTURED INVESTMENT VEHICLE (SIV): A pool of investment assets that attempts to profit from credit spreads between short-term debt and long-term structured finance products such as asset-backed securities (ABS). Funding for SIVs comes from the issuance of commercial paper that is continuously renewed or rolled over; the proceeds are then invested in longer maturity assets that have less liquidity but pay higher yields. SIVs often employ great amounts of leverage to generate returns.

SUPRANATIONAL: An entity that is formed by two or more central governments with the purpose of promoting economic development for the member countries. Examples include the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, International Finance Corporation, and the Inter-American Development Bank.

THIRD-PARTY CUSTODIAL AGREEMENT: (See Custodian)

TOTAL RETURN: The sum of all investment income plus changes in the capital value of the portfolio. For mutual funds, return on an investment is composed of share price appreciation plus any realized dividends or capital gains. This is calculated by taking the following components during a certain time period.

(Price appreciation) + (Dividends paid) + (Capital gains) = Total Return

TRADE DATE: The date and time corresponding to an investor's commitment to buy or sell a security.

U. S. GOVERNMENT AGENCY SECURITIES: Debt securities issued by U.S. Government sponsored enterprises and federally related institutions. These government agencies include: Federal Home Loan Banks (FHLB), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC or Freddie Mac), Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA or Fannie Mae), Federal Farm Credit Banks (FFCB) and Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA).

U.S. TREASURY SECURITIES: Securities issued by the U.S. Treasury and backed by the full faith and credit of the United States. Treasuries are considered to have no credit risk, and are the benchmark for interest rates on all other securities in the U.S. and overseas. The Treasury issues both discounted securities and fixed coupon notes and bonds.

Treasury bills: non-interest-bearing discount securities with maturities under one year issued by the U.S. Treasury to finance the national debt.

Treasury notes: interest-bearing obligations of the U.S. Treasury with maturities ranging from two to ten years from date of issue.

Treasury bonds: interest-bearing obligations issued by the U.S. Treasury with maturities that range from ten to thirty years from date of issue.

UNIFORM NET CAPITAL RULE: SEC Rule 15C3-1 outlining capital requirements for broker/dealers.

VARIABLE RATE NOTE: (See Floating Rate Note)

VOLATILITY: A degree of fluctuation in the price and valuation of securities.

WEIGHTED AVERAGE MATURITY (WAM): The average maturity of all the securities that comprise a portfolio. According to SEC rule 2a-7, the WAM for SEC registered money market mutual funds may not exceed 60 days and no one security may have a maturity that exceeds 397 days.

WHEN ISSUED (WI): A conditional transaction in which an authorized new security has not been issued. All "when issued" transactions are settled when the actual security is issued.

YIELD: The annual rate of return on a debt investment computed as though held to maturity expressed as a percentage.

YIELD TO CALL (YTC): The rate of return an investor earns from a bond assuming the bond is redeemed (called) prior to its nominal maturity date.

YIELD TO MATURITY (YTM): The rate of return earned on an investment considering all cash flows and timing factors: interest earnings, discounts, and premiums above par.

ZERO-COUPON BONDS/U.S. TREASURY STRIPS: A bond which represents ownership of a single coupon or principal payment due on a U.S. Treasury bond. Zeros or strips mature at face value at a specified date in the future and make no payments until that date. They always sell at a discount from face value.