

Key Budget Terms

Appropriations

Board-established spending limits for departments and the programs for which they are responsible. They are set for the fiscal year and may only be increased with Board approval.

Augmentations

Modifications to budget requests submitted separately by departments for consideration by the CEO or the Board of Supervisors. The four primary augmentation types are: (1) Technical – modifications to a base budget request primarily to reconcile to quarterly budget report adjustments or other mid-year budget adjustments; (2) Reduce – modifications to reduce a base budget request to comply with Net County Cost limits; (3) Restore – modifications requested to restore budget reductions; and (4) Expand – requests for resources above and beyond current funding and staffing levels which may involve new mandates related to existing services, increasing workloads in existing programs, or proposals for new services.

Dedicated Funds

Revenues to the County's various special district and single purpose funds. Examples are OC Road, OC Flood, OC Parks, OC Waste & Recycling, Airport, Community Facilities Districts, and Internal Service Funds.

• Departmental Revenues

Revenues credited to specific departments used to reimburse or offset that particular department's cost. Examples are State and Federal funding programs and grants, Proposition 172 (1/2 Cent Public Safety Sales Tax), Health & Welfare Realignment, fees and service charges.

Discretionary Funds

General Purpose Revenues plus any use of General Fund reserves. Combined, they are the funding sources for the Departmental Net County Cost.

• Fund Balance Unassigned (FBU)

Previously referred to as Fund Balance Available (FBA)

The amount left in a particular fund on June 30, the end of the fiscal year. It consists of:

- July 1 beginning Fund Balance Unassigned
- Plus anticipated revenues and any withdrawals from obligated fund balances
- Minus all the expenditures, encumbrances and additions to obligated fund balances

• General Purpose Revenues (GPR)

The County's General Fund revenues from a variety of sources, primarily: property tax, vehicle license fees, interest and sales tax. Use of these revenues is unrestricted, and the Board may allocate them to any program under the Board's control.

Net County Cost (NCC)

The difference, for all budget units within the General Fund, between total appropriations and total departmental revenues.