

Dated February 29, 2024

CUSIP Number
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68423PYP9
68423PYR5
68423PYT1

Prepared at the direction of and on behalf of:

County of Orange

400 W. Civic Center Drive, 5th Floor Santa Ana, CA 92701

Prepared by:

David Taussig & Associates, Inc.

18201 Von Karman Avenue, Suite 220 Irvine, CA 92612

Community Facilities District No. 2017-1 of the County of Orange (Village of Esencia) (Improvement Area No. 2) Series A of 2020 Special Tax Bonds Annual Report For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

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EXHIBIT

Exhibit A – An Update of Table 4 From The Official Statement and Fiscal Year 2023-2024 Undeveloped and Developed Special Tax Revenues

Exhibit B – California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission Yearly Fiscal Report

Exhibit C – Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

INTRODUCTION

The Community Facilities District No. 2017-1 of the County of Orange (Village of Esencia) (the "Issuer" or "District") hereby provides its annual report (the "Annual Report") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 in connection with the following Bonds:

Bond Issue:

1. Community Facilities District No. 2017-1 of the County of Orange (Village of Esencia) (Improvement Area No. 2) Series A of 2020 Special Tax Bonds

Annual Report:

The Issuer's Annual Report required by the Continuing Disclosure Certificate (the "Disclosure Certificate") dated August 1, 2020 with respect to the Bonds for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2023 is attached hereto.

Other Matters:

This Annual Report is provided solely for purposes of the Disclosure Certificate. The filing of this Annual Report does not constitute or imply any representation (i) that all of the information provided is material to investors, (ii) regarding any other financial, operating or other information about the County, the Issuer or the Bonds, or (iii) that no changes, circumstances or events have occurred since the end of the Fiscal Year to which this Annual Report relates (other than as contained in this Annual Report), or that no other information exists, which may have a bearing on the Issuer's financial condition, the security for the Bonds, or an investor's decision to buy, sell, or hold the Bonds. The information contained in this report has been obtained from sources which are believed to be reliable, but such information is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness. No statement in this Annual Report should be construed as a prediction or representation about future financial performance of the Issuer.

While the financial statements of the County (which includes the District) for Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2023 have been incorporated herein by reference in order to comply with SEC Rule 15c2-12, the Bonds are a limited obligation of the District and neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the County is pledged to the payment of the Bonds. No income, receipts, funds (including the County general fund) or moneys of the County are pledged to the repayment of the Bonds.

SECTION 4 - CONTENT OF ANNUAL REPORT

a. Audited Financial Statements for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023.

The County of Orange's Audited Financial Statements for Fiscal Year 2022-2023 were filed with the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board Electronic Municipal Market Access on January 9, 2024 (Submission ID: P11303917) are included herein as Exhibit C.

While the financial statements of the County (which includes the District) for Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2023 have been incorporated herein by reference in order to comply with SEC Rule 15c2-12, the Bonds are a limited obligation of the District and neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the County is pledged to the payment of the Bonds. No income, receipts, funds (including the County general fund) or moneys of the County are pledged to the repayment of the Bonds.

b. Financial and Operating Data

i. The principal amount of the Bonds outstanding as of August 16, 2023.

The principal amount of Bonds outstanding as of August 16, 2023 was \$21,235,000.

ii. The balance in each fund under the Indenture and the Reserve Requirement as of August 16, 2023.

As of August 16, 2023			
CFD No. 2017-1, Improvement Area No. 2			
Special Tax Fund:	\$132,872.81		
Interest Account:	\$0.00		
Principal Account:	\$0.20		
Reserve Fund:	\$1,650,299.65		
Administrative Expense Account	\$5,791.78		
Acquisition and Construction Fund:	\$0.00		
Special Reserve Fund:	\$0.00		
Rebate Fund:	\$0.00		
Surplus Fund	\$26,394.18		

The Reserve Requirement as of August 16, 2023 is \$1,650,299.65.

iii. Any changes to the Rates and Method of Apportionment of the Special Taxes approved or submitted to the qualified electors for approval prior to the filing of the Annual Report.

There have been no changes made to the Rate and Method of Apportionment approved or submitted to the qualified electors for approval.

iv. An update of the estimated assessed value-to-lien ratio for the District substantially in the form of Table 4 in the Official Statement based upon the most recent Special Tax levy preceding the date of the Annual Report and on the assessed values of property for the current fiscal year.

An update of Table 4 is included in Exhibit A.

v. The percentage of the maximum Special Taxes levied by the District with respect to the Bonds.

The Special Tax was levied at 100.00% of the Assigned Special Tax rates for Developed Property in Zone 1 and 62.88% of the Maximum Special Tax rates for Undeveloped Property in Zones 1 and 2 for Fiscal Year 2023-2024.

vi. The status of any foreclosure actions being pursued by the District with respect to delinquent Special Taxes.

CFD No. 2017-1 is not required to initiate any foreclosure proceedings at this time.

vii. A statement as to whether the District participates in the Teeter Plan and in the event that the Teeter Plan is terminated with respect to the District, a table showing the total Special Taxes levied and the total Special Taxes collected for the prior fiscal year and the total Special Taxes that, as of December 31, remain unpaid for each prior fiscal year in which Special Taxes were levied and the number of delinquent parcels in the District.

The District participates in the Teeter Plan.

viii. <u>If Special Taxes are levied on Undeveloped Property, the amount of Special Taxes levied on Undeveloped Property and the amount of Special Taxes levied on Developed Property.</u>

See table entitled "Fiscal Year 2023-2024 Undeveloped and Developed Special Tax Revenues" in Exhibit A.

ix. Any information not already included above that the District is required to file in its annual report pursuant to the provisions of the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982, as amended, with the California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission.

See Exhibit B attached for a copy of the Mello-Roos Community Facilities District (CFD) Yearly Fiscal Status Report for CFD No. 2017-1, Improvement Area No. 2.

CERTAIN DISCLAIMERS

The information contained in this Annual Report expresses only the views of the applicable party. An explanation of the significance of any such information may be obtained from the applicable party; provided, however, that no information provided by any party is incorporated in this Annual Report. The County and the District undertake no responsibility to oppose any revision or withdrawal of such information contained in this Annual Report.

To the extent the County or the District provides information in this Annual Report, the County and the District are not obligated to present or update information in future Annual Reports. Investors are advised to refer to the Official Statement for the Bonds for information concerning the initial delivery of and security for the Bonds.

By providing the information in this Annual Report, the County and the District do not imply or represent (a) that all information provided in this Annual Report is material to investors' decisions regarding investment in the Bonds, (b) the completeness or accuracy of any financial, operational or other information not included herein or in the Official Statement, (c) that no changes, circumstances or events have occurred since the date of this Annual Report (other than as contained herein), or (d) that no other information exists which may have a bearing on the County's financial condition, the security for the Bonds or an investor's decision to buy, sell or hold the Bonds.

The information set forth in this Annual Report or incorporated in this Annual Report has been furnished by the County and the District and is believed to be accurate and reliable but is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness. Statements contained in or incorporated by this Annual Report which involves estimates, forecasts or other matters of opinion, whether or not expressly so described herein, are intended solely as such and are not to be construed as representations of fact. Further, expressions of opinion contained in this Annual Report or incorporated in this Annual Report are subject to change without notice and the delivery of this Annual Report will not, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the County and the District.

No statement contained in this Annual Report should be construed as a prediction or representation about future financial performance of the County and the District. Historical results presented herein may not be indicative of future operating results.

The information set forth herein, including information provided by others or incorporated by reference, is believed by the County and the District to be reliable but has not been independently verified by the County and the District and is not guaranteed as to accuracy by the County and the District.

EXHIBIT A

TABLE 4, ESTIMATED ASSESSED VALUE-TO-LIEN RATIO BY ZONE AND LAND USE TYPE

FISCAL YEAR 2023-2024 UNDEVELOPED AND DEVELOPED SPECIAL TAX REVENUES

David Taussig and Associates, Inc.

TABLE 4 FROM THE OFFICIAL STATEMENT [6] COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2017-1, IMPROVEMENT AREA NO. 2 (VILLAGE OF ESENCIA) ASSESSED VALUE-TO-LIEN RATIOS

Zone / Property Classification / Owner [1]	Product Type	Floor Area/Acres	CFD No. 2017-1, IA No. 2 Actual FY 2023-2024 Levy [2]	Percentage of Actual FY 2023-2024 Levy	CFD No. 2017-1, IA No. 2 Bonds Outstanding [3]	Metropolitan Water District Bonds Outstanding [4]	Capistrano Unified School District School Facilities Improvement District Bonds Outstanding [4]	Santa Margarita Water District Improvement District 4/4C Bonds Outstanding [4]	Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	Assessed Value [1]	Estimated Assessed Value-to-Lien Ratios
Zone 1											
Developed Property											
Los Patrones Apartment Partners, LLC	Apartments	5.76 Acres	\$168,489	15.41%	\$3,272,293	\$63	\$1,579	\$4,149	\$3,278,084	\$18,324,063	5.59
Los Patrones Business Park Partners, LLC	Business Park	99,200 FA	\$111,715	10.22%	\$2,169,671	\$48	\$1,198	\$269	\$2,171,186	\$13,908,864	6.41
Los Patrones Self Storage Partners, LLC Subtotal	Self-Storage N/A	<u>129,942 FA</u> N/A	\$146,336 \$436,540	<u>13.38%</u> 39.01%	\$2,842,050	<u>\$35</u> \$146	\$890	<u>\$0</u>	\$2,842,975	\$10,326,730 \$43,550,657	<u>3.63</u> 5.13
Subiolai	N/A	IN/A	\$426,540	39.01%	\$8,284,013	\$140	\$3,667	\$4,418	\$8,292,244	\$42,559,657	5.13
Undeveloped Property [5]											
Esencia Retail, LLC	Retail	10.80 Acres	\$198,607	18.16%	\$3,857,239	\$11	\$278	\$2,332	\$3,859,859	\$3,227,285	0.84
Los Patrones Retail Partners, LLC	Retail	19.48 Acres	\$358,096	32.75%	\$6,954,740	<u>\$31</u>	<u>\$773</u>	\$12,50 <u>5</u>	\$6,968,049	\$8,974,928	1.29
Subtotal	Retail	30.28 Acres	\$556,704	50.92%	\$10,811,978	\$42	\$1,051	\$14,836	\$10,827,908	\$12,202,213	1.13
Zone 2											
Undeveloped Property [5]											
Esencia Retail, LLC	Retail	0.07 Acres	\$1,137	0.10%	\$22,086	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$22,086	\$0	0.00
Mission Hospital Regional Medical Center	Medical Office	7.00 Acres	\$108,999	9.97%	\$2,116,923	<u>\$38</u>	\$942	<u>\$17,916</u>	\$2,135,818	\$10,932,074	<u>5.12</u>
Subtotal	N/A	7.07 Acres	\$110,137	10.07%	\$2,139,009	\$38	\$942	\$17,916	\$2,157,904	\$10,932,074	5.07
TOTAL	N/A	N/A	\$1,093,380	100.00%	\$21,235,000	\$225	\$5,660	\$37,171	\$21,278,056	\$65,693,944	3.09

^[1] Ownership and assessed values as of January 1, 2023 provided by the Orange County Assessor. Assessed value calculated as land value plus improvement value.

^[2] Based on actual Fiscal Year 2023-2024 levy.

^[3] Allocated based on share of Fiscal Year 2023-2024 levy.

^[4] As of September 2, 2023. Allocated based on share of Fiscal Year 2023-2024 levy.

^[5] Pursuant to the Rate and Method, Undeveloped Property is any property that did not have a building permit as of January 1, 2023 for Fiscal Year 2023-2024.

^[6] Totals may not sum due to rounding.

Source: DTA, Metropolitan Water District, Capistrano Unified School District, and County of Orange Assessor

COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2017-1, IMPROVEMENT AREA NO. 2 (VILLAGE OF ESENCIA) FISCAL YEAR 2023-2024 UNDEVELOPED AND DEVELOPED SPECIAL TAX REVENUES [3]

Zone	Developed Property Special Tax Revenues [1]	Undeveloped Property Special Tax Revenues [2]	Total FY 2023-2024 Special Tax Levy
1	\$426,540	\$556,704	\$983,244
2	\$0	\$110,137	\$110,137
Total	\$426,540	\$666,840	\$1,093,380

^[1] Developed Property is property for which a building permit was issued as of January 1, 2023.

Source: DTA

^[2] Undeveloped Property is property for which a building permit was not issued as of January 1, 2023.

^[3] Totals may not sum due to rounding.

Ехнівіт В

CALIFORNIA DEBT AND INVESTMENT ADVISORY COMMISSION YEARLY FISCAL REPORT



MELLO ROOS REPORT

CDIAC # : 2020-1298 Status: Submitted 10/27/2023

California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission, 915 Capitol Mall, Room 400, Sacramento, CA 95814 P.O. Box 942809, Sacramento, CA 94209-0001 Tel.: (916) 653-3269 Fax: (916) 654-7440

Information as of Reporting Year End: 06/30/2023 **Issuance** Issuer Name: Orange County CFD No 2017-1 Issue Name: 2020 Special Tax Bonds Project Name: IA No 2 Village of Esencia Series A Actual Sale Date: 08/12/2020 Settlement Date: 08/26/2020 Original Principal Amount: \$21,565,000.00 Date of Filing: 10/27/2023 Reserve Fund Minimum Balance: Yes Reserve Fund Minimum Balance Amount: \$1,650,299.65 Credit Rating from Report of Final Sale Credit Rating: Not Rated Standard & Poor: Fitch: Moody's: Other: Credit Rating from Mello-Roos Last Yearly Fiscal Status Report Not Rated Credit Rating: Standard & Poor: Fitch: Moody's: Other: Credit Rating for This Reporting Period Not Rated Credit Rating: Standard & Poor:



MELLO ROOS REPORT

California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission, 915 Capitol Mall, Room 400, Sacramento, CA 95814 P.O. Box 942809, Sacramento, CA 94209-0001 Tel.: (916) 653-3269 Fax: (916) 654-7440

CDIAC # : 2020-1298 Status: Submitted 10/27/2023

Fitch:	
Moody's:	
Other:	
Fund Balance	
Principal Amount of Bonds Outstanding:	\$21,410,000.00
Bond Reserve Fund:	\$1,675,285.92
Capitalized Interest Fund:	\$0.00
Construction Fund(s):	\$0.00
Assessed Value	
Assessed or Appraised Value Reported as of:	01/01/2023
Use Appraised Value only in first year or before annual tax roll billing commences:	From Equalized Tax Roll
Total Assessed Value of All Parcels:	\$65,693,944.00
Tax Collection	
Total Amount of Special Taxes Due Annually:	\$1,062,788.33
Total Amount of Unpaid Special Taxes Annually:	\$0.00
Does this agency participate in the County's Teeter Plan?	Yes
Delinquent Reporting	
Delinquent Parcel Information Reported as of Equalized Tax Roll of:	06/30/2023
Total Number of Delinquent Parcels:	0

Delinquency Parcel Reporting

Document Type	Document Name	File Upload Date
Delinquent Parcel Detail Report	TC03MC70 Redacted.pdf	10/27/2023

Foreclosure



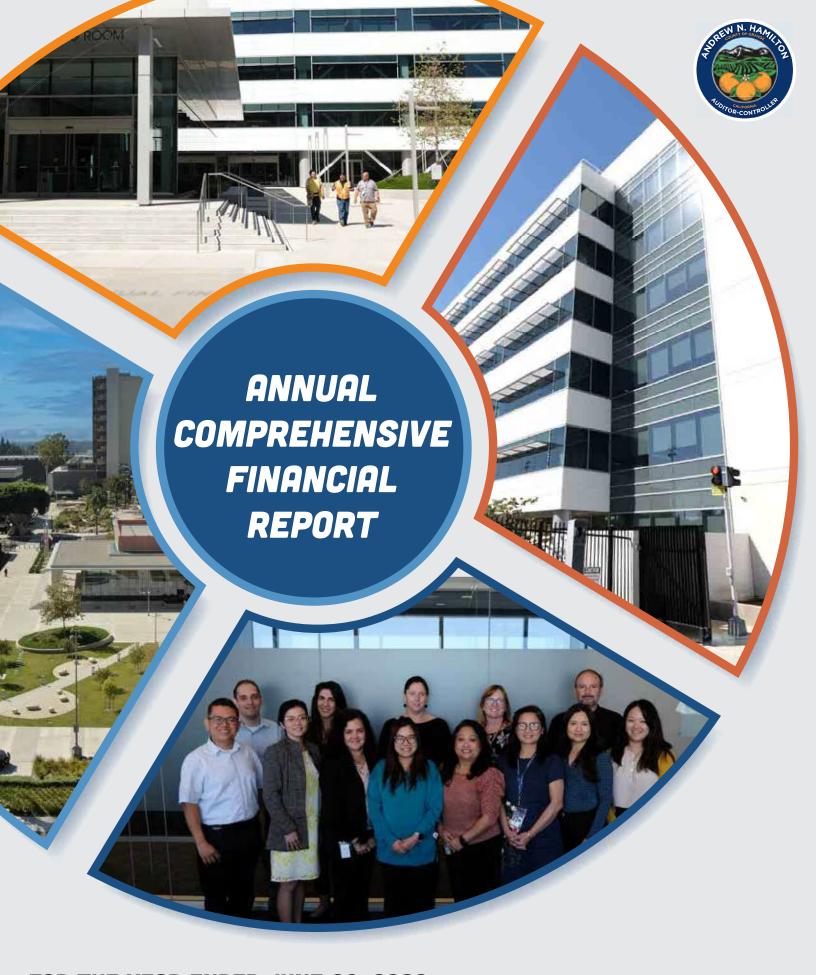
MELLO ROOS REPORT

California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission, 915 Capitol Mall, Room 400, Sacramento, CA 95814 P.O. Box 942809, Sacramento, CA 94209-0001 Tel.: (916) 653-3269 Fax: (916) 654-7440

CDIAC # : 2020-1298 Status: Submitted 10/27/2023

Date Foreclosure Commenced	Total Number of Foreclosure Parcels	Total Amount of Tax on Foreclosure Parcels
Retired Issues		
Indicate Reason for Retire	ement:	Not Retired
Filing Contact		
Filing Contact Name:		Gina Kim
Agency/Organization Nan	me:	Orange County
Address:		400 W. Civic Center Dr. 5th FL
City:		Santa Ana
State:		CA
Zip Code:		92701
Telephone:		714-834-3749
Fax Number:		
E-mail:		gina.kim@ocgov.com
Comments		
Issuer Comments:		

EXHIBIT C ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023
ANDREW N. HAMILTON, CPA, AUDITOR-CONTROLLER

Each year the Orange County Auditor-Controller's Office releases the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the prior fiscal year ending June 30. The document is prepared in accordance with Sections 25250 and 25253 of the Government Code of the State of California, to be released no later than December 31. An outside auditing firm, Eide Bailly LLP, is retained to audit the report. The Auditor-Controller Financial Reporting Unit works tirelessly to ensure the report is not only on time, but is of the highest quality. Last year's report received, once again, the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting. This award is a prestigious national award recognizing excellence in State and local government financial reporting.

For the past six years, the ACFR has highlighted one of the County's various agencies through a representative photograph on the cover and interior tabs of the report. This year, our theme examines the County's Budget & Finance Office. The Budget & Finance Office is a division under the County's Chief Financial Officer and is responsible for the annual budget and strategic financial planning process and managing the County's public debt programs. The functions carried out are aligned with the Board of Supervisor's adopted priorities, which include stabilizing the budget, preparing for contingencies, and addressing and funding agency infrastructure.

This theme is also carried over into the ACFR's accompanying Citizens' Report, known as the Popular Annual Financial Report (PAFR). We hope you enjoy this look at one of the less visible, but vitally important departments within the County.

In addition to the ACFR, the Auditor-Controller's Office has three Satellite units at John Wayne Airport, OC Community Resources and OC Waste & Recycling with teams also working tirelessly to produce stand-alone financial statements which are audited by the outside auditing firm, Eide Bailly LLP. The statements give a financial picture of those agencies' individual finances for the County's two Enterprise Funds, John Wayne Airport and OC Waste & Recycling, as well as for the County's Redevelopment Successor Agency, a Private-Purpose Trust Fund. To view the stand-alone Financial Statements, please visit ocauditor.gov and select "Component Unit Financial Statements" under the Reports tab.

Thank you to all the employees of the Auditor-Controller's Office for their ongoing hard work and dedication to the residents of Orange County.

To view this year's ACFR, please visit ocauditor.gov/reports/acfrreports/

To view this year's PAFR, please visit ocauditor.gov/reports/citizens-reports/

County of Orange

State of California

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023



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AUDITOR-CONTROLLER COUNTY OF ORANGE

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ocauditor.gov



COUNTY EXECUTIVE OFFICE COUNTY OF ORANGE

COUNTY ADMINISTRATION NORTH 400 CIVIC CENTER DRIVE SANTA ANA. CALIFORNIA 92701

(714) 834-2345 FAX: (714) 834-3018

www.ocgov.com

December 20, 2023

The Citizens of Orange County:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the County of Orange (County), State of California, for the year ended June 30, 2023, is hereby submitted in accordance with the provisions of Sections 25250 and 25253 of the Government Code of the State of California. The report contains financial statements that have been prepared in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) prescribed for governmental entities. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County. A comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed and established to provide reasonable assurance that the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and changes in financial position of County Funds. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatements.

The ACFR has been audited by the independent certified public accounting firm of Eide Bailly LLP. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements of the County for the year ended June 30, 2023, are free of material misstatement. The independent certified public accounting firm has issued an unmodified (clean) opinion on the County's basic financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

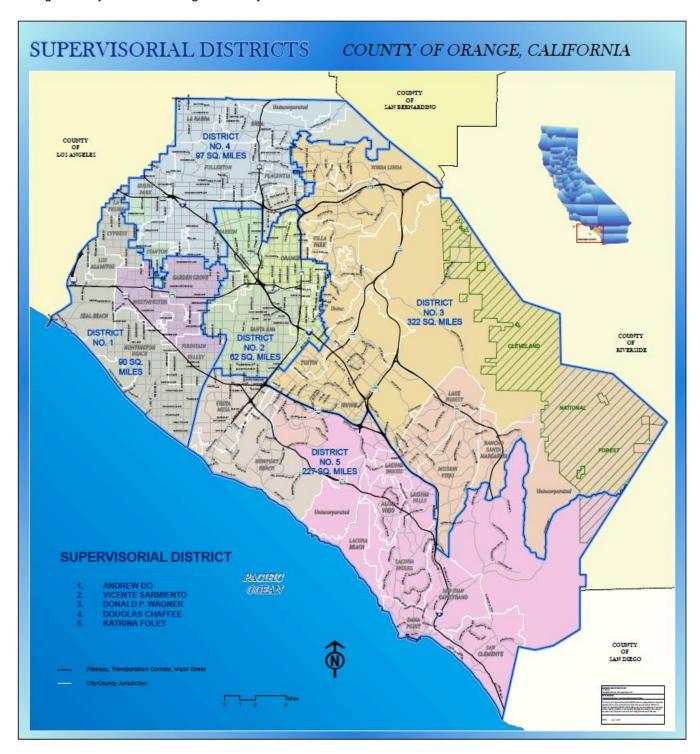
This letter of transmittal is designed to complement and should be read in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that immediately follows the independent auditor's report. MD&A provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The County, incorporated in 1889 and located in the southern part of the State of California, is one of the major metropolitan areas in the state and nation. The County occupies a land area of 798 square miles with a coastline of 42 miles serving a population of over 3 million. It represents the third most populous county in the state and ranks sixth in the nation.

The County was incorporated as a general law County and converted to a charter county on March 5, 2002, with voter approval. In November 2008, voters approved Measure J, which added Article III, Section 301 to the Charter of Orange County requiring voter approval for increases in future retirement system benefits of any employee, legislative officer, or elected official of the County in the Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS) or any successor retirement system, with the exception of statutorily-established cost of living adjustments, salary increases, and annual leave, vacation, or compensatory time cash-outs. In June 2012, voters approved Measure B, which requires that any Orange County Supervisors elected on or after June 5, 2012 can enroll only in the minimum pension option, i.e., the least lucrative pension plan, offered to Orange County employees. At present, the minimum pension plan is a 1.62% at 65 pension plan. In June 2016, voters approved Measure B, which requires the County Auditor-Controller to review any Countywide measure placed on the ballot and prepare a fiscal impact statement.

The County is governed by a five-member Board of Supervisors (Board), who each serve four-year terms, and annually elect a Chair and Vice-Chair. The Supervisors represent districts that are each approximately equal in population. The district boundaries were revised effective January 6, 2022, incorporating the results of the 2020 census. A County Executive Officer (CEO) oversees 15 County departments, and elected officials serving as department heads oversee six County departments. The Supervisorial Districts map below shows the boundaries of Orange County and the areas governed by each member of the Board.



The County provides a full range of services Countywide, for the unincorporated areas, and contracted services for cities. These services are outlined in the following table:

Countywide Services		
Affordable Housing (Housing Authority)	Veterans Services	
Agricultural Commissioner	Indigent Medical Services	
Airport	Jails & Juvenile Facilities	
Child Protection & Social Services	Juvenile Justice Commission	
Child Support Services	Landfills & Solid Waste Disposal	
Clerk-Recorder	Law Enforcement	
Coroner & Forensic Services	Probationary Supervision	
District Attorney/Public Administrator	Public Assistance	
Elections & Voter Registration	Public Defender/ Alternate Defense	
Environmental/Regulatory Health	Public & Behavioral Health	
Flood Control & Transportation	Senior Services	
OC Parks	Collection & Appeals	
Disaster Preparedness	Weights & Measures	
Grand Jury	Property Tax Assessment, Apportionment/Billing, Collection & Receipt	
Public Guardian		

Unincorporated Area Services			
Animal Care & Control	Libraries		
Flood Control	Parks		
Land Use	Waste Disposal Collection		
Law Enforcement			

Contracted Services for Cities			
Libraries			
Public Works & Engineering			

Sources: County departments

In addition to these services, the County is also financially accountable for the reporting of component units, which can be either blended or discretely presented. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the County's operations and, therefore, data from these component units is combined with data of the County. The County has two discretely presented component units, the First 5 Orange County and CalOptima Health, which require discrete presentation in the government-wide financial statements. The County has one fiduciary component unit, OCERS. The following entities are presented as blended component units in the basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023: Orange County Flood Control District (OCFCD), Orange County Housing Authority, Orange County Public Financing Authority, South Orange County Public Financing Authority, Capital Facilities Development Corporation, Orange County Public Facilities Corporation, County Service Areas, Special Assessment Districts, Community Facility Districts, and In-Home Supportive Services Public Authority. Additional information on these entities can be found in Note 1, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Section.

The County maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Board. Activities of the General Fund and most of the Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Projects and Permanent Funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that level which cannot be exceeded without action by the Board) is at the legal fund-budget control-unit level, which represents a department or an agency. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each Governmental Fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. The Budgetary Comparison Statements for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds are part of the Basic Financial Statements. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the nonmajor Governmental Funds with appropriated annual budgets are

presented in the Supplemental Information Section for Governmental Funds. The County also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered appropriations do not lapse at year-end; outstanding encumbrances are carried forward. Additional information on the budgetary process can be found in Note 1, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Section.

The County's eGovernment website portal at http://www.ocgov.com provides online services and extensive information about County government to Orange County residents, businesses, partners, and visitors. The County's website provides information and online services to the public 24/7. It includes information about the Board, County job listings, purchasing bid solicitations, assessment appeals, links to court information and local court rules, voter information, County permits and forms, public safety, health and human services programs and financial information. The site also provides several online services, including live and archived Board meeting videos, the ability to order birth, death and marriage certificates, search fictitious business names, find polling locations and election results, how to license pets, pay property taxes and subscribe to receive emergency alerts. The County continuously strives to improve a constituent's ability to conduct business online with the County.

FACTORS AFFECTING ECONOMIC CONDITION

Local Economy

Two indicators of the County economy are: how well the local economy performs relative to surrounding counties, the State, and the Nation and its own historical trends. This section provides data for various indicators that summarize the current and projected outlook of the County's economy.

Various forecasts indicate that 2023 will be a year of economic slowdown. In terms of historical trends, current and projected activity suggests slow but positive economic growth at the local level which will generally follow national and state trends.

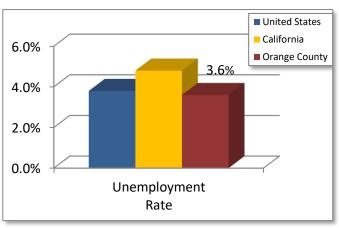
The County's unemployment rate continues to be lower than surrounding Southern California counties, the State, and the Nation (see Table 1).

According to the California Department of Finance, inflation, as measured by the Consumer Price Index (CPI), is expected to be 5.7% for Orange County, lower than both the State and U.S. at 5.9% and 6.5%, respectively, in FY 2022-23 (see Table 2).

Table 1: Unemployment Rate Comparison

Primary Government Entity	July 2023 Unemployment Rate
United States	3.8%
California	4.8%
Los Angeles County	5.4%
Riverside County	5.0%
San Bernardino County	4.8%
San Diego County	3.9%
Orange County	3.6%

Unemployment Rate



Note: Unemployment rates are for the month of July 2023

Table 2: 2023 - Projected Increase of the CPI

Table 2: 2020 - I Tojected Increase of the of I			
United States	California	Orange County	
6.5%	5.9%	5.7%	

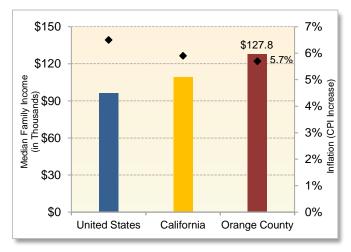
Sources: State of California, Employment Development Department California Department of Finance, 2023 According to the Department of Housing and Urban Development, the County's median family income is expected to be \$127,800 (absolute dollars) in 2023, compared to \$119,100 (absolute dollars) in 2022. The median family income in the County continues to exceed all surrounding Southern California counties, the State, and the Nation (see Table 3).

Table 3: Median Family Income Comparison

Primary Government Entity	Median Family Income (absolute dollars)
United States	\$96,200
California	\$109,200
Orange County	\$127,800
San Diego County	\$116,800
Los Angeles County	\$98,200
Riverside County	\$94,500

Sources: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 2023

Comparisons of Inflation and Median Family Income



Sources: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 2023 California Department of Finance, 2023 According to the California Association of Realtors, the median home sales price for existing single-family homes in Orange County was \$1,300,000 (absolute dollars) in July 2023, representing a 5.6% increase from July 2022. The median sales price in Orange County continues to exceed all surrounding counties (see Table 4).

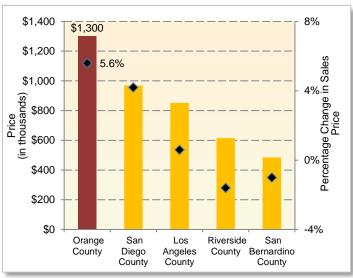
In terms of internal trends, current and projected indicators forecast modest growth in the Orange County economy, with job growth expected to increase by 1.4% in 2023.

Table 4: Median Home Sales Price Comparisonexisting single-family homes only Southern California Counties – July 2023

Primary Government Entity	Median Home Sales Price Change increase (decrease)	Median Home Sales Price (absolute dollars)
Orange County	5.6%	\$1,300,000
San Diego County	4.2%	\$969,020
Los Angeles County	0.6%	\$851,540
Riverside County	(1.6%)	\$615,000
San Bernardino Count	y (1.0%)	\$485,000

Source: California Association of Realtors, July 2023

Comparison of Median Home Sales Price and Price Changes Among Counties



Source: California Association of Realtors, July 2023

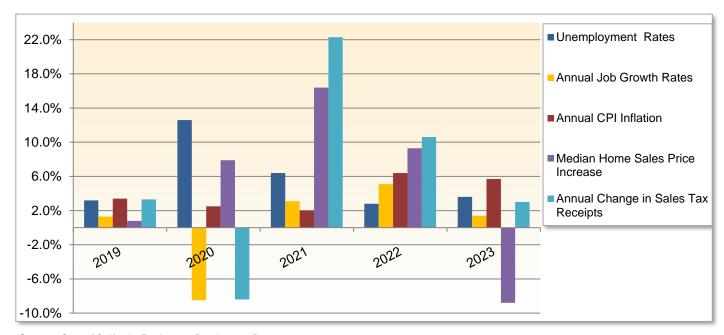
Table 5 shows various internal indicators reflecting a slight decline in the County's economy. The unemployment rate increased from 3.2% in July 2022 to 3.6% in July 2023. According to the June 2023 Chapman University Economic & Business Review, job growth is expected to increase by 1.4% in 2023; median home sales price for existing singlefamily detached homes are forecasted to decrease by 8.8% in 2023, significantly lower than the 12.5% increase in 2022; and sales tax receipts are forecasted to increase by 3.0% in 2023. In summary, the economy in Orange County is forecasted to show a modest slowdown.

Table 5: Orange County Historical Data

Historical Indicators	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Unemployment					
Rates	3.1%	12.3%	6.4%	3.2%	3.6%
Annual Job Growth					
Rates	1.3%	(8.5%)	3.6%	5.3%	1.4%
Annual CPI Inflation	3.4%	2.5%	2.0%	6.5%	5.7%
Median Home Sales					
Price Increase	0.8%	7.9%	16.4%	12.5%	(8.8%)
Annual Change in					·
Sales Tax Receipts	3.3%	(8.4%)	22.6%	12.1%	3.0%

Data in Table 5 for prior years may be different from previous ACFR due to timing. Data for 2023 is preliminary or based on forecasted data.

Orange County Historical Data Comparison (Shown as a year-to-year percentage increase/decrease)



Sources: State of California, Employment Development Department Economic & Business Review, Chapman University, June 2023 California Association of Realtors

Long-Term Financial Planning

Strategic Financial Plan (SFP): In March 1997, the Board initiated an annual financial planning process that is a key component of the County's commitment to fiscal responsibility, accountability, and efficiency. The plan includes Countywide initiatives and projections of County general purpose revenues, departmental projections of operating costs, revenues, capital and information technology needs for current programs and services and anticipated caseload changes. New programs, services and capital projects are identified and prioritized on a Countywide basis with financial impacts identified over the plan period. The plan covers a five-year period and includes a ten-year analysis of operating costs in cases where new programs and facilities are assessed to ensure the ability to pay for long-term operational costs.

The 2023 SFP was presented to the Board on December 19, 2023. The 2023 SFP is the foundation in planning for continued financial stability and is augmented by the monitoring and establishment of budgetary control via the budget reporting process and adoption of the Annual Budget. The five-year SFP projections indicate that General Purpose Revenue will grow, on average, about 3.0% annually. The moderate growth rate for revenue, coupled with the County of Orange Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

increasing cost of doing business, will require the County to carefully manage programs and service levels. The County continues to believe that sustained job growth and reduced unemployment are the key indicators for economic growth.

In order to address identified budget issues and prepare for the continued uncertainty of the general and local economy, the following represent some of the actions taken or identified as options for early planning. Early action is critical to ensure baseline services are met and that the County continues to experience financial stability.

- The SFP does not provide an increase in Net County Cost for the five years presented, FY 2024-25 through FY 2028-29. General Purpose Revenue growth will be strategically allocated through the budget process consistent with the priorities identified in the SFP
- A continuation of the policy to not backfill State budget reductions
- Internal financing program to support major capital and information technology projects
- Maintenance of prudent levels of General Fund and Contingency Reserves

The County's long-term financial planning focuses on the current and anticipated uses of County resources in order to maintain or expand operations, address legislative impacts, and implementation of countywide initiatives. Major initiatives continue to focus around OC CARES and the various systems of care provided in the County, addressing homelessness and affordable housing, the Master Plan for Aging initiatives, and addressing sustainability initiatives.

James A. Musick Facility Project: The James A. Musick Facility Project is a multi-year project that includes construction of two inmate housing units with approximately 512 beds and two inmate rehabilitation, treatment, and housing units with approximately 384 beds. The project also includes administrative and support space, a warehouse/maintenance building, and infrastructure and site improvements. Housing units are designed for direct supervision of minimum and medium security inmates, providing a program aimed at reducing recidivism rates and increasing public safety. Programming includes specialized education and enhanced vocational tracks that individuals in custody will be able to participate in that meet their specific needs. The programming services will include three separate tracks which inmates can voluntarily participate in. The educational track will provide assistance with a high school diploma or HiSet, thereby increasing reading, writing, and math skills. The enhanced vocational track will focus on technology-based programming, food service based programming, and skill trade programming. The Reentry track will focus on helping an individual with life skills and changing negative thought processes. Each inmate will have a Reentry Coordinator working with them through their time in custody to ensure that they are meeting their goals. In addition, an individualized discharge plan will be created to ensure direct linkage to service providers immediately post release.

On May 5, 2020, the County awarded a construction contract to Bernards Bros., Inc. for the project in the amount of \$261,118 and also approved a five percent construction contingency amount of \$13,056. An additional five percent contingency was approved in January 2023 for \$13,056. The total project construction cost is estimated to be \$318,000 including, owner-carried insurance, construction management, special inspections and utility fees. The cost is funded by \$180,000 from AB900 and SB 1022 State funding with the remaining funds coming from the County's General Fund. As of September 2023, the County has received a total of \$154,734 in reimbursements from the State. The project is 97% complete and is scheduled for substantial completion by December 2023.

<u>Orange County Civic Center Facilities Master Plan</u>: In 2013, the Board adopted an ordinance approving a public-private partnership to develop the Civic Center Facilities Strategic Plan (Master Plan). The Master Plan included several phases of development with the first phase focused on the general government administration buildings in the center of the Civic Center area.

On April 25, 2017, the Board approved the construction of the new County Administration South (CAS) and establishment of a nonprofit corporation as it related to the financing of CAS and the Master Plan. CAS was completed in November 2019 and is a state-of-the-art facility that has been LEED Certified, meaning it meets the extensive criteria signifying a healthy, highly efficient, cost saving, green building. CAS is occupied by several County departments and includes a one-stop shop public counter where the public has access to services from multiple departments. CAS was financed through a Board adopted ordinance on May 9, 2017, identifying the legal authority for the issuance of bonds, approving a Ground Lease, a Facility Lease, and forming the Capital Facilities Development Corporation (Corporation). In total, the California Municipal Finance Authority (CMFA) issued \$152,400 Lease Revenue Bonds and pursuant to a loan agreement, the CMFA loaned a total of \$175,340 to the Corporation for the construction. Upon filing

the certificate of substantial completion, the County commenced base rental payments, under the Facility Lease, to repay the loan to the CMFA, which pays debt service to the bondholders.

On June 26, 2018, the Board approved the planning and design of a new County Administration North (CAN), within the Civic Center, as a twin building of the above CAS Building; a six-story, approximately 254,000 square foot, with 332 underground parking spaces and an additional 196 surface parking spaces. CAN was completed in July 2022 and is occupied by several County departments, including the County Executive Office and Board of Supervisors and includes a Board Hearing room. Similar to CAS, CAN was also financed through a Board adopted ordinance identifying the legal authority for the issuance of bonds, approving a Ground Lease, a Facility Lease, and using the Corporation. The CMFA issued \$185,705 Lease Revenue Bonds and loaned a total of \$212,304 to the Corporation, pursuant to a loan agreement, for the construction. Upon filing the certificate of substantial completion, the County commenced base rental payments in FY 2022-23, under the Facility Lease, to repay the loan to the CMFA, which pays debt service to the bondholders.

Additional phases included in the Master Plan are in the planning phases.

Be Well Campuses: County property across from the Great Park in Irvine has been identified as the second location for the Be Well Irvine campus to be established through a public-private partnership with Mind OC, with a long-term ground lease established. The development plans for this campus currently include three phases under the option agreement. The first phase, which is anticipated to be implemented in 2025, will house crisis stabilization units for adults and adolescents, a sobering center, adult residential treatment services, and children, youth and families outpatient clinic. The second phase will include perinatal substance use residential services for pregnant and parenting women and their children up to age 10, a youth and adolescent substance use residential program for both male and female and expanded outpatient and intensive outpatient services for children and youth and perinatal women. The third and final phase will include education and training, a community meeting and events center, youth and senior centers and interfaith shared-use space. The campus is committed to serving all residents of Orange County, by providing a full continuum of services from prevention through treatment, as outlined below:

- Be Well Center for behavioral health and substance use services: A continuum of program offerings from
 crisis care, extended treatment, to outpatient services, for youth, adolescents, and adults, to support clients
 wherever they are in their recovery journey.
- Wellness Navigation Center: A single point of entry navigation service to help residents find and connect with a broad range of services across the Orange County system, including housing support, suicide prevention, substance use, depression and related disorders, domestic violence, sexual assault, grief, isolation, child and elder concerns and critical incident debriefings.
- Community and Family Center: A multi-entity, multicultural, multi-faith collective including local Orange County
 public and private health systems and community-based organizations, integrating health clinics with youth
 and community education, enrichment and experiential learning spaces.

The Be Well Irvine campus is currently under construction for Phase 1, and in the planning and design phase for Phase 2 and Phase 3. In consideration of the public benefit afforded by the Be Well Campus and Mind OC's operation of the project, the annual rent will be one dollar.

OC CARES Initiatives: OC CARES links the five systems of care in the County (behavioral health, healthcare, community corrections, housing, and benefits & support services) to provide full care coordination and services to address immediate and underlying mental health issues and work towards self-sufficiency. Currently, projects and programs are guided by the OC CARES, Justice Through Prevention and Intervention 2025 Vision overseen by the Orange County Criminal Justice Coordinating Council. A focus is on increasing diversion options from pre-arrest to reintegration that involve treatment, specialty courts, and supportive services. Below is a listing of the significant projects in progress:

 Behavioral Health Public Safety Response Team: The expansion of the behavioral health response team, implemented with the approval of the FY 2023-24 budget, consists of specialized Sheriff Deputies and mental health clinicians to support calls for service with a mental health or substance use nexus and provide diversion options, conduct research, and serve as a resource for the community.

- Coordinated Reentry System: Developing and implementing coordinated reentry services including regional reentry offices, mobile units, centralized adult reentry center with transitional housing, and a workforce reentry program to increase accessibility and linkages to services to meet the needs of the justice-involved population for successful reintegration.
- Juvenile Corrections Campus: Revitalize the existing Juvenile Hall Campus to establish a Youth Transition
 Center that fully utilizes existing space to provide camp programming, education services, health and mental
 health services, and housing for juvenile and transition aged youth offenders, including those realigned from
 the State Correctional System.
- Housing for Transitional Aged Youth (TAY): Establish transitional and permanent supportive housing and
 placement services for youth and TAY involved in the juvenile justice system that includes treatment for
 substance use, mental health issues or for those involved in the Commercial Sexual Exploitation of Children
 population.
- Access to Permanent Supportive & Affordable Housing: In alignment with the updated Housing Funding Strategy: 2022 Update (HFS Update), efforts continue to develop subsidized housing units that combine affordable housing assistance with voluntary support services to address the needs of chronically homeless individuals. The HFS Update outlines the recommendations for a strategic approach to achieve an updated goal of developing 2,396 supportive housing units from 2022 to 2029. The updated goal reflects the progress under the previous 2018 Strategy as well as the additional supportive housing units needed over the next seven-year period based on the 2022 Point in time homeless count.

Relevant Financial Policies

To achieve the goal of providing outstanding and cost-effective regional public services, the County applies sound management practices and policies that enhance the quality of life of its citizens. Such financial management practices have been identified by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada and recognized by Fitch Ratings as best practices that promote financial soundness, efficiency in government, and solvency in public finance.

General Fund Reserves Policy

The County General Fund Reserves Policy provides guidance in the creation, maintenance and use of reserves. The policy covers formal and informal reserves, and includes provisions for reserves such as appropriations for contingencies, reserve-like appropriations, and reserve-like funds held by others such as the OCERS Investment Account. The policy also recognizes whether funds are legally required or discretionary or have special restrictions. The reserves policy is maintained and updated, as needed, through the County's annual SFP process. The reserves policy targets and balances are included in the annual SFP document.

The General Fund Reserves policy is designed to provide flexibility to the County as well as the following:

- Resources to address unanticipated or cyclical economic conditions
- Resources for emergencies and/or catastrophic events
- Mitigation of the volatility of revenues and expenditures in managing temporary cash flow shortages
- Capacity to cover unexpected large one-time expenses and opportunities
- · Capacity to fund capital investments
- Capacity to minimize borrowing costs
- Capacity to provide some level of protection against statutory changes to County revenues and impacts from federal and state actions

The County has a variety of reserve funds available to both the General Fund and Non-General Funds including:

- Fund Balance Assigned for Contingencies
- Fund Balance Assigned for Reserve Target
- Reserve-Like Funds
- Reserve-Like Appropriations
- Department-Type Reserves

All of the previously mentioned are reserves normally modified at the time of budget adoption (Government Code Section 29085) or at fiscal year-end. Changes to reserve amounts at other times require a 4/5 vote of the Board. A 4/5 vote is also required to make such reserves available for appropriation to expend the funds, if needed, during the fiscal year (Government Code Section 29130).

Reserve Targets and Descriptions

Under GFOA recommended practice, the County establishes an overall reserve target and allocates the calculated target among the classes of obligated fund balances as appropriate. The County may fund more or less to each reserve class for a variety of reasons, such as its current financial condition, the need to set aside for particular goals or directives, the need to bridge one-time gaps, etc. The goal is to ensure a prudent reserve balance that is maintained and replenished on a regular basis. In implementing the GFOA's best practice, the County elected to establish a funding target based upon two months of General Fund operating revenues.

Contingencies

The purpose and use of this reserve is to cover unanticipated and severe economic downturns, major emergencies, or catastrophes that cannot be covered with existing appropriations. A significant event could create the need for a higher funding level of this reserve. The target amount for this reserve is 15% of ongoing annual General Purpose Revenues (excluding Fund Balance Unassigned and one-time amounts and transfers).

The following table summarizes the County's financial management practices:

	Relevant Financial Policies
Multi-Year SFP	The County's SFP is based on a five-year financial forecast and includes a 10-year analysis of operating costs in cases where new programs and facilities are recommended to ensure the ability to pay for long-term operational costs. Performance measures and strategies are key elements of the SFP process.
Five-Year Capital Improvement Plan	The County's five-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) is a long-term list of significant projects funded by the General Fund in the Capital Projects budget. It also includes the five-year capital program for Non-General Fund agencies. The CIP aids the County in its assessment of the best use of funds available in order to establish and prioritize its capital asset goals, while maintaining long-term financial stability.
Information Technology Projects	The five-year Information Technology Plan (ITP) is a compilation of significant IT projects including upgrades or replacements of existing systems, greater or equal to \$150 and less than \$1,000 in any one fiscal year of the five years in the plan. Costs for ongoing system support and maintenance are included. The ITP is a tool used by the County to assess IT projects, leverage overlap, and prioritize the use of County General Funds available to IT projects.
Mid-Year Budget Report	The County Executive Office issues mid-year budget reports that provide the Board, County departments, members of the public, and other interested parties with an overview of the current status of budgeted revenues and expenditures, total budgeted positions and various departmental issues requiring adjustments to the County's budget.

	Relevant Financial Policies (Continued)
Annual Budget Policies and Guidelines	The Annual Budget reflects the County's disciplined approach to fiscal management and is consistent with the County's SFP process. Department budgets are consistent with the priorities and operations plans contained in the SFP. Departments use these planning processes, along with outcome indicators, to evaluate programs and redirect existing resources as needed for greater efficiency to reduce costs and minimize the need for additional resources.
Fund Balance Reserve Policy	The County General Fund currently contains formal and informal reserves, appropriations for contingencies, appropriated reserve-type funds, and reserves held by others. The purpose of these reserves is to protect community programs and services from temporary revenue shortfalls and provide for unpredicted, sudden and unavoidable one-time expenditures.
Contingency Planning Policy	The County's General Fund maintains a reserve for contingencies, which was established through the SFP process. The target amount for this reserve is 15% of ongoing annual General Purpose Revenues (excludes fund balance unassigned and one-time amounts and transfers), or \$155,430. This compares to the GFOA guidelines for funding contingencies at 15% or higher. The August 31, 2023 balance is \$155,430, at target.
	In addition to the reserve for contingencies, the County budgets an annual appropriation for significant unanticipated emergencies, catastrophes, one-time expenditures and opportunities of no less than \$10,000 in the General Fund.
Debt Disclosure Practices	The County presents a set of debt disclosures in the County's adopted Budget document and the ACFR, as well as Continuing Disclosure Annual Reports on its website and the Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) repository.
Pay-as-you-go Capital Funding	The County's long-term practice has been to use pay-as-you-go funding for capital projects whenever possible. The use of systematic long range financial planning assists in making fiscal decisions such as debt vs. pay-as-you-go capital project financing. The SFP forecasts sources of the County's revenue and operating expenses and incorporates a list of previously identified and prioritized projects that will benefit the citizens of the County. The financial planning for capital projects considers the County's limited funding sources, the capital and operating costs, useful life of projects, and good business practices.
Credit and Debt Management Policy	The County's long-term practice has been to rapidly repay debt when practicable. The Policy is intended to maintain long-term financial stability by ensuring that its long-term financing commitments are affordable and do not create undue risk or burden, achieve and maintain high credit ratings, minimize debt service interest expense and issuance costs, provide accurate and timely financial disclosure and reporting, and comply with applicable State and Federal laws and financing covenants.
Public Financing Advisory Committee	The Public Financing Advisory Committee (PFAC) is responsible for the review and recommendation of debt financing proposals. The Board may amend, modify or rescind any PFAC recommendation by a four-fifths (4/5) vote. The PFAC membership consists of the following: five public voting members, each representing a district, and three Ex-Officio County government members (the County Executive Officer, the elected Treasurer-Tax Collector, and the elected Auditor-Controller) (non-voting).

	Relevant Financial Policies (Continued)											
Audit Oversight Committee	The Audit Oversight Committee (AOC) is an advisory committee to the Board that provides oversight of the activities of the County's Internal Audit Department and the County's external audit coverage including financial reporting and federal and state audit activities. The AOC membership includes the Chair and Vice-Chair of the Board, the County Executive Officer, the elected Treasurer-Tax Collector (non-voting), the elected Auditor-Controller (non-voting), and five private sector members appointed by the Board. The private sector members are appointed by the Board and may be reappointed or removed by the Board.											
Treasury Oversight Committee	The Treasury Oversight Committee (TOC) is responsible for reviewing and monitoring the Investment Policy Statement prepared annually by the elected Treasurer-Tax Collector. Changes to the IPS are required to be reviewed by the TOC prior to be presented for review and approval by the Board. In addition, the TOC causes an annual audit of the County's compliance with the IPS and various Government Code sections. The TOC shall also investigate any and all irregularities in the treasury operations, which become known to the TOC. The TOC has an approved policy to investigate and report such irregularities.											
	The TOC membership consists of the following: the elected Auditor-Controller, the County Executive Officer, the elected County Superintendent of Schools, or their respective designees, and four public members. The public members shall be nominated by the elected Treasurer-Tax Collector and confirmed by the Board.											
24/7 Fraud Hotline	The Fraud Hotline is part of an ongoing fraud detection and prevention effort. The Fraud Hotline is intended for use by County employees, the general public, or vendors for reporting suspected waste, fraud, violations of County policy or misuse of County resources by vendors, contractors or County employees. https://ocgov.com/how-do-i/report/fraud-waste-abuse (714) 834-3608											

Major Initiatives

<u>Funding Equity:</u> The County hovers at the bottom of funding for counties statewide, receiving the lowest percentage of property taxes in California to support services, about 5 cents on the dollar; while the state average is 14 cents. The formula for retaining local property taxes in the counties where they were collected was set in 1978 and has not been updated since. This systematically disadvantages the County's ability to provide services to its diverse population.

The County's predicament does not have easy or implementable solutions. In looking to legislative solutions, a change in methodologies or shifts in funding formulas could affect other counties receiving more of their share in taxes. Therefore, the answer to assuring funding equity for the County lies in increasing funding, programs, and partnerships that specifically benefit County programs and services. When the state shifts or adds responsibilities at the county level, the County will seek enough funding for those programs to ensure their success and cover costs. The County's robust legislative agenda seeks creative and substantive ways to assure our residents are provided with their fair share of the taxes they pay to support the programs and services they deserve.

<u>Labor Agreements:</u> Most County employees are represented by one of 21 bargaining units, which are separated into eight labor organizations. The principal organization is the Orange County Employees Association (OCEA), which represents six bargaining units totaling about 11,196 members in budgeted positions. The next largest unions are the Association of Orange County Deputy Sheriffs (AOCDS), which represents four bargaining units totaling about 2,929 members and the American Federation of State, County, and Municipal Employees (AFSCME) at about 1,532 members. All contracts had terms ending June 30, 2023; however, five labor unions, which include OCEA, Orange County Attorney's Association, Orange County Managers Association, International Union of Operating Engineers, and the American Federation of State and Municipal Employees for which four successfully negotiated new three-year

County of Orange Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

labor contracts through June 2026. As of December 19, 2023, negotiations are continuing with the one labor organization.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

GFOA Awards: The GFOA awarded the Triple Crown Medallion, which recognizes that the County received all three GFOA Awards.

The Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for its ACFR for the year ended June 30, 2022; this represents the County's 28th consecutive award. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition for excellence in state and local government financial reporting. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR, whose contents conform to program standards. Such an ACFR must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we will submit it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the County received the GFOA Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting for its Popular Annual Financial Report (PAFR) titled the "OC Citizens' Report" for the year ended June 30, 2022; this represents the County's 20th consecutive award. The award is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government popular reports. In order to be awarded, a government must publish a PAFR that reflects the program standards of creativity, presentation, understandability, and reader appeal. The "OC Citizens' Report" is available for viewing <u>ocauditor.gov</u>.

The GFOA also awarded a Distinguished Budget Presentation Award to the County for its FY 2022-23 Annual Budget; this is the County's 7th award. The award is the highest form of recognition in governmental budgeting. In order to receive the award, the entity had to satisfy nationally recognized guidelines for effective budget presentation. These guidelines are designed to acknowledge how well an entity's budget serves as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

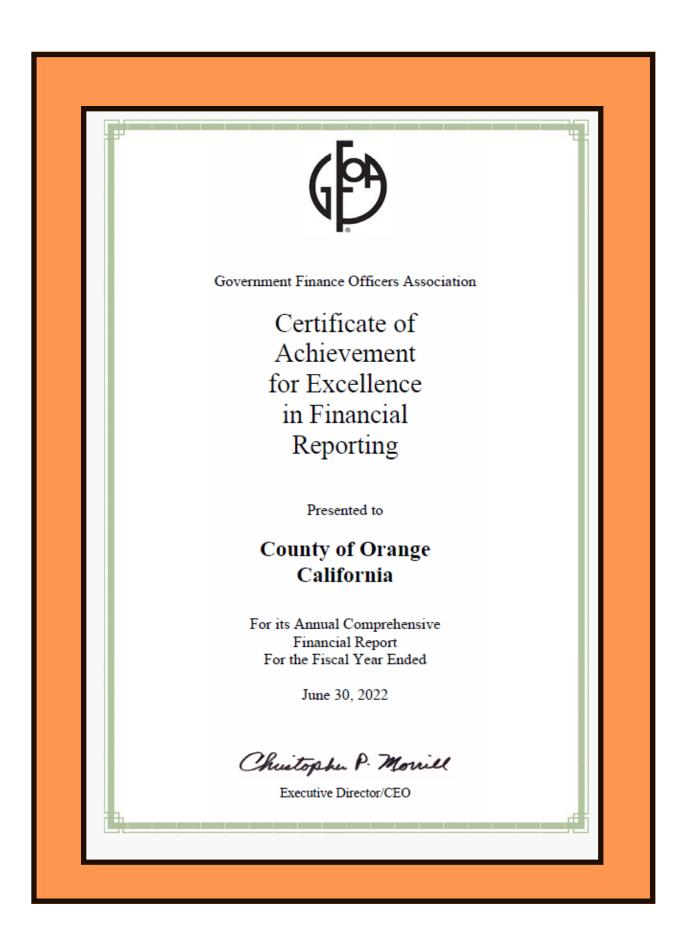
<u>Counties Financial Transactions Reporting Award:</u> The County received the Financial Transactions Reporting Award from the State Controller's Office for its Year-End Financial Transaction Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The award is in recognition of the professionalism demonstrated by counties in preparing accurate and timely financial reports and for those counties that meet the review criteria of the award program.

<u>Acknowledgments:</u> We would like to express our sincere appreciation to County staff and the staff of the certified public accounting firm of Eide Bailly LLP. We hope this report will be of interest and use to those in county government, other governmental agencies, and the public interested in the financial activities of the County of Orange.

Respectfully submitted,

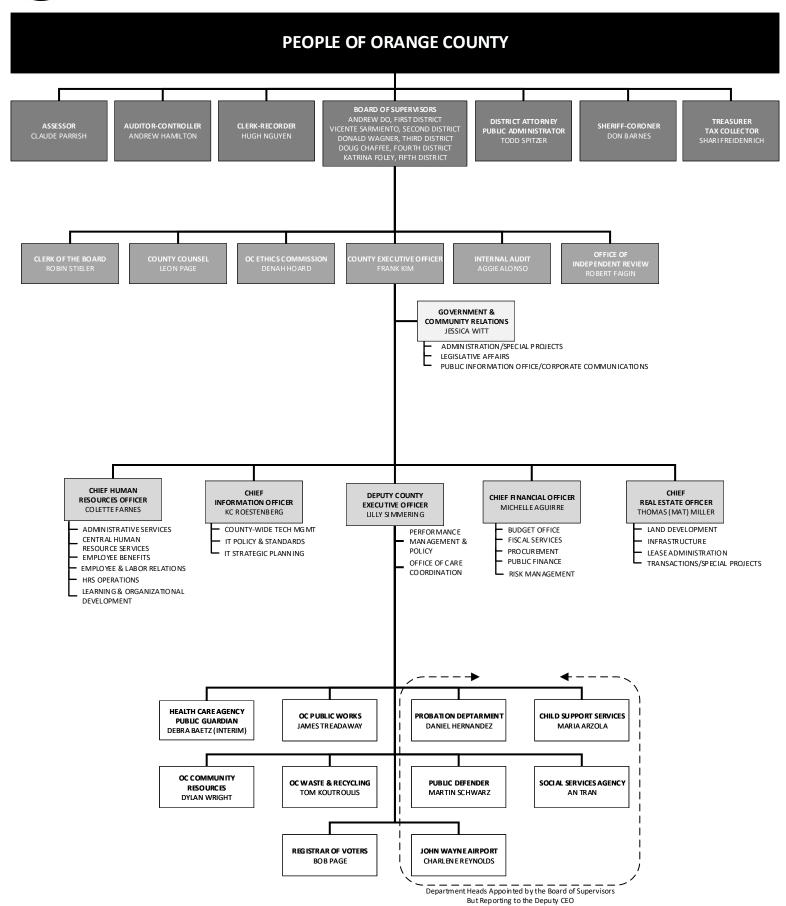
Andrew N. Hamilton, CPA Auditor-Controller

Michelle Aguirre
Chief Financial Officer





County of Orange Organizational Chart









Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Supervisors County of Orange, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Orange, California (County) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General fund, Flood Control District fund, Other Public Protection fund and Mental Health Services Act fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Orange County Health Authority, a Public Agency dba Orange Prevention and Treatment Integrated Medical Assistance dba CalOptima Health (CalOptima) and Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS), which represent the following percentages of assets, net position/fund balances and revenues of the opinion units listed below as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Assets	Net Position	Revenues
<u>CalOptima:</u> Aggregate discretely presented component units	98.0%	96.2%	99.4%
OCERS: Aggregate remaining fund information	62.8%	64.1%	0.0%

Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for CalOptima and OCERS, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As discussed in Notes 2, 7 and 14 to the financial statements, the County has adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships* and Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, for the year ended June 30, 2023. Accordingly, a restatement has been made to the governmental activities and business type activities net position as of July 1, 2022, to restate beginning net position. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and the schedules for the OCERS plan, Orange County Extra-Help Defined Benefit plan, and the Orange County Retiree Medical plan be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting

and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2023, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Laguna Hills, California

Esde Saelly LLP

December 20, 2023







MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) (UNAUDITED)

This section of the County's ACFR provides a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the year ended June 30, 2023. We hope that the information presented here, in conjunction with the Letter of Transmittal, provides a clear picture of the County's overall financial status. Unless otherwise indicated, all amounts in this section are expressed in thousands of dollars.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total change in net position, which is the difference between total revenues (including transfers in) and expenses (including transfers out), was \$805,092 for the fiscal year, and it increased net position by 16% from prior year.
- Long-term debt obligations increased by \$21,252 or 4% during the current fiscal year.
- The County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,733,966, an increase of \$559,035 or 18% in comparison with the prior year.
- General Fund revenues and other financing sources ended the year 9% below budget.
- General Fund expenditures and other financing uses ended the year 14% below budget.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements presented in the County's ACFR are divided into three different sections:

- Government-wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements and Budgetary Comparison Statements
- Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Basic Financial Statements												
Government-wide	Fund Financial Statements											
Financial Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds									
Statement of	Balance Sheet	Statement of Net Position	Statement of Fiduciary									
Net Position	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in	Net Position									
Statement of	Changes in Fund Balances	Fund Net Position	Statement of									
Activities	Budgetary Comparison Statements	Statement of Cash Flows	Changes in Fiduciary Net Position									
	Notes to the Basic Financial Statements											

The following table summarizes the major features of the basic financial statements:

	Government-wide	Fund Financial Statements								
	Financial Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds						
Type of Financial Statement	Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position						
		Changes in Fund Balances Budgetary Comparison Statements	Fund Net Position Statement of Cash Flows							
Scope	Entire entity (except fiduciary funds)	Day-to-day operating activities for basic services	Day-to-day operating activities for business-type services	Resources held on behalf of others						
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources measurement focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources measurement focus						
Type of Asset, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liability, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Information	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, both financial and capital, short- term and long-term	Current assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources both financial and capital, short- term and long-term	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources held in a trustee or custodial capacity for others						
Type of Inflow and Outflow Information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during the year or soon thereafter; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid						

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements consist of the following two financial statements: the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. Both of these statements were prepared using an accounting method and a measurement focus similar to those used by private-sector companies, the <u>accrual basis of accounting</u> and the <u>economic resources measurement focus</u>. The **Statement of Net Position** provides information regarding <u>all</u> of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. The **Statement of Activities**, on the other hand, provides information on how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year regardless of the period when the related cash or cash equivalent is received or paid. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes, and earned but unused vacation leave).

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include (1) general government, (2) public protection, (3) public ways and facilities, (4) health and sanitation, (5) public assistance, (6) education, and (7) recreation and cultural services. The business-type activities of the County include John Wayne Airport (Airport), OC Waste & Recycling, and Compressed Natural Gas (CNG).

The government-wide financial statements also provide information regarding the County's component units, entities for which the County (the primary government) is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the County's operations; therefore, data from these component units are combined with data of the primary government. Financial information for the First 5 Orange County and CalOptima Health, discretely presented component units, are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. Separate stand-alone annual financial reports can be obtained by accessing the County's website at the following address: occuditor.gov. A separate stand-alone CalOptima Health annual financial report can be obtained by accessing the website at http://wpso.dmhc.ca.gov/fe/search/.

Fund Financial Statements

- Fund a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.
- Focus is on <u>major funds</u>.
- Provides information regarding the three major categories of all County funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

The fund financial statements report on groupings of related funds that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Like other state and local governments, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds as determined by the criteria set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments," and GASB Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities." All of the County funds can be divided into three major categories of funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental funds include most of the County's basic services and are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements are prepared using the <u>modified accrual basis of accounting and current financial resources measurement focus</u>.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Reconciliations are prepared for the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances to facilitate comparisons between governmental funds and governmental activities. The primary differences between the government-wide and fund financial statements relate to noncurrent assets, such as land

and structures and improvements, and noncurrent liabilities, such as bonded debt and amounts owed for compensated absences, financed purchases, leases, net pension liability and net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) liability, which are reported in the government-wide statements but not in the fund financial statements.

The County maintains several individual governmental funds organized according to their type (General Fund, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Projects and Permanent funds). Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is always a major fund, and all other major funds which may change each year depending on if they meet the major funds criteria. Information for nonmajor funds is presented in the aggregate as "Other Governmental Funds" in these statements. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is presented in the Supplemental Information Section of this ACFR. The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements and schedules have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget and are presented in the Basic Financial Statements and Supplemental Information Section of this ACFR, respectively.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds: Enterprise funds and Internal Service funds. **Enterprise funds** are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its Airport, OC Waste & Recycling, and CNG activities. **Internal Service funds** are used to accumulate and allocate costs, such as insurance, transportation, publishing services, and information technology, internally among the County's various functions. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, Internal Service funds have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Airport and OC Waste & Recycling operations, which are both considered to be major funds of the County. Conversely, the Internal Service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements with the individual fund data provided in the combining statements, which can be found in the Supplemental Information Section of this ACFR.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - Fiduciary funds include the **Trust** and **Custodial** funds and are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments. Financial information for fiduciary funds is <u>not</u> reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the County's programs. The combining statements for fiduciary funds are included in the Supplemental Information Section of this ACFR.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. To find a specific note, refer to the Table of Contents.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. At June 30, 2023, the County's combined net position (governmental and business-type activities) totaled \$5,852,019 an increase of 16% from June 30, 2022.

The largest component of the County's net position, which totals \$4,485,884 was **net investment in capital assets**, which represents the County's investment in capital assets, less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets and debt-related deferred outflows and inflows of resources. The County's capital assets are used to provide needed services to its citizens. Since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate the associated debt, the resources needed to repay the debt must be provided from other sources.

COMPONENTS OF NET POSITION

- Net Investment in Capital Assets
- Restricted
- Unrestricted

The County's **restricted** net position of \$2,004,532 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on their use and are available to meet the County's ongoing obligations for programs with external restrictions. External restrictions include those imposed by grantors, contributors, laws/regulations of other governments, or restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or legislation, including those passed by the County itself.

The **unrestricted** net position is the final component of net position. Unrestricted net position is resources that the County may use to meet its ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. As of June 30, 2023, the County's unrestricted net position totals a deficit of \$638,397. Among governmental activities the deficit was \$1,385,230 in unrestricted net position, compared to its deficit of \$1,718,846 at June 30, 2022. The main contributor of the deficit continues to be the reporting of the County's proportionate share of net pension and net OPEB liabilities on the financial statements.

The following table presents condensed financial information derived from the government-wide Statement of Net Position:

NET POSITION – Primary Government June 30, 2023 and 2022											
	Govern	ımer	ıtal		Busine	е					
	Activities				Activ		Total				
	<u>2023</u> <u>2022</u>			<u>2023</u> <u>2022</u>					2023	<u>2022</u>	
ASSETS											
Current and Other Assets	\$ 5,392,474	\$	5,376,307	\$	1,297,045	\$	1,213,291	\$	6,689,519	\$	6,589,598
Capital Assets	4,617,517		4,296,528		940,872		924,633		5,558,389		5,221,161
Total Assets	10,009,991		9,672,835		2,237,917		2,137,924		12,247,908		11,810,759
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,315,258		922,650		26,628		20,488		1,341,886		943,138
Total Assets/Deferred Outflows of Resources	11,325,249		10,595,485		2,264,545		2,158,412		13,589,794		12,753,897
LIABILITIES											
Long-term Liabilities	6,188,895		3,653,651		317,385		327,976		6,506,280		3,981,627
Other Liabilities	621,939		1,409,473		103,831		81,409		725,770		1,490,882
Total Liabilities	6,810,834		5,063,124		421,216		409,385		7,232,050		5,472,509
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	400,548		2,083,886		105,177		150,575		505,725		2,234,461
Total Liabilities/Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,211,382		7,147,010		526,393		559,960		7,737,775		7,706,970
NET POSITION											
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,558,179		3,423,823		927,705		863,392		4,485,884		4,287,215
Restricted	1,940,918		1,743,498		63,614		65,107		2,004,532		1,808,605
Unrestricted	(1,385,230)		(1,718,846)		746,833		669,953		(638,397)		(1,048,893)
Total Net Position	\$ 4,113,867	\$	3,448,475	\$	1,738,152	\$	1,598,452	\$	5,852,019	\$	5,046,927

As of June 30, 2023, the County's total assets and deferred outflows of resources increased by 7% or \$835,897 during the current fiscal year. There was an increase of \$398,748 in deferred outflows of resources, primarily due to an increase in the difference between the projected and actual investment earnings for the changes in net pension liability measurements as required by GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27," (GASB Statement No. 68). In addition, capital assets increased by \$337,228, primarily due to the construction of the County Administration North, Building 14 as part of the Civic Center Facilities Master Plan and the purchase and improvements of the Bell Building to be occupied by the Sheriff-Coroner Department.

Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2023, increased by \$30,805. Long-term liabilities increased by 63% or \$2,524,653, mainly due to an increase in the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a result of unfavorable returns from OCERS' investments, which was partially offset by a decrease in unearned revenue related to the funds received from the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (CSLFRF) in the prior year and a decrease in bonds payable due to the defeasance of the Airport's 2019A and 2019B Revenue Refunding Bonds. Deferred inflows of resources decreased by 77% or \$1,728,736, mainly due to the changes in the net pension liability related deferred inflows of resources calculated as required by GASB Statement No. 68 and a decrease in the deferred payments related to leases established under GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases" (GASB Statement No. 87).

The following table provides summarized data of the government-wide Statement of Activities:

CHANGES IN NET POSITION - Primary Government For the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 Governmental **Business-Type Activities** Activities Total 2023 2022 2023 2022 2023 2022 **REVENUES** Program Revenues: 653,695 \$ Charges for Services 675,999 \$ 386,855 \$ 348,980 \$ 1,062,854 \$ 1,002,675 Operating Grants and Contributions 3,208,589 3,166,816 52,105 20,571 3,260,694 3,187,387 Capital Grants and Contributions 200,108 130,593 225 660 200,333 131,253 General Revenues: **Property Taxes** 705,986 705,986 653,893 653,893 Property Taxes in Lieu of Motor Vehicle License Fees 484,543 455,578 484,543 455,578 Other Taxes 134,123 134,123 149,568 149,568 Grants and Contributions not Restricted 4,631 to Specific Programs 4,675 4,631 4,675 State Allocation of Motor Vehicle License Fees 2,931 3,863 2,931 3,863 Other General Revenues 154,838 30,744 185,582 63,392 (7,644)55,748 **Total Revenues** 5,571,792 5,282,029 469,929 362,567 6,041,721 5,644,596 **EXPENSES** General Government 363,314 189,650 363,314 189,650 **Public Protection** 1,377,502 1,377,502 1,824,133 1,824,133 Public Ways and Facilities 167,921 149,290 167,921 149,290 Health and Sanitation 906,593 830,673 906,593 830,673 Public Assistance 1.395.469 1.224.045 1,395,469 1,224,045 Education 61,221 57,060 61,221 57,060 Recreation and Cultural Services 155,460 129,380 155,460 129,380 Interest on Long-Term Debt 40,843 35,148 40,843 35,148 Airport 159,451 133,555 159,451 133,555 OC Waste & Recycling 162,221 134,620 ----134,620 162,221 Compressed Natural Gas 3 13 13 **Total Expenses** 4,914,954 3,992,748 321,675 268,188 5,236,629 4,260,936 Excess before Transfers 656,838 1,289,281 148,254 94,379 805,092 1,383,660 Transfers 8,554 7,996 (8,554)(7,996)**Change in Net Position** 665,392 1,297,277 139,700 86.383 805.092 1,383,660 Net Position-Beginning of the Year, as Restated 3,448,475 1,598,452 1,512,069 5,046,927 2,151,198 3,663,267 Net Position-End of the Year 4,113,867 \$ 3,448,475 \$ 1,738,152 \$ 1,598,452 \$ 5,852,019 \$ 5,046,927

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The County's net position increased by \$805,092 during the current fiscal year. Revenues for the year totaled \$6,041,721, an increase of \$397,125 from the previous year. Expenses totaled \$5,236,629, an increase of \$975,693 from the previous year.

Governmental Activities

The County's governmental activities rely on several sources of revenue to finance ongoing operations. Operating grants and contributions comprised the largest revenue source for the County, followed by property taxes. Operating grants and contributions are monies received from parties outside the County and are generally restricted to one or more specific programs such as State and Federal revenues for public assistance and for health care. Property taxes are revenues that arise from charges to real and personal property taxes that are computed by applying approved property tax rates to the assessed value of properties as determined by the County Assessor, in the case of locally assessed property and as determined by the State Board of Equalization in the case of state-assessed properties. Property taxes are levied annually, except for the supplemental property taxes, which are levied when supplemental assessment events, such as sales of property or new construction, take place.

At the end of FY 2022-23, total revenues for governmental activities, including transfers from the business-type activities, were \$5,580,346, an increase of \$290,321 from the previous year. Expenses totaled \$4,914,954, an increase of \$922,206 from the prior year. Net position for governmental activities increased \$665,392 from the prior fiscal year for an ending balance of \$4,113,867. Key elements of the increase are as follows:

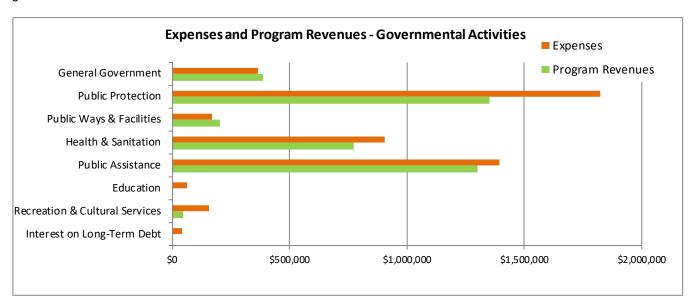
Revenues

- Other General Revenues increased by \$91,446, mainly due to a net increase in the fair value of investments.
- Capital grants and contributions increased by \$69,515, mainly due to an increase in state funding received for the Santa Ana River Project and bond proceeds for the construction and development of CFD, 2021-1 RMV (Rienda). This increase was partially offset by a decrease in state funding for the James A. Musick Facility Project.
- Property taxes increased by \$52,093, mainly due to an increase in secured assessed values.
- Property taxes in lieu of motor vehicle license fees (VLF) increased by \$28,965, primarily due to growth in the secured property tax roll value.

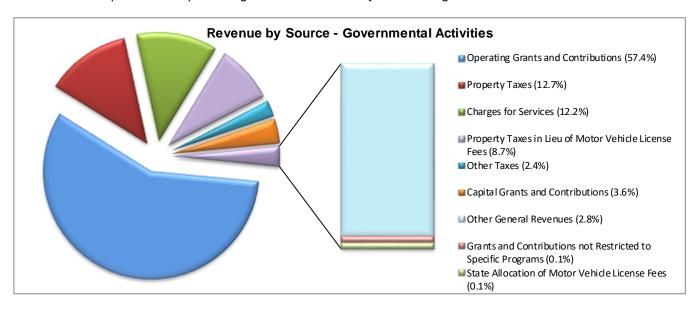
Expenses

- Expenses in public protection increased by \$446,631, mainly due to an increase in salaries and employee benefits (S&EB) costs.
- Expenses in general government increased by \$173,664, mainly due to an increase in various construction costs for the CFD, 2021-1 RMV (Rienda) and an increase in professional/specialized services related to the OC CARES Initiatives coordination.
- Expenses in public assistance increased by \$171,424, mainly due to an increase in S&EB costs and an increase in costs related to public assistance programs such as CalWORKS, IHSS, and General Relief.

The following chart presents a comparison of expenses by function and the associated program revenues for governmental activities:



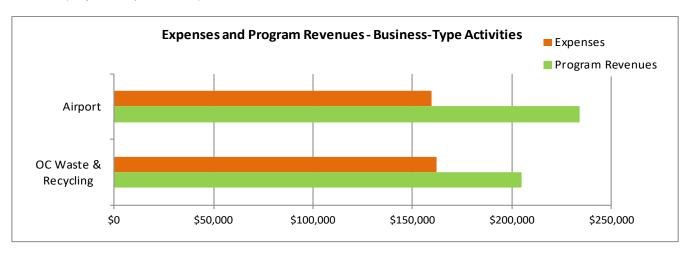
The chart below presents the percentage of total revenues by source for governmental activities:



Business-Type Activities

The County has three business-type activities: Airport, OC Waste & Recycling, and CNG. In keeping with the intent of recovering all or a significant portion of their cost through user fees and charges, business-type activities reported charges for services as their largest source of revenues.

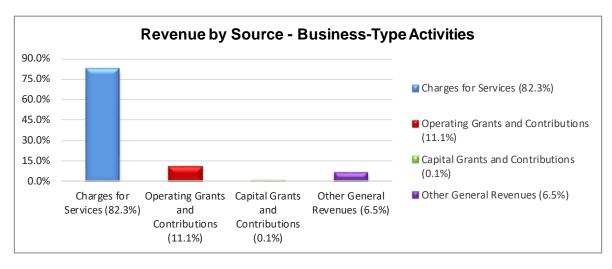
The following chart displays expenses and the associated program revenues by function for the business-type activities (major enterprise funds):



At the end of FY 2022-23, the business-type activities' total revenues exceeded expenses and transfers resulting in an increase of \$139,700 in net position compared to the prior year's increase in net position of \$86,383. Revenues totaled \$469,929, an increase of \$107,362 from the previous fiscal year, which is primarily attributable to increases in revenue from OC Waste & Recycling's sanitation and landfill disposal tonnage and fees, interest and investment income, as well as the Airport's revenue from concessions, interest income, and intergovernmental revenues. Offsetting this increase was a net decrease in landing fees.

Expenses, including transfers to governmental activities, totaled \$330,229 representing an increase of \$54,045 from the previous year. This increase is primarily due to increases in OC Waste & Recycling's closure and postclosure care costs, S&EB, services and supplies (S&S) and professional and specialized services. Also contributing to the increase is Airport's increase in professional and specialized services, S&S and other expenses. Other factors concerning the finances of the County's two major enterprise funds are discussed in the Proprietary Funds section of the "Financial Analysis of the County's Funds."

The chart below presents the percentage of total revenues by source for business-type activities (major enterprise funds):



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

The County uses fund accounting to demonstrate legal compliance and aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities, deferred inflows of resources related to unavailable revenue, leases, and Service Concession Arrangements (SCA) generally are included on the balance sheet, with the difference reported as fund balance. Fund balance, excluding nonspendable and restricted fund balances, may serve as a valuable measure of the government's available financial resources for spending at the end of a fiscal year. This amount is available for spending at the discretion of the Board in order to achieve the established function of the respective funds.

At June 30, 2023, the County's governmental funds reported total fund balances of \$3,733,966, which is an increase of \$559,035 in comparison with prior year ending fund balances, as restated.

Comparative Analysis of Changes in Fund Balances

The following schedule presents a summary of revenues and other financing sources, expenditures and other financing uses, and the net change in fund balances for the governmental funds for the current and previous fiscal year, as restated:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	Revenues Financing		Expenditure Financi		Net Change in Fund Balances				
	<u>2023</u>		2022	2023	2022		<u>2023</u>		2022
General Fund	\$ 4,825,841	\$	4,235,138	\$ 4,240,533	\$ 3,843,660	\$	585,308	\$	391,478
Flood Control District	209,385		208,778	210,858	226,997		(1,473)		(18,219)
Other Public Protection	64,598		62,662	71,783	78,920		(7,185)		(16,258)
Mental Health Services Act	174,305		249,456	295,594	195,202		(121,289)		54,254
Other Governmental Funds	1,441,889		1,047,180	1,338,215	1,037,977		103,674		9,203
Total	\$ 6,716,018	\$	5,803,214	\$ 6,156,983	\$ 5,382,756	\$	559,035	\$	420,458

In addition to the effects of expenditure-driven grants, the following information provides explanations for the significant changes in fund balance:

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of FY 2022-23, revenues and other financing sources were more than the expenditures and other financing uses resulting in an increase in fund balance of \$585,308, compared to last year's increase of \$391,478, as restated. Revenues and other financing sources increased by \$590,703, and expenditures and other financing uses increased by \$396,873. The following is a brief summary of the primary factors that contributed to the increase in the net change in fund balance for the General Fund in FY 2022-23:

Revenues

- Intergovernmental revenue increased by \$212,756, primarily due to an increase in funds received for the County Local Revenue 2011 and the 1991 Realignment programs. Additionally, there was an increase in revenue recognized for the provision of government services under the CSLFRF.
- Transfers to the General Fund increased by \$157,553, primarily due to an increase in Prop 63 drawdowns from the Mental Health Services Act (MHSA) Fund and an increase in transfers from the Teeter Debt Service Fund to meet the targeted fund balance assigned for contingencies.

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- Leases issued increased by \$67,188 mainly due to the recording of new leases in the Health Care Agency (HCA) and the Probation Department.
- Tax revenue increased by \$46,887, mainly due to increases in secured property taxes and property taxes in-lieu
 of VLF resulting from an increase in secured assessed values. These increases were partially offset by a
 decrease in other property tax related to property transfer tax, residual distributions, and pass-through payments
 from cities.

Expenditures

- Capital Outlay increased by \$114,894, primarily due to new leases entered by HCA, Probation, and the Social Services Agency (SSA). Additionally, there was an increase in the Sheriff-Coroner Department for the purchase and improvements of the new Bell Building.
- Expenditures for the general government increased by \$94,899, primarily attributable to CSLFRF funds
 distributed to cities, educational institutions, and other non-profit organizations to provide services to the
 County's residents. In addition, there was an increase in professional services in the County Executive Office
 (CEO) Department related to the OC CARES Initiatives.
- Expenditures for public assistance increased by \$65,406, primarily due to increases in S&EB costs for SSA, as well as increases in expenditures for CalWORKs and General Relief Programs.
- Expenditures for Public Protection increased by \$52,577, primarily due to increases in S&EB costs and S&S costs for the District Attorney and Sheriff-Coroner.

Flood Control District

This group of funds is used to account for the planning, construction, and operation of flood control and water conservation works, such as dams, basins, and trunk channels, and for the retardation, conservation, and controlled discharge of storm waters. At the end of FY 2022-23, there was a decrease in fund balance of \$1,473 as compared to last year's decrease of \$18,219. Revenues and other financing sources increased by \$607, mainly due to higher interest and investment income, higher secured property taxes, and higher Bipartisan Budget Act claim payments for the Santa Ana River Project. Expenditures and other financing uses decreased by \$16,139, primarily due to lower construction costs for the Huntington Beach Channel and Talbert Channel Sheet Pile Repair Design-Build as the project is reaching its completion.

Other Public Protection

This group of funds accounts for revenues restricted for safety and law enforcement activities such as the child support program, automated fingerprint identification systems, and investigation team. At the end of FY 2022-23, there was a decrease in fund balance of \$7,185, compared to last year's decrease of \$16,258. Revenues and other financing sources increased by \$1,936, primarily attributable to more revenue received from the Department of Justice for the Regional Narcotics Suspension Program and the Sheriff Narcotics Program, and an increase in State Criminal Alien Assistance Program revenue received for costs incurred from incarcerating undocumented criminal aliens with felony or misdemeanor convictions. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in transfers related to Prop 172 Public Safety Sales Tax. Expenditures and other financing uses decreased by \$7,137, largely due to lower amounts repaid for cash deposits held in the Consumer Prosecution Fund.

Mental Health Services Act (MHSA)

This fund accounts for purpose restricted MHSA revenues. At the end of FY 2022-23, fund balance decreased by \$121,289, compared to last year's increase of \$54,254. Revenues and other financing sources decreased by \$75,151, primarily due to a lower allocation from the State for approved mental health services for programs related to community services and support. This decrease was partially offset by the return of reserved funds held by the California Housing Finance Agency for special needs housing projects. Expenditures and other financing uses increased by \$100,392, primarily due to an increase in transfers out to the General Fund for eligible reimbursement of MHSA related services.

Other Governmental Funds

Other governmental funds encompass nonmajor funds, which include special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds, and a permanent fund. At the end of FY 2022-23, fund balances increased by \$103,674, in comparison to prior year's increase of \$9,203. Revenues and other financing sources increased by \$394,709, primarily due to an increase in transfers in for multi-year countywide capital projects, an increase in intergovernmental revenues caused by the reclass of transfers for debt service activity related to the CFD 2021-1 RMV (Rienda), and an increase in bonds issued to finance the new Bell Building facility. Expenditures and other financing uses increased by \$300,238, primarily due to the reimbursements to Rancho Mission Viejo for the CFD 2021-1 RMV (Rienda) construction costs, the acquisition and improvements to the Bell Building occupied by Sheriff-Coroner, the transfer of the Teeter Series A proceeds to the General Fund, and the reimbursement of construction costs for the James A. Musick Facility Project.

The following table shows fund balances and percentage change in fund balances for governmental funds for the current and previous fiscal year, as restated:

COMPARATIVE FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2023 and 2022			
	2023	2022	Increase/(Decrease) %
General Fund	\$ 1,712,513	\$ 1,127,205	52 %
Flood Control District	448,416	449,889	
Other Public Protection	195,721	202,906	(4)%
Mental Health Services Act	115,124	236,413	(51)%
Other Governmental Funds	1,262,192	1,158,518	9 %
Total	\$ 3,733,966	\$ 3,174,931	18 %

Proprietary Funds

The proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary funds financial statements provide separate information for the Airport and OC Waste & Recycling funds, which are considered to be major funds of the County, and the CNG fund. Internal Service Funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary funds financial statements.

Comparative Analysis of Changes in Fund Net Position

321

470,430 \$

The following table presents the enterprise funds' revenues, expenses, contributions, transfers, and changes in fund net position for the current and previous fiscal year, as restated:

ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, CONTRIBUTIONS, TRANSFERS, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION For the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022												
		Revenues, Co	outions	Change in								
		and Tra	nsfer	s		and Trans	;	Fund Net Position				
		<u>2023</u>		2022		<u>2023</u>		2022		<u>2023</u>		2022
Airport	\$	242,496	\$	180,243	\$	157,229	\$	132,815	\$	85,267	\$	47,428
OC Waste & Recycling		227,613		182,811		170,796		142,953		56,817		39,858

13

275,781 \$

328,028 \$

318

142,402 \$

146

87,432

159

363,213 \$

Airport

Total

Compressed Natural Gas

This fund accounts for major construction and self-supporting aviation related activities rendered at the Airport. At the end of FY 2022-23, there was an increase of \$85,267 in net position compared to the prior year increase of \$47,428. Revenues, contributions and transfers increased by \$62,253, primarily due to increases in concessions, interest and investment income, and intergovernmental revenues. The Airport's operating revenues were positively affected by the continued passenger recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic. Expenses increased by \$24,414, mainly due to an increase in professional and specialized services, S&S and other expenses.

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OC Waste & Recycling

This fund is used to account for the operation, expansion and closing of existing landfills. Monies are collected through gate tipping fees, which users pay based primarily on tonnage. At the end of FY 2022-23, there was an increase of \$56,817 in fund net position compared to the prior year increase of \$39,858. Revenues, contributions and transfers increased by \$44,802, which was primarily due to increases in interest and investment income, sanitation and landfill disposal tonnage and fees collected for waste, recycling, and importation. Expenses and transfers increased by \$27,843, primarily due to an increase in landfill site closure and postclosure care costs, S&EB, S&S and professional and specialized services.

Compressed Natural Gas

This fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the CNG facility. Revenues consist primarily of compressed natural gas sales to fuel the County's growing fleet of CNG-powered heavy equipment. At the end of FY 2022-23, there was an increase of \$318 in fund net position compared to the prior year increase of \$146. Revenues increased by \$162 due to a higher royalty payment from Clean Energy. Expenditures decreased by \$10 due to a decrease in utilities purchased.

For further comparative analysis of Changes in Fund Net Position, please see the Business-Type Activities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

This section provides a summary of the primary factors involved in the variances between: 1) the Original Budget and the Final Budget; and 2) the Final Budget and the budgetary based actual amounts for the General Fund. In addition to the effects of expenditure-driven grants, the following information provides explanations for significant variances. Refer to the General Fund Budgetary Comparison Statement for a full budgetary comparison.

Original Revenue Budget vs. Final Revenue Budget

The following provides a summary of the primary factors attributable to the increase or decrease in the General Fund final budget revenues and other financing sources compared to the original budget revenues and other financing sources:

Intergovernmental

- An increase of \$70,383 in the Public Defender Department related to the allocation of funds from the CSLFRF under the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA).
- An increase of \$59,170 in the Trial Courts Budget Control related to the allocation of funds from the CSLFRF.
- An increase of \$48,387 due to anticipated revenues from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for the reimbursement of claims associated with the COVID-19 Pandemic response.
- An increase of \$16,051 in the CEO related to Care Coordination that is associated with revenues from the California Emergency Solution Grant and the Permanent Local Housing Allocation grant.
- An increase of \$15,099 in HCA due to the allocation of funds from the CSLFRF for the provision of government services.
- An increase of \$14,166 in the Probation Department due to the allocation of funds from the CSLFRF for the provision of government services.

Transfers In

- An increase of \$54,757 in HCA from various sources, including the MHSA Fund, the OC Tobacco Settlement Revenue and OC Opioid Settlement Revenue Funds to support ongoing programs cost.
- An increase of \$25,000 from the Teeter Debt Service Fund to meet the targeted fund balance assigned for contingencies as approved by the Board.
- An increase of \$5,057 in the Sheriff-Coroner Department, primarily from the Sheriff's Narcotic Program Fund to cover S&S and the purchase of equipment related to narcotics law enforcement activities.
- An increase of \$4,901 in the CEO Department to allow transfers from the Care Coordination Fund for costs related to homeless services, including operation cost at the Garden Grove Navigation Center.
- An increase of \$3,634 in the Clerk-Recorder Department to allow transfers from the Real Estate Development Fund for the sale of the 433 Civic Center Drive building, and transfers from the Clerk-Recorder Special Revenue Fund for reimbursement of various eligible expenditures.

Final Revenue Budget vs. Actual Revenue Amounts

The following information provides a summary of the primary factors that caused significant variances in the General Fund actual revenues and other financing sources compared to the final revenue and other financing sources budget:

Intergovernmental

- A \$395,999 less than budgeted amount was primarily comprised of the following:
 - \$435,562 less in the ARPA budget control due to the reallocation of ARPA monies to different departments for the provision of government services.
 - \$47,556 less in SSA mainly due to lower than expected Federal and State funding for the administration of public assistance programs.
 - \$12,770 less in the OC Community Resources (OCCR) Department due to lower than anticipated revenues for Office on Aging and OC Workforce and Economic Development Division programs.
 - \$12,650 less in HCA due to lower than expected revenues related to Communicable Disease Control, HIV Planning and Coordination, and Nutrition Services programs.
 - Partially offsetting the overall less than budgeted intergovernmental revenue amounts were the following:
 - \$94,143 more received in the County Local Revenue 2011 due to sales tax revenue being higher than projected.
 - \$25,905 more received by SSA due to higher 1991 Realignment revenue, CalWORKs Assistance payments, Foster Care Assistance payments and IHSS Provider payments.
 - \$5,282 more received in the Probation Department due to additional revenue received under the Adult Court Services Division and Juvenile Hall Division programs.

Transfers In

- A \$116,374 less than budgeted amount was primarily comprised of the following:
 - \$64,191 less received in HCA due to lower than expected drawdowns from the MHSA Fund and OC Tobacco Settlement Revenue.
 - \$14,775 less received in SSA mainly attributable to lower than budgeted reimbursements from the SSA Wraparound Fund and from the Operations Facilities Development and Maintenance Fund for expenditures related to the Tustin Family Campus.
 - \$9,389 less received in CEO due to lower than expected drawdowns from the Care Coordination Fund for programs such as Project HomeKey, Homeless Housing, Assistance and Prevention Program and Encampment Resolution Funding Program.
 - \$7,329 less received in the Sheriff-Coroner Department primarily due to lower than budgeted transfers from the Countywide Capital Projects Non-General Fund, 800 MHz Countywide Coordinated Communications System Fund and the Sheriff Narcotics Program Fund.
 - \$6,000 less received from the Teeter Debt Service Fund, which was deemed to be unnecessary.
 - \$5,300 less received in the District Attorney-Public Administrator Department due to lower than expected drawdowns from the Real Estate Prosecution Fund and the Excess Public Safety Sales Tax Fund.

Taxes

- A \$32,046 higher than budgeted amount was primarily comprised of the following:
 - \$12,112 more in current secured property taxes resulting from an increase in secured assessed values.
 - \$11,880 more in VLF Swap property taxes resulting from an increase in secured assessed values.
 - \$7,828 more in supplemental property tax due to growth in supplemental property tax roll value.

Use of Money and Property

- A \$26,870 higher than budgeted amount was primarily comprised of the following:
 - \$26,979 more in interest due to higher interest rates and cash balance in the General Fund.
 - Partially offsetting the overall higher than budgeted use of money and property revenue amounts was the following:
 - \$1,616 less received by HCA from short-term leases and concessionaires.

Charges for Services

- A \$21,413 less than budgeted amount was primarily comprised of the following:
 - \$16,551 less received in reimbursements from various departments for charges for services provided by OC Public Works.

Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties

\$9,504 more in revenues was primarily comprised of penalties on delinquent taxes.

Original Expenditure Budget vs. Final Expenditure Budget

The following provides a brief summary of the primary factors attributable to the increase or decrease in the General Fund final budget expenditures and other financing uses compared to the original budget expenditures and other financing uses:

Miscellaneous

 An increase of \$267,725, mainly due to the budgeted transfers out to the OC CARES Fund, Countywide Capital Projects Non-General Fund, and the OC Housing Fund. The increase in budgeted transfers out was partially offset by a decrease in appropriations for contingencies.

Health Care Agency

 An increase of \$72,500, mainly due to budgeted transfers out to the Countywide Capital Projects Non-General Fund, and the MHSA Housing Fund for the construction of permanent supporting housing. This increase was partially offset by a decrease in professional and specialized services.

Public Defender

 An increase of \$70,527, primarily due to a budgeted transfer out to the OC CARES Fund partially offset by a decrease in S&EB.

Trial Courts

 An increase of \$59,170, primarily due to a budgeted transfer out to the Countywide Capital Projects Non-General Fund.

County Executive Office

• An increase of \$20,952, mainly due to an increase in S&S related to Care Coordination and to allow for the reimbursement of eligible expenses of the Huntington Beach Oasis interim housing and shelter operations that will provide housing and other services to individuals experiencing homelessness.

Final Expenditure Budget vs. Actual Expenditure Amounts

The following provides a summary of the primary factors that caused significant variances in the General Fund actual expenditures as compared to the final budget:

American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA)

 \$435,562 lower than budgeted amount mainly as a result of the reallocation of ARPA funds to other County departments for the provision of government services.

Health Care Agency

\$98,223 less than budgeted amount mainly due to lower than anticipated expenditures for S&EB, professional
and specialized services and IT professional services contracts associated with Communicable Disease
Control, MHSA/Prop 63, and Medical Safety Net programs.

Sheriff-Coroner

 \$40,996 lower than budgeted amount mainly due to lower than expected costs for S&EB, supplies for the shooting range facility, and office related expenses such as telephone services, computer equipment and IT hardware.

Social Services Agency

• \$38,933 lower than budgeted amount primarily due to lower expenditures for S&EB and lower project costs for the improvements to the 840 N. Eckhoff Building.

OC Public Works

\$21,976 lower than budgeted amount mainly due to S&EB and savings resulting from vacant positions, delayed
or deferred maintenance or improvement projects, and a decrease in professional and specialized contracted
services.

OC Community Resources

• \$16,502 lower than budgeted amount primarily due to lower contract and administrative expenditures for Community Investment, Office on Aging, and Veteran Service programs.

County Executive Office

• \$16,349 lower than budgeted amount primarily due to lower expenditures for professional and specialized services for OC Care Coordination programs.

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2023, the County's capital assets, as restated, for both the governmental and business-type activities amounted to \$5,558,389 net of accumulated depreciation/amortization. The investment in capital assets includes land, structures and improvements, land improvements, equipment, software, infrastructure, intangible in progress, land use rights, construction in progress and intangible right-to-use assets. The total increase in the County's investment in capital assets for the current year was 6%.

Capital assets, as restated for the governmental and business-type activities are presented below to illustrate changes:

CAPITAL ASSETS													
(Net of Accumulated De	pre	ciation/Amo	rtiz	ation)									
June 30, 2023 and 2022													
		Govern	me	ntal	Busines	ss.	-Туре				Increase/		
		Activities			Activ	/iti	es	Tota	al		(Decrease)		
		<u>2023</u>		2022	2023		<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>		2022	% Change		
Land	\$	900,174	\$	838,106	\$ 38,379	\$	38,379	\$ 938,553	\$	876,485	7 %		
Structures and													
Improvements		1,000,728		801,296	493,906		524,505	1,494,634		1,325,801	13 %		
Land Improvements		42,149		8,182	544		564	42,693		8,746	388 %		
Equipment		204,886		198,752	58,994		55,502	263,880		254,254	4 %		
Softw are		41,086		35,188	2,357		2,687	43,443		37,875	15 %		
Infrastructure		1,388,002		1,307,476	251,410		267,978	1,639,412		1,575,454	4 %		
Intangible in Progress		3,416		21,725			335	3,416		22,060	(85)%		
Land Use Rights		16,682		16,435				16,682		16,435	2 %		
Construction in													
Progress		555,576		654,949	94,786		34,683	650,362		689,632	(6)%		
Intangible Right-to-Use													
Assets		464,818		414,419	496			465,314		414,419			
Total	\$	4,617,517	\$	4,296,528	\$ 940,872	\$	924,633	\$ 5,558,389	\$	5,221,161	6 %		

The following lists the significant expenditures for capital assets in FY 2022-23:

General Fund

- \$8,003 for the completion of work for the Bell Building for the use of the Sheriff-Coroner's Technology division
- \$5,320 for the purchase of IT hardware, software and services for the Sheriff-Coroner Department
- \$2,892 for the Orangewood Children and Family Center kitchen upgrades
- \$2,571 for the purchase of telecommunications equipment for the Tustin Dispatch Center

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- \$2,307 for the purchase of IT hardware, software and services for Public Defender
- \$1,611 for the purchase of Registrar of Voters' automation machines for elections
- \$1,394 for the purchase of laboratory equipment and technical support for the OC Crime Lab
- \$1,365 for the replacement of HVAC units at Orangewood Children and Family Center
- \$1,219 for the purchase of IT hardware and software, maintenance and support for District Attorney
- \$1,100 for the purchase of tactical multipurpose response and rescue vehicle and an explosives disposal robotic system
- \$1,077 for the Property Tax System Re-platforming Project

Flood Control District

- \$34,012 for the purchase of properties for the Santa Ana River Mainstem and Prado Dam Project
- \$15,953 for the East Garden Grove Wintersburg Channel Project
- \$15,336 for the Huntington Beach and Talbert Channels Rehabilitation Project
- \$8,493 for the Laguna Canyon Channel Replacement Project
- \$1,756 for the Santa Ana Gardens Channel Bikeway Extension Project
- \$1,129 for the Santa Ana Delhi Channel Improvement Project

Other Public Protection

 \$1,384 for the purchase of various telecommunication equipment for the 800 MHz Countywide Coordinated Communication Systems Upgrade Project

Other Governmental Funds

- \$91,000 for the purchase of the Bell Building for the Sheriff-Coroner
- \$56,500 for the James A. Musick Facility Master Plan, Phase I Project
- \$29,819 for the James A. Musick Facility Master Plan, Phase II Project
- \$14,659 for the Civic Center Facilities Master Plan, CAN Building Construction Project
- \$9,408 for the Civic Center Facilities Master Plan Phase III
- \$7,498 for the Katella Range Facility Upgrade Project
- \$7,394 for the Mile Square Regional Park Expansion Phase I Project
- \$5,499 for the El Toro Emergency Medical Facility
- \$4.683 for the Intake Release Center Mod M-Mental Health upgrades
- \$4,147 for the County Operations Center-B-2nd Floor remodel and HVAC upgrade
- \$3,264 for the Loma Ridge Road Widening Project
- \$2,918 for the Traffic Management Center Fiber Optic Expansion Project
- \$1,422 for the Coyote Creek Channel Segment O Project
- \$1,310 for the William Mason Park Entry Roadway Redesign and Roadway Improvement Project
- \$1,250 for the replacement of the Variable Air Volume (VAV) Boxes Phase III Project at the Brad Gates building
- \$1,099 for the replacement of emergency generators at the Intake Release Center
- \$1,031 for the Brea Library tenant enhancements
- \$1,002 for the Juvenile Hall-Main Control System Replacement Project

<u>Airport</u>

- \$3,330 for the repairs to parking structures A1, A2 & B2
- \$1,513 for the purchase of electric shuttle buses
- \$1,214 for the rental car reconfiguration

OC Waste & Recycling

- \$19,112 for the Frank R. Bowerman (FRB) Phase VIII-A Groundwater Projection & Stockpile Project
- \$15,993 for the Prima Deshecha Fee Booth Replacement Project
- \$6,348 for the purchase of heavy equipment at FRB Landfill and Central Regional Landfill
- \$5,646 for the Valencia Greenery Phase 1A Project composting facility improvement
- \$3,255 for the purchase of heavy equipment at the Olinda Alpha Landfill (OAL) and North Regional Landfill
- \$2,830 for the FRB Landfill Bee Canyon Greenery Phase 1B Expansion Project
- \$1,600 for the OAL Gas Heater Upgrade Phase 1 Project
- \$1,568 for the purchase of heavy equipment at Prima Deshecha Landfill and South Regional Landfill

Internal Service Funds

- \$9,252 for the purchase of various vehicles for OC Fleet Services
- \$1,864 for the interior renovations of the Registrar of Voters Printing & Graphics area
- \$1,377 for the replacement of network equipment at the OC Data Center
- \$1,084 for the upgrade and replacement of audio/visual equipment at the OC Data Center
- \$1,044 for the OC Data Center roof replacement

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 6, Changes in Capital Assets, Note 13, Leases and Note 14, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA) in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements section.

Commitments for Capital Expenditures

At the end of FY 2022-23, significant commitments for capital expenditures included the following:

- \$35,135 for the Frank R. Bowerman Phase VIII-A1 Groundwater Protection and Stockpile Project
- \$18,527 for the East Garden Grove-Wintersburg Channel Bridges at Warner Ave, Springdale St., and Edwards St.
- \$12,404 for the purchase of various vehicles
- \$8,422 for the Frank R. Bowerman Sewer Line and Water Treatment System
- \$5,771 for the Civic Center Master Plan Phase III
- \$5,000 for the Bell Building- Electrical Services
- \$4,672 for the Central Utility Facility-Replacement of Steam and Condensate Lines to Jail/Intake Release Center
- \$4,520 for the Coyote Creek Channel Segment O
- \$4,007 for the Prima Fee Booth Replacement
- \$3,619 for the Facility Accessibility Improvements for Terminal Phase II
- \$3,342 for the Huntington Beach and Talbert Channels Rehabilitation Project
- \$3,230 for the Los Alamitos/Rossmoor Library-Tenant Enhancements HVAC & Roof
- \$3,151 for the Prado Dam Project

Additional information on the County's commitments for capital expenditures can be found in Note 16, Construction and Other Significant Commitments in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements section.

Long-Term Debt

June 30, 2023, the County had total debt obligations outstanding of \$603,214, excluding long-term liabilities such as compensated absences payable, pension, OPEB, lease obligations payable, and SBITA. During the year, the County's outstanding bond obligations increased by \$21,252, or 4%, which is primarily attributable to the issuance of the Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2022 (County of Orange Sheriff-Coroner Facility) in the amount of \$83,375, and the addition of \$82,308 in Teeter Plan Notes. Partially offsetting the increase was the redemption of \$79,978 of Teeter Plan Notes and the redemption of \$66,190 of the Airport revenue bonds.

The following table summarizes the County's outstanding bonds at June 30, 2023 and 2022:

LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS June 30, 2023 and 2022										
	Govern	nmer	ntal	Busine	ss-T	уре				Increase/
	Acti	vities	3	Activ	/ities	3	To	tal		(Decrease)
	<u>2023</u>		2022	2023		2022	2023		<u>2022</u>	% Change
Revenue Bonds	\$ 451,166	\$	376,781	\$ 	\$	60,010	\$ 451,166	\$	436,791	3 %
Teeter Plan Notes (Direct Placement)	82,308		79,978				82,308		79,978	3 %
Add: Premium on Bonds Payable	69,740		59,013			6,180	69,740		65,193	7 %
Total	\$ 603,214	\$	515,772	\$ 	\$	66,190	\$ 603,214	\$	581,962	4 %

The following summarizes the County's long-term debt issuance during FY 2022-23:

<u>Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2022</u> On July 26, 2022, the South Orange County Public Financing Authority (SOCPFA) issued its \$83,375 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2022 (County of Orange Sheriff-Coroner Facility) at a premium of \$12,350, with an interest rate coupon of 5%. The Lease Revenue Bonds, payable through June 2052, were issued to finance the acquisition of and construction of certain improvements to a new facility for the Sheriff-Coroner to be owned by the County and to pay costs relating to the issuance of the bonds. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding principal amount, including the premium of the Series 2022 Bonds, and interest were \$95,725 and \$76,314, respectively.

Teeter Plan Notes On July 18, 2022, the County paid off its \$79,978 taxable Teeter Plan Obligation Notes, Series B utilizing \$45,810 in accumulated base taxes. On July 18, 2022, the Teeter Plan Notes were issued for \$82,308 in taxable Teeter Plan Obligations Notes, Series B, to refund the outstanding balance of \$34,168 and finance the purchase of \$48,140 in delinquent property tax receivables. The Teeter Notes issued on July 18, 2022, were issued pursuant to a First Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Note Purchase and Reimbursement Agreement, dated between the County and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association. Teeter Notes may be issued from time to time by the County provided that the total principal amount of Teeter Notes outstanding at any one time shall not exceed \$150,000. The Teeter Notes mature on July 17, 2023 and bear interest at the rate of 3.46% per annum. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding principal amount of the Teeter Plan Obligation Notes was \$82,308.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt activity can be found in Note 11, Long-Term Obligations, and Note 23, Subsequent Events in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements section.

Bond Ratings

The County maintained its Issuer Credit Rating of Aa1 from Moody's Investors Service (Moody's), AA+ from Standard & Poor's Global Ratings (S&P), and AAA Issuer Default Rating (IDR) from Fitch Ratings.

On July 26, 2022, the County issued the 2022 Lease Revenue Bonds with an AA rating from S&P and an AA+ rating from Fitch Ratings.

The County has the following long-term underlying debt ratings:

LONG-TERM DEBT RATINGS June 30, 2023			
	S&P	Moody's	Fitch
2016 Lease Revenue Bonds	AA	NR	NR
2017 Lease Revenue Bonds	AA	NR	AA+
2018 Lease Revenue Bonds	AA	NR	AA+
2022 Lease Revenue Bonds	AA	NR	AA+
Teeter Plan Notes	NR	NR	NR

OTHER POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT MATTERS

The County's management has determined that the following are significant matters that have a potential impact on the County's financial position or changes in financial position:

State Legislation and Budget

System of Care-Homelessness

The County continues to work together with cities to respond to regional community needs in addressing homelessness. The partnership between the County and each of the 34 cities in the County is essential to meet the needs of people experiencing homelessness and leverages the funding available with the Building Homes Job Act (SB 2) or other programs such as the State's No Place like Home, California Advancing and Innovating Medi-Cal, and the Special Needs Housing Programs.

In June 2018, the County filed the Housing Funding Strategy with the goal of developing 2,700 units of permanent supportive housing. In December 2022, an update to the Housing Funding Strategy identified the new goal of developing 2,396 units of permanent supportive housing and recognized the significant investments in capital and operating expenses made since the previous Housing Funding Strategy, producing a pipeline of 1,384 supportive housing units and a total projected pipeline of 2,653 supportive and affordable housing units. The update also addressed the housing needs for individuals reentering the community upon release from custody; affordable housing assistance with voluntary support services to address the needs of chronically homeless individuals; and transitional and permanent supportive housing as well as placement services for youths and veterans experiencing challenges on the path to a successful adulthood. In addition to the larger housing efforts, the County is assisting with housing stability by providing landlord incentives for 500 units and match commitments for developing an additional 300 units. Significant efforts include the following:

- Operational funding was provided to three city-operated emergency shelters and capital funding was provided for a city-operated emergency shelter.
- Funding was provided for development and operation of a transitional aged youth-focused emergency shelter and construction of the Yale Navigation Center.
- California Department of Housing and Community Development awarded \$20,590 in funding during Homekey Round one and \$33,600 during Round two. In total, the funding was used to support the acquisition and rehab of five motels converting to 305 units of interim and permanent supportive housing. Additionally, the County supported the City of Anaheim in an application for Homekey Round two funds for an 89-unit motel conversion (interim to permanent housing) by providing a commitment of funding for operating costs. The County also applied for up to \$29,000 in Homekey Round three funding for the conversion of a 120-room motel to 78 units of permanent supportive housing.
- State Homeless Housing, Assistance and Prevention funding identified to create 62 units of non-congregate shelter.
- Field-based outreach teams integrate with County behavioral health resources to support city-led homeless services programs.
- The Emergency Rental Assistance Program provided nearly \$39,000 in financial assistance to tenant households experiencing financial hardship due to COVID-19 to pay for rental arrears and past due utilities thus promoting housing stability and minimizing the risk of homelessness.

In addition, the County utilizes the Care Plus Program to provide services through a multi-disciplinary team approach focusing on person-centered care for those experiencing homelessness to streamline their access of County programs and improve outcomes related to health and housing.

Master Plan for Aging

The Governor's January 2021 Master Plan for Aging included five distinct goals for counties to achieve as California prepares for a projected increase in the number of California residents age 60 years and older. An intradepartmental team consisting of OCCR, SSA, HCA, and CEO have collaborated in a joint effort to build the foundation for Orange County to improve the quality of service delivery to this population. A Countywide healthy aging assessment is being completed to identify and prioritize the needs and factors affecting the health of our aging population.

FEMA and ARPA Revenue for COVID-19

The County has filed all required claims for reimbursement for eligible COVID-19-related expenditures from FEMA. As of June 2023, the County submitted \$199,310 in FEMA claims which were reduced by \$5,257. The County received reimbursement for \$147,048 and the remaining balance is currently under review by FEMA for the following seven eligible COVID-19 projects: Emergency Operations Center, Testing Kits, Personal Protective Equipment, Project RoomKey, the Great Plates Program, Vaccinations and Care Sites. In addition to FEMA funding, some County departments received additional funding from the state/federal governments for other eligible program costs related to COVID-19.

In May 2021, the County received \$308,420, the first tranche of ARPA funds from the United States Treasury, and in June 2022, the County received the second and final tranche of \$308,420. The CSLFRF, under the ARPA, provided funds to state, territorial, local, and tribal governments. Use of the funds is subject to the restrictions outlined in ARPA. All ARPA funds must be obligated by December 31, 2024 and spent by December 31, 2026

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according to Federal guidelines issued by the United States Treasury. As of June 30, 2023, the County used the ARPA funds in its entirety for eligible expenditures.

Long-Term Financial Planning

Funding Progress of the County's Retirement System (System)

The funded ratio of the System is a measure of the ability of the System to make obligated payments to current retirees and future retirees. As of December 31, 2022, the funding ratio for the System is 81.5%, which is an increase from 81.2% in 2021. The System's Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) increased from \$4.52 billion (\$3.88 billion attributable to the County) to \$4.70 billion (\$3.99 billion attributable to the County). The increase in the UAAL is primarily attributable to investment returns (after smoothing) lower than the 7.00% return assumption, salary increases greater than expected and cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) increases greater than expected.

On November 4, 2008, the voters in Orange County approved Measure J, which requires voter approval for any future pension benefit enhancements. The County carefully monitors the activities at OCERS and regularly provides input to OCERS management, as well as providing input at OCERS Board meetings.

OCERS Assumed Investment Rate of Return

The assumed investment rate of return is the rate of investment yield that the System will earn over the long-term future.

On December 5, 2012, the OCERS Board voted to reduce the assumed investment rate of return from 7.75% to 7.25%. The reduction was phased in over a two-year period beginning July 2014 at 7.5% and reducing to 7.25% effective July 2015. On October 16, 2017, the OCERS Board adopted a reduction in the assumed investment rate of return to 7.00% effective July 1, 2019. The assumed rate of return reduction had the impact of increasing contribution rates of members and plan sponsors.

OCERS Actuarial Funding Policy (Amortization)

On November 18, 2013, the OCERS Board adopted the actuarial funding policy to reduce the amortization period for future UAAL from 30 years to 20 years, which included combining and re-amortizing the entire outstanding UAAL balance as of December 31, 2012, over a single 20-year period. This will allow for future UAAL to be paid off in a shorter period of time and will ultimately reduce retirement rates and costs over time.

OCERS Actuarial Assumptions

The 2014 through 2016 valuations were impacted by economic assumption changes, which flowed from the 2014 Triennial Study of Actuarial Assumptions. These changes, adopted by the OCERS Board on September 23, 2014, included a decrease in the inflation assumption from 3.25% to 3.00% per annum. As a result of the 2017 Triennial Study of Actuarial Assumptions, the OCERS Board, on October 16, 2017, adopted a further decrease in the inflation assumption to 2.75%, which was effective with the 2017 valuation. On August 17, 2020, the OCERS Board adopted a further decrease in the inflation rate assumption to 2.50%, while maintaining the post-retirement COLA at 2.75%. The new assumption changes were effective with the 2020 valuation.

Requests for Information

We hope that the preceding information provides a general overview of the County's overall financial status. For questions or comments concerning information contained in this report, please contact the Auditor-Controller's Office, County of Orange, 1770 N. Broadway, Santa Ana, CA 92706 or you can access our website at ocauditor.gov.





		Primary Government				
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	First 5 OC	CalOptima Health	
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3.664.581	\$ 969.373	\$ 4,633,954	\$ 67.400	\$ 773.516	
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	62,716	148,310	211,026		300	
Investments	494,387	·	494,387		2,251,348	
Deposits In-Lieu of Cash	11,539	41,036	52,575			
Internal Balances	9,682	(9,682)				
Due from Component Unit	274		274			
Due from Primary Government				310		
Receivables, Net of Allowances						
Accounts	21,656	26,214	47,870		380,840	
Taxes	38,568		38,568	2,746		
Interest/Dividends	21,479	5,977	27,456	620		
Deposits	1,265		1,265			
Advances	330		330	582		
Leases	76,028	103,853	179,881			
Service Concession Arrangements	143,805		143,805			
Due from Other Governmental Agencies, Net	629,573	10,389	639,962	719		
Notes Receivable, Net	68,708	-	68,708			
Prepaid Costs	145,531	1,575	147,106	95	108,145	
Inventory of Materials and Supplies	2,352		2,352			
Net Pension Asset				22		
Capital Assets						
Not Depreciable/Amortizable	1,475,848	133,165	1,609,013		14,956	
Depreciable/Amortizable, Net	3,141,669	807,707	3,949,376	521	69,252	
Total Capital Assets	4,617,517	940,872	5,558,389	521	84,208	
Total Assets	10,009,991	2,237,917	12,247,908	73,015	3,598,357	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,315,258	26,628	1,341,886	1,471	25,969	

	Primary Government			Component Units		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	First 5 OC	CalOptima Health	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Accounts Payable Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable Retainage Payable Interest Payable Deposits from Others	\$ 158,848 109,892 10,977 1,128 105,376	\$ 32,441 2,194 2,374 43,660	\$ 191,289 112,086 13,351 1,128 149,036	\$ 2,091 95 1,195 	\$ 14,541 23,332 	
Due to Primary Government Due to Component Unit	105,576	43,000	149,030	274	 	
Due to Other Governmental Agencies Unearned Revenue Long-Term Liabilities Due Within One Year	104,240 131,476	11,036 12,126	115,276 143,602	2,435 	1,303,463 61,886	
Civic Center Facilities Master Plan Loan Estimated Liability-Litigation and Claims	8,385 755	 	8,385 755			
Insurance Claims Payable Medical Claims Payable Capitation and Withholds Compensated Employee Absences Payable	70,699 115,534	 2,473	70,699 118,007	 92	338,306 125,444	
Financed Purchase Liability Notes Payable Bonds Payable	10,513 82,308 4,388	331	10,844 82,308 4,388	92 		
Pollution Remediation Obligation Intangible Assets Obligations Payable Lease Liability	1,203 27,341	612 89 27	612 1,292 27,368	 58	= =	
Subscription Liability Landfill Site Closure/Postclosure Liability Due in More than One Year	16,949 	295 3,391	17,244 3,391		4,557 	
Civic Center Facilities Master Plan Loan Estimated Liability-Litigation and Claims Insurance Claims Payable	364,754 100 191,995		364,754 100 191,995	 	 	
Compensated Employee Absences Payable Financed Purchase Liability Bonds Payable Pollution Remediation Obligation	59,046 10,441 143,379	1,038 8,537	60,084 10,441 143,379 8,537	16 	 	
Intangible Assets Obligations Payable Lease Liability Subscription Liability	945 421,641 15,844	89 225	1,034 421,641 16,069	466 	 12,173	
Landfill Site Closure/Postclosure Liability Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability	4,376,337 266,338	200,414 94,785 5,079	200,414 4,471,122 271,417	 269	40,465 18,975	
Total Liabilities -	6,810,834	421,216	7,232,050	6,991	1,943,142	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	400,548	105,177	505,725	730	11,176	
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for: Expendable	3,558,179	927,705	4,485,884	(2)	66,134	
Pension Benefits Capital Projects	144,682 30,210		144,682 30,210	 		
Debt Service Legally Segregated for Grants and Other Purposes Regional Park Endowment	26,462 1,739,190 174	 	26,462 1,739,190 174	 		
CalOptima Health Passenger Facility Charges Approved Capital Projects Landfill Closure/Postclosure Landfill Corrective Action	 	30,663 18,401 13,671	30,663 18,401 13,671	 	107,969 	
Wetland Nonexpendable		879	879			
Regional Park Endowment Unrestricted (Deficit) Total Net Position	200 (1,385,230) \$ 4,113,867	746,833 \$ 1,738,152	200 (638,397) \$ 5,852,019	66,767 \$ 66,765	1,495,905 \$ 1,670,008	

		Expe	enses				Prog	Program Revenues			
Functions/Programs		Direct Expenses	E	Indirect expenses allocation	_ c	harges for Services	(Operating Grants and ontributions	G	Capital rants and ntributions	
Primary Government											
Governmental Activities											
General Government	\$	418,378	\$	(55,064)	\$	63,337	\$	204,435	\$	118,678	
Public Protection		1,786,460		37,673		325,800		955,988		68,039	
Public Ways and Facilities		170,289		(2,368)		64,912		127,678		8,842	
Health and Sanitation		899,270		7,323		153,271		643,011			
Public Assistance		1,387,473		7,996		26,627		1,268,517		4,549	
Education		60,558		663		671		3,404			
Recreation and Cultural Services		153,298		2,162		41,381		5,556			
Interest on Long-Term Debt		40,843									
Total Governmental Activities		4,916,569		(1,615)		675,999		3,208,589		200,108	
Business-Type Activities											
Airport		158,776		675		185,369		48,359		225	
OC Waste & Recycling		161,283		938		201,179		3,746			
Compressed Natural Gas		1		2		307					
Total Business-Type Activities		320,060		1,615		386,855		52,105		225	
Total Primary Government	\$	5,236,629	\$		\$	1,062,854	\$	3,260,694	\$	200,333	
Component Units											
First 5 Orange County	\$	23,789	\$		\$		\$	24,429	\$		
CalOptima Health		4,080,065			-	4,240,820		·			
Total Component Units	\$	4,103,854	\$		\$	4,240,820	\$	24,429	\$		

General Revenues

Taxes

Property Taxes, Levied for General Fund

Property Taxes, Levied for Flood Control District

Property Taxes, Levied for OC Parks

Property Taxes, Levied for OC Public Libraries

Property Taxes in-Lieu of Motor Vehicle License Fees

Other Taxes

Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs

State Allocation of Motor Vehicle License Fees

Unrestricted Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position-Beginning of Year, as Restated

Net Position-End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position

 F	Primary Government	t	Compor	ent Units	-		
Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities Total		,		•	Functions/Programs		
					Primary Government		
					Governmental Activities		
\$ 23,136	\$	\$ 23,136	\$	\$	General Government		
(474,306)		(474,306)			Public Protection		
33,511		33,511			Public Ways and Facilities		
(110,311)		(110,311)			Health and Sanitation		
(95,776)		(95,776)			Public Assistance		
(57,146)		(57,146)			Education		
(108,523)		(108,523)			Recreation and Cultural Services		
(40,843)		(40,843)			Interest on Long-Term Debt		
 (830,258)		(830,258)			Total Governmental Activities		
					Business-Type Activities		
	74,502	74,502			Airport		
	42,704	42,704			OC Waste & Recycling		
	304	304			Compressed Natural Gas		
 	117,510	117,510			Total Business-Type Activities		
(830,258)	117,510	(712,748)			Total Primary Government		
					Component Units		
			640		First 5 Orange County		
				160,755			
			640	160,755			
					General Revenues		
					Taxes		
398,794		398,794			Property Taxes, Levied for General Fund		
135,749		135,749			Property Taxes, Levied for Flood Control District		
105,157		105,157			Property Taxes, Levied for OC Parks		
66,286		66,286			Property Taxes, Levied for OC Public Libraries		
484,543		484,543			Property Taxes in-Lieu of Motor Vehicle License Fees		
134,123		134,123			Other Taxes		
4,675		4,675			Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs		
2,931		2,931			State Allocation of Motor Vehicle License Fees		
64,350	29,291	93,641	2,014	89,743	Unrestricted Investment Earnings		
90,488	1,453	91,941	181		Miscellaneous		
 8,554	(8,554)						
 1,495,650	22,190	1,517,840	2,195	89,743			
665,392	139,700	805,092	2,835	250,498			
 3,448,475	1,598,452	5,046,927	63,930	1,419,510			
\$ 4,113,867	\$ 1,738,152	\$ 5,852,019	\$ 66,765	\$ 1,670,008	Net Position-End of Year		

ASSETS	General Fund	Flood Control District	Other Public Protection
Paolad Cash/Investments	Ф 1 1 1 1 1 QQ 1	ф 497 <i>55</i> 0	¢ 220.607
Pooled Cash/Investments Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,141,884	\$ 487,552	\$ 220,697 14,953
Imprest Cash Funds	 1,847		14,955
Restricted Cash and Investments with Trustee			
Investments	494,387		
Deposits In-Lieu of Cash	9,170		
Receivables	3,		
Accounts	18,288	661	166
Taxes	7,305	2,119	
Interest/Dividends	8,814	2,741	1,365
Deposits	412	575	
Advances	330		
Leases	9,408	24,520	
Service Concession Arrangements		1,477	
Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables	(672)	(143)	
Due from Other Funds	158,689	1,841	1,561
Due from Component Unit	274		
Due from Other Governmental Agencies, Net	450,698	96,357	4,517
Inventory of Materials and Supplies	1,326	532	295
Prepaid Costs	849		
Notes Receivable, Net			
Total Assets	\$ 2,303,009	\$ 618,232	\$ 243,554
Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable Interest Payable Deposits from Others Due to Other Funds Due to Component Unit Due to Other Governmental Agencies Estimated Litigation and Claims Unearned Revenue Advances from Other Funds Total Liabilities	\$ 98,630 189 102,816 23,335 63,747 1 32,152 855 59,693 381,418	\$ 6,093 7,855 1,373 7,392 7,090 21,653 4,829 56,285	\$ 629 15 300 22,366 11,768 10,485 30 45,593
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	209,078	113,531	2,240
FUND BALANCES			
Nonenondablo	2 175	532	295
Nonspendable Restricted	2,175 284,714	532 447,884	295 195,426
		447,884	195,426
Assigned Unassigned	653,241 772,383		
Unassigned Total Fund Balances	1,712,513	448,416	195,721
	1,112,010	740,410	133,121
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 2,303,009	\$ 618,232	\$ 243,554

Mental Other Health Governmental Services Act Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
			<u>ASSETS</u>
\$ 143,121 1,067 	\$ 1,304,039 45 62,716 2,369 3,057 29,144 5,717 278 42,077 142,328 (218) 76,506	\$ 3,297,293 14,953 1,892 62,716 494,387 11,539 22,172 38,568 19,704 1,265 330 76,005 143,805 (1,033) 238,597 274	Pooled Cash/Investments Cash/Cash Equivalents Imprest Cash Funds Restricted Cash and Investments with Trustee Investments Deposits In-Lieu of Cash Receivables Accounts Taxes Interest/Dividends Deposits Advances Leases Service Concession Arrangements Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables Due from Other Funds Due from Component Unit
12,088	65,625	629,285	Due from Other Governmental Agencies, Net
		2,153 849	Inventory of Materials and Supplies Prepaid Costs
	68,708	68,708	Notes Receivable, Net
\$ 156,276	\$ 1,802,391	\$ 5,123,462	Total Assets
\$ 41,152 41,152	\$ 41,429 2,838 4,264 253 52,283 106,428 1 39,343 66,924 20,000 333,763	\$ 146,781 10,897 108,753 253 105,376 230,185 2 103,633 855 131,476 20,000 858,211	LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable Interest Payable Deposits from Others Due to Other Funds Due to Component Unit Due to Other Governmental Agencies Estimated Litigation and Claims Unearned Revenue Advances from Other Funds Total Liabilities
			DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES
	206,436	531,285	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources
			FUND BALANCES
 115,124 115,124	200 881,240 380,752 1,262,192	3,202 1,924,388 1,033,993 772,383 3,733,966	Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balances
\$ 156,276	\$ 1,802,391	\$ 5,123,462	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances

The governmental funds balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balances-total governmental funds and net position-governmental activities as reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The difference between the two of \$379,901 is due to the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the short-term economic focus of the governmental funds. The components of the difference are described below.

Total Fund Balances-Governmental Funds

\$ 3,733,966

Capital assets used in the operations of the County that are not reported in the governmental funds financial statements:

Land	900,174	
Structures and Improvements	1,858,328	
Equipment	358,451	
Software	177,854	
Infrastructure	2,225,061	
Land Use Rights (Permanent)	16,682	
Intangible Right-to-Use Lease and Subscription Assets	556,380	
Land Improvements	45,878	
Construction in Progress	552,643	
Intangible in Progress	3,291	
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(2,161,147)	4,533,595

Other assets used in governmental activities that do not consume current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:

Prepaid Pension Investment with OCERS

144,682

The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.

132,642

Deferred outflows of resources are similar to assets, but they do not meet the definition of an asset. When all the recognition criteria are met, the deferred outflows of resources will become an expense. The counterpart to deferred outflows of resources are deferred inflows of resources, which do not meet the definition of a liability. When all recognition criteria are met, the deferred inflows of resources will become revenue, except for pension and OPEB related deferred inflows of resources which will be recognized as a credit to expense. The County reports the different types of deferred outflows and inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position as follows:

Deferred Outflows of Resources:

Employer retirement contribution subsequent to measurement date	
for the Deferred Outflows related to Pension	1,248,974
Employer retirement contribution subsequent to measurement date	
for the Deferred Outflows related to OPEB	51,304

Deferred Inflows of Resources:

Deferred Inflows of Resources that have been earned but not	
available to finance expenditures in the current period	323,288
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension	(114,938)
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB	(42,662)
Deferred Inflows from Service Concession Arrangements	(31,989)

Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:

Bonds Payable, Net	(147,767)	
Civic Center Facilities Master Plan Financing	(373,139)	
Teeter Plan Notes Payable	(82,308)	
Compensated Employee Absences Payable	(172,258)	
Financed Purchase Liability	(12,075)	
Intangible Assets Obligations Payable	(2,148)	
Lease Liability	(448,855)	
Subscription Liability	(26,661)	
Interest Payable on Bonds	(875)	
County's proportionate share of Net Pension Liability	(4,335,885)	
County's proportionate share of Net OPEB Liability	(263,024)	(5,864,995)

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 4,113,867

Revenues	General Fund			Flood Control District	Other Public Protection	
	¢	936,727	ф	152 252	\$	
Taxes Licenses, Permits, and Franchises	\$	28,358	\$	153,253 1,486	Ф	 11
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties		43,991		1,460		3,166
Use of Money and Property		43,991		17,101		7,628
Intergovernmental		,				
		2,623,835 548,513		15,504		34,674
Charges for Services Other				18,091		10,376
		33,953		3,700		4,856
Total Revenues		4,256,675		209,151		60,711
Expenditures						
Current						
General Government		321,782				
Public Protection		1,526,204		129,639		26,792
Public Ways and Facilities		46,490				
Health and Sanitation		878,092				
Public Assistance		1,099,470				
Education						
Recreation and Cultural Services						
Capital Outlay		134,133		75,888		2,865
Debt Service						
Principal Retirement		51,391		462		314
Interest		16,793				68
Total Expenditures	-	4,074,355		205,989		30,039
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues	-					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Over Expenditures		182,320		3,162		30,672
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers In		472,846		215		3,755
Transfers Out		(166,178)		(4,869)		(41,744)
Debt Issued						
Premium on Debt Issued						
Leases Issued		72,830		19		
Subscriptions Issued		23,490				132
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		402,988		(4,635)		(37,857)
Net Change in Fund Balances		585,308		(1,473)		(7,185)
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		1,127,205		449,889		202,906
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	1,712,513	\$	448,416	\$	195,721

	Mental Health Services Act	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds	Devenues
φ		ď	100 700	¢	1 270 760	Revenues
\$		\$	189,789	\$	1,279,769	Taxes
			958		30,813	Licenses, Permits, and Franchises
			12,215		59,388	Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties
	8,206		78,419		152,652	Use of Money and Property
	160,340		570,918		3,405,271	Intergovernmental
			41,913		618,893	Charges for Services
	5,759		37,314		85,582	Other
	174,305		931,526		5,632,368	Total Revenues
						Expenditures Current
			94,763		416,545	General Government
			70		1,682,705	Public Protection
			92,556		139,046	Public Ways and Facilities
	104		371		878,567	Health and Sanitation
			263,232		1,362,702	Public Assistance
			58,206		58,206	Education
			148,586		148,586	Recreation and Cultural Services
			270,615		483,501	Capital Outlay
			0,0.0		.00,00.	Debt Service
	<u></u>		90,188		142,355	Principal Retirement
	<u></u>		25,281		42,142	Interest
_	104		1,043,868		5,354,355	Total Expenditures
_	101		1,010,000		0,001,000	Excess (Deficit) of Revenues
	174,201		(112,342)		278,013	Over Expenditures
						Other Financing Sources (Uses)
			331,421		808,237	Transfers In
	(295,490)		(294,347)		(802,628)	Transfers Out
			165,683		165,683	Debt Issued
			12,350		12,350	Premium on Debt Issued
			367		73,216	Leases Issued
			542		24,164	Subscriptions Issued
	(295,490)		216,016		281,022	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)
	(121,289)		103,674		559,035	Net Change in Fund Balances
	236,413		1,158,518		3,174,931	Fund Balances-Beginning of Year
\$	115,124	\$	1,262,192	\$	3,733,966	Fund Balances-End of Year

The Net Change in Fund Balances for governmental funds of \$559,035 in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances differs from the Change in Net Position for governmental activities of \$665,392 reported in the government-wide Statement of Activities. The differences arise primarily from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds. The main components of the difference are described below.

Net Change in Fund Balances-Total Governmental Funds

559,035

283,092

When capital assets used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed in the current fiscal year, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation or amortization expense. In addition, donations, transfers, gains or losses from sales and other disposals/acquisitions of capital assets are not reported in governmental funds. These assets, and their associated depreciation/amortization expense, must be reported or removed in the government-wide financial statements. The details of the expenditures for capital outlay, capital contributions, depreciation/amortization and other disposals/acquisitions of capital assets are as follows:

Expenditures	for	Capital	Outlay:
--------------	-----	---------	---------

Land	87,937
Construction in Progress	333,615
Equipment	27,662
Software	31,024
Net of Gains/(Losses) on Capital Assets Dispositions	(13,976)
Depreciation/Amortization Expense	(187,826)
Capital Contributions	4,656

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) is recorded as an other financing source in the governmental funds because it provides current financial resources. Similarly, the repayment of principal on long-term debt or the payment of other long-term liabilities is reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds because current financial resources have been consumed. Bond proceeds, net of payments to escrow agents and principal payments, are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. These transactions do not have any effect on net position in the government-wide financial statements. The details of the principal and other long-term liability payments and other financing sources are as follows:

Teeter Plan Notes Proceeds	(82,308)	
Leases Issued	(73,216)	
Subscription Proceeds	(24,164)	
Issuance of Long-Term Bonds	(95,725)	
Principal and Other Long-Term Liability Payments:	, , ,	
Bonds Payable	8,990	
Teeter Plan Notes Payable	79,978	
Leases	21,773	
Subscriptions	25,011	
Financed Purchases	6.048	(133,613)

Revenues related to prior years that are available in the current fiscal
year are reported as revenue in the governmental funds. In contrast,
revenues that are earned, but unavailable in the current year are deferred
in the governmental funds. For government-wide reporting, revenue is
recognized when earned, regardless of availability. The following
amounts reflect the net effect of the timing differences for revenue
recognition:

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Taxes	\$ 905,374	\$ 905,374	\$ 937,420	\$ 32.046
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises	905,374 28,382	φ 905,374 28,682	937,420 27,902	φ 32,046 (780)
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties	34,877	34,877	44,381	9,504
Use of Money and Property	8,501	22,386	49,256	26,870
Intergovernmental	2,719,977	2,980,372	2,584,373	(395,999)
Charges for Services	596,756	599,985	578,572	(21,413)
Other	26,174	40,731	46,153	5,422
Transfers In	479,194	579,148	462,774	(116,374)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	4,799,235	5,191,555	4,730,831	(460,724)
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses				
General Government: American Rescue Plan Act	494,947	505,653	70,091	435,562
Assessor	46,568	46,568	43,675	2,893
Auditor-Controller	21,602	21,602	19,508	2,094
Board of Supervisors-1st District	1,593	1,593		104
Board of Supervisors-1st District	1,926	1,926	1,489 1,613	313
Board of Supervisors-3rd District	1,708	1,708	1,676	32
Board of Supervisors-9th District	1,624	1,624	1,567	57
Board of Supervisors-5th District	1,640	1,640	1,591	49
Capital Acquisition Financing	1,702	1,702	1,659	43
Capital Projects	13,609	13,609	12,236	1,373
CAPS Program	14,104	14,104	12,438	1,666
CEO Real Estate	10,349	11,449	9,748	1,701
Clerk of the Board		9,860		411
County Counsel	9,860	·	9,449	232
County Executive Office	13,158	14,356	14,124	
•	63,366	84,318	67,969	16,349
Data Systems Development Project	4,000	4,370 2,988	4,370 2,488	500
Employee Benefits	2,472	·		300
FEMA Reimbursements Human Resources	 0.517	5,351	5,351	954
	8,517	8,931	7,977	
IBM Mainframe	2,396	2,396	1,511	885
Internal Audit Miscellaneous	3,342	3,342	2,941	401
	54,577	322,302	315,088	7,214
OC Campaign Finance and Ethics Commission OCIT Shared Services	470 4,381	503 5,232	500 5,207	3 25
Office of Independent Review	1,145	1.145	926	219
Performance Audit	46	46	14	32
Prepaid Pension Obligation	11	81	10	71
Property Tax System Centralized O & M Support	5,639	6,116	5,396	720
Registrar of Voters	·	·	29,573	720
Treasurer-Tax Collector	21,252	30,349		
Utilities	17,741 33,838	17,741 39,217	16,229	1,512 7,264
Public Protection:	33,030	39,217	31,953	1,204
Alternate Defense	6,488	6,488	5,204	1,284
Building & Safety	15,765	16,540	14,060	2,480
Child Support Services	55,604	55.604	51,317	4,287
Clerk-Recorder	20,300	21,250	17,985	3,265
District Attorney	190,251	190,798	182,453	8,345
District Attorney District Attorney-Public Administrator				371
Grand Jury	4,259 603	4,259 611	3,888 596	15
HCA Public Guardian	5,513	7,745	7,745	15
Juvenile Justice Commission	218	7,745 218	7,745 157	61
OC Animal Care	24,649	25,108		
Pretrial Services		2,383	23,297	1,811
Probation	2,286	224,812	2,249	134
Public Defender	210,646 108,146	178,673	219,598 173,824	5,214 4,849
Sheriff-Coroner				
Trial Courts	986,656	994,030	953,034	40,996 367
Public Ways and Facilities:	66,444	125,614	125,247	307
	90.395	00.405	E0 440	24.076
OC Public Works	80,385	80,425	58,449	21,976
Health and Sanitation:	4.000.040	4 000 740	004.500	00.000
Health Care Agency	1,020,243	1,092,743	994,520	98,223
OC Watersheds	20,479	20,598	14,136	6,462
Public Assistance:				
00 0		85,141	68,639	16,502
OC Community Resources	75,141			
Social Services Agency	1,108,671	1,116,053	1,077,120	38,933
Social Services Agency Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		1,116,053 5,430,915	1,077,120 4,691,885	739,030
Social Services Agency	1,108,671			
Social Services Agency Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing	1,108,671 4,860,330	5,430,915	4,691,885	739,030

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT

	Origi	Original Budget		Final Budget		ctual on etary Basis	Variance Positive Negative)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources	•		•				
Taxes	\$	139,813	\$	139,813	\$	153,515	\$ 13,702
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises						296	296
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties		18		18		16	(2)
Use of Money and Property		4,381		4,381		14,541	10,160
Intergovernmental		48,028		48,028		17,270	(30,758)
Charges for Services		13,598		13,598		19,197	5,599
Other		168		168		3,787	3,619
Transfers In		80,766		80,766		40,766	(40,000)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	-	286,772		286,772		249,388	(37,384)
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses							
Public Protection:							
OC Flood		255,401		255,461		143,811	111,650
OC Flood-Capital Improvement Projects		94,201		94,201		43,749	50,452
OC Flood-Santa Ana River		123,566		123,566		64,692	58,874
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		473,168		473,228		252,252	 220,976
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing							
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(186,396)		(186,456)		(2,864)	\$ 183,592
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		455,915		455,915		455,915	
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	269,519	\$	269,459	\$	453,051	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-OTHER PUBLIC PROTECTION

	Origina	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual on Budgetary Basis		/ariance Positive legative)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources		<u>J</u>				,		
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises	\$	11	\$	11	\$	11	\$	
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties	•	3,417	•	3,417	*	1,941	•	(1,476)
Use of Money and Property		2,633		2,633		6,855		4,222
Intergovernmental		23,886		27,173		35,428		8,255
Charges for Services		14,935		14,935		10,376		(4,559)
Other		5,016		5,016		4,866		(150)
Transfers In		4,087		6,298		5,589		(709)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		53,985		59,483		65,066		5,583
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses								
Public Protection:								
Building and Safety-Operating Reserve		1,158		1,591		4		1,587
California Automated Fingerprint Identification Operational Costs		1,743		1,743		1,287		456
California Automated Fingerprint Identification Systems Costs		42,594		42,596		2,050		40,546
Child Support Program Development		4,662		4,662		1,957		2,705
Clerk Recorder Operating Reserve		1,005		1,740		1,740		_,. 00
Clerk Recorder Special Revenue		8,618		9,568		7,323		2.245
County Automated Fingerprint Identification		2,409		2,409		1,895		514
Delta Special Revenue		23		23		7		16
District Attorney's Supplemental Law Enforcement Services		2,161		2,161		2,157		4
Excess Public Safety Sales Tax		5,980		18,780		15,084		3,696
Inmate Welfare		13,577		13,577		2,999		10,578
Jail Commissary		8,330		8,330		6,361		1,969
Motor Vehicle Theft Task Force		5,778		5,793		3,664		2,129
Narcotic Forfeiture and Seizure		485		685		276		409
Orange County Jail		244		244		210		244
Proposition 64-Consumer Protection		2,127		2,127		1,918		209
Proposition 69-DNA Identification		1,347		2.195		673		1.522
Real Estate Prosecution		2,683		2,224		746		1,478
Regional Narcotic Suppression Program-Other		4,312		2,841		1,248		1,593
Sheriff Court OPS-Special Collections		2,104		2,104		1,222		882
Sheriff Narcotics Program-CALMMET-Treasury		1,696		1,770		1,633		137
Sheriff Narcotics Program-Dept of Justice		11,382		11,873		2,970		8.903
Sheriff Narcotics Program-Other		3,210		3,640		3,411		229
Sheriff-Coroner Replacement and Maintenance		23,806		23,806		1,043		22.763
Sheriff's State Criminal Alien Assistance Program		2,693		2,693		2,012		681
Sheriff's Substations Fee Program		136		136		57		79
Sheriff's Supplemental Law Enforcement Services		2,583		2,583		1,001		1,582
Traffic Violator		890		890		234		656
Ward Welfare		186		186		186		
		12,742		15,447		8,287		7,160
800 MHz Countywide Coordinated Communications System			-					
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		170,664		188,417		73,445		114,972
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing							•	
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(116,679)		(128,934)		(8,379)	\$	120,555
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		191,534		191,534		191,534		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	74,855	\$	62,600	\$	183,155		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES ACT

						atual an	Variance		
	Original Budget			Final Budget		ctual on etary Basis		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues and Other Financing Sources		a. Daagot		· mai Baaget	Daagotal y Dasis			(itagaara)	
Use of Money and Property	\$	1,251	\$	1,251	\$	5,917	\$	4,666	
Intergovernmental		267,643		267,643		166,092		(101,551)	
Other						7		7	
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		268,894		268,894		172,016		(96,878)	
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses									
Health & Sanitation:									
Mental Health Services Act		282,247		323,642		295,594		28,048	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		282,247		323,642		295,594		28,048	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing									
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(13,353)		(54,748)		(123,578)	\$	(68,830)	
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		240,269		240,269		240,269			
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	226,916	\$	185,521	\$	116,691			

Business-Type Activities -Enterprise Funds

	Enterprise Funds							
ASSETS	Airport		OC Waste & Recycling	Compressed Natural Gas (Nonmajor)	_	Total		vernmental activities - Internal rvice Funds
Current Assets								
Pooled Cash/Investments	\$ 3	41.422	\$ 627,092	\$ 690	\$	969,204	\$	348.239
Cash/Cash Equivalents	• •	120				120	•	2,196
Imprest Cash Funds		14	35			49		8
Restricted Pooled Cash and Investments		28.451	1,206			29.657		
Deposits In-Lieu of Cash		6.668	34,368			41,036		
Receivables:		.,	,,,,,			,		
Accounts		6,466	15,985	109)	22,560		624
Passenger Facility Charges		3,399				3,399		
Interest/Dividends		1,945	4,029	3	3	5,977		1,775
Pollution Remediation Obligation Recoveries		256	·			256		·
Leases		14,283	2,150			16,433		17
Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables			(1)	_		(1)		(107)
Due from Other Funds		14	51			65		3,451
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		8,134	2,255			10,389		288
Inventory of Materials and Supplies			·			·		199
Prepaid Costs		1,520	55			1,575		
Total Current Assets	4	12,692	687,225	802		1,100,719		356,690
Noncurrent Assets								
Restricted Pooled Cash and Investments			14,813			14,813		
Restricted Pooled Cash and Investments-Closure								
and Postclosure Care Costs			103,840			103,840		
Advances to Other Funds			20,000			20,000		
Leases Receivable		82,343	5,077	-		87,420		6
Capital Assets:								
Not Depreciable/Amortizable		51,382	81,783			133,165		3,058
Depreciable/Amortizable, Net	5	22,807	284,900		<u> </u>	807,707		80,864
Total Capital Assets	5	74,189	366,683			940,872		83,922
Total Noncurrent Assets	6	56,532	510,413		=	1,166,945		83,928
Total Assets	1,0	69,224	1,197,638	802	<u>!</u>	2,267,664		440,618
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		11,410	15,218			26,628		14,980
DELEVED ORILIOMS OF KESOUKCES		11,410	15,218			20,028		14,900

Business-Type Activities	-	
Enternrise Funds		

		Litter prise i unus						_		
LIABILITIES		Airport		C Waste & Recycling	Na	ompressed atural Gas Jonmajor)		Total	,	overnmental Activities - Internal ervice Funds
Current Liabilities										
Accounts Payable	\$	11,225	\$	21,216	\$		\$	32,441	\$	12,067
Retainage Payable		120		2,254				2,374		80
Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable		731		1,463				2,194		1,139
Unearned Revenue		12,062		64				12,126		
Due to Other Funds		2,389		8,809				11,198		730
Due to Other Governmental Agencies		88		10,948				11,036		607
Insurance Claims Payable										70,699
Compensated Employee Absences Payable		827		1,646				2,473		1,427
Pollution Remediation Obligation				612				612		
Intangible Assets Obligations Payable		89						89		
Landfill Site Closure/Postclosure Liability				3,391				3,391		
Financed Purchase Liability		331						331		3,833
Lease Liability		16		11				27		115
Subscription Liability		6		289				295		2,322
Deposits from Others		7,856		35,804				43,660		
Total Current Liabilities		35,740		86,507				122,247		93,019
Noncurrent Liabilities										
Insurance Claims Payable										191,995
Compensated Employee Absences Payable		312		726				1,038		895
Pollution Remediation Obligation		994		7,543				8,537		
Intangible Assets Obligations Payable		89		,				89		
Landfill Site Closure/Postclosure Liability				200,414				200,414		
Financed Purchase Liability										5.046
Lease Liability										12
Subscription Liability		7		218				225		3,810
Net Pension Liability		42,203		52,582				94,785		40,452
Net OPEB Liability		2,212		2,867				5,079		3,314
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		45,817	-	264,350				310,167		245,524
		,	-					0.101.101		
Total Liabilities		81,557		350,857				432,414		338,543
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		95,818		9,359				105,177		2,962
NET POSITION										
Net Investment in Capital Assets		570,576		357,129				927,705		68,055
Restricted for:										
Passenger Facility Charges Approved Capital Projects		30,663						30,663		
Landfill Closure/Postclosure				18,401				18,401		
Landfill Corrective Action				13,671				13,671		
Wetland				879				879		
Unrestricted		302,020		462,560		802		765,382		46,038
Total Net Position	\$	903,259	\$	852,640	\$	802		1,756,701	\$	114,093
Adjustment to Reflect the Consolidation of Internal Service Funds' Activities Related to Enterprise Funds								(2,702)		
Cumulative Effect of Prior Years' Internal Service Funds Allocatio	n						_	(15,847)		
Net Position of Business-Type Activities							\$	1,738,152		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Business-Type Activities -Enterprise Funds

		Enterpr	ise Funds		
	Airport	OC Waste & Recycling	Compressed Natural Gas (Nonmajor)	Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues					
Use of Money and Property	\$ 132.067	\$ 4.585	\$ 307	\$ 136.959	\$ 1.237
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises		318		318	
Charges for Services	30,016	196,263		226,279	121,044
Insurance Premiums					354,096
Total Operating Revenues	162,083	201,166	307	363,556	476,377
Operating Expenses					
Salaries and Employee Benefits	18,042	34,211		52,253	28,931
Services and Supplies	45,661	43,650		89,311	43.941
Professional Services	52.730	21.965	3	74,698	70,361
Insurance Claims and Premiums	,	,			344,256
Pollution Remediation Expense		476		476	
Other Charges					687
Taxes and Other Fees	192	21,610		21,802	10
Landfill Site Closure/Postclosure Costs	-	17,820		17,820	
Depreciation/Amortization	34,220	22,452		56,672	19,559
Total Operating Expenses	150,845	162,184	3	313,032	507.745
Operating Income (Loss)	11,238	38,982	304	50,524	(31,368)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties	410	13		423	
Intergovernmental Revenues	48,359	3,746		52,105	3,457
Interest and Investment Income	12,260	28,334	21	40,615	13,155
Net Decrease in the Fair Value of Investments	(3,736)	(7,581)	(7)	(11,324)	(3,428)
Interest Expense	(487)	(4)	(')	(491)	(4)
Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Capital Assets	(2,096)	486		(1,610)	229
Loss on Debt Defeasance	(1,189)			(1,189)	
Passenger Facility Charges Revenue	22,876			22,876	
Other Taxes	22,070			22,010	9
Other Revenue (Expense)	(2,581)	1,383		(1,198)	11.349
Total Nonoperating Revenues	73.816	26.377	14	100.207	24.767
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	85,054	65,359	318	150,731	(6,601)
Capital Grant Contributions	225			225	
Capital Contributions	223			223	99
Transfers In	19	66		85	6,827
Transfers Out	(31)	(8,608)		(8,639)	(3,882)
Change in Net Position	85,267	56,817	318	142,402	(3,557)
Net Position-Beginning of Year, as Restated	817,992	795,823	484		117,650
Net Position-End of Year	\$ 903,259	\$ 852,640	\$ 802		\$ 114,093
Adjustment to Reflect the Consolidation of Internal Funds' Activities Related to Enterprise Funds		<u> </u>		(2,702)	*
				(2,: 32)	

139,700

Change in Net Position of Business-Type Activities



Business-Type Activities -Enterprise Funds

		Airport	C Waste & Recycling	1	Compressed Natural Gas (Nonmajor)		Total	Α	vernmental .ctivities - Internal vice Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES									
Receipts from Customers	\$	144,247	\$ 195,976	\$	244	\$	340,467	\$	38,720
Cash Received for Premiums within the County's Entity			-		-				354,096
Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(96,112)	(62,884)		(3)		(158,999)		(444,220)
Payments to Employees for Services		(12,688)	(33,966)				(46,654)		(25,730)
Receipts from Interfund Services		(240)	384		-		384		80,717
Payments for Interfund Services Provided Payments for Landfill Site Closure/Postclosure Care Costs		(348)	(3,391)				(348) (3,391)		(1,035)
Payment for Taxes and Other Fees		(192)	(21,610)				(21,802)		(10)
Other Operating Receipts		486	8,016				8,502		11,353
Other Operating Payments		(277)	(4,947)				(5,224)		(702)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		35,116	77,578		241		112,935		13,189
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Transfers In		19	66				85		6,827
Transfers Out		(31)	(8,608)				(8,639)		(3,882)
Intergovernmental Revenues		52,088	3,746				55,834		3,457
Other Taxes									9
Payments Received on Advances made to other Funds			 20,000				20,000		
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	_	52,076	 15,204			_	67,280		6,411
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(14,891)	(53,615)				(68,506)		(15,327)
Cash Contributed to an Irrevocable Escrow Fund to Defease Debt		(58,478)					(58,478)		
Principal Paid on Bonds		(6,750)					(6,750)		
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt		(2,832)					(2,832)		
Capital Grant Contributions		2,468	-		-		2,468		
Passenger Facility Charges Received		21,499					21,499		(4.000)
Principal Paid on Financed Purchase Liability Principal Paid on Leases		(332) (18)	(17)				(332) (35)		(4,363) (152)
Interest Paid on Leases		(10)	(17)				(2)		(4)
Principal Paid on Subscriptions		(7)	(304)				(311)		(5,287)
Interest Paid on Subscriptions		(1)	(3)				(3)		(5,267)
Receipts for Leases Receivables		15,044	215				15,259		17
Interest Received on Leases Receivables		3,125	166				3,291		1
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		28	 625				653		448
Net Cash Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities		(41,145)	 (52,934)				(94,079)		(24,667)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES									
Interest on Investments		10,541	24,934		19		35,494		11,672
Net Change in the Fair Value of Investments		(3,736)	(7,581)		(7)		(11,324)		(3,428)
Sale of Investments		17,091	` -		'		17,091		
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	_	23,896	17,353		12		41,261		8,244
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		69,943	57,201		253		127,397		3,177
Cash and Cash Equivalents-Beginning of Year		300,064	689,785		437		990,286		347,266
Cash and Cash Equivalents-End of Year	\$	370,007	\$ 746,986	\$	690	\$	1,117,683	\$	350,443
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									

Business-Type Activities -

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
	Airport			Compressed NC Waste & Natural Gas Recycling (Nonmajor)		Total		Governmenta Activities - Internal Service Funds		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash										
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities										
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	11,238	\$	38,982	\$	304	\$	50,524	\$	(31,368)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to										
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:										
Depreciation/Amortization		34,220		22,452				56,672		19,559
Recognition of Lease Income		(18,168)		(381)				(18,549)		(18)
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties		410		13				423		
Other Revenue (Expense)		70		1,383				1,453		11,349
(Increases) Decreases In:										
Deposits In-Lieu of Cash		(216)		(8,045)				(8,261)		
Receivables, Net		14,041		(6,389)		(63)		7,589		179
Due from Other Funds		(120)		117		`		(3)		(500)
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		(277)		(474)				(7S1)		53
Prepaid Costs		2,285		3,479				5,764		3,154
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension		(2,956)		(4,086)				(7,042)		(4,202)
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB		(187)		(217)				(404)		(281)
Increases (Decreases) In:		(,		(=,				(101)		(=+1)
Accounts Payable		2.665		2.120				4.785		(2,169)
Retainage Payable		(33)		_,				(33)		78
Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable		(139)		254				115		89
Unearned Revenue		1,047		201				1.047		(3,626)
Due to Other Funds		(228)		267				39		604
Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governmental Agencies		(235)		611				376		
Insurance Claims Payable		(233)						370		12,671
Compensated Employee Absences Payable		(447)		(9)				(456)		(194)
		(447)		` '		-		, ,		(194)
Pollution Remediation Obligation		740		(4,471)				(4,471)		
Deposits from Others		746		8,313				9,059		07.754
Net Pension Liability		20,610		24,700				45,310		27,751
Net OPEB Liability		326		392				718		498
Landfill Site Closure/ Postclosure Liability				14,429		-		14,429		
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension		(14,088)		(17,156)				(31,244)		(19,838)
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB		(404)		(492)				(896)		(622)
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases		(15,044)		1,786				(13,258)		22
Total Adjustments		23,878		38,596		(63)		62,411		44,557
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	35,116	\$	77,578	\$	241	\$	112,935	\$	13,189
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to										
Statement of Net Position Accounts										
Pooled Cash/Investments	\$	341.422	\$	627.092	\$	690	\$	969,204	\$	348,239
	Ψ	120	Ψ	027,092	Ψ	090	Ψ	120	Ψ	2,196
Cash/Cash Equivalents		120		35				49		2,196
Imprest Cash Funds						-				ď
Restricted Pooled Cash/Investments		28,451		16,019		-		44,470		
Restricted Pooled Cash/Investments-Closure and				400.040				400.040		
Postclosure Care Costs	_	070.00=	_	103,840	_		_	103,840	_	
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	370,007	\$	746,986	\$	690	\$	1,117,683	\$	350,443

Schedule of Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:

- The Internal Service Funds' gain of \$229 on disposition of capital assets.

 The Internal Service Funds' received \$99 of capital contributions.

 The Internal Service Funds' acquisition of capital assets with accounts payable is \$652.
- The Internal Service Funds' acquisition of capital assets with retainage payable is \$77.
- The Internal Service Funds' financial purchase liability acquisitions is \$732.
 Internal Service Funds' lease liability for acquisition of lease assets is \$158
- Internal Service Funds' subcription liability for acquisition of lease assets is \$7,737.
- Airport's loss of \$2,096 on disposition of capital assets.
- Airport's lease liability for acquisition of lease assets is \$34.
 Airport's acquisition of capital assets with retainage payable is \$103.
- Airport's acquisition of capital assets with accounts payable is \$2,972.
- Airport's accrued capital grant contribution receivable is \$221.
- Airport's amortization of bond premium is \$6,180.
 Airport's amortization of deferred charge on refunding is \$1,306.
- Airport's loss of \$1,189 on debt defeasance.
- OC Waste & Recycling's gain of \$486 on disposition of capital assets.
 OC Waste & Recycling's acquisition of capital assets with retainage payable is \$2,172.
 OC Waste & Recycling's acquisition of capital assets with accounts payable is \$6,864.
- OC Waste & Recycling's lease liability for acquisition of lease assets is \$27.
 OC Waste & Recycling's subcription liability for acquisition of lease assets is \$403.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

	Purp	rivate- ose Trust Funds		Investment Trust Funds		Pension and OPEB Trust Funds	(Custodial Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Pooled Cash/Investments Cash/Cash Equivalents Securities Lending Collateral Restricted Cash and Investments Restricted Investments with Trustee	\$	73,609 	\$	9,132,497 	\$	3,963 411,606 202,096	\$	327,301 665
Money Market Mutual Funds Global Public Equity		2,355 				 8,817,154		43,804 11,459
Private Equity						3,301,871		
Core Fixed Income Credit						1,634,516 1,750,047		5,245
Real Assets						2,907,077		
Risk Mitigation Unique Strategies						1,757,155 74,365		
Cash Equivalent						730		
Exchange-Traded Funds Mutual Funds						164,379 77,877		
Mutual Bond Funds						6,831		
Stable Value Fund			_		_	34,818		
Total Restricted Cash and Investments Receivables		2,355				20,526,820		60,508
Accounts Investments						 15,320		301
Taxes								263,211
Securities Sales						141,477		
Contributions Interest/Dividends		606		 74,956		15,437 19		76,000
Other Receivables						7,880		
Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables Due from Other Governmental Agencies				 559		 1,958		(48,447) 9,379
Notes Receivable		15,339						
Capital Assets, Net Total Assets		91,909		9,208,012		9,088 21,335,664		688,918
	-	91,909	_	9,200,012		21,333,004		000,910
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Accounts Payable						264,378		9,477
Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable Unearned Contributions						127,098 320,009		
Investment Obligations						204,463		
Bonds Payable Interest Payable		1,406 22						
Unapportioned Interest								42,997
Due to Other Governmental Agencies Unapportioned Taxes		480		28				21,085 146,839
Total Liabilities		1,908		28		915,948		220,398
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Charge on Refunding		9						
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		9				-	-	<u> </u>
NET POSITION								
Restricted for: OPEB Benefits						663,420		17,221
Pension Benefits						19,756,296		
Pool Participants				9,207,984				 4E4 000
Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments Total Net Position	\$	89,992 89,992	\$	9,207,984	\$	20,419,716	\$	451,299 468,520

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Private- Purpose Trust Funds	Investment Trust Funds	Pension and OPEB Trust Funds	Custodial Funds
Additions:				
Contributions to Pension and OPEB				
Employer	\$	\$	\$ 793,626	\$ 655
Employee			272,059	
Contributions to Pooled Investments		13,158,590		1,037,711
Contributions to Private-Purpose Trust	38,140			
Intergovernmental Revenues	10,027			
Other Revenues	5,585	1,201		
Taxes				11,380,854
Investment Earnings				
Interest and Investment Income	1,190	210,412	507,793	485,628
Net Decrease in the Fair Value of Investments	(428)	(4,931)	(2,431,176)	(6,673)
Securities Lending			4,406	
Less: Investment Expense	(15	(3,232)	(153,976)	(84)
Total Additions	54,499	13,362,040	(1,007,268)	12,898,091
Deductions:				
Benefits Paid to Participants			1,259,005	1,466
Distributions from Pooled Investments		11,487,512		1,030,385
Distributions from Private-Purpose Trust	40,812			
Professional Services	621		23,591	6,991
Other Expenses				48,445
Tax Pass-Throughs	212			
Apportioned Taxes				11,799,183
Interest Expense, Net	(50)	<u> </u>		
Total Deductions	41,595	11,487,512	1,282,596	12,886,470
Change in Net Position	12,904	1,874,528	(2,289,864)	11,621
Net Position-Beginning of Year	77,088	7,333,456	22,709,580	456,899
Net Position-End of Year	\$ 89,992	\$ 9,207,984	\$ 20,419,716	\$ 468,520







1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies of the County of Orange (County):

A. Reporting Entity

The County is a legal subdivision of the State of California charged with general governmental powers. The County's powers are exercised through an elected five-member Board of Supervisors (Board), which, as the governing body, is responsible for the legislative and executive control of the County. The County provides a full range of general government services, including police protection, detention and correction, public assistance, health and sanitation, recreation, library, flood control, public ways and facilities, waste management, airport management, and general financial and administrative support.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America, these financial statements present financial information for both the County (the primary government) and its component units, entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the County's operations and the Board is typically their governing body. Therefore, data from these component units are combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. Management applied the criteria of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units-An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14," Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus-An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34," Statement No. 80, "Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units-An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14," and Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities," to determine whether the component units should be reported as blended or discretely presented component units. The criteria included whether the County appoints the voting majority, there is a financial benefit/burden relationship, the County is able to impose its will, the component unit is fiscally dependent on the County, the component unit's governing body is substantially the same as the County, and management of the County have operational responsibility for the activities of the component unit. These criteria were used to determine the following:

Blended Component Units

<u>Orange County Flood Control District</u> The Orange County Board of Supervisors is the governing body of the District. The Board's powers include, but are not limited to, approving the District's budget, levying a tax or assessment upon real property in the District, approving contracts for the District, and appointing County officers to perform additional duties for the District. The District is reported in governmental fund types.

<u>Orange County Housing Authority</u> The governing body of the Authority is the County's governing body. Among its duties, it approves the Authority's budget and policies that govern the administration of housing assistance programs and appoints the management. The Authority is reported in governmental fund types.

Orange County Public Financing Authority The Authority is a joint powers authority of the County and the Orange County Development Agency (OCDA), formed to provide financial assistance to the County by financing the acquisition, construction and improvement of public facilities in the County. The governing body of the Authority is the County's governing body. The Authority is reported in governmental fund types. With the passage of ABX1 26 dissolving redevelopment agencies statewide effective February 1, 2012, the Authority will not issue any new debt.

<u>South Orange County Public Financing Authority</u> The Authority is a joint powers authority of the County and Community Facilities District 88-2 of the County of Orange (Lomas Laguna), formed to provide for the financing of public capital improvements. The governing body of the Authority is the County's governing body. The Authority is reported in governmental fund types.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Units (Continued)

<u>Capital Facilities Development Corporation</u> The Corporation has a three-member governing body that is appointed by the Board. Its purpose is to facilitate financings, acquisitions of property, and other financial and property related transactions, by or for the benefit of the County, including but not limited to purchasing property from or for the benefit of, borrowing or loaning money and selling or leasing property to, and otherwise participating in financial and leasing transactions with the County. The Corporation is reported in governmental fund types.

<u>Orange County Public Facilities Corporation</u> The Corporation has a five-member governing body that is appointed by the Board. It provides services entirely to the County, through the purchases, construction or lease of land and buildings, which are then leased back to the County. The Corporation is reported in governmental fund types.

County Service Areas, Special Assessment Districts, and Community Facilities Districts The governing body of County Service Areas, Special Assessment Districts, and Community Facilities Districts (districts) is the County's governing body. It approves the districts' budgets, and approves parcel fees, special assessments and special taxes. The districts are reported in governmental fund types.

<u>In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS) Public Authority</u> The governing body of the Authority is the County's governing body. The Authority was established by the Board to act as the employer of record for the individual providers for the IHSS program. The duties of the Authority include collective bargaining for the individual providers, establishing a registry of providers, investigating the background of providers and providing training to IHSS providers and consumers. The Authority is reported in governmental fund types.

Fiduciary Component Unit

Orange County Employee Retirement System (OCERS) OCERS is a public retirement system established in 1945 that administers the County's retirement and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plans in accordance with the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937 and the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) of 2013. OCERS was determined to be a fiduciary component unit of the County based on the guidelines of GASB Statement No. 84. It is reported in the Pension and OPEB Trust Funds and Custodial Fund Fiduciary financial statements. OCERS issues a stand-alone financial report with year-end December 31 and is available online at www.ocers.org or in writing if requested to the Orange County Employees Retirement System, P.O. Box 1229, Santa Ana, CA 92702.

Discretely Presented Component Units

<u>First 5 Orange County</u> First 5 Orange County (formerly Children and Families Commission of Orange County) is administered by a governing board of nine members, who are appointed by the Board. Its purpose is to develop, adopt, promote and implement early childhood development programs in the County. It is funded by additional State taxes on tobacco products which were approved by California voters via Prop 10 in November 1998. First 5 Orange County is presented as a discretely presented component unit of the County because, although the County Board has no control over the revenues, budgets, staff, or funding decisions made by First 5 Orange County, the appointed First 5 Orange County members serve at the will of the Board members who appoint them. A separate stand-alone annual financial report can be obtained by writing to First 5 Orange County, 1505 E. 17th Street, Suite 230, Santa Ana, CA 92705, or by accessing Orange County's website: <u>ocauditor.gov</u>.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units (Continued)

Orange County Health Authority, a Public Agency/dba Orange Prevention and Treatment Integrated Medical Assistance (CalOptima Health) The Board established CalOptima Health in 1993. The governing board of CalOptima Health is comprised of nine voting members and includes two County Board members and County Board member alternate; all other members are appointed by the Board. This is a County organized health system whose purpose is to administer health insurance programs for low-income families, children, seniors, and persons with disabilities throughout the County. These programs include Medi-Cal, OneCare (HMO D-SNP), and Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE). CalOptima Health is presented as a discretely presented component unit of the County because, although the County Board has no control over the revenues, budgets, staff, or funding decisions made by CalOptima Health, the appointed CalOptima Health members serve at the will of the Board members who appoint them. CalOptima Health will continue until such time as the Board takes action to terminate CalOptima Health. A separate stand-alone annual financial report can be obtained by writing to CalOptima Health, 505 City Parkway West, Orange, CA 92868 or can be accessed via the website http://wpso.dmhc.ca.gov/fe/search/.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements report deferred outflows of resources, long-term liabilities and capital assets. Depreciation/amortization expense and accumulated depreciation/amortization are displayed on the government-wide financial statements. The capital assets and related depreciation/amortization include the costs and depreciation of infrastructure assets.

The fund financial statements for the governmental funds are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Fund financial statements are shown separately for specific major governmental funds and in total for all other governmental funds. Fund financial statements for proprietary funds are reported under the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. Major enterprise funds are shown separately, with internal service funds shown in total. Financial data for the internal service funds is included with the governmental funds for presentation in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary funds are displayed by category in the fund financial statements, but are not reported in the government-wide financial statements, because the assets of these funds are not available to the County.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments" (GASB Statement No. 34), as amended by GASB Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position" (GASB Statement No. 63), mandates the presentation of two basic government-wide financial statements:

- Statement of Net Position
- Statement of Activities

The scope of the government-wide financial statements is to report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Government activities, which are normally supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, other nonexchange revenues, and business-type activities, which are financed by fees charged to external parties for goods and services, are reported in separate columns with a combined total column presented for the primary government. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component units, First 5 Orange County and CalOptima Health, for which the primary government is financially accountable. The government-wide Statement of Net Position displays the financial position of the primary government, in this case, the County and its discretely presented component units. The Statement of Net Position reports the County's financial and capital resources, including infrastructure, as well as the County's long-term obligations. The difference between the County's assets plus deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is its net position. Net position represents the resources that the County has available for use in providing services after its debt or other obligations are settled.

These resources may not be readily available or spendable and consequently are classified into the following categories of net position in the government-wide financial statements:

- <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> This amount is derived by subtracting the outstanding liabilities incurred by the County, including debt-related deferred outflows and inflows of resources, to buy or construct capital assets shown in the Statement of Net Position, net of depreciation and amortization.
- Restricted Net Position This category represents restrictions imposed on the use of the County's resources by parties outside of the government or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All of the County's net position restrictions are externally imposed by outside parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Examples of restricted net position include federal and state grants that are restricted by grant agreements for specific purposes and restricted cash set aside for debt service payments. At June 30, 2023, the County's governmental activities reported restricted net position of \$1,940,918 and is restricted for pension benefits related to the OCERS Investment Account, capital projects, debt service, legally segregated funds restricted for grants and other purposes, and regional park endowment. Restricted Net Position for business-type activities amounted to \$63,614 and is restricted for the use of John Wayne Airport (Airport) and OC Waste & Recycling activities, including passenger facility charges (PFC), landfill closure/postclosure, landfill corrective action, and wetland. At June 30, 2023, the County reported \$30,663 of net position restricted by enabling legislation related to the Airport's PFC.
- <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> These assets are resources of the County that can be used for any purpose, though they may not necessarily be liquid. In addition, assets in a fund that exceed the amounts required to be restricted by external parties or enabling legislation are reported as unrestricted net position (deficit). When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The government-wide Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues and the extent to which the function or segment is supported by general government revenues, such as property taxes, local unrestricted sales taxes, and investment earnings. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect expenses are allocated to match the reimbursement of indirect costs recorded as program revenues to the same function where the related expense is recorded. Program revenues include:

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

- Charges and fees to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, including fines, forfeitures, and penalties related to the program
- · Operating grants and contributions
- Capital grants and contributions, including special assessments

Taxes and other items such as unrestricted investment earnings (loss) not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds. The financial information of each major fund is shown in a separate column in the fund financial statements, with the data for all nonmajor governmental funds aggregated into a single column and all nonmajor proprietary funds aggregated into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34, as amended by GASB Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities" (GASB Statement No. 65), sets forth minimum criteria (specified minimum percentages of the assets plus deferred outflows of resources, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of a fund category and of the governmental and enterprise funds combined) for the determination of major funds. In addition to funds that meet the minimum criteria, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the government believes is of particular importance to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund This fund accounts for resources traditionally associated with government and all other resources, which are not required legally, or by sound financial management, to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are primarily derived from taxes; licenses, permits and franchises; fines, forfeitures and penalties; use of money and property; intergovernmental revenues; charges for services; and other revenues. Expenditures are primarily expended for functions of general government, public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, capital outlay, and debt service.

<u>Flood Control District</u> This fund accounts for the planning, construction, operation, and maintenance of regional flood protection and water conservation works, such as dams, control channels, retarding basins, and other flood control infrastructure, charges for services revenue, along with property taxes restricted for flood control activities, provide most of this fund's revenues.

Other Public Protection This fund accounts for revenues restricted for safety and law enforcement activities such as the child support program, automated fingerprint identification systems, and investigation team. Revenues consist primarily of federal grants, state grants, fines, use of money and property, and charges for services.

Mental Health Services Act This fund accounts for the County's mental health programs for children, transition age youth, adults, older adults and families pursuant to the State of California Mental Health Services Act. Revenues consist primarily from a 1% income tax on personal income in excess of one million dollars.

The County reports the following proprietary enterprise funds:

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

<u>Airport</u> This major fund accounts for major construction and for self-supporting aviation-related activities rendered at John Wayne Airport, Orange County. The airport's staff coordinates and administers general business activities related to the Airport, including concessions, commercial and general aviation operations, leased property, auto parking, and aircraft tie-down facilities.

OC Waste & Recycling This major fund accounts for the operation, expansion, and closing of existing landfills. Monies are collected through landfill disposal fees, which users pay based primarily on tonnage.

<u>Compressed Natural Gas (CNG)</u> This nonmajor fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the CNG facility. Revenues consist primarily of CNG sales to both the County and the public.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> The County reports nine Internal Service Fund types. These proprietary funds are used to report activities that provide goods or services to other funds of the County. These funds account for fleet services, publishing services, and other services (including claims for workers' compensation, property damage, information & technology, insurance and various health programs) provided to other County departments or agencies. The Internal Service Funds receive revenues on a cost-reimbursement basis.

<u>Fiduciary Fund Types</u> The County has a total of 424 individual trust and custodial funds for FY 2022-23. These trust and custodial funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties including other governments. They also include funds to account for financial activities of Pension and OPEB Plans administered by OCERS. When these assets are held under the terms of a formal trust agreement, a private-purpose trust, pension trust or OPEB trust fund is used. An investment trust fund is used for the portion of the County investment pool representing external pool participants, whose assets are deemed to be held in trust by the County's Treasurer. Custodial funds are used to account for assets that the County holds on behalf of others as their agent.

The County reports the following trust and custodial funds:

<u>Private-Purpose Trust</u> These funds are used to account for trust arrangements where the principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Examples of private-purpose trusts include unidentified funds, unclaimed prisoner funds, and decedents' property held for escheatment. Also included are the County accounts for the former redevelopment agency.

Investment Trust (Orange County Treasurer's Pool)

Orange County Investment Pool

These funds are used to account for assets, consisting primarily of cash and investments, of separate legal entities, other than school and community college districts, which participate in the County Treasurer's Investment Pool, and includes debt reserves for school and community college districts.

Orange County Educational Investment Pool

These funds are used to account for assets, consisting primarily of cash and investments, of school and community college districts that participate in the County Treasurer's External Educational Investment Pool.

<u>Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Trust</u> The County reports nine Pension and OPEB Trust funds, which includes three trust funds under OCERS, the County's fiduciary component unit. These trust funds are used to account for resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of defined benefit and defined contribution pension and OPEB plans.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

<u>Custodial Funds</u> These funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds, such as funds to hold property taxes and special assessments collected on behalf of various local governments, monies held in the Redevelopment Property Tax Trust funds, civil filing fees, and special assessment districts debt service funds. They also include the Orange County Transportation Agency, which is an OCERS custodial fund that is used to account for the Health Care Plan established in accordance with Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 115. The County's custodial funds use the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. Receivables are reported net of allowances for uncollectible receivables in the Statement of Net Position. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

For purposes of not overstating the true costs and program revenues reported for the various functions, interfund activities (e.g. interfund transfers and interfund reimbursements) have been eliminated from the government-wide Statement of Activities. Exceptions to the general rule are interfund services provided and used between functions, such as charges for auditing and accounting fees between the general government function and various other functions of the primary government. Elimination of these interfund activities would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Additionally, only the interfund transfers between governmental and business-type activities are reported in the Statement of Activities.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are used to report all governmental activities that are not primarily self-funded by fees or charges to external users or other funds and are not fiduciary activities. These activities include the County's basic services to its citizenry and to other agencies, including general government, public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education, and recreation and cultural services. There are five types of governmental funds:

- General Fund
- Special Revenue Funds
- Capital Projects Funds
- Debt Service Funds
- Permanent Fund

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method of accounting, revenues and other governmental fund type financial resources (e.g., bond issuance proceeds) are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual-that is, when they become both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues that are accrued include real and personal property taxes, sales taxes, property taxes in-lieu of motor vehicle license fees, fines, forfeitures and penalties, interest, federal and state grants and subventions, charges for current services, and the portion of long-term sales contracts and leases receivable that are measurable and available and where collectability is assured. Revenues that are not considered susceptible to accrual include penalties on delinquent property taxes and minor licenses and permits. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met, provided that the revenues are also available. If intergovernmental revenues are expected to be received later than 60 days following the end of the fiscal year, then a receivable is recorded along with deferred inflows of resources. Once the intergovernmental revenue is received, revenue and cash are recorded, and the receivable and deferred inflows of resources are eliminated. Receipts that have not met all of the earning requirements are reported as unearned revenue received. Refer to Note 21, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources for additional information.

Most expenditures are recorded when the related fund liabilities are incurred. However, inventory type items are considered expenditures at the time of use and principal and interest expenditures on bonded debt, financed purchases, leases and subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) are recorded in the year they become due for payment. Costs of claims, judgments, compensated employee absences and employer pension contributions are recorded as expenditures at fiscal year-end if they are due and payable. The related long-term obligation is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Commitments such as purchase orders and contracts for materials and services are recorded as encumbrances. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts, giving the County the right to use leased assets, are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases are reported as other financing sources.

Because the fund financial statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is presented to explain the adjustments necessary to reconcile fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds are used to account for business-type activities, which are financed mainly by fees and charges to users of the services provided by the funds' operations. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

There are two types of proprietary funds:

- Enterprise Funds
- Internal Service Funds

The County has three enterprise funds: Airport, OC Waste & Recycling, and CNG. The principal operating revenues of the Airport, OC Waste & Recycling, and CNG enterprise funds are charges to customers for (1) landing fees, terminal space rental, auto parking, concessions, revenue from use of property, revenue from services, and aircraft tie-down fees, (2) disposal fees charged to users of the waste disposal sites, and (3) natural gas sales, respectively.

Internal Service Funds are used to report activities that provide goods or services to other funds of the County. The internal service funds receive revenues through cost-reimbursements of the goods and

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

services provided to other County departments and agencies. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation and amortization on capital assets.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee or custodial capacity and cannot be used to support the County's own programs. They are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

D. <u>Budget Adoption and Revision</u>

No later than October 2nd of each year, after conducting public hearings concerning the recommended budget, the Board adopts a budget in accordance with Government Code Sections 29000-29144 and 30200. The County publishes the results of this initial budgeting process in a separate report, the "Adopted Budget," which specifies all accounts established within each fund, department and budget control (a collection of account numbers necessary to fund a certain division or set of goal related activities) and will not include the carried forward prior year encumbrances. However, the original and final budget amounts presented in the financial statements may differ due to the inclusion of the carried forward prior year encumbrances.

Throughout the year, the original budget is adjusted to reflect increases or decreases in revenues and changes in fund balance, offset by an equal amount of adjustments to appropriations. Department heads are authorized to approve appropriation transfers within a fund, department and budget control. However, appropriation transfers between funds/departments/budget controls require approval of the Board. Accordingly, the lowest level of budgetary control exercised by the County's governing body is the fund, department, and budget control level.

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP except for the general fund and major special revenue funds as detailed in the Budgetary Comparison Statement reconciliation between the budgetary basis and GAAP basis. Budgeted governmental funds consist of the general fund, major funds, and other nonmajor governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements are prepared only for the general fund and major special revenue funds (listed below) for which the County legally adopts annual budgets, and are presented as part of the basic financial statements. The County did not legally adopt annual budgets for the Capital Facilities Development Corporation Fund, South OC Public Financing Authority Fund, and Capital Facilities Construction Fund. The budgetary comparison statements provide three separate types of information: (1) the original budget, which is the first complete appropriated budget; (2) the final amended budget, which includes all legally authorized changes regardless of when they occurred; and (3) the actual revenues and expenditures during the year for budget-to-actual comparisons. The actual comparisons are presented on a budgetary basis and will not compare to the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance.

The major special revenue fund Budgetary Comparison Statements reported by the County in the Basic Financial Statements are:

- Flood Control District
- Other Public Protection
- Mental Health Services Act

The intent of preparing the Budgetary Comparison Statement reconciliation is to provide the reader with a more complete understanding and appreciation for the difference between budgetary revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses presented in the Budgetary Comparison Statements and the revenues, expenditures, and other financing sources (uses) reported on the Statement

D. Budget Adoption and Revision (Continued)

of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, which is prepared in accordance with GAAP. The major areas of difference are as follows:

- Under the budgetary basis, investment income is recognized on an amortized cost basis. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools" (GASB Statement No. 31), all investment income, including changes in fair value (gains/losses) of investments, are recognized as investment income.
- Under the budgetary basis, revenues are normally recorded when earned. For GAAP basis, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions" (GASB Statement No. 33), and GASB Statement No. 65, all nonexchange transactions, such as government-mandated nonexchange transactions and voluntary nonexchange transactions, can be accrued only if they are measurable and "available." "Available" has been defined by GASB Statement No. 33 as "collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period." The County has established the availability period as 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. In order to ensure all transactions for the current fiscal year meet this criterion, the County analyzes revenue receipts through August 31 and records adjustments to deferred inflows of resources for transactions that are not collected.
- GASB Statement No. 84 establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities for accounting and
 financial reporting purposes. For the GAAP financial statements, an adjustment to record publicpurpose trust monies as revenue in the benefitting funds is recorded for funds which continue to be
 accounted for as fiduciary funds on a budgetary basis, but do not meet the definition of a fiduciary
 fund.
- Under the budgetary basis, intrafund transfers are recognized as other financing sources (uses). For the GAAP financial statements, intrafund transfers are eliminated to minimize the "grossing-up" of intrafund transfers.
- Under the budgetary basis, interfund reimbursements or repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are recorded as revenues in the payer fund. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, an adjustment to eliminate interfund reimbursements is recorded for the GAAP financial statements.
- In accordance with GAAP, the County has established guidelines for recording expenditure accruals. In order to reasonably ensure that accruals for current fiscal year transactions are materially accurate, the County performs an analysis to identify expenditure accruals for the GAAP financial statements.
- The OC Animal Care Center used cash basis to record money it received from invoicing due to the low collection rate. Per GAAP, the receivables and the amount of the allowance for the doubtful accounts should be recorded.
- Under the budgetary basis, lease rental payments were recorded in the Information Technology Internal Service Fund (ISF). Per GAAP, the lease payments were reclassed to the fund where the financed purchase liability is recorded.
- Under a budgetary basis, the County bills department for their portion of the pension required contribution to OCERS and recognizes the portion that is not forwarded to OCERS as revenue because the County Investment Account at OCERS funded this portion of the required contribution. For the GAAP financial statements, the County reclassified the budgeted revenue for the portion of the required contribution funded by the County Investment Account to reduce expenditures.
- For the GAAP financial statements, the County recorded an expenditure and other financing source for the period the lease/subscription is initially recognized for the present value of the payments expected to be made during the lease/subscription term.

D. <u>Budget Adoption and Revision (Continued)</u>

The following schedule shows the Budgetary Comparison Statement reconciliation between the budgetary basis and GAAP basis for the General Fund and major special revenue funds:

	General Fund		Flood Control District	Other Public Protection	Mental Health Services Act
Actual Revenues and Other Financing Sources from the Budgetary Comparison Statements Differences-budget to GAAP:	\$	4,730,831	\$ 249,388	\$ 65,066	\$ 172,016
Change in unrealized gain(loss) on investment		(1,759)	2,039	733	2,289
Adjustment to report redirected investment income as transfers			·	41	
Adjustment of revenue accruals for 60 day recognition period		18,568	(802)	(764)	
Adjustment to record Public-Purpose Trust Fund monies			, ,	, ,	
as revenue in benefitting fund		36	16		
Adjustment to eliminate intrafund transfers		(16,083)	(40,551)	(1,835)	
Reclassification of direct billing reimbursements paid by fund for the					
benefit of other funds		7,751	(1,230)		
Revenues and Other Financing Sources for non-budgeted funds are					
excluded in the Budgetary Comparison Statements				1,225	
Recognition of outstanding invoices for OC Animal Care Center		456			
Reclassification of Other Revenues to an Expenditure for portion of pension					
obligation bonds funded by the County Investment Account with OCERS		(10,548)			
Reclass ISF financed purchase rental to General Fund		133			
Record Lessee/Lessor activities		72,966	525		
Record Subscription Liabilities activities		23,490		132	
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as Reported on the Statement					-
of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	\$	4,825,841	\$ 209,385	\$ 64,598	\$ 174,305
Actual Expenditures and Other Financing Uses from the Budgetary	•				• •••
Comparison Statements	\$	4,691,885 \$	252,252	\$ 73,445	\$ 295,594
Differences-budget to GAAP:					
Adjustment to report redirected investment income as transfers		(500.470)		41	
Adjustment of expenditure accruals for timing differences		(529,170)	368	(4.005)	
Adjustment to eliminate intrafund transfers		(16,083)	(40,551)	(1,835)	
Reclassification of direct billing reimbursements paid by fund for the		7 754	(4.000)		
benefit of other funds		7,751	(1,230)		
Reclassification of Other Revenues to an Expenditure for portion of pension		(40 F40)			
obligation bonds funded by the County Investment Account with OCERS		(10,548)			
Reclass ISF financed purchase rental to General Fund Record Lessee/Lessor activities		133 73,075	 19	-	
Record Subscription Liabilities activities		23,490		132	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses as Reported on the Statement	_	20,700		132	
of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	\$	4,240,533	\$ 210,858	\$ 71,783	\$ 295,594

E. Fund Balance

The County applies GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" (GASB Statement No. 54) for financial statement purposes. The intent of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions.

The balance sheet reports the following five different classifications of fund balance:

Nonspendable Fund Balance Amounts that are not in a spendable form, such as long-term receivables, inventory or prepaid costs, or that are required to be maintained intact, such as the corpus of an endowment fund. The County's Regional Park Endowment Permanent Fund reports the original donation as nonspendable in accordance with donor requirements.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> Amounts constrained to specific purposes by a formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority. The constraint remains binding unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint. The Board is the County's highest level of decision-making authority. The highest level of formal action to commit resources is an ordinance.

Assigned Fund Balance Amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose that are neither restricted nor committed; intent can be expressed by the governing body (Board) or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates authority (CEO, County Department Heads, and County Purchasing Agent). The County's budget development guidelines provide the policy that is used by all County departments to determine the designation of assigned fund balance. Assigned fund balance includes the aggregation of resources for capital projects, which are expected to develop in future periods and fund balance reserved for outstanding contractual obligations for which goods and services have not yet been received or approved by the Board for appropriation in FY 2022-23, through the County's budget process.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> Residual amounts within the General Fund in excess of what can be properly classified in one of the four other fund balance classifications. Within all other governmental funds, unassigned fund balance is comprised of the negative residual in excess of what can be properly classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed.

With regards to the hierarchy for spending, when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the County's policy is to spend restricted fund balance before unrestricted fund balance. When committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance is available for the same specific purpose, the County's policy is to expend fund balance according to the following priority: committed, assigned, and then unassigned.

Following are detailed descriptions within each fund balance classification reported in the balance sheet:

E. Fund Balance (Continued)

	General Fund	Flood Control District	Other Public Protection	Mental Health Services Act	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:	A 4.000	A 500	•	٠	•	0.450
Inventory	\$ 1,326			\$	\$	\$ 2,153
Prepaid costs	849				200	849
Endowment Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	2,175	532	295	· 	200	3,202
	2,173	302		•	200	3,202
Restricted for:	201711					004744
Public Safety Realignment	284,714					284,714
Flood Control District		147,750				147,750
Flood Control District-Construction & Maintenance	-	111,004				111,004
Flood Control District-Project Management	-	64,087				64,087
OC Flood Santa Ana River Mainstem/Prado Dam		105.042		_		125.042
Capital Project	-	125,043				125,043
Building & Safety Operating Reserve Motor Vehicle Theft Task Force			5,066			5,066
Child Support Program Development			3,112 14,226			3,112 14,226
Clerk Recorder Special Revenue	-		12,911			12,911
Clerk Recorder Operating Reserve	-		13,749			13,749
Sheriff-Coroner Replacement & Maintenance			21,931			21,931
Sheriff-Coroner State Criminal Alien Assistance Program			2,776			2,776
Excess Public Safety Sales Tax		-	9,793			9,793
CAL-ID System Costs	-		60,479			60,479
Jail Commissary			4,206			4,206
Inmate Welfare			12,173			12,173
800 MHz Countywide Coordinated			12,170			12,170
Communications System			2,151			2,151
Prop 64-Consumer Protection			5,395			5,395
Supplemental Law Enforcement Services			3,509			3,509
Regional Narcotics Suppression Program			15,894			15,894
Other Public Safety Programs			8,055			8,055
Mental Health Services Workforce Education & Training				36,484		36,484
Mental Health Services Prevention & Early Intervention				60,028		60,028
Mental Health Services General				18,612		18,612
OC Dana Point Harbor Projects					63,648	63,648
Community and Welfare Services					124,666	124,666
Low and Moderate Income Housing Program					29,528	29,528
Health Care Programs					21,093	21,093
Parking Facilities					3,856	3,856
Roads					155,920	155,920
OC Road-Capital Improvement					86,922	86,922
Major Thoroughfare & Bridge Fee Program					18,648	18,648
Public Libraries					114,974	114,974
OC Parks					86,625	86,625
OC Parks-Capital Projects					28,005	28,005
County Tidelands-Newport Bay					10,495	10,495
Service Areas, Lighting, Maintenance						
and Assessment Districts					31,518	31,518
Other Environmental Management					11,164	11,164
Tobacco Settlement Programs					23,272	23,272
Opioid Settlement Programs					674	674
Housing Programs					26,986	26,986
Technological & Capital Acquisitions/Improvements					1,870	1,870
Endowment					174	174
South OC Public Financing Authority					136	136
Teeter Plan Notes					26,462	26,462
Capital Facilities Development Corporation					23	23
Capital Projects:						
Criminal Justice Facilities Improvement	 0 0017::	A 447.001	A 405 400		14,581	14,581
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 284,714	\$ 447,884	\$ 195,426	\$ 115,124	\$ 881,240	\$ 1,924,388

E. Fund Balance (Continued)

	G	eneral Fund		Flood Control District	F	Other Public Protection		Mental Health Services Act	Go	Other vernmental Funds	G	Total Governmental Funds
Assigned to:												
General Services:												
General Services-Operations	\$	26,140	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	26,140
Imprest Cash		1,847								45		1,892
Public Safety		40,564										40,564
Public Works		3,002										3,002
Watershed Programs		3,829										3,829
Social Services Programs		5,020										5,020
Health Care Programs		622								13,588		14,211
OC CARES Initiative		214,448										214,448
Affordable Housing and Support Services		45,678										45,678
OC Care Coordination		6,074										6,074
Teeter Plan Notes										117,160		117,160
Capital Projects:												
Strategic Priorties Capital Projects		125,400										125,400
Financial/Procurement/HR Payroll System Upgrade		26,169										26,169
OC CARES-Capital and Deferred Mainteance Projects/ADA		22,323										22,323
Emergency Medical Services Operating Facility		78,865										78,865
Sheriff-Coroner Renovation & Upgrade Projects		24,465										24,465
Sheriff-Coroner Maintenance Repair		4,000										4,000
Various IT/CAPS+ Upgrade projects		5,711										5,711
Veterans Cemetery		19,084										19,084
Countywide Projects										214,386		214,386
Parking Facilities										4,363		4,363
Real Estate Development										8,198		8,198
Community and Welfare Services										23,012		23,012
Total Assigned Fund Balance		653,241								380,752		1,033,993
Unassigned		772,383										772,383
Total Unassigned Fund Balance		772,383	_		_		_	-				772,383
Total Fund Balances	\$	1,712,513	\$	448,416	\$	195,721	\$	115,124	\$	1,262,192	\$	3,733,966

Annually, the Board adopts a five-year Strategic Financial Plan (SFP). The County of Orange SFP includes a policy for Fund Balance Unassigned (FBU) that eliminates FBU as a funding source for the next year's budget as a significant step toward reducing structural reliance on one-time funds. Positive variances in estimated FBU are to be added to strategic reserves, consistent with the Board policy. The assigned fund balance includes funding approved by the Board as part of the April 25, 2023 Budget Update. These funds were transferred to other governmental funds in July 2023.

F. Cash and Investments

The County's cash and investments are called the Orange County Investment Fund (OCIF), which includes all cash and investment balances entrusted to the Treasurer and may include cash on hand, demand deposits, restricted cash, investments in Orange County Treasurer's Pool (OCTP) and specific investments. For reporting purposes, OCTP is further divided into the Orange County Investment Pool (OCIP) and the Orange County Educational Investment Pool (OCEIP), the latter of which is utilized exclusively by the County's public school and community college districts. The OCTP is maintained for the County, Educational Districts and other Non-County government entities for the purpose of benefiting from economies of scale through pooled investment activities.

The County has reported investment values at fair value in the accompanying financial statements, using the fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by GASB Statement No. 72 "Fair Value Measurement and Application" (GASB Statement No. 72).

F. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Proceeds from County-issued bonds are held by trustees and are invested in instruments authorized by the respective trust agreements may include money market mutual funds, investment agreements, repurchase agreements, and U.S. Government securities. All investments are measured at fair value. The trustees generally use an independent service to value those securities.

Participants' shares are valued using an amortized cost basis and income is distributed to participants based on their relative participation during the period. Income is calculated based on (1) realized investment gains and losses calculated on an amortized cost basis, (2) interest income based on stated rates (both paid and accrued), (3) amortization of discounts and premiums on a straight-line basis, and reduced by (4) actual investment administrative cost of such investing, depositing or handling of funds. This method differs from the fair value method used to value investments in this statement because the amortized cost method is not designed to distribute to participants all unrealized gains and losses in the fair values of the pools' investments. Refer to Note 4, Cash and Investments for additional information.

The investments in the Retiree Medical Defined Benefit Trust are managed by OCERS and are reported at fair value. Refer to Note 20, Other Postemployment Benefits, to obtain OCERS stand-alone annual financial statements.

G. <u>Inventory of Materials and Supplies</u>

Inventories consist of expendable materials and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are valued at cost, which is determined on a moving weighted-average basis. Applicable fund balances are non-spendable for amounts equal to the inventories on hand at the end of the fiscal year, as these amounts are not available for appropriation and expenditure. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures/expenses when issued to user departments.

H. Prepaid Costs

The County may pay for certain types of services in advance, such as pension costs and rents, and recognizes these expenditures/expenses when consumed.

Prepaid costs in the government-wide financial statements include the prepaid costs reported in the fund financial statements, reduced for 50% of the prepaid asset related to the pension contribution after the measurement date in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" (GASB Statement No. 68) and GASB Statement No. 71 "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date" (GASB Statement No. 71). Refer to Note 19, Retirement Plans for additional information.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined as assets of a long-term character that are intended to be held or used in operations, such as land, land improvements, structures and improvements, equipment, intangible, intangible right-to-use lease and SBITAs assets, and infrastructure. Infrastructure assets are grouped by categories that include flood channels, roads, bridges, trails, traffic signals, watersheds, and harbors.

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Intangible right-to-use assets are recorded at the present value of future lease/subscription payments over the contract/subscription term. In the case of SBITAs, capitalizable initial implementation costs are included as well. The County's capitalization thresholds shown in the following table are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

I. Capital Assets (Continued)

Asset Type	Capitalization Threshold
Land	\$ 0
Land Improvements	\$150
Structures and Improvements	\$150
Equipment	\$ 5
Intangible:	
Software (Commercially Acquired)	\$ 5
All Other	\$150
Intangible Right-To-Use Asset:	
Lease Equipment	\$10
Lease IT Equipment	\$10
Lease Structure and Improvements	\$ O
Lease Land	\$ O
SBITAs	\$10
Infrastructure	\$150

Depreciation and amortization are calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. Intangible right-to-use lease and SBITA assets are amortized over the shorter of lease/subscription term or the estimated useful life of the asset. No depreciation or amortization is provided on construction in progress or intangible assets in progress, respectively, until the project is completed and the asset is placed into service. Estimated useful lives of structures and improvements, equipment, intangibles, and infrastructure are as follows:

Land Improvements	10 to 20 years
Structures and Improvements	5 to 60 years
Equipment	2 to 40 years
Intangibles:	
Computer Software	2 to 20 years
Intangible Right-To-Use Assets:	·
Lease Equipment	2 to 5 years
Lease IT Equipment	2 to 3 years
Lease Structures and Improvements	2 to 28 years
Lease Land	6 to 13 years
SBITAs	2 to 5 years
Infrastructure:	
Flood Channels	20 to 100 years
Roads	10 to 20 years
Bridges	50 to 75 years
Trails	20 to 75 years
Traffic Signals	15 to 75 years
Harbors	20 to 50 years
Airport-Runways, Taxiways, and Aprons	15 to 60 years
OC Waste & Recycling-Cell Development, Drainage Channels,	
Facility Improvements, Habitat, Landfill Gas/Environmental,	
Closure/Other Earthwork	2 to 153 years

Maintenance and repair costs are expensed in the period incurred. Expenditures that materially increase the capacity or efficiency or extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized and depreciated. Upon the sale or retirement of the capital asset, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the Statement of Activities and Proprietary Funds' Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position.

I. Capital Assets (Continued)

An impairment loss of capital assets is measured using one of several allowable methodologies based on the reason for the impairment, which is reported net of insurance recovery, and is reported as a program or operating expense, special item or extraordinary item, depending on the circumstances.

J. Leases

GASB Statement No. 87 defines a lease as a contract that transfers the right to use another entity's asset for a specific period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The County has entered into various lease agreements, primarily for office buildings, office equipment and other equipment. Under these contracts, the County recognizes a lease liability and a lease asset (intangible right-to-use asset) at the commencement of the lease term in the government-wide financial statements or Proprietary Funds' Statement of Net Position. The lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives). The lease asset is measured at the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs.

Likewise, the County leases its real property, structures and improvements to others, which include the Airport's non-cancellable leases with air carriers and concessionaires, OC Waste & Recycling landfill gas lease agreements, and other recreational boating, golf course, retail, restaurants, and commercial operations at County parks and facilities. Under these contracts, the County recognizes a leases receivable and a deferred inflows of resources at the commencement of the lease term in the fund financial statements. The leases receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. The deferred inflows of resources is measured at the value of the leases receivable plus any payments received at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods.

An amendment to a lease contract is considered a lease modification, unless the lessee's right to use the underlying asset decreases, in which case it is considered a partial or full lease termination. A lease termination is accounted for by reducing the carrying values of the lease liability and lease asset by a lessee, or the leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources by the lessor, with any difference being recognized as a gain or loss.

The future lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease contract. If the interest rate is not available, the County uses its incremental borrowing rate determined by CEO Budget and Finance. The lease term is determined by the sum of the non-cancelable periods, plus renewal options when they are reasonably certain of being exercised or early termination options when they are reasonably certain of not being exercised.

K. Subscription-Based IT Arrangements (SBITA)

GASB Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements" (GASB Statement No. 96) defines a SBITA as a contract that transfers the right to use another entity's subscription asset for a specific period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The County has entered into various SBITA agreements, primarily for Software as a Service (SaaS), Platform as a Service (PaaS), and Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS). Under these contracts, the County recognizes a SBITA liability and a SBITA asset (intangible right-to-use SBITA asset) at the commencement of the SBITA term in the government-wide financial statements or Proprietary Funds' Statement of Net Position. The SBITA liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the SBITA term (less any SBITA incentives). The SBITA asset is measured at the amount of the initial measurement of the SBITA term and any capitalizable initial implementation costs.

K. Subscription-Based IT Arrangements (SBITA) (Continued)

An amendment to a SBITA contract is considered a SBITA modification, unless the County's right to use the underlying asset decreases, in which case it is considered a partial or full SBITA termination. A SBITA termination is accounted for by reducing the carrying values of the SBITA liability and SBITA asset by the County, with any difference being recognized as a gain or loss.

The future SBITA payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the SBITA contract. If the interest rate is not available, the County uses its incremental borrowing rate determined by CEO Budget and Finance. The SBITA term is determined by the sum of the non-cancelable periods, plus renewal options when they are reasonably certain of being exercised or early termination options when they are reasonably certain of not being exercised.

L. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The County reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources in its governmental, proprietary, fiduciary, and government-wide financial statements. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future period. Refer to Note 21, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources for a detailed listing of the deferred inflows and outflows of resources the County has recognized.

M. Self-Insurance

The County is self-insured for general and automobile liability claims, workers' compensation claims, and for claims arising under the County self-insured PPO Health Plans, short-term disability plans, dental plan, Reserve Deputy Sheriff accidental death and dismemberment plan, and unemployment benefits program. Liabilities are accrued based upon case reserves, development of known claims, incurred but not reported claims and allocated and unallocated loss adjustment expenses. For additional information, refer to Note 17, Self-Insurance.

N. Property Taxes

The provisions of the California Constitution and Revenue and Taxation Code govern assessment, collection, and apportionment of real and personal property taxes. Real and personal property taxes are computed by applying approved property tax rates to the assessed value of properties as determined by the County Assessor, in the case of locally assessed property and as determined by the State Board of Equalization in the case of state-assessed properties. Property taxes are levied annually, with the exception of the supplemental property taxes, which are levied when supplemental assessment events, such as sales of property or new construction, take place.

The County collects property taxes on behalf of all property tax-receiving agencies in Orange County. Property tax-receiving agencies include the school districts, cities, special districts not governed by the Board, special districts governed by the Board, redevelopment successor agencies, and the County General Fund.

Property taxes receivables are recorded as of the date levied in property tax unapportioned funds, which are classified as custodial funds. When collected, the property taxes are deposited into the County Treasury in the property tax unapportioned funds, where they are held in the unapportioned taxes liability accounts pending periodic apportionment to the tax-receiving agencies. The property tax unapportioned funds are included in the custodial funds category of the County's fund financial statements because the unapportioned taxes are collected and held on behalf of other governmental agencies.

Property tax collections are apportioned (disbursed) to the tax-receiving agencies periodically from the tax unapportioned funds based on various factors including statutory requirements, materiality of collections

N. Property Taxes (Continued)

received, tax delinquency dates, the type of property tax roll unapportioned fund (e.g. secured, unsecured, supplemental, delinquent secured, delinquent unsecured, delinquent supplemental, homeowners' property tax subvention, or state-assessed properties, etc.), and cash flow needs of the tax-receiving agencies. Property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year for which they are levied, provided they are due within the fiscal year and collected within 60 days after the fiscal year-end. Property tax revenues are also recognized for unsecured and supplemental property taxes that are due at year-end, and are collected within 60 days after the fiscal year-end, but will not be apportioned until the next fiscal year due to the timing of the tax apportionment schedule. The County's portion of the unapportioned taxes at June 30, 2023 is allocated to and recorded in the corresponding funds for reporting purposes.

Unsecured and supplemental property tax levies that are due within the fiscal year but are unpaid at fiscal year-end, are recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the fund-level financial statements, and recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements. The County records an allowance to recognize uncollectible taxes receivable.

Local assessed values are subject to appeal. The County maintains records of disputed property taxes, such as those properties for which the values have been appealed to the local Assessment Appeals Boards. Upon final disposition of the appeals and disputes, the amounts are either refunded to taxpayers or the tax bills are corrected.

The following are significant dates on the property tax calendar:

	California Revenue & Taxation Code Section
Supplemental assessments are effective on the 1st day of the month following the new construction or ownership change.	75.41
Property tax lien date is January 1.	2192
Unsecured taxes on the roll as of July 31 are delinquent August 31.	2922
Assessor delivers roll to Auditor-Controller July 1.	616, 617
Tax roll is delivered to the Treasurer-Tax Collector on or before the levy date (the 4th Monday in September).	2601
Secured tax payment due dates are:	
1st Installment - November 1, and	2605
2nd Installment - February 1.	2606
Secured tax delinquent dates (last day to pay without penalty) are:	
1st Installment - December 10, and	2617
2nd Installment - April 10.	2618
Declaration of tax default for unpaid taxes occurs July 1.	3436
Power to sell is effective five years (three years for nonresidential commercial property), after tax default.	3691

O. Compensated Employee Absences

Compensated employee absences (vacation, compensatory time off, performance incentive plan time off, annual leave, and sick/healthcare leave) are accrued as an expense and liability in the proprietary funds when incurred. In the governmental funds, only those amounts that are due and payable at year-end are accrued. Compensated employee absences that exceed this amount represent a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

P. Pensions

The County recognizes a net pension liability to reflect the County's proportionate share of the excess of the total pension liability over the fiduciary net position of the County's retirement plans.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OCERS and the Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan and additions to/deductions from OCERS and the Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OCERS and the Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

At June 30, 2023, the County's net pension liability from OCERS was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by using actuarial valuation results. The County's net pension liability from the Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan was measured as of June 30, 2023; and the plan's total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the July 1, 2021 valuation to June 30, 2023.

Q. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The County recognizes a net OPEB liability to reflect the County's proportionate share of the excess of the total OPEB liability over the fiduciary net position of the County's Retiree Medical Plan. The Retiree Medical Plan is reported in the County's financial statements and has a plan year-end of December 31, 2022.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Retiree Medical Plan and additions to/deductions from the Retiree Medical Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Retiree Medical Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

At June 30, 2023, the County's net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

R. Statement of Cash Flows

A Statement of Cash Flows is presented for proprietary fund types. The County's cash and cash equivalents for cash flow reporting purposes are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, unrestricted and restricted investments held in the County Treasury's investment pooled funds and outside trustees.

Only investments with maturities of three months or less at the time of purchase may be classified as cash equivalent.

S. Indirect Costs

County indirect costs are allocated to benefitting departments in the "Indirect Expenses Allocation" column of the government-wide Statement of Activities. Allocated costs are from the County's FY 2022-23 County-Wide Cost Allocation Plan (CWCAP), which was prepared in accordance with the Code of Federal Regulation, Title 2, Part 200. For financial statement purposes, the County has elected to allocate and record indirect costs to budget controls within the General Fund in order to match the reimbursement of indirect costs recorded as program revenues to the same function.

T. Effects of New Pronouncements

The following lists recent GASB Pronouncements that have been implemented in FY 2022-23:

In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations." This statement provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with commitments extended by issuers, arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and related note disclosures. The statement requires issuers to disclose general information about their conduit debt obligations, organized by type of commitment, including the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the issuers' conduit debt obligations and a description of each type of commitment. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021, and all reporting periods thereafter. The County implemented this Statement without any impact to the County.

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements." (GASB Statement No. 94). This statement improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). It also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. The County implemented this Statement in FY 2022-23. Refer to Note 7, Service Concession Arrangements and Note 2, Change in Accounting Principle for additional information.

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements." This statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs). The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. The Statement was implemented in FY 2022-23. The effect of the implementation of this standard on beginning net position is disclosed in Note 2, Change in Accounting Principle and the additional disclosures required by this standard are included in Note 14, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements.

The following summarizes recent GASB Pronouncements that will be implemented in future financial statements. The County has not determined the effect of these Statements.

In April 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 99, "Omnibus 2022." The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of other GASB statements, and (2) adding accounting and financial reporting guidance for financial guarantees. Portions of this Statement are effective upon issuance and were implemented in FY 2021-22 without an impact to the County. Certain requirements related to the leases, PPPs, and SBITAs, are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The County implemented this requirement in FY 2022-23 without any impact to the County. The requirements related to the financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of certain derivatives are effective for periods beginning after June 13, 2023, which requires the County to implement them in FY 2023-24.

In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections-an amendment of GASB Statement No.62." This Statement improves accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and errors corrections to provide more understandable, reliable,

T. Effects of New Pronouncements (Continued)

relevant, consistent, and comparable information. It also requires the display of note disclosures of the accounting change and error corrections. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods after June 15, 2023, which requires the County to implement the Statement in FY 2023-24.

In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, "Compensated Absences" in which the primary objective is to update the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. This is achieved by a unified model and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods after December 15, 2023, which requires the County to implement the Statement in FY 2023-24.

U. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Where significant estimates have been made in preparing these financial statements, they are described in the applicable footnotes.

V. <u>Consolidation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position Line</u> Items in Statement of Net Position

Several asset line items in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position are combined into one line item in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position for presentation purposes. In order to avoid any confusion, the following table lists the line items shown in the Governmental and Proprietary Fund financial statements that are condensed together in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

Government-Wide Statement of Net Position Line Item	Corresponding Governmental Funds Balance Sheet or Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position Line Item						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	Pooled Cash/Investments; Cash Equivalents/Specific Investments; Imprest Cash Funds; and Cash/Cash Equivalents						
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	Restricted Cash and Investments with Trustee; Restricted Pooled Cash/Investments; and Restricted Pooled Cash/Investments—Closure and Postclosure Care Costs						

2. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

As discussed in the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies' "Effects of New Pronouncements," the County implemented GASB Statement No. 94 and GASB Statement No. 96 in the current financial statements, which resulted in the restatement of the following:

Governmental

Business-Type

CalOptima

Restatement of Statement of Net Position:

	Activities		Activities	Health	Total
Net Position at June 30, 2022	\$	3,448,475	\$ 1,598,452	\$ 1,419,467	\$ 5,046,927
Capital Assets under Service Concession Arrangements					
Subject to GASB Statement No. 94		25,419			25,419
Deferred Inflows of Resources under GASB Statement No.94		(25,419)			(25,419)
Right-to-Use SBITA Assets under GASB Statement No.96		31,210	428	347,722	379,360
SBITA Liabilities under GASB Statement No. 96		(31,210)	 (428)	 (347,679)	(379,317)
Net position at June 30, 2022, as restated	\$	3,448,475	\$ 1,598,452	\$ 1,419,510	\$ 5,046,970

2. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE (Continued)

Restatement of Proprietary Funds Net Position:

						Ooronninontai	
	Activities-Internal						
Airport		Recycling		Total	Service Funds		
\$ 817,992	\$	795,823	\$	1,613,815	\$	117,650	
20		408		428		3,682	
(20)		(408)		(428)		(3,682)	
\$ 817,992	\$	795,823	\$	1,613,815	\$	117,650	
\$	\$ 817,992 20 (20)	Airport \$ 817,992 \$ 20 (20)	\$ 817,992 \$ 795,823 20 408 (20) (408)	Airport Recycling \$ 817,992 \$ 795,823 \$ 20 408 (20) (408)	Airport Recycling Total \$ 817,992 \$ 795,823 \$ 1,613,815 20 408 428 (20) (408) (428)	Airport Recycling Total S \$ 817,992 \$ 795,823 \$ 1,613,815 \$ 20 408 428 (20) (408) (428)	

Governmental

Refer to Note 7, Service Concession Arrangements for more information on GASB Statement No. 94. Refer to Note 6, Changes in Capital Assets and Note 14, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, for additional information on GASB Statement No. 96.

3. DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

The Property and Casualty ISF reported a deficit net position balance of \$28,381. The deficit results from the amount calculated in the annual actuarial study which includes case reserves, development of known claims, incurred but not reported claims, allocated and unallocated loss adjustment expenses, and a discount for anticipated investment income. The deficit is primarily due to elevated insurance premiums on the back of a hard commercial insurance market for the last several years, combined with higher than anticipated claim and settlement costs. Charges to County departments have not provided sufficient cash flows to entirely fund the deficit in the Property and Casualty ISF. The County will continue to review charges to departments and manage the funding status of the Property and Casualty Program.

The Workers' Compensation ISF reported a deficit net position balance of \$5,126. The deficit results from the amount calculated in the annual actuarial study which includes case reserves, development of known claims, incurred but not reported claims, allocated and unallocated loss adjustment expenses, and a discount for anticipated investment income. The deficit decreased by \$8,715 from the previous fiscal year primarily due to stable charges to program participants combined with favorable actuarial results. Charges to County departments have not provided sufficient cash flows to entirely fund the deficit in the Workers' Compensation ISF. The County will continue to review charges to departments and manage the funding status of the Workers' Compensation Program.

The Retiree Medical Plan 115 Trust reported a deficit net position balance of \$61,242. The deficit increased by \$59,955 due to the timing of employer contributions to fund the transition of new and existing employees to the County Health Reimbursement Arrangement Plan (HRA) as part of the restructuring of the Retiree Medical Plan. Refer to Note 20, Other Postemployment Benefits for more information.

4. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The elected Treasurer is responsible for authorizing all County bank accounts and pursuant to California Government Code (CGC) Sections 27000.1–27000.5, 27130–27137 and 53600–53686 is responsible for conducting County investment activities for all public funds in the OCIF. The County Treasury contains pooled funds called the OCTP in an external investment pool wherein monies of the County and other legally separate external entities, which are not part of the County reporting entity, are commingled (pooled) for investment purposes only and invested on the participants' behalf. The OCTP is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, and therefore is exempt from SEC rules. The Treasurer will act on a "best efforts" basis to stabilize the Net Asset Value (NAV) at or above \$0.9975 (in absolute dollar amounts). OCTP does not have any legally binding guarantees of share values. The OCTP's maximum duration is 1.5 years. For reporting purposes only, the Treasurer separates OCTP into the OCIP and the OCEIP. In addition to the pooled funds in OCTP, the Treasurer separately invests other non-pooled funds (Specific Investments).

The Treasurer further invests pooled funds from the OCTP into three Funds: The Orange County Money Market Fund (OCMMF), the Orange County Educational Money Market Fund (OCEMMF), and the Extended Fund. On November 14, 2022, Standard & Poor's (S&P) reaffirmed its highest rating of AAAm Principal Stability Fund Rating (AAAm) on the OCMMF and the OCEMMF, which represents 2.7% of the total OCTP.

Pursuant to CGC Sections 27130-27137, the Board has established a Treasury Oversight Committee (TOC) that monitors and reviews the Treasurer's Investment Policy Statement (IPS) annually and also causes an audit of the County Treasury annually to assure compliance. The TOC consists of the County Executive Officer, the elected County Auditor-Controller, the County elected Superintendent of Schools, or their respective designees, and four public members, with at least three having expertise in, or an academic background in, public finance.

The investment practices and policies of the Treasurer are based on compliance with state law and prudent money management. The primary goal is to invest public funds in a manner which will provide maximum security of principal invested with secondary emphasis on providing adequate liquidity to pool participants. The last goal is to achieve a market rate of return within the parameters of prudent risk management while conforming to all applicable statutes and resolutions governing the investment of public funds. Interest is allocated to individual general ledger accounts monthly based on the average daily balances of each account on deposit with the Treasurer.

Cash and investments in OCIF with the Treasurer totaled \$15,212,221 as of June 30, 2023, consisting of \$55,806 in pooled cash, \$14,597,791 in investment securities in OCTP and \$558,624 in the Specific Investments.

Total County cash and investments at fair value as of June 30, 2023, are reported as follows:

Cach	
Casii	

Odon.		
Imprest Cash	\$	1,959
Pooled Cash for OCTP with Treasurer		55,806
Cash with Trustees		3,851
All other Cash and Timing Differences		(319,609)
Total Cash and Timing Differences		(257,993)
Investments:		
Pooled Investments for OCTP with Treasurer		14,597,791
Specific Investments with Treasurer		558,624
Restricted Investments with Trustees		376,658
Total Investments		15,533,073
Component Units Cash and Investments: (1)		
External-OCERS		20,873,107
External-CalOptima Health		3,025,164
Total Cash and Investments	\$	39,173,351
Total County Cash and Investments are reported in the following funds:		
Governmental Activitives	\$	4,221,684
Business-Type Activities		1,117,683
Fiduciary Funds		30,741,420
Component Unit-First 5 Orange County		67,400
Component Unit-CalOptima Health		3,025,164
Total Cash and Investments	<u>\$</u>	39,173,351

⁽¹⁾ The Cash and Investments are held by the Component Unit and are not with the County Treasurer.

A. Cash Deposits

CGC 53652 et. seq. and the IPS prescribe the amount of collateral that is required to secure the deposit of public funds. The pledge to secure deposits is administered by the California Department of Financial Protection and Innovation. Collateral is required for demand deposits at 110% of all deposits not covered by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) if obligations of the United States and its agencies, or obligations of the State or its municipalities, school districts, and district corporations are pledged. Collateral

A. Cash Deposits (Continued)

of 150% is required if a deposit is secured by first mortgages or first trust deeds upon improved residential real property located in California. Obligations pledged to secure deposits must be delivered to an institution other than the institution in which the deposit is made; however, the trust department of the same institution may hold them. Written agreements are required to provide, among other things, that the collateral securities are held separately from the assets of the custodial institution. FDIC insurance is available for demand deposits and interest saving deposit funds deposited at any one financial institution up to a maximum of \$250. The County's deposits are covered by FDIC or collateralized with securities held by the County or its agent in the County's name in accordance with CGC Section 53652 and 53658.

B. Investments

The CGC Sections 53601 and 53635, Board ordinances and resolutions, the County's IPS, the bond indenture documents, trust agreements, and other contractual agreements govern the investments that may be purchased and may include certain restrictions on investment maturity, maximum portfolio percentages, term, value and credit quality to minimize the risk of loss. The IPS adds further restrictions to permitted investments from the CGC. The current IPS expressly prohibits leverage, reverse repurchase agreements as defined by CGC Section 53601, structured notes, structured investment vehicles, derivative instruments, and money market mutual funds that do not maintain a constant net asset value. All investments must be United States dollar denominated. As of June 30, 2023, the Treasurer was in full compliance with the CGC and the County's IPS for the OCIF. Investments by the Treasurer are stated at fair value and are marked-to-market on a daily basis.

Unless otherwise required in a trust agreement, educational districts (public school and community college), including certain bond-related funds are required by state law to deposit all monies received from any source with the County Treasurer. At June 30, 2023, the OCTP includes approximately 57.50% of these involuntary participant deposits. Involuntary (Education Code Sections 41001 and 41002) and other external pool participants funds (Government Code Section 27100.1) are deemed to be held in trust and such funds shall not be deemed funds or assets of the County and the relationship of the depositing entity and the County shall not be one of creditor-debtor.

Investment in State Investment Pool

The County is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by CGC Section 16429.1 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based on the prorata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of the portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

Fair Value Measurements

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GASB Statement No. 72. These principles recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Investments reflect prices based on quoted identical assets in an active market.
- Level 2: Investments reflect prices that are based on identical or similar assets in inactive markets or similar assets in active markets. Inputs other than quotes are observable.
- Level 3: Investments reflect prices based on significant unobservable inputs.

Fair value measurements are based on pricing received from the County's third party vendors. Investments in money market mutual funds are priced using amortized cost which approximates fair value, with a net asset value of \$1.00 (in absolute dollar amounts) per share, and per GASB Statement No. 72 not subject to the fair value hierarchy. Additionally, the LAIF is not subject to the fair value hierarchy.

B. Investments (Continued)

The County uses the market approach method as a valuation technique in the application of GASB Statement No. 72. This method uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or similar assets or groups of assets.

Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The following table presents a summary of the County's investments according to the assigned fair value hierarchy level as of June 30, 2023.

				Fair	lue Measureme					
		Fair Value	Act	oted Prices in tive Markets or Identical ets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Un	ignificant observable Inputs (Level 3)		
OCIF-OCTP	•		•		_					
U.S. Treasuries	\$	2,634,663	\$		\$	2,634,663	\$			
U.S. Government Agencies:										
Federal Farm Credit Bank		1,587,032				1,587,032				
Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds		7,956,020				7,956,020				
Federal National Mortgage Association		332,761				332,761				
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		303,519			_	303,519				
Sub-total		12,813,995			_	12,813,995				
Investments Not Subject to Fair Value Hierarchy:										
Money Market Mutual Funds		1,712,170								
Local Agency Investment Fund		71,626								
Total, OCIF-OCTP	\$	14,597,791								
,	Ě	14,007,701								
OCIF-Specific Investments										
U.S. Treasuries	\$	520,057	\$		\$	520,057	\$			
U.S. Government Agencies:	•	,	*		•	5_2,555	*			
Federal Farm Credit Bank		12,495				12,495				
Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds		6,690				6,690				
Federal National Mortgage Association		14,770				14,770				
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		4,172				4,172				
Sub-total		558,184			_	558,184				
					_					
Investments Not Subject to Fair Value Hierarchy:										
Money Market Mutual Funds		440								
Total, OCIF-Specific Investments	\$	558,624								
With Trustees										
Exchange-Traded Funds	\$	164,379	\$	164,379	\$		\$			
Mutual Funds		77,877		77,877						
Bond Mutual Funds		6,831		6,831						
Sub-total		249,087		249,087						
Investments Not Subject to Fair Value Hierarchy:										
Cash Equivalent	\$	730								
Money Market Mutual Funds	Ψ	92,023								
Stable Value Funds		34,818								
Total, With Trustees	\$	376,658								
row, min motors	<u> </u>	370,030								

B. Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, fixed income investments of longer maturities are more sensitive to changes in market interest rates. Declines in the fair value of investments are managed by limiting the length of the maturity of the securities and providing daily and ongoing liquidity in the portfolio. The Treasurer manages its exposure to interest rate risk by carefully matching incoming cash flows and maturing investments to meet expenditures and by maintaining a duration of 1.50 years or less. The duration of OCTP at June 30, 2023 is 0.59 year. The table below shows the maturities distribution of the OCTP as of June 30, 2023.

Maturies	Principal	% of Portfolio
1 day to 30 days	\$ 3,084,899	20.80%
31 days to 180 days	4,292,515	28.93%
181 days to 365 days	3,968,500	26.75%
1 year to 2 years	2,643,105	17.82%
2 years to 3 years	845,000	5.70%
Total	\$ 14,834,019	100.00%

In general, the maximum maturity allowed is five years unless the Board has granted express authority either specifically or as part of an investment policy. Actual weighted average days to maturity by investment type for the OCTP are presented in the table below under Credit Risk. The OCTP at June 30, 2023 has 49.73% of investments maturing in six months or less and 50.27% maturing between six months and three years. As of June 30, 2023, the OCTP had no variable-rate notes.

Credit Risk

This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment may not fulfill its obligations or that negative perceptions of the issuer's ability to make these payments will cause the price to decline. The IPS, which is more restrictive than the government code, sets forth the minimum acceptable credit ratings for investments from at least two of the following NRSROs: S&P, Moody's, or Fitch. All short-term and long-term investments, except those noted below, 1) must have the minimum ratings required below by at least two NRSROs, and 2) the lowest rating of any NRSRO must meet or exceed the minimum rating required below:

S&P	A-1, "AA"
Moody's	P-1, MIG 1/VMIG 1, "Aa"
Fitch	F-1, "AA"

If an issuer of long-term debt has a short-term debt rating, then it may not be less than the minimum required short-term debt ratings above.

- a) Municipal debt issued by the County of Orange, California, U.S. Government obligations and State Pool are exempt from the credit rating requirements listed above.
- b) Money Market Mutual and Investment Pools require the highest ranking or the highest letter and numerical rating provided by at least one NRSRO.

No investment may be purchased from an issuer and all related entities, including parent and subsidiaries, that have been placed on "credit watch-negative" by any of the NRSROs or whose credit rating by any of the NRSROs is less than the minimum rating required by the IPS for that class of security unless the issuer has a short-term rating of A-1+ or F1+ or a long-term rating of at least AA or Aa2; and the Treasurer has approved the purchase in writing prior to purchase.

B. <u>Investments (Continued)</u>

Credit Risk (Continued)

The following table presents a summary of the County's investments by interest rate risk and credit risk at June 30, 2023.

					Weighted Average		
	_	.		IPS Maximum	Maturity	5	% of
With Treasurer:	F	air Value	Principal	Maturity	(Years)	Rating (1)	Portfolio
OCIF-OCTP							
U.S. Treasuries	\$	2,634,663	\$ 2,750,000	5 Year	0.177	NA	18.05%
U.S. Government Agencies:							
Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds		7,956,020	8,033,900	5 Year	0.320	AA	54.50%
Federal National Mortgage Association		332,761	344,605	5 Year	0.016	AA	2.28%
Federal Farm Credit Bank		1,587,032	1,610,615	5 Year	0.083	AA	10.87%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		303,519	310,000	5 Year	0.008	AA	2.08%
Money Market Mutual Funds		1,712,170	1,712,170	N/A	0.000	AAA	11.73%
Local Agency Investment Fund		71,626	72,729		0.000	NR	0.49%
	\$	14,597,791	\$ 14,834,019	=	0.604 (2)	<u>.</u>	100.00%
					Weighted		
					Average		
	_			Maximum	Maturity	5 (1)	% of
With Treasurer:		air Value	Principal	Maturity	(Years)	Rating (1)	Portfolio
OCIF-Specific Investments							
U.S. Treasuries	\$	520,057	\$ 546,400	2/15/2036	0.979	NA	93.10%
U.S. Government Agencies:							
Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds		6,690	6,750	11/16/2028	0.006	AA	1.20%
Federal National Mortgage Association		14,770	15,310	5/15/2029	0.061	AA	2.63%
Federal Farm Credit Bank		12,495	13,131	11/2/2035	0.144	AA	2.24%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		4,172	3,500	7/15/2032	0.064	AA	0.75%
Money Market Mutual Funds		440	 440	_ N/A	0.000	_ AAA	0.08%
	\$	558,624	\$ 585,531	=	1.254 (2)	•	100.00%
				_		-	
					Weighted		
					Average		
	_			Maximum	Maturity		% of
With Trustees:	F	air Value	Principal	Maturity	(Years)	Rating (1)	Portfolio
Restricted Investments with Trustees							
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$	92,023	\$ 92,023	N/A	0.002	AAA	24.44%
Bond Mutual Funds		6,831	6,831	N/A	0.000	Baa	1.81%
Cash Equivalent		730	730	N/A	0.000	NR	0.19%
Exchange-Traded Funds		164,379	164,379	N/A	0.003	NR	43.64%
Mutual Funds		77,877	77,877	N/A	0.002	NR	20.68%
Stable Value Funds		34,818	34,818	N/A	0.001	_ AA	9.24%
	\$	376,658	\$ 376,658	=	0.008 (2)	! =	100.00%

⁽¹⁾ The County obtains credit ratings from S&P, Moody's and Fitch. The rating indicative of the greatest of risk has been disclosed. NR means not rated. The County is not required to disclose the credit ratings of obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed.

⁽²⁾ Portfolio weighted average maturity.

B. Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. As of June 30, 2023, all OCIF investments were in compliance with state law and the IPS single issuer limits.

The following holdings in OCTP exceeded five percent of the portfolio at June 30, 2023.

Investment Type	Issuer	F	air Value	Portfolio %
U.S. Government Agencies	Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds	\$	7,956,020	54.50%
	Federal Farm Credit Bank		1.587.032	10.87%

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The IPS does not permit investments in uninsured and unregistered securities not held by the County. The Treasurer utilizes third party Delivery Versus Payment which mitigates any custodial credit risk. Securities purchased by the Treasurer are held by third party custodians in their trust department to mitigate custodial credit risk. At year-end, in accordance with the IPS, the OCTP and specific investments did not have any securities exposed to custodial credit risk, and the Treasurer did not have any securities lending during the year (or at year-end).

Condensed Financial Statements

In lieu of separately issued financial statements for the entire pools and the external portion of the pools, condensed financial statements for the OCIF are presented below as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023:

OCIF Statement of Net Position

<u>Statement of Net Position</u>					
	 OCIP	 OCEIP	Total		
Net Position Held for Pool Participants	\$ 6,297,063	\$ 8,719,142	\$	15,016,205	
Equity of Internal Pool Participants	\$ 5,866,685	\$ 	\$	5,866,685	
Equity of External Pool Participants	488,842	8,807,438		9,296,280	
Undistributed and Unrealized Loss	(58,464)	(88,296)		(146,760)	
Total Net Position	\$ 6,297,063	\$ 8,719,142	\$	15,016,205	
Statement of Changes in Net Position					
	 OCIP	 OCEIP		Total	
Net Position at July 1, 2022	\$ 5,994,171	\$ 6,733,366	\$	12,727,537	
Net Changes in Investments by Pool Participants	 302,892	 1,985,776		2,288,668	
Net Position at June 30, 2023	\$ 6,297,063	\$ 8,719,142	\$	15,016,205	

B. <u>Investments (Continued)</u>

Condensed Financial Statements (Continued)

External Pool Portion

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

	 OCIP		OCEIP	Total		
<u>Assets</u>						
Pooled Cash/Investments	\$ 484,854	\$	8,647,643	\$	9,132,497	
Receivables						
Interest/Dividends	4,016		70,940		74,956	
Due from Other Governmental Agencies	 		559		559	
Total Assets	 488,870		8,719,142		9,208,012	
<u>Liabilities</u> Due to Other Governmental Agencies	28				28	
Total Liabilities	 28				28	
Net Position Restricted for Pool Participants	488,842		8,719,142		9,207,984	
Total Net Position	\$ 488,842	\$	8,719,142	\$	9,207,984	
	 	_				

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

	OCIP	OCEIP	Total
Additions:	 		
Contributions to Pooled Investments	\$ 754,971	\$ 12,403,619	\$ 13,158,590
Other Revenues		1,201	1,201
Interest and Investment Income	17,277	193,135	210,412
Net Decrease in the Fair Value of Investments	(4,931)		(4,931)
Less: Investment Expense	 (141)	 (3,091)	 (3,232)
Total Additions	 767,176	12,594,864	13,362,040
Deductions:			
Distributions from Pooled Investments	 878,424	 10,609,088	 11,487,512
Total Deductions	878,424	 10,609,088	 11,487,512
Change in Net Position Held in			
Trust For External Investment Pool	(111,248)	1,985,776	1,874,528
Net Position-Beginning of Year	600,090	6,733,366	7,333,456
Net Position-End of Year	\$ 488,842	\$ 8,719,142	\$ 9,207,984

C. Restricted Deposits and Investments with Trustees

All monies for restricted investments held by trustees are invested in "permitted investments" as defined in the various trust agreements. Restricted deposits with trustees are insured by FDIC up to \$250 and the excess amounts are collateralized.

D. OCERS Investments

Narratives and tables presented for investments managed by OCERS are taken directly from OCERS' ACFR for the year ended December 31, 2022 (tables were formatted to conform with the County's presentation). The custodial credit risk, credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk related to OCERS investments are different than the corresponding risk on investments held by the Treasurer.

OCERS may invest, in accordance with state statutes, in any form or type of investment deemed prudent by the Board of Retirement. Pension and 401(h) Health Care plan assets are restricted for the exclusive purposes of providing benefits to plan participants and defraying reasonable expenses of administering the plans. The Board of Retirement may invest, or delegate the authority to invest, the assets of the funds through the purchase, holding, or sale of any form or type of investment, financial instrument, or financial transaction. Custodial fund assets, restricted pursuant to Section 115 of the IRC, are separately invested in domestic equity, international equity and domestic bond index funds in accordance with the respective OCTA Third-Party Administrative and Investment Management Agreement.

The following table shows the Investment Allocation as of December 31, 2022:

Investment Category	Target Ranges	Actual
Global Public Equity	40-54%	44%
Core Fixed Income	6-16%	8%
Credit	4-10%	7%
Real Assets	8-16%	14%
Private Equity	9-17%	16%
Risk Mitigation	6-14%	9%
Unique Strategies	0-5%	0%
Cash	0-5%	2%
Total	•	100%

During 2022, no changes were made to the investment allocation.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a financial institution's failure, OCERS would not be able to recover its deposits. Deposits are exposed to custodial risk if they are not insured or not collateralized. As of December 31, 2022, OCERS' deposits with a financial institution are fully insured by FDIC insurance up to \$250 with the remaining balance exposed to custodial credit risk as it is not insured; however, the financial institution does collateralize the deposit of monies in excess of the FDIC insurance amount with eligible securities held by the pledging financial institution, but not in OCERS' name, which approximates \$102,700. Deposits held by OCERS' custodial bank are not exposed to custodial credit risk as they are held in a qualified pool trust, separate from the custodial bank assets.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a counterparty failure, OCERS will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of counterparties. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in OCERS' name or by other qualified third-party administrator trust accounts.

OCERS' investments and collateral received through securities lending are not exposed to custodial credit risk because all securities are held by OCERS' custodial bank in OCERS' name or by other qualified third-party administrator trust accounts. The risk is managed by the custodian bank by diversifying the number of counterparties, with periodic review of the credit quality of counterparties and by regularly posting/receiving margins. OCERS does not maintain any general policies regarding custodial credit risk.

D. OCERS Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk

By definition, credit risk measures the risk that an issuer or counterparty will not fulfill its obligations. S&P Global defines investment grade as those fixed income securities with ratings between AAA and BBB. OCERS' investment policy permits, on an opportunistic basis, the investment in fixed income securities rated below investment grade. A rating of N/R represents pooled funds and other securities that have not been rated by S&P Global and N/A represents securities explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government that are not subject to the GASB Statement No. 40 disclosure requirements. The credit ratings for individual OCERS' fixed income portfolios are monitored regularly.

As of December 31, 2022, the S&P Global credit ratings of the OCERS' fixed income portfolio were as follows:

					Rati	ng a	as of Dec	em	ber 31, 2	022						
Investment Type	AAA	AA	Α	BBB	BB		В		CCC		CC	D		N/R	N/A	Total
Pooled	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 	\$	-	\$		\$		\$ -	\$	448,419 \$		\$ 448,419
U.S. Treasury Notes				-			-								285,069	285,069
Corporate Bonds	528	7,499	37,811	178,108	76,168		40,563		10,994		70			17,234	-	368,975
Mortgate-Backed Securities	6,300	302,575	892	469	589		228		138			-		28,926	5,275	345,392
Asset-Backed Securities	12,666	9,419	2,086	3,448	2,122		1,410		1,787			982	2	27,984	-	61,904
Municipal Bonds	3,838	11,062	8,432	1,845	818		1,031							3,539	-	30,565
Agencies				-			-					-		1,625		1,625
International		1,861	21,691	95,713	34,466		19,449		696					30,915	-	204,791
Swaps			-	-			-		-		-	-		(1,187)	-	(1,187)
Total	\$ 23,332	\$ 332,416	\$ 70,912	\$ 279,583	\$ 114,163	\$	62,681	\$	13,615	\$	70	\$ 982	2 \$	557,455 \$	290,344	\$ 1,745,553

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Duration is a measure of the price sensitivity of a fixed-income portfolio to changes in interest rates. It is calculated as the weighted average time to receive a bond's coupon and principal payments. The longer the duration of a portfolio, the greater its price sensitivity to changes in interest rates.

Interest rate risk is managed through OCERS' investment policies requiring that investment managers investing on behalf of OCERS have applicable investment guidelines and that the effective durations of fixed income portfolios remain within a defined range of the benchmark's effective duration. The primary benchmark for domestic fixed income is a blend of two indices, the Bloomberg US Universal (82%), and the Bloomberg US Treasury TIPS (18%). As of December 31, 2022, the durations of these indices are 6.32 years and 2.35 years, respectively for a blended duration of 5.61 years. All investment managers were in compliance within their defined range.

OCERS invests in a variety of fixed income instruments including asset-backed securities, corporate obligations and commercial mortgage-backed securities. The value, liquidity and income of these securities are sensitive to changes in overall economic conditions and the fair value of these securities may be affected by changes in interest rates, default rates and the value of the underlying securities.

D. OCERS Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

The interest rate risk schedule presents the duration of fixed income securities by investment category as of December 31, 2022:

Investment Type	Fa	air Value	Portfolio %	Duration (in Years)		
Pooled	\$	448,419	26%	3.40		
U.S. Treasury Notes		285,069	16%	8.51		
Corporate Bonds		354,131	20%	5.35		
Mortgate-Backed Securities		337,196	19%	4.82		
Asset-Backed Securities		52,678	3%	2.76		
Municipal Bonds		30,565	2%	8.96		
Agencies		1,625	0%	3.04		
International		203,988	12%	4.00		
No Effective Duration:						
Corporate Bonds		14,844	1%	N/A		
Mortgate-Backed Securities		8,196	0%	N/A		
Asset-Backed Securities		9,226	1%	N/A		
International		803	0%	N/A		
Swaps		(1,187)	0%	N/A		
Total Fair Value	\$	1,745,553	100%			
Portfolio Duration		_		4.99		

Foreign Currency Risk

The value of deposits or investments denominated in foreign currency may be adversely affected by changes in currency exchange rates. OCERS' investment policy permits investment in international securities that includes investments in international equity securities, global equity securities, emerging markets equity securities and debt, public real estate securities, and real return. Investment managers monitor currency exposures daily.

The following schedule represents OCERS' net exposure to foreign currency risk in U.S. dollars as of December 31, 2022:

			Fixed		Forward		
Currency in U.S. Dollar	Cash	Equity	Income	Options	Contracts	Swaps	Total
Australian Dollar	\$ 24	\$ 31,705	\$	\$	\$ 181	\$	\$ 31,910
Brazilian Real		6,432			(9)	(446)	5,977
Canadian Dollar	1,479	25,514	130		(6)		27,117
Colombian Peso					(6)		(6)
Danish Krone	51	32,104			(8)		32,147
Euro Currency	4,045	346,708	2,024	(1,623)	631	(752)	351,033
Hong Kong Dollar	(74)	25,273			(3)		25,196
Indonesian Rupiah		886					886
Japanese Yen	812	144,768	25,394		(2,738)	(173)	168,063
Mexican Peso	11		191		(7)		195
New Israeli Sheqel					(61)		(61)
New Zealand Dollar		1,275			3		1,278
Norwegian Krone		4,063			10		4,073
Polish Zloty					(144)		(144)
Pound Sterling	(718)	88,555	3,405		130	1,055	92,427
Russian Ruble		1,514					1,514
Singapore Dollar	127	9,453			51		9,631
South African Rand					64		64
South Korean Won		6,330					6,330
Swedish Krona	(80)	26,058			(127)	25	25,876
Swiss Franc	80	44,183			(327)	197	44,133
Amount Exposed to							
Foreign Currency Risk	\$ 5,757	\$ 794,821	\$ 31,144	\$(1,623)	\$ (2,366)	\$ (94)	\$827,639

D. OCERS Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of OCERS' investment in a single issuer. By policy, OCERS did not hold investments in any one issuer that represented five percent or more of plan net position and net investments. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government and pooled investments are excluded from this policy requirement.

Concentration of Investments

As of December 31, 2022, OCERS did not hold investments in any one organization that represented five percent or more of the plan's fiduciary net position. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government and pooled investments are excluded from this requirement.

Derivative Instruments

As of December 31, 2022, all derivative instruments held by OCERS are considered investments and not hedges for accounting purposes. Any reference to the term hedging in these financial statements references an economic activity and not an accounting method. All gains and losses associated with these activities are recognized as incurred in the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

The table that follows presents the related net appreciation/(depreciation) in fair value, the fair value amounts and the notional amounts of derivative instruments outstanding at December 31, 2022.

Changes	in Fair Value					
Net Appreciation/						

	(De	Fair Value at December 3					
Derivative Instruments		Amount (1)	Classification	Amount	(2)	Notional ⁽³⁾	
Commodity Futures Long	\$	2,794	Cash	\$		\$	1,133
Commodity Futures Short		(318)	Cash				-
Credit Default Swaps Bought		2	Cash				
Credit Default Swaps Written		(1,081)	Core Fixed Income		344		35,794
Fixed Income Futures Long		(35,933)	Cash / Core Fixed Income				97,307
Fixed Income Futures Short		3,491	Core Fixed Income				(38,208)
Fixed Income Options Bought		770	Core Fixed Income	1,	043		13,400
Fixed Income Options Written		(2,529)	Core Fixed Income	(3,	380)		(135,467)
Foreign Currency Futures Long		(312)	Cash				700
FX Forwards		(3,926)	Foreign Currency Forward Contracts Receivables and Payables	(2,	366)		275,870
Index Futures Long		(45,171)	Cash/ Global Public Equity				1,923
Index Futures Short		3,017	Global Public Equity				(33)
Pay Fixed Interest Rate Swaps		1,961	Core Fixed Income	1,	599		22,632
Receive Fixed Interest Rate Swaps		(3,586)	Core Fixed Income	(3,	130)		59,596
Rights		88	Global Public Equity				-
Total Return Swaps Bond		(7)	Global Public Equity		232		8,783
Total Return Swaps Equity		(1,076)	Global Public Equity	((232)		(8,362)
Total	\$	(81,816)		\$ (5,	890)		

- (1) Negative values (in brackets) refer to losses.
- (2) Negative values refer to liabilities and are reported net of investments.
- (3) Notional may be a dollar amount or size of underlying for futures and options, negative values refer to short positions.
- (4) Excludes futures margin payments.

Valuation of Derivative Instruments

Non-exchange traded instruments, such as swaps, are valued using similar methods as those described for debt securities.

Futures contracts are traded on exchanges and typically derive their value from underlying indices and are marked to market daily. All gains and losses associated with changes in the value of futures contracts also

D. OCERS Investments (Continued)

Valuation of Derivative Instruments (Continued)

settle on a daily basis and result in the contracts themselves having no fair value at the end of any trading day, including December 31, 2022. Future variation margin accounts also settle daily and are recognized in the financial statements under net appreciation/(depreciation) in the fair value of the investments as incurred.

In general, option values are dependent upon a number of different factors, including the current market price of the underlying security, the strike price of the option, costs associated with holding a position in the underlying security including interest and dividends, the length of time until the option expires and an estimate of the future price volatility of the underlying security relative to the time period of the option.

Foreign currency forward contracts are agreements to buy or sell a currency at a specified exchange rate on a specified date. The fair value of a foreign currency forward is determined by the difference between the specified exchange rate and the closing exchange rate at December 31, 2022.

Custodial Credit Risk-Derivative Instruments

As of December 31, 2022, all investments in derivative instruments are held in OCERS' name and are not exposed to custodial credit risk as described in the previous discussion of custodial credit risk.

A summary of counterparty credit ratings relating to non-exchange traded derivatives in asset positions as of December 31, 2022 is as follows:

		Foreign	n Currency			To	tal Fair	
Counterparty Name	S&P Rating	Forward	d Contracts	S	waps	Value		
Bank of America, N.A.	A+	\$	12	\$		\$	12	
BNP Paribas SA	A+		20				20	
Citibank N.A.	A+		906				906	
Credit Event	NR				1,977		1,977	
Goldman Sachs Bank USA	BBB+		22				22	
HSBC Bank PLC	A-		67				67	
JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A.	A+		896				896	
Morgan Stanley and Co. International PLC	A-		52				52	
Morgan Stanley Co Incorporated	A-				231		231	
Standard Chartered Bank	A+		2				2	
UBS AG	A+		24				24	
Total		\$	2,001	\$	2,208	\$	4,209	

Interest Rate Risk-Derivatives

At December 31, 2022, OCERS is exposed to interest rate risk on its investments in various swap arrangements based on daily interest rates for Brazilian Interbank Deposit Rate (BRCDI), Sterling Overnight Index Rate (SONIA), London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR), Latin America largest central depository (CETIP), Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR), and European reference rates.

The following table illustrates the maturity periods of these investments:

			Investment Maturities (In years)							
	Fa	Fair Value		s Than 1		1 - 5		6 - 10	More than 10	
Credit Default Swaps Written	\$	344	\$		\$	370	\$	(17)	\$	(9)
Fixed Income Options Bought		1,043		1,043						
Fixed Income Options Written		(3,380)		(3,380)						
Pay Fixed Interest Rate Swaps		1,599		37		2		1,097		463
Receive Fixed Interest Rate Swaps		(3,130)		(1,078)		(778)		(805)		(469)
Total Return Swaps Bond		232		232						
Total Return Swaps Equity		(232)		(232)						
Total	\$	(3,524)	\$	(3,378)	\$	(406)	\$	275	\$	(15)

D. OCERS Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk-Derivatives (Continued)

The following table illustrates derivative instruments highly sensitive to interest rate changes:

	Receive Rate	Payable Rate	Fair Val	ue	Not	tional
Pay Fixed Interest Swaps	Variable 3-month LIBOR	Fixed 0.25%-2.00%	\$	43	\$	3,420
Pay Fixed Interest Swaps	Variable 12-month SOFR	Fixed 1.75%-4.27%		501		6,100
Pay Fixed Interest Swaps	Variable 12-month SONIA	Fixed 0.08%-2.00%	1	,055		13,112
Total Pay Fixed Interest Swaps			1	,599		
Received Fixed Interest Rate Swaps	Fixed 10.12%-11.84%	Variable 0-month BRCDI		(445)		12,349
Received Fixed Interest Rate Swaps	Fixed 10.21%	Variable 0-month CETIP		(1)		19
Received Fixed Interest Rate Swaps	Fixed 0.65%-1.75%	Variable 6-month EURIB		(801)		7,428
Received Fixed Interest Rate Swaps	Fixed 1.27%	Variable 3-month LIBOR	(1	,077)		34,100
Total Received Fixed Interest Rate Swaps	Fixed 1.85%-1.86%	Variable 12-month SOFR		(806)		4,895
Total Interest Rate Swaps			(3	,130)		
			\$ (1	,531)		

Foreign Currency Risk-Derivatives

At December 31, 2022, OCERS is exposed to foreign currency risk on investments in swaps and forward currency contracts denominated in foreign currencies that may be adversely affected by changes in the currency exchange rates.

			Currency Forw					
Currency Name	Options	Net	Net Receivables		t Payables	Swaps	Tota	al Exposure
Australian Dollar	\$ 	\$	275	\$	(94)	\$ 	\$	181
Brazilian Real			14		(23)	(446)		(455)
Canadian Dollar			2		(8)			(6)
Colombian Peso					(6)			(6)
Danish Krone			24		(32)			(8)
Euro Currency	(1,623)		821		(190)	(752)		(1,744)
Hong Kong Dollar			2		(5)			(3)
Japanese Yen			206		(2,944)	(173)		(2,911)
Mexican Peso					(7)			(7)
New Israeli Sheqel			60		(121)			(61)
New Zealand Dollar			5		(2)			3
Norwegian Krone			222		(212)			10
Polish Zloty					(144)			(144)
Pound Sterling			207		(77)	1,055		1,185
Singapore Dollar			55		(4)			51
South African Rand			65		(1)			64
Swedish Krona			8		(135)	25		(102)
Swiss Franc			35		(362)	 197		(130)
Total Foreign Currency	\$ (1,623)	\$	2,001	\$	(4,367)	\$ (94)	\$	(4,083)
U.S. Dollar	 (714)					(1,093)		(1,807)
Total	\$ (2,337)	\$	2,001	\$	(4,367)	\$ (1,187)	\$	(5,890)

Rate of Return

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on the assets of the plan, net of investment expense, was (7.88%). The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the timing of cash flows and the changing amounts actually invested.

Securities Lending

OCERS is authorized by investment policy and state law to lend its investment securities including global public equities, core fixed income, and credit to broker/dealers in exchange for collateral in the form of either cash or securities. Lent domestic and international securities are collateralized with an initial fair value of not

D. OCERS Investments (Continued)

Securities Lending (Continued)

less than 102% or 105% depending on the nature of the loaned securities and the collateral received, of fair value of the loaned securities. The lending agent receives cash and non-cash collateral for the securities on loan. There are no restrictions on the amount of securities that can be lent at one time. State Street Bank serves, in accordance with a Securities Lending Authorization Agreement, as OCERS' agent to loan domestic and international securities. State Street Bank does not have the ability to pledge or sell collateral securities delivered absent a borrower default.

Cash collateral received on loaned securities is invested together with the cash collateral of other qualified tax-exempt investors in a collective investment fund managed by State Street. The collective investment fund is not rated and is comprised of one liquidity investment pool. As of December 31, 2022, the liquidity pool had an average duration of 96 days and a WAM of 3 days. Because loans are terminable at will, the duration of the loans did not generally match the duration of the investments made with the cash collateral. The Securities Lending Authorization Agreement requires State Street to indemnify OCERS if the broker/dealer fails to return any borrowed securities. During 2022, there were no failures to return loaned securities or to pay distributions by the borrowers. Furthermore, there were no losses due to borrower defaults. The fair value of securities on loan and the total cash collateral held as of December 31, 2022 was \$196,261 and \$202,096, respectively.

The following table shows fair values of securities on loan and cash collateral received by asset class:

Securities Lent for	Fair Va	lue of OCERS'	Cas	h Collateral	Non-Cash		Tota	l Collateral
Cash Collateral	Se	curity Lent	Received		Collateral Received		Received	
Global Public Equity	\$	89,353	\$	92,649	\$		\$	92,649
Core Fixed Income		75,140		76,936				76,936
Credit		31,768		32,511				32,511
Total	\$	196,261	\$	202,096	\$		\$	202,096

Investments-Fair Value Measurements

OCERS categorizes its fair value measurements of its investments based on the three-level fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the asset or liability and gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 inputs) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs). Unobservable inputs are developed using the best information available about the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing an investment.

D. OCERS Investments (Continued)

Investment-Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The following table represents the fair value measurements as of December 31, 2022.

			Fair Value Measurement							
	F	- air Value	Acti	oted Prices in ve Markets for entical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Uno	gnificant oservable inputs evel 3)		
Investments by Fair Value Level										
Fixed Income:										
U.S. Fixed Income:										
Pooled	\$	448,419	\$		\$	448,419	\$			
U.S. Treasury Notes		285,069				285,069				
Corporate Bonds		368,975				368,975				
Mortgage-Backed Securities		345,392				345,392				
Asset-backed Securities		61,904				61,904				
Municipal Bonds		30,565				30,565				
Agencies		1,625				1,625				
International		204,791				204,791				
Total Fixed Income		1,746,740				1,746,740				
Global Public Equity investments:										
Domestic Equity		5,449,485		503,460		4,946,025				
International Equity		2,146,589		695,456		1,451,133				
Emerging Markets Equity		322,121		<u></u>		322,121				
Total Global Public Equity		7,918,195		1,198,916		6,719,279				
Real Assets:										
Agriculture		46,557						46,557		
Real Estate		11,082						11,082		
Timber		21						21		
Total Real Assets		57,660						57,660		
Other Investments:										
Risk Mitigation		467,049				467,049				
Total Other Investments		467,049		_		467,049				
Total Investments at Fair Value Level	\$	10,189,644	\$	1,198,916	\$	8,933,068	\$	57,660		

D. OCERS Investments (Continued)

Investment-Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

			Fair Value Measurement						
	-	air Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Obs	gnificant Other servable s (Level 2)	Signifi Unobser Inpu (Leve	vable ts		
Investments Measured at the NAV:		ali value	(2010)		- (== := : = ;				
Global Public Equity investments:	ď	445 220							
International Equity	\$	445,329							
Emerging Markets Equity		589,043							
Total Global Public Equity Real Assets:		1,034,372							
		604 444							
Energy Infrastructure		694,444 577,643							
Real Estate		1,577,330							
Total Real Assets		2,849,417							
Other Investments:	-	2,049,417							
Credit (includes private credit)		1,522,987							
Private Equity		3,301,522							
Risk Mitigation		1,290,106							
Unique Strategies		74,365							
Total Other Investments		6,188,980							
Total investments measured at the NAV	\$	10,072,769							
rotal infocurion incaparoa at the FWTV		10,012,100							
Investments Derivative Instruments:									
Swaps:									
Interest Rate Swaps	\$	(1,531)	\$	\$	(1,531)	\$			
Credit Default Swaps		344			344				
Options		(2,337)			(2,337)				
Total Investment Derivative Instruments	\$	(3,524)	\$	\$	(3,524)	\$			
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value	\$	20,258,889							

Core fixed income include actively traded debt instruments such as those securities issued by the United States government, federal agencies, municipal obligations, foreign governments, and both U.S. and foreign corporate issuers. Core fixed income securities are reported at fair value as of the close of the trading date. Fair values for securities not traded on a regular basis are obtained from pricing vendors who employ modeling techniques, such as matrix pricing or discounted cash flow method, in determining security values. These inputs are observable, which supports the Level 2 fair value hierarchy.

Global public equity include U.S. and international equity securities, and emerging markets equity securities. Global public equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are primarily common and preferred stock or real estate investment trusts. Fair value for these exchange traded securities is determined as of the close of the trading date in the primary market or agreed upon exchange. The last known price is used for listed securities that did not trade on a particular date. Fair value is obtained from third-party pricing sources for securities traded over-the-counter. Global public equity securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy consist of institutional funds that are valued based on the fair value of underlying investments using pricing models or other valuation methodologies that use pricing inputs that are either directly or indirectly observable on the valuation date for the securities or assets held in the fund.

Real assets investments at fair value include a variety of real return investments in agriculture, real estate and timber resources, which are held directly. Real estate assets held directly are appraised by independent third-party appraisers in accordance with the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice.

D. OCERS Investments (Continued)

Investment-Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Independent appraisals use professional judgment, which is unobservable input, to determine the fair value of the asset; therefore, these real estate investments are classified as Level 3. Agriculture and timber resources included in Level 3 are based on independent appraisals and/or the good faith estimates of management.

Other investments include two risk mitigation funds. These investments are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy and include primarily institutional mutual funds that are valued based on the fair value of underlying investments using pricing models or other valuation methodologies that use pricing inputs that are either directly or indirectly observable on the valuation date for the securities or assets held in the fund.

Derivative instruments classified as Level 2 are valued using a market approach with observable inputs from major indices as well as benchmark interest rates and foreign exchange rates.

The System uses the NAV to determine the fair value of the underlying investments, when an investment does not have a readily determinable fair value, provided that the NAV is calculated and used as a practical expedient to estimate fair value in accordance with GAAP requirements.

The follow table represents the investments measured at NAV as of December 31, 2022.

	Fair Value				Redemption	
	Measured		ι	Infunded	Frequency	Redemption
		at NAV	Co	mmitments	(If Currently Eligible)*	Notice Period
Investments measured at the NAV:						
Global Public Equity Investments:						
International Equity	\$	445,329	\$		W	7 days
Emerging Markets Equity		589,043			M	30 days
Total equity investments measured at the NAV		1,034,372				
Real Assets:						
Agriculture				22,451	Q	60 days
Energy		694,444		383,621	N/A	N/A
Infrastructure		577,643		272,190	N/A	N/A
Real Estate		1,577,330		612,515	Q, N/A	7-90 days, N/A
Total real assets measured at the NAV		2,849,417		1,290,777		
Other Investments:						
Credit (includes private credit)		1,522,987		652,551	M, Q, N/A	5-90 days, N/A
Private Equity		3,301,522		1,588,829	N/A	N/A
Risk Mitigation		1,290,106			D, W, M, Q	1-75 days
Unique Strategies		74,365		99,831	Q, N/A	60 days, N/A
Total other investments at the NAV		6,188,980		2,341,211		
Total investments measured at the NAV	\$	10,072,769	\$	3,631,988		

^{*} D=Daily, W=Weekly, M=Monthly, Q=Quarterly, N/A=No redemption or frequency period

The investment types listed in the above table measured at the NAV as explained below:

Global public equity includes five institutional funds. Two funds focus on international securities and three funds focus on emerging markets equities. The fair value of each fund has been determined using NAV per share or unit of the investments.

Real assets: Agriculture includes one fund that invests in a diversified portfolio of vegetable and permanent crop farmland in select major agricultural states. The fund is an open-end, infinite life, private real estate investment trust (REIT) subject to the redemption terms in the schedule above.

D. OCERS Investments (Continued)

Investment–Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Real assets: Energy consists of 19 limited partnerships that invest primarily in oil and gas related investments. There are no redemption terms for any of these partnerships. These investments are considered illiquid. During the life of the partnerships, distributions are received as underlying partnership investments are realized. The fair values of this investment type have been determined using estimates provided by the underlying partnerships and are at NAV. One of the partnerships is considered a going concern, and is included at a zero value.

Real assets: Infrastructure consists of ten limited partnerships that invest primarily in energy related renewable infrastructure. There are no redemption terms for any of these partnerships. These investments are considered illiquid. During the life of the partnerships, distributions are received as underlying partnership investments are realized. The fair values of this investment type have been determined using estimates provided by the underlying partnerships and are at NAV.

Real assets: Real estate investments include 21 funds consisting of primarily trust funds and limited partnerships. The purpose of these funds is to acquire, own, invest in real estate and real estate related assets with the intention of achieving current income, capital appreciation or both. These investments are valued through independent appraisals and other unobservable methods. The majority of these funds are closed-end funds with structured investment periods, and considered illiquid investments. All other funds have no redemption restrictions other than the restrictions noted above.

Credit includes investments in 24 limited partnership funds and one equity fund. 18 of these funds are considered private credit investments, which are closed-end funds and are considered illiquid investments. These investments represent approximately 53% of the value. The remaining six funds allow for redemption based on the terms noted above. The fair value of these investments has been determined using NAV per share of the investments.

Private equity includes primarily investments in limited partnership funds, managed by various different investment managers. Generally, the partnership strategies are to maximize the return by participating in private equity and equity-related investments through a diversified portfolio of venture capital, growth equity, buyouts, special situation partnerships and other limited liability vehicles. Investments in these partnerships are typically for 10-12 years and are considered illiquid. Redemptions are restricted over the life of the partnership. During the life of the partnerships, distributions are received as underlying partnership investments are realized. The fair values of this investment type have been determined using NAV per share of the System's ownership interest in partners' capital.

Risk mitigation includes eight limited partnership funds, which allow redemption with proper notification. The funds assist in diversifying the portfolio and protecting in an economic downturn of growth assets. The strategies are uncorrelated or negatively correlated to economic growth assets. The fair value of these investments has been determined using NAV per share.

Unique Strategies includes three limited partnership funds, one of the funds allows for redemptions and the other fund has no redemption terms and is considered an illiquid investment. This asset class provides additional diversification which can be used to help mitigate risk and provide value to the OCERS portfolio. These investments are valued at NAV.

E. CalOptima Health Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are reported in the statements of net position as follows:

	 2023
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 771,576
Investments	1,676,736
Board-Designated Assets and Restricted Cash:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,940
Investments	574,612
Restricted Deposit	 300
Total	\$ 3,025,164

Board-designated assets and restricted cash are available for the following purposes:

		2023
Board-Designated Assets and Restricted Cash:	·	_
Contingency Reserve Fund	\$	576,552
Restricted Deposits with DMHC		300
Total	\$	576,852

Custodial Credit Risk Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, CalOptima Health may not be able to recover its deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by public agencies by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under the state law. As of June 30, 2023, no deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk, as CalOptima Health has pledged collateral to cover the amounts.

Investments

CalOptima Health invests in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, other U.S. government agencies and instrumentalities, state obligations, corporate securities, money market funds, and mortgage or asset-backed securities.

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its annual investment policy (investment policy), CalOptima Health manages its exposure to decline in fair value from increasing interest rates by matching maturity dates to the extent possible with CalOptima Health's expected cash flow draws. Its investment policy limits maturities to five years, while also staggering maturities. CalOptima Health maintains a low-duration strategy, targeting a portfolio duration of three years or less, with the intent of reducing interest rate risk. Portfolios with low duration are less volatile because they are less sensitive to interest rate changes.

E. CalOptima Health Cash and Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

As of June 30, 2023, CalOptima Health's investments, including cash equivalents, had the following modified duration:

			urities	(In Years)		
	F	air Value	Le	ss Than 1		1-5
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$	652,373	\$	334,436	\$	317,937
U.S. Agency Notes		294,565				294,565
Corporate Bonds		606,479		151,601		454,878
Asset-Backed Securities		167,709		41,291		126,418
Mortgage-Backed Securities		352,526		24,027		328,499
Municipal Bonds		69,679		26,905		42,774
Supranational		9,707				9,707
Commercial Paper		34,825		34,825		
Certificates of Deposit		48,083		48,083		
Cash Equivalents		666,834		666,834		
Cash		7,274		7,274		
Total		2,910,054	\$	1,335,276	\$	1,574,778
Accrued Interest Receivable		15,402				
	\$	2,925,456				

<u>Investment with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations</u>

When interest rates fall, debt is refinanced and paid off early. The reduced stream of future interest payments diminishes the fair value of the investment. The mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities in the CalOptima Health portfolios are of high credit quality, with relatively short average lives that represent limited prepayment and interest rate exposure risk. CalOptima Health's investments include the following investments that are highly sensitive to interest rate and prepayment fluctuations to a greater degree than already indicated in the information provided above:

	June 30, 202					
Asset-Back Securities	\$	167,709				
Mortgage-Backed Securities		352,526				
	\$	520,235				

Credit Risk

CalOptima Health's investment policy conforms to the California Government Code as well as to customary standards of prudent investment management. Credit risk is mitigated by investing in only permitted investments. The investment policy sets minimum acceptable credit ratings for investments from the three nationally recognized rating services: S&P, Moody's, and Fitch Ratings (Fitch). For an issuer of short-term debt, the rating must be no less than A-1 (S&P), P-1 (Moody's), or F-1 (Fitch), while an issuer of long-term debt shall be rated no less than an "A."

As of June 30, 2023, following are the credit ratings of investments and cash equivalents:

			Minimum	1	Exempt								
		Fair	Legal		From			R	ating as c	of Y	ear-End		
Investment Type		Value	Rating		Disclosure	AAA	Aa & Aa+		Aa-		A+	Α	A-
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$	709,754	N/A	\$	709,754	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	-	\$ 	\$ -
U.S. Agency Notes		472,402	N/A		472,402								
Corporate Bonds		610,956	A-			48,289	8,241		108,468		189,593	154,798	101,567
Asset-Backed Securities		167,997	AA-			165,939	2,058						
Mortgage-Backed Securities		355,150	AAA			355,150							
Municipal Bonds		107,478	A-			66,287	26,429		10,728		1,007	1,568	1,459
Supranational		9,779	AAA			9,779							
Certificates of Deposit		48,839	A1/P1			48,839							
Commercial Paper		435,827	A1/P1			420,914	14,913						
Money Market Mutual Funds		7,274	AAA			7,274							
Total	\$ 2	2,925,456		\$	1,182,156	\$ 1,122,471	\$ 51,641	\$	119,196	\$	190,600	\$ 156,366	\$ 103,026
			•										

E. CalOptima Health Cash and Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of CalOptima Health's investment in a single issuer. CalOptima Health's investment policy limits to no more than 5% of the total fair value of investments in the securities of any one issuer, except for obligations of the U.S. government, U.S. government agencies, or government-sponsored enterprises, and no more than 10% may be invested in one money market mutual. As of June 30, 2023, all holdings complied with the foregoing limitations.

Fair Value Measurements

CalOptima Health categorizes its fair value investments within the fair value hierarchy established by U.S. GAAP. The hierarchy for fair value measurements is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date.

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: Significant unobservable inputs.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in CalOptima Health's consolidated statements of net position, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

<u>Marketable Securities</u>: Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics, or discounted cash flows. These securities are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy.

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets recognized in CalOptima Health's consolidated statements of net position measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall:

	Invest	ment	Assets at Fair	Value as	of June 30	, 2023	}
	Level 1		Level 2	Le	vel 3		Total
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$ 652,373	\$		\$		\$	652,373
U.S. Agency Notes			294,565				294,565
Corporate Bonds			606,479				606,479
Asset-Backed Securities			167,709				167,709
Mortgage-Backed Securities			352,526				352,526
Municipal Bonds			69,679				69,679
Supranational			9,707				9,707
Commercial Paper			34,825				34,825
Certificates of Deposits	 		48,083		<u></u>		48,083
	\$ 652,373	\$	1,583,573	\$		\$	2,235,946

5. RECEIVABLES

GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," requires identification of receivable balances not expected to be collected within one year. The details of the receivables reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position that are not expected to be collected within the next fiscal year are identified as follows:

5. RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Accounts Receivable

Accounts Receivable had a balance of \$47,870 as of June 30, 2023. Of this amount, \$3,161 is not expected to be collected within the next fiscal year. This primarily consists of \$2,899 for animal care delinquent invoices. Also, \$256 is for expected recoveries from the Airport's multi-year fixed-base operator lessee for pollution remediation costs.

Deposits Receivable

Deposits Receivable had a balance of \$1,265 as of June 30, 2023. Of this amount, \$982 is not expected to be collected within the next fiscal year. This primarily consists of a \$400 deposit required by the vendor per agreement with the Health Care Agency (HCA) and \$561 in deposits with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers for regulatory permitting process on various maintenance.

Leases Receivable

Leases Receivable had a balance of \$179,881 as of June 30, 2023. Of this amount, \$159,193 is not expected to be received within the next fiscal year. This represents multiple lease agreements, as described in Note 13, I eases

Service Concession Arrangements Receivable

Service Concession Arrangements Receivable had a balance of \$143,805 as of June 30, 2023. Of this amount, \$141,925 is not expected to be received within the next fiscal year. This represents multiple lease agreements, as described in Note 7, Service Concession Arrangements.

Due from Other Governmental Agencies

Due from Other Governmental Agencies had a balance of \$639,962 as of June 30, 2023. Of this amount, \$116,641 is not expected to be received within the next fiscal year, which primarily consists of \$86,640 which is expected reimbursement of the Santa Ana River Subvention claims that will be submitted to the State Department of Water Resources, \$16,938 for COVID-19 program reimbursements from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and \$12,634, net of an allowance of \$10,527, owed by the State to the County for various mandated cost reimbursements for programs and services the State requires the County to provide. Also, \$429 is for the expected reimbursement of Medi-Cal administrative activities.

Notes Receivable

Notes Receivable had a balance of \$68,708 as of June 30, 2023. Of this amount, \$41,244 is not expected to be received within the next fiscal year. This primarily consists of \$33,867 for loans made to developers to build affordable, low to moderate income, and senior housing. In addition, \$6,378 is for housing loans for Mental Health Services Act (MHSA) programs and \$950 is for loans provided to first time home buyers.

6. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Increases and decreases in the County's capital assets for governmental and business-type activities during the fiscal year were as follows:

fiscal year were as follows:	Primary Government									
	J	uly 1, 2022,						Balance		
		as restated	lr	ncreases	D	ecreases	Jui	ne 30, 2023		
Governmental Activities:										
Capital Assets Not Depreciable/Amortizable:										
Land	\$	838,106	\$	62,420	\$	(352)	\$	900,174		
Land Use Rights (Permanent)		16,435		247		`		16,682		
Construction in Progress		654,949		269,598		(368,971)		555,576		
Intangible in Progress		21,725		1,012		(19,321)		3,416		
Total Capital Assets Not										
Depreciable/Amortizable		1,531,215		333,277		(388,644)		1,475,848		
Capital Assets, Depreciable/Amortizable:										
Structures and Improvements		1,657,793		251,405		(26,835)		1,882,363		
Land Improvements		10,208		35,670				45,878		
Equipment		509,581		45,050		(56,633)		497,998		
Software		159,749		19,202		(979)		177,972		
Infrastructure:		•		•		, ,				
Flood Channels		1,374,867		92,160		(195)		1,466,832		
Roads		460,538		11,323		(428)		471,433		
Bridges		156,969		4,023		`		160,992		
Trails		49,387		26				49,413		
Traffic Signals		20,602		3,301				23,903		
Harbors and Beaches		41,238		11,767		(517)		52,488		
Right-to-Use Assets:		•		•		` ,				
Lease Equipment		1,543		2,095		(40)		3,598		
Lease IT Equipment		229		31		`(1)		259		
Lease Structures and Improvements		447,676		71,251		(25,865)		493,062		
Lease Land		2,996		·				2,996		
SBITA		31,210		37,072				68,282		
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable/Amortizable		4,924,586		584,376		(111,493)		5,397,469		
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization For:										
Structures and Improvements		(856,497)		(50,863)		25,725		(881,635)		
Land Improvements		(2,026)		(1,703)				(3,729)		
Equipment		(310,829)		(32,293)		50,010		(293,112)		
Software		(124,561)		(12,377)		52		(136,886)		
Infrastructure:										
Flood Channels		(423,590)		(19,403)		141		(442,852)		
Roads		(229,153)		(17,056)				(246,209)		
Bridges		(55,582)		(2,921)				(58,503)		
Trails		(39,672)		(859)				(40,531)		
Traffic Signals		(13,414)		(568)				(13,982)		
Harbors and Beaches		(34,714)		(785)		517		(34,982)		
Right-to-Use Assets:										
Lease Equipment		(771)		(1,619)		27		(2,363)		
Lease IT Equipment		(105)		(105)				(210)		
Lease Structures and Improvements		(36,917)		(37,301)		3,176				
Lease Land		(232)		(232)			(46			
SBITA				(29,300)				(29,300)		
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization		(2,128,063)		(207,385)		79,648		(2,255,800)		
Total Capital Assets,		2 700 522		276 004		(24.045)		2 1 1 1 000		
Depreciable/Amortizable (Net)	•	2,796,523	Ф.	376,991	Ф.	(31,845)	Ф.	3,141,669		
Governmental Activities Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	4,327,738	\$	710,268	\$	(420,489)	\$	4,617,517		

6. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Primary Government												
	July	alance / 1, 2022, restated		ncreases		reases		Balance ne 30, 2023					
Business-Type Activities: Capital Assets Not Depreciable/Amortizable:					•		_						
Land Construction in Progress Intangible in Progress	\$	38,379 34,683 335	\$	63,617 	\$	(3,514) (335)	\$	38,379 94,786 					
Total Capital Assets Not Depreciable/Amortizable		73,397		63,617		(3,849)		133,165					
Capital Assets, Depreciable/Amortizable:													
Structures and Improvements		966,956		535		(2,689)		964,802					
Land Improvements		611						611					
Equipment		119,075		13,531		(5,092)		127,514					
Software		6,957		396		(58)		7,295					
Infrastructure		729,676		127				729,803					
Right-to-Use Assets:													
Lease Equipment		400		62				62					
SBITA Total Capital Assets Depresiable/Americable	-	428		446		(7.920)		874					
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable/Amortizable		1,823,703		15,097		(7,839)		1,830,961					
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization For:													
Structures and Improvements		(442,451)		(29,010)		565		(470,896)					
Land Improvements		(47)		(20)				(67)					
Equipment		(63,573)		(9,839)		4,892		(68,520)					
Software		(4,270)		(668)				(4,938)					
Infrastructure		(461,698)		(16,695)				(478,393)					
Right-to-Use Assets:													
Lease Equipment				(44)				(44)					
SBITA				(396)				(396)					
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization Total Capital Assets,		(972,039)		(56,672)		5,457		(1,023,254)					
Depreciable/Amortizable (Net)		851,664	_	(41,575)		(2,382)		807,707					
Business-Type Activities Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	925,061	\$	22,042	\$	(6,231)	\$	940,872					
Depreciation/Amortization expense was allocated am Government Activities:	ong fund	ctions of the	prim	nary governm	nent as	follows:							
General Government					\$	23,96	35						
Public Protection					Ψ	67,12							
Public Ways and Facilities						32,84							
Health and Sanitation						27,32							
Public Assistance						24,37							
Education						2,52							
Recreation and Cultural Services						9,66							
Internal Service Funds' Depreciation Expense Al	located t	o Various F	uncti	ions		19,5							
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation/A						207,38							
Business-Type Activities:													
Airport						34,22	20						
OC Waste & Recycling						22,4							
Total Business-Type Activities Depreciation/A	Amortizat	tion Expense	9			56,67	72						
Total Depreciation/Amortization Expense					\$	264,05	57						

7. SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS (SCA)

GASB Statement No. 94 defines the required criteria for which a public-private or public-public partnership arrangement qualifies as a SCA:

- The transferor conveys to the operator the right and related obligation to provide public services through the use and operation of an underlying asset in exchange for significant consideration, such as an upfront payment, installment payments, a new facility, or improvements to an existing facility;
- The operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties:
- The transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve which services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services; and
- The transferor is entitled to significant residual interest in the service utility of the underlying asset at the end of the arrangement.

The County determined that the following arrangements met the criteria of SCAs as set forth in GASB Statement No. 94, where the County is the transferor, and therefore included these arrangements in the County's financial statements.

Dana Point Harbor

On October 29, 2018, later amended, the County entered into 66-year term lease agreements with Dana Point Harbor Partners, LLC (DPHP), and Dana Point Harbor Partners Drystack, LLC (DPHPD) to conduct due diligence regarding master lease and development of the Dana Point Harbor. The County must ensure that DPHP and DPHPD, as the Lessees, adhere to the tidelands trust and all applicable laws. The agreements include the reconstruction of the commercial core, the east and west marinas, two new hotels, and the rebuilding of docks. DPHP and DPHPD will fund and build the improvements, and then operate those portions of the harbor on a 66-year lease. DPHP and DPHPD are required to assume full responsibility for operation and maintenance of their lease premises, and make minimum rent payments to the County, in accordance with their respective agreements. Additionally, the agreements provide for the County to receive a percentage of the gross receipts generated from sales, subleases, or any activity permitted under the DPHP and DPHPD arrangements. After the leases end, the assets and improvements will be returned to the County. In April 2020, DPHP, and DPHPD entered into tolling agreements with the County due to the County State of Emergency, declared March 3, 2020, in connection with the COVID-19 pandemic. Except for the lease terms and due dates for the monthly minimum and percentage rents, dates and deadlines under the Ground Leases were tolled. On March 9, 2022, the County approved the second amendment to the Master Ground Lease Agreement mainly to terminate the tolling amendment and to modify the schedule of the construction and redevelopment work. The leases terms, minimal rent payments and revenue share percentages prevailed. Under the terms of the agreement with DPHPD, the County is committed to reimburse the Lessee \$20,000 for applicable redevelopment costs as certain construction milestones are met. As of June 30, 2023, the County is not liable for any reimbursements.

Newport Dunes Aquatic Park

On February 16, 1989, and later amended, the County entered into a 50-year agreement with Newport Dunes Partnership for the improvement and operation of the Newport Dunes Aquatic Park, a 102-acre recreational facility owned by the County, which includes a 450-slip marina, a launch ramp, a dry boat storage facility, an RV park, a beach and swimming lagoon, and a restaurant. It also includes an underdeveloped 13-acre parcel. On August 1, 2002, the County consented to the assignment of the original lease from Newport Dunes Partnership to Waterfront Resort Properties, LP and Newport Dunes Marina. In addition, on August 25, 2009, the County agreed to grant the Newport Dunes Marina an option for a new 50-year lease to accommodate development of a 275-room Family Inn by a sublessee, Winsor Newport Dunes LP (Winsor), an affiliate of Winsor Capital Group. The option is exercisable upon the completion of the hotel. In 2015, Winsor pulled out of the construction of the Family Inn, and on December 8, 2015, the Newport Dunes Marina obtained approval from the County for a sublease with Brighton Management, LLC (Brighton), for construction of the Family Inn. However, in 2019 Brighton filed for bankruptcy. Hence, Newport Dunes Marina is currently looking for a developer to build the Family Inn. In April 2020, Waterfront Resort Properties, LP, and Newport Dunes Marina entered into a tolling agreement with the County due to the County State of Emergency, declared March 3, 2020, in connection with

7. SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS (SCA) (Continued)

the COVID-19 pandemic. All deadlines under the lease were tolled. The tolling period ended on February 28, 2023. After the lease ends, the assets and improvements will return to the County. Under the current agreement, the County receives minimum rent payments and a percentage of the gross receipts generated from the sales, subleases or any other activity permitted under the arrangement. Additionally, the County is required to make annual contributions to a dredging reserve fund in the amount of \$309.

Furthermore, the County entered into several SCA's with third parties or operators to maintain and operate a boat-berthing facility at Lower Newport Bay and various golf courses. The County receives minimal rent payments and a percentage of gross receipts generated from the sales, subleases or any other activity permitted under each arrangement. The County has no contractual obligations to sacrifice financial resources that meet the criteria to be recognized as liability for these SCAs.

A summary of the important details for each SCA over the term of their agreements are as follows:

				Minimum Rent	
				Payment	
	Date SCA	Term of	Expiration of	Received	
	Entered Into	SCA	SCA	in FY 2022-23	Revenue Sharing
Dana Point Harbor	10/29/2018	66 yrs	10/29/2084	\$ 1,790	Between 2% and 20% of the gross receipts from the operation of the different components of the Harbor
Newport Dunes Aquatic Park	3/1/1989	53 yrs *	2/9/2042	2,210	Between 5% to 35% of the gross receipts from the operation of the different business areas of the Newport Dunes
Lower Newport Bay	11/1/2015	50 yrs	10/31/2065	76	Agreement does not include revenue sharing
Mile Square Golf Course	7/1/1999	43 yrs *	6/10/2042	850	40% of gross receipts from Green Fees, Driving Range and golf equipment rentals; 15% of gross receipts from golf lessons and 6% from gross receipts from other sales or services performed at the golf course
Mason Regional Park Golf Course	12/1/1996	45 yrs	11/30/2041	409	25% of gross receipts from Green Fees, Driving Range and golf equipment rental; between 5% and 10% of gross receipts from other sales and services performed at the golf course
Green River Golf Club	1/1/2022	20 yrs plus two 10 yr extensions	12/31/2061	60	1.5% of the gross receipts from the operation of the golf course; 3% of gross receipts above \$10,000
				\$ 5,395	

^{*} Term includes tolling amendment, which extended the term by 3 years

The capital assets that underlie each SCA over the term of the agreement and reported at year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Impr Sti	nd, Land ovements, ructures provements
Dana Point Harbor	\$	7,923
Newport Dunes Aquatic Park		18,087
Lower Newport Bay		3,583
Mile Square Golf Course		39,146
Mason Regional Park Golf Course		2,561
Green River Golf Club		19,930
	\$	91,230

7. SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS (SCA) (Continued)

The deferred inflows of resources for each SCA for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Jul	alance y 1, 2022, restated	Ad	lditions	Amo	ortization ⁽¹⁾	Balance e 30, 2023
SCA Capital Assets (1)		_	'				
Dana Point Harbor	\$	-	\$	7,869	\$	(127)	\$ 7,742
Newport Dunes Aquatic Park		15,299		-		(765)	14,534
Lower Newport Bay		3,731		-		(87)	3,644
Mile Square Golf Course		6,174		-		(309)	5,865
Mason Regional Park Golf Course		215		<u> </u>		(11)	204
	\$	25,419	\$	7,869	\$	(1,299)	\$ 31,989
Present Value of Installment Payments (2)							
Dana Point Harbor	\$	87,095	\$	-	\$	(1,405)	\$ 85,690
Newport Dunes Aquatic Park		30,017		-		(1,533)	28,484
Lower Newport Bay		1,831		-		(42)	1,789
Mile Square Golf Course		11,657		-		(585)	11,072
Mason Regional Park Golf Course		6,008		-		(309)	5,699
Green River Golf Club		1,478		-		(37)	1,441
		138,086		-		(3,911)	134,175
	\$	163,505	\$	7,869	\$	(5,210)	\$ 166,164

⁽¹⁾ Amortization is calculated using the straight-line method for the term of the agreement for the SCA.

8. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivables and payables may result from services rendered by one fund to another fund, or from interfund loans. "Due from" and "due to" balances are generally used to reflect short-term interfund receivables and payables whereas "advance from" and "advance to" balances are long-term.

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Due from/to other funds:

	Receivable Funds															
			Flood		Other		Other						Internal			
		General		Control	Public			Governmental			OC Waste &			Service		
Payable Funds		Fund		District		Protection		Funds		Airport	Recycling			Funds		Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	322	\$	1,560	\$	59,243	\$	14	\$	10	\$	2,598	\$	63,747
Flood Control District		5,976		-		-		863		-		37		214		7,090
Other Public Protection		11,760		-		-		3		-		-		5		11,768
Mental Health Services Act		41,152		-		-		-		-		-		-		41,152
Other Governmental Funds		88,262		1,498		1		16,324		-		4		339		106,428
Airport		2,091		10		-		56		-		-		232		2,389
OC Waste & Recycling		8,747		-		-		11		-		-		51		8,809
Internal Service Funds		701		11		-		6		-		-		12		730
Total	\$	158,689	\$	1,841	\$	1,561	\$	76,506	\$	14	\$	51	\$	3,451	\$	242,113
	_		_		_				_		_		_			

Interfund transactions between the Primary Government and Component Unit:

Receivable Entity	Payable Entity	Amount
Primary Government-General Fund	Component Unit-First 5 Orange County	\$ 274
Component Unit-First 5 Orange County	Primary Government-General Fund	310

⁽²⁾ Present value of installment payments is calculated using discount rates ranging from 2.5% to 4% for the term of each SCA.

Advances to/from other funds:

8. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (Continued)

The majority of the interfund balances resulted from the time lag between the time that: (1) goods and services were provided, (2) transactions were recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between the funds were made.

Receivable Entity	Payable Entity	Amour
OC Waste & Recycling	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 20,00

The interfund loans represent an advance made by OC Waste & Recycling to Other Governmental Funds for the Sheriff-Coroner's James A. Musick Facility project.

9. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023 were as follows:

				Transfer In	Fur	nds							
		Flood	Other	Other			Internal						
	General	Control	Public	Governmental		Airport		OC Waste &		Service			
Transfer Out Funds	Fund	District	Protection	Funds				Recycling		Funds		Total	
General Fund	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 3,755	\$ 157,550	\$		\$		\$	4,873	\$	166,178	
Flood Control District	4,194			355						320		4,869	
Other Public Protection	28,435			13,244						65		41,744	
Mental Health Services Act	295,490											295,490	
Other Governmental Funds	132,512			160,231				66		1,538		294,347	
Airport										31		31	
OC Waste & Recycling	8,608											8,608	
Internal Service Funds	3,607	215		41		19						3,882	
Total	\$ 472,846	\$ 215	\$ 3,755	\$ 331,421	\$	19	\$	66	\$	6,827	\$	815,149	

Interfund transfers reflect a flow of assets between funds and blended component units of the primary government without an equivalent flow of assets in return. Recurring transfers were made in the current fiscal year to: (1) relay cash/resources from contributing County funds to various debt service funds for the retirement of long-term obligations, (2) transfer Measure H Tobacco Settlement revenues and Public Safety Sales Tax (PSST) excess revenue in compliance with the specific statutory requirements, (3) provide resources for services provided within the County's Wraparound Program, (4) contribute resources to comply with Prop 63 MHSA, (5) transfer waste importation revenue in accordance to the Waste Disposal Agreement, and (6) transfer excess unrestricted revenues to finance various County programs based on budgetary authorizations by the Board. Not all-inclusive, the summary below details some of the more significant transfers:

Recurring Transfers

From General Fund

- \$56,269 was transferred to Other Governmental Funds for the construction of the James A. Musick and future capital projects
- \$21,964 was transferred to Other Governmental Funds in connection with debt service payments for the CUF, CAS, and CAN facilities
- \$19,370 was transferred to Other Governmental Funds for Countywide IT projects
- \$8,759 was transferred to Other Governmental Funds to finance the County's 60% share of the Wraparound Program
- \$3,778 was transferred to Internal Service Funds primarily for the purchase of Sheriff-Coroner
- \$1,729 was transferred to Other Governmental Funds for the maintenance and repair of various **Probation Criminal Justice Facilities**
- \$1,480 was transferred to Other Public Protection for the purchase, replacement, and maintenance of Sheriff-Coroner equipment

9. INTERFUND TRANSFERS (Continued)

Recurring Transfers (Continued)

• \$1,300 was transferred to Other Governmental Funds to cover expenditures for Sheriff-Coroner construction and facility development projects

From Flood Control District

• \$3,137 was transferred to the General Fund for the Watershed Management Program

From Other Public Protection

- \$13,150 was transferred to Other Governmental Funds for the Sheriff-Coroner James A. Musick Facility construction
- \$10,237 was transferred to the General Fund to support the Sheriff-Coroner Department's operations
- \$8,493 was transferred to the General Fund to fund various District Attorney funds, such as Prop 64
 Consumer Protection Fund, Real Estate Fraud, Orange County Auto Theft Task Force, and
 Supplemental Law Enforcement Services Fund
- \$7,538 was transferred to the General Fund to cover the qualifying public protection expenditures incurred by the Clerk-Recorder's Office for specific charges mandated by state law that includes modernization of the County's record keeping system, health statistics, micrographics, and security measures
- \$1,948 was transferred to the General Fund to cover the shortfall of state and federal revenues over department expenditures in Child Support Services

From Mental Health Services Act

\$295,490 was transferred to the General Fund to cover the qualifying Prop 63 MHSA expenditures

From Other Governmental Funds

- \$61,202 was transferred to Other Governmental Funds for Sheriff-Coroner capital projects
- \$52,087 was transferred to the General Fund to fund various County programs as follows:
 - \$27,682 for the County's Wraparound Program
 - \$8,584 for the Homeless Emergency Aid Program and Crisis Stabilization Program
 - \$7,787 for Environmental Health program
 - \$6,164 for Emergency Medical Services
 - \$1,870 for health disaster preparedness and the Center for Disease Control pandemic flu costs
- \$34,274 of tobacco settlement monies was transferred to the General Fund to finance HCA's various health care programs and Sheriff-Coroner Department's operational costs

From Enterprise Funds

 \$7,668 was transferred to the General Fund for the County's portion of OC Waste & Recycling's net importation revenue

In addition, the County had non-recurring transfers in the current fiscal year, which consisted of the following:

Non-Recurring Transfers

From General Fund

- \$45,752 was transferred to Other Governmental Funds for permanent supportive housing
- \$1,460 was transferred to Other Governmental Funds for Social Services Agency Leased Facilities to cover shortfall at the end of the lease term

From Flood Control District

\$1,056 was transferred to the General Fund in connection with debt service payments for the CAS facility

9. INTERFUND TRANSFERS (Continued)

Non-Recurring Transfers(Continued)

From Other Governmental Funds

- \$91,006 was transferred to Other Governmental Funds for the purchase of Sheriff-Coroner's Bell Building and land
- \$25,000 was transferred to the General Fund to increase contingency reserves per Board action
- \$6,265 was transferred to the General Fund for Central Utility Facility's maintenance projects
- \$4,375 was transferred to Other Governmental Funds for construction of the Garden Grove Navigation Center to provide temporary housing to adults experiencing homelessness
- \$4,228 was transferred to the General Fund to redirect interest back to the earning fund
- \$2,536 was transferred to the General Fund for the loan repayment for the construction of the new animal shelter
- \$2,168 was transferred to Other Governmental Funds to move System Coordination Services from HCA to CEO
- \$1,745 was transferred to the General Fund to reimburse CEO Real Estate for costs
- \$1,405 was transferred to the General Fund to pay for eligible expenses under the National Opioid Settlement.
- \$1,206 was transferred to Internal Service Funds to cover costs for data services
- \$1,000 was transferred to Other Governmental Funds to implement and administer Resolution Funding Grant program to help with the homelessness and encampment site at Talbert Regional Park

From Internal Service Funds

\$2,442 was transferred to the General Fund for the countywide installation of the VoIP phone system

10. SHORT-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, 2022 Series A

On January 13, 2022, the County issued Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, 2022 Series A (the 2022 POBs) in the principal amount of \$521,784. The 2022 POBs were issued in order to take advantage of the discount offered by the OCERS Board of Retirement to prepay the County's FY 2022-23 pension contribution. The 2022 POBs were issued as standard bonds, with four fixed-rate tranches, and a final maturity date of April 28, 2023. The obligation of the County to pay principal and interest on the 2022 POBs is imposed by law and is absolute and unconditional. Pledged security for the bonds are any lawfully available funds of the County. If an event of default has occurred and is continuing, the trustee may proceed to protect or enforce its rights by a suit in equity or action at law. The County repaid in full the outstanding balance of the bonds on April 28, 2023.

Description	_	alance y 1, 2022	Issuances & Discount/ Premium Amortization	Re	etirements	Balance June 30, 202	3	Amounts Due within One Year
County of Orange								
Taxable Pension Obligation								
Bonds, 2022 Series A								
Date Issued: January 13, 2022								
Interest Rate: 0.550% to 0.678%								
Original Amount: \$521,784								
Maturing in installments through April 28, 2023	\$	521,784	\$	\$	(521,784)	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$
Total	\$	521,784	\$	\$	(521,784)	\$ -	- :	\$

11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Legal Debt Margin

The County's legal debt limit for the year was \$9,170,431. In order for the County to issue general obligation bonds secured by ad valorem taxes on real property, California Constitution Article XIIIA, Section 1 requires the approval of 2/3 of the voters voting on the proposition.

Revenue Bonds Payable

Central Utility Facility Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2016

On June 2, 2016, the South Orange County Public Financing Authority (SOCPFA) issued its \$56,565 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2016 at a premium of \$11,724 with an interest rate range of 3.00% to 5.00%. The Lease Revenue Bonds, payable through April 2036, were issued to finance the acquisition, construction and installation of certain capital improvements to be owned by the County and to pay costs relating to the issuance of the bonds. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding principal amount, including the premium of the Series 2016 Bonds, and interest were \$52,042 and \$16,185 respectively.

The bonds are special obligations of the SOCPFA payable from and secured by the base rental payments to be made by the County pursuant to and as required under the lease agreement and the amounts held in all funds and accounts (other than the rebate fund) under the indenture. The Central Utility Facility is pledged as collateral for the debt. In the event of default, the SOCPFA or the trustee may exercise any and all remedies available pursuant to law or granted pursuant to the Lease.

Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A

On June 22, 2017, the California Municipal Finance Authority (CMFA) issued its \$152,400 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A (Orange County Civic Center Infrastructure Improvement Program-Phase I) at a premium of \$22,940, with an interest rate range from 4.00%-5.00%. As the debt was issued by CMFA, this does not constitute debt for the County. Pursuant to a loan agreement, CMFA loaned the bond proceeds totaling \$175,340 to the Capital Facilities Development Corporation (Corporation), a component unit of the County, to construct the County Administration South (CAS) located at 601 N. Ross Street. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding principal amount, including the premium of the Series 2017 Bonds, and interest were \$164,962 and \$95,950, respectively.

The County's payment obligation commenced on November 12, 2019 when the building's Certificate of Substantial Completion was delivered to the trustee. County departments occupying CAS will be responsible for making base rental payments. The County's base rental payments, under the Facility Lease, began in FY 2020-21 and will be used to repay the loan to the CMFA. Loan repayments are scheduled to conclude when the bonds mature, in June 2047. In the event of default, the trustee may exercise any remedies available under the Indenture, the Loan Agreement and the Facility Lease.

Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2018A

On December 13, 2018, CMFA issued its \$185,705 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2018A (Orange County Civic Center Infrastructure Improvement Program-Phase II) at a premium of \$26,599, with an interest rate coupon of 5%. As the debt was issued by CMFA, this does not constitute debt for the County. Pursuant to a loan agreement, CMFA loaned the bond proceeds totaling \$212,304 to the Corporation, a component unit of the County, to construct County Administration North (CAN) located at 400 W. Civic Center Drive. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding principal amount, including the premium of the Series 2018 Bonds, and interest were \$208,177 and \$140,890, respectively.

The County's payment obligation commenced on August 5, 2022 when the building's Certificate of Substantial Completion was delivered to the trustee. County departments occupying CAN will be responsible for making base rental payments. The County's base rental payments, under the Facility Lease, began in FY 2022-23 and will be used to repay the loan to the CMFA. Loan repayments are scheduled to end when the bonds mature, in June 2048. In the event of default, the trustee may exercise any remedies available under the Indenture, the Loan Agreement and the Facility Lease.

Revenue Bonds Payable (Continued)

Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019A and 2019B

On July 9, 2009, the Airport issued the Airport Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A and 2009B (2009A and 2009B Bonds) in the aggregate principal amount of \$233,115, with an original issue net premium of \$288. The 2009A and 2009B Bonds were issued to finance a portion of the Airport Improvement Program (AIP), fund the debt service requirement for the bonds, fund capitalized interest on a portion of the bonds and pay costs relating to the issuance of the bonds. The AIP consist of numerous direct improvements to the Airport facilities such as construction of Terminal C, Parking Structure C and two commuter/regional holdrooms at the north and south ends of the extended Terminal.

On May 14, 2019, the Airport issued the Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019A and 2019B (2019A and 2019B Bonds) in the principal amount of \$85,030, with a premium of \$13,404. The 2019A and 2019B Bonds were issued to refund and defease the 2009A and 2009B Bonds, fund a debt service reserve subaccount for the bonds, and pay certain expenses in connection with the issuance of the bonds. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the total debt service principal and interest paid were \$6,750 and \$2,832, respectively. The 2019 Bonds were secured by a pledge of (1) operating revenues, net of specified operating expenses, (2) interest earnings, (3) other miscellaneous revenue and (4) available PFC revenue. In the event of default, the trustee could exercise any remedies available under the bond indentures and under state and federal law.

On February 16, 2023, the Airport executed the in-substance defeasance of the 2019A and 2019B Bonds, for the outstanding principal and interest balances of \$53,260 and \$7,662, respectively. The Airport defeased its bonds due to the availability of federal relief aid and available PFC collections eligible to fund the defeasance. The Airport deposited \$58,479 in an irrevocable escrow fund, and the amounts were invested in State and Local Government Series (SLGS) securities to be used solely for satisfying scheduled debt service payments of the defeased debt through and including July 1, 2027. As a result, the beginning fiscal year principal balance of \$60,010, including the \$6,180 premium, of the 2019A and 2019B Bonds, totaling \$66,190, is no longer reported as a liability in the Airport's financial statements. Additionally, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 86, "Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues", the Airport recognized a loss on the defeasance of \$1,189. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding balance of the defeased bonds was \$60,922.

Fiscal Year 2022-23 Debt Obligation Activity

During FY 2022-23, the following events concerning County debt obligations occurred.

Revenue Bonds Payable

Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2022

On July 26, 2022, the SOCPFA issued its \$83,375 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2022 (County of Orange Sheriff-Coroner Facility) at a premium of \$12,350, with an interest rate coupon of 5%. The Lease Revenue Bonds, payable through June 2052, were issued to finance the acquisition of and construction of certain improvements to a new facility for the County Sheriff-Coroner's department to be owned by the County and to pay costs relating to the issuance of the bonds. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding principal amount, including the premium of the Series 2022 Bonds, and interest were \$95,725 and \$76,314, respectively.

The bonds are special obligations of the SOCPFA payable from and secured by the base rental payments to be made by the County pursuant to and as required under the lease agreement and the amounts held in all funds and accounts (other than the rebate fund) under the indenture. The property itself was pledged as collateral for the debt. In the event of default, the SOCPFA or the trustee may exercise any and all remedies available pursuant to law or granted pursuant to the Lease.

Fiscal Year 2022-23 Debt Obligation Activity (Continued)

Direct Placement Obligations

Teeter Plan Notes

On April 21, 2020, the Board approved an increase in the authorized amount from \$100,000 to \$150,000 due to the anticipated economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. On June 24, 2020, the County used accumulated base taxes to redeem \$8,778 of the Teeter Plan Obligation Notes. As of June 30, 2020, the outstanding principal amount of the Teeter Plan Obligation Notes was \$34,661 and the authorized, unused available commitment under the First Amendment to Amended and Restated Note Purchase and Reimbursement Agreement was \$115,339. At the time of the increase in authorized amount, the prior notes in the amount of \$43,439 were paid off, and new notes in the amount of \$43,439 were issued.

On July 14, 2020, additional Teeter Plan Notes were issued in the amount of \$50,725 to finance the delinquent property tax receivables associated with the Teeter Plan for a new outstanding balance of \$85,386.

On December 30, 2020 and June 28, 2021, the County used all of the accumulated base taxes to redeem \$32,756 and \$15,224, respectively, of the Teeter Plan Obligation Notes. As of June 30, 2021, the outstanding principal amount of the Teeter Plan Obligation Notes was \$37,406.

On July 14, 2021, the County issued taxable Teeter Plan Obligation Notes, Series B to refund the \$37,406 outstanding Teeter Plan Obligation Notes and to finance the purchase of \$42,572 of delinquent property tax receivables associated with the Teeter plan for a new outstanding balance of \$79,978.

On July 18, 2022, the County paid off its \$79,978 taxable Teeter Plan Obligation Notes, Series B utilizing \$45,810 in accumulated base taxes. On July 18, 2022, the Teeter Plan Notes were issued for \$82,308 in taxable Teeter Plan Obligations Notes, Series B, to refund the outstanding balance of \$34,168 and finance the purchase of \$48,140 in delinquent property tax receivables. The Teeter Notes issued on July 18, 2022, were issued pursuant to a First Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Note Purchase and Reimbursement Agreement, dated between the County and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association. Teeter Notes may be issued from time to time by the County provided that the total principal amount of Teeter Notes outstanding at any one time shall not exceed \$150,000. The Teeter Notes mature on July 17, 2023 and bear interest at the rate of 3.46% per annum. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding principal amount of the Teeter Plan Obligation Notes was \$82,308 and the authorized, unused available commitment under the First Amendment to Amended and Restated Note Purchase and Reimbursement Agreement was \$67,692.

Subtotal-Revenue Bonds

11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Schedule of Long-Term Debt Obligations, Fiscal Year 2022-23

The table below summarizes the revenue bonds and direct placement obligations outstanding and related activity for the year ended June 30, 2023.

acarri, 101 and year chaca cane co, 25251	Balance	Loans/Debt Issuances and Discount/ Premium		Balance	Amounts Due within
Description	July 1, 2022	Amortization	Retirements	June 30, 2023	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Revenue Bonds:					
South Orange County Public Financing Authority Central Utility Facility Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2016 Date Issued: June 2, 2016 Interest Rate: 3.00% to 5.00% Original Amount: \$56,565 FY 2022-23 Principal and Interest: \$4,486 FY 2022-23 Total Pledged Revenues: \$4,492 Maturing in installments through April 1, 2036	\$ 54,820	\$ (513)	\$ (2,265)	\$ 52,042	\$ 2,969
California Municipal Finance Authority Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A (Orange County Civic Center Infrastructure Improvement Program-Phase I) Date Issued: June 22, 2017 Interest Rate: 4.00% to 5.00% Original Amount: \$152,400; Plus Premium: \$22,940 FY 2022-23 Principal and Interest: \$9,979					
Maturing in installments through June 1, 2047 California Municipal Finance Authority Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2018A	168,670	(618)	(3,090)	164,962	3,967
(Orange County Civic Center Infrastructure Improvement Program-Phase II) Date Issued: December 13, 2018 Interest Rate: 5.00% Original Amount: \$185,705; Plus Premium: \$26,599 FY 2022-23 Principal and Interest: \$12,920 Maturing in installments through June 1, 2048	212,304	(492)	(3,635)	208,177	4,418
South Orange County Public Financing Authority Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2022 (County of Orange Sheriff-Coroner Facility) Date issued: July 26, 2022 Interest Rate: 5.00% Original Amount: \$83,375 FY 2022-23 Interest: \$3,532 FY 2022-23 Total Pledged Revenues: \$81					
Maturing in installments through June 1, 2052		95,725		95,725	1,419

435,794

94,102

(8,990)

520,906

12,773

Schedule of Long-Term Debt Obligations, Fiscal Year 2022-23 (Continued)

Loans/Debt Issuances and

	Balance	Discount/ Premium		Balance	Amounts Due within	
Description	July 1, 2022	Amortization	Retirements	June 30, 2023	One Year	
Direct Placement Obligations:						
County of Orange Teeter Plan Notes Date of Issuance: July 14, 2021 Interest Rate: .43% Taxable Fixed Rate Original Amount: \$79,978 FY 2022-23 Principal and Interest: \$79,994 Maturing on July 18, 2022	\$ 79,978 \$		\$ (79,978)	\$	\$	
Date of Issuance: July 18, 2022 Interest Rate: 3.46% Taxable Fixed Rate Original Amount: \$82,308 FY 2022-23 Interest: \$2,769 FY 2022-23 Total Pledged Revenues: \$8,658 Maturing on July 17, 2023		82,308		82,308	82,308	
Subtotal-Direct Placement Obligations Subtotal-Governmental Activities	79,978 515,772	82,308 176,410	(79,978) (88,968)	82,308 603,214	82,308 95,081	
Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds- Series 2019A and 2019B Date Issued: May 14, 2019 Interest Rate: 5.00% Original Amount: \$85,030 FY 2022-23 Principal and Interest: \$60,922 Maturing in installments through July 1, 2030	66,190		(66,190)			
Subtotal-Business-Type Activities	66,190		(66,190)			
Total	\$ 581,962	176,410	\$ (155,158)	\$ 603,214	\$ 95,081	

Schedule of Long-Term Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The following is a schedule of all long-term debt service requirements to maturity by activity type on an annual basis.

		Revenu	ie Bon	ds	Direct Placem	ent Ob	ligations	
Fiscal Year(s) Ending June 30	ear(s) Ending June 30 Principal Ir		Interest	 Principal		Interest	Total	
2024	\$	10,780	\$	22,115	\$ 82,308	\$	111	\$ 115,314
2025		11,320		21,576				32,896
2026		11,885		21,009				32,894
2027		12,480		20,415				32,895
2028		13,100		19,791				32,891
2029-2033		76,016		88,444				164,460
2034-2038		87,820		67,670				155,490
2039-2043		96,475		45,543				142,018
2044-2048		111,765		20,275				132,040
2049-2052		19,525		2,500				22,025
Total		451,166		329,338	82,308		111	862,923
Add: Premium/(Discount)		69,740						 69,740
Total	\$	520,906	\$	329,338	\$ 82,308	\$	111	\$ 932,663

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activities, for the year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2022, as restated		Α	Additions		Reductions		Balance June 30, 2023		ue within One Year
Governmental Activities:										
Revenue Bonds	\$	376,781	\$	83,375	\$	(8,990)	\$	451,166	\$	10,780
Teeter Plan Notes (Direct Placement)		79,978		82,308		(79,978)		82,308		82,308
Add: Premium/(Discount) on Bonds Payable		59,013		12,350		(1,623)		69,740		1,993
Total, Net		515,772		178,033	_	(90,591)		603,214		95,081
Other Long-Term Liabilities: *										
Compensated Employee Absences Payable		177,397		172,015		(174,832)		174,580		115,534
Financed Purchase Liability		30,633		732		(10,411)		20,954		10,513
Insurance Claims Payable		250,023		156,671		(144,000)		262,694		70,699
Estimated Liability-Litigation and Claims		21,392		855		(21,392)		855		755
Intangible Assets Obligations Payable		3,584		133		(1,569)		2,148		1,203
Lease Liability ***		426,957		73,377		(51,352)		448,982		27,341
Subscription Liability ***		31,210		31,901		(30,318)		32,793		16,949
Total Other Long-Term Liabilities	-	941,196		435,684		(433,874)		943,006		242,994
Total Long-Term Liabilities **										
For Governmental Activities	\$	1,456,968	\$	613,717	\$	(524,465)	\$	1,546,220	\$	338,075

Includes amount of \$8,879 for Financed Purchase Liability, \$127 for Lease Liability, and \$6,132 for Subscription Liability from an Internal Service Fund.

^{**} The total long-term liabilities do not include Net Pension Liability or Net OPEB Liability. Refer to Note 19 for additional information on the Net Pension Liability and Note 20 for the Net OPEB Liability.

^{***} Refer to Note 2, Changes in Accounting Principle for additional information on the restatement.

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

	Jul	Balance ly 1, 2022, restated	A	dditions	Reductions		Balance June 30, 2023		Due within One Year	
Business-Type Activities:								_		
Bonds Payable:										
Revenue Bonds	\$	60,010	\$		\$	(60,010)	\$		\$	
Add: Premium (Discount) on Bonds Payable		6,180				(6,180)				
Total Bonds Payable, Net		66,190				(66,190)				
Other Long-Term Liabilities:										
Compensated Employee Absences Payable		3,967		3,692		(4,148)		3,511		2,473
Financed Purchase Liability		663				(332)		331		331
Landfill Site Closure/Postclosure										
Liabilities*		189,376		17,820		(3,391)		203,805		3,391
Pollution Remediation Obligation**		13,620				(4,471)		9,149		612
Intangible Assets Obligations Payable		324				(146)		178		89
Lease Liability ****				62		(35)		27		27
Subscription Liability ****		428		403		(311)		520		295
Total Other Long-Term Liabilities		208,378		21,977		(12,834)		217,521		7,218
Total Long-Term Liabilities ***										
For Business-Type Activities	\$	274,568	\$	21,977	\$	(79,024)	\$	217,521	\$	7,218

^{*} Refer to Note 15 for additional information regarding the increase in Landfill Site Closure/Post Closure Liabilities.

For Governmental activities, typically the General Fund has been primarily used to liquidate the pension and OPEB liability.

Compensated Employee Absences

The estimated compensated employee absences payable recorded at June 30, 2023 is \$178,091. The County's policy permits employees to accrue vacation, compensatory time, and sick leave benefits. Employees are entitled to be paid compensated time, and in some cases annual leave, vacation and sick/healthcare leave time depending on job classification, length of service, and other factors. For the governmental funds, most of the compensated absences liability will ultimately be paid from the General Fund.

Special Assessment District Bonds

Special Assessment District Bonds consist of Assessment District Bonds and Community Facilities District Bonds.

Assessment District Bonds are issued pursuant to provisions of the Improvement Bond Act of 1915 (Division 10 of the California Streets and Highways Code). Proportionate shares of principal and interest installments sufficient in aggregate to meet annual bond debt service requirements are included on the regular County tax bills sent to owners of property against which there are unpaid assessments. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the County, the State, or any political subdivision thereof is pledged to the payment of the bonds. Assessment District Bonds represent limited obligations of the County payable solely from special assessments paid by property owners within each district. Accordingly, such obligations are not included in the accompanying basic financial statements.

Community Facilities District Bonds are issued pursuant to the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982, as amended, and are payable from a portion of certain special taxes to be levied on property within the boundaries of the Community Facilities District. Except for the special taxes, no other taxes are pledged to the payment of

^{**} Refer to Note 18 for additional information regarding the decrease in Pollution Remediation Obligation.

^{***} The total long-term liabilities do not include Net Pension Liability or Net OPEB Liability. Refer to Note 19 for additional information on the Net Pension Liability and Note 20 for Net OPEB Liability.

^{****} Refer to Note 2, Changes in Accounting Principle for additional information on the restatement.

Special Assessment District Bonds (Continued)

the bonds. The bonds are not general or special obligations of the County nor general obligations of the District, but are limited obligations of the District payable solely from certain amounts deposited by the District in the special tax fund. Accordingly, such obligations are not included in the accompanying basic financial statements.

The County is acting as an agent of the assessment and community facilities districts in collecting the assessments and special taxes, forwarding the collections to other paying agents or directly to bondholders, and initiating any necessary foreclosure proceedings. Because of the County's limited obligation in connection with special assessment district and community facilities district debt, related transactions are reflected in Custodial Departmental Funds. Major capital outlay expenditures relating to these bonds are accounted for in the "Service Areas, Lighting Maintenance and Assessment Districts" Special Revenue Fund. Special assessment district and community facilities district bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2023, amounted to \$566,170.

12. CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY DEBT

Single and Multi-Family Housing Bonds

From 1980 through 2013, the County issued bonds under the authority of Chapter 7 of Part 5 of Division 3 of the Health and Safety Code of the State of California. The purpose of the bonds is to finance the purchase of single-family homes and the construction of multi-family units to benefit low and moderate income families.

The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from revenue of the projects and payments received on the underlying mortgage loans.

The bonds do not constitute a liability of the County. Neither the County, the State of California, nor any political subdivisions thereof are obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. In no event shall the bonds be payable out of any funds or properties of the County. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of June 30, 2023, there were 11 series of bonds outstanding with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$55,646.

Orange County Development Agency (OCDA) Successor Agency Bond Debt

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court issued an opinion in California Redevelopment Association (CRA) v. Matosantos, upholding the constitutionality of ABX1 26, eliminating RDA statewide effective February 1, 2012. Under ABX1 26, a successor agency was created for each dissolved RDA, including OCDA, and charged with winding down the dissolved RDA's operations and performing enforceable obligations (as defined in the law). The OCDA Successor Agency assumed the dissolved RDA's enforceable obligations, which include bond debt obligations. The Neighborhood Development and Preservation Project and Santa Ana Heights Project Refunding Bonds debt service obligations for FY 2022-23 appeared on the OCDA Successor Agency Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule and were approved by the Successor Agency Oversight Board, the State Department of Finance, and were paid to bondholders according to the debt service schedule.

Effective with OCDA's dissolution on February 1, 2012, the assets and liabilities (including bond debt) were transferred to and reported in a Private-Purpose Trust Fund of the County. This transfer and reporting structure reflects the custodial role accepted by the successor agency. As of June 30, 2023, the NDAPP bonds were paid off and the outstanding principal amount, including the premium of the SAH bonds and remaining interest was \$1,406 and \$33, respectively.

The bonds do not constitute a liability of the County. Neither the County, the State of California nor any political subdivisions thereof are obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. In no event shall the bonds be payable out of any funds or properties of the County. Accordingly, the bonds are reported as liabilities in the Private-Purpose Trust Fund.

13. <u>LEASES</u>

<u>Lessee</u>

The County is currently engaged in noncancelable leases with various vendors as a lessee for the intangible right-to-use lease equipment, IT equipment, structures and improvements, and land. The lease terms include the noncancelable period per the contract plus/minus any extension options or termination options the County is reasonably certain to exercise. As of June 30, 2023, the right-to-use asset balance is \$499,977.

In FY 2022-23, the discount rate applied to new or modified leases is 4%. The County recognized \$27,559 and \$13,551 in principal and interest payments. The County also incurred \$9 in fees for the early termination of a building lease. The lease liability at June 30, 2023 is \$449,009.

As of July 1, 2022, the County was engaged in a sublease transaction with Orange County Royale Convalescent Hospital, where a building was leased to HCA and HCA leased a portion of that building to Royale Health Care Center. On March 24, 2023, Orange County Convalescent Hospital sold the building to 1030 Warner Ave Propco, LLC, and signed an Assignment and Assumption of Master Lease. As a result of this transaction, the County recognized a gain of \$5,859 and a right-to-use lease asset ending balance of \$10,596 at June 30, 2023.

Governmental Activities		alance y 1, 2022	<u>In</u>	creases	De	creases		Balance e 30, 2023
Right-to-Use Assets Lease Equipment	\$	1,543	\$	2,095	\$	(40)	\$	3,598
Lease IT Equipment	φ	229	φ	2,093	φ	(1)	φ	259
Lease Structures and Improvements		447,676		71,251		(25,865)		493,062
Lease Land		2,996		71,231		(25,005)		2,996
Total Right-to-Use Assets		452,444	-	73,377		(25,906)		499,915
Less Amortization								
Lease Equipment		(771)		(1,619)		27		(2,363)
Lease IT Equipment		(105)		(1,015)				(210)
Lease Structures and Improvements		(36,917)		(37,301)		3,176		(71,042)
Lease Land		(232)		(232)				(464)
Total Amortization		(38,025)	-	(39,257)		3,203		(74,079)
Total Lease Assets, Net of Amortization	\$	414,419	\$	34,120	\$	(22,703)	\$	425,836
Business-Type Activities Right-to-Use Assets Lease Equipment		alance y 1, 2022 	<u>In</u>	creases 62	De	creases 	_	Balance e 30, 2023
Total Right-to-Use Assets				62				62
Less Amortization								
Lease Equipment				(44)				(44)
Total Amortization				(44)				(44)
Total Lease Assets, Net of Amortization	\$		\$	18	\$		\$	18
Covernmental & Rusiness Type Activities		alance	In	orozeoe	Da	orozeoe	_	Balance
Governmental & Business-Type Activities	Jul	y 1, 2022		creases		creases	Jun	e 30, 2023
Total Lease Assets		y 1, 2022 452,444	<u>In</u>	73,439	De	(25,906)	_	e 30, 2023 499,977
	Jul	y 1, 2022					Jun	e 30, 2023

13. LEASES (Continued)

Lessee (Continued)

The future principal and interest payments as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

		Governmen	ital Ac	tivities	Business-Type Activities					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Р	rincipal		Interest	Prir	ncipal	Interest			
2024	\$	27,341	\$	14,150	\$	27	\$			
2025		24,572		13,306						
2026		23,662		12,579						
2027		27,196		11,777						
2028		28,008		10,907						
2029-2033		121,011		42,202						
2034-2038		80,225		25,756						
2039-2043		68,733		14,041						
2044-2048		44,012		3,496						
2049-2052		4,222		59						
Total	\$	448,982	\$	148,273	\$	27	\$			

Lessor

The County leases its real property, and structures and improvements to others for various commercial, recreational, retail, and restaurant purposes. The terms of these noncancelable leases include the noncancelable period per the contract plus/minus any extension options or termination options the County is reasonably certain to exercise. Governmental activities leases receivables are held primarily by the Other Governmental Funds, and business-type activities leases receivables are held by the Airport and OC Waste & Recycling.

In FY 2022-23, the discount rate applied to new or modified leases is 4%. The County recognized \$18,777 and \$5,463 in principal and interest cash receipts. In addition \$4,027 was recognized as lease variable revenue based on lessee performance and changes in consumer price index (CPI). The leases receivable ending balance is \$179,881 at June 30, 2023.

As of July 1, 2022, the County subleased a building to Royale Health Care Center. On March 24, 2023, Royale Health Care Center sold its operations to 1030 Warner Ave Propco, LLC, and signed an Assignment and Assumption of Master Lease. As a result of this transaction, the County recognize a gain of \$244 and a leases receivable ending balance of \$9,311 at June 20, 2023.

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2022 Increases				De	ecreases	Balance June 30, 2023		
Leases Receivable	•	40.000	Φ.	0.700	Φ.	(45.040)	Φ.	5.040	
Structures & Improvements Land	\$	10,932 99,074	\$	9,720 21,698	\$	(15,612) (49,784)	\$	5,040 70,988	
Total Leases Receivable	\$	110,006	\$	31,418	\$	(65,396)	\$	76,028	
	F	Balance					ı	Balance	
Business-Type Activities	Ju	ly 1, 2022	In	creases	D	ecreases	Jun	e 30, 2023	
Leases Receivable									
	¢	7.540	Ф		\$	(021)	¢	6 600	
Structures & Improvements Land	\$	7,540 108,234	\$	 2,133	\$	(931) (13,123)	\$	6,609 97,244	

13. LEASES (Continued)

Lessor (Continued)

Governmental & Business-Type Activities

Total Leases Receivable	\$ 259,331
Total FY 22-23 Payments	(18,777)
Total FY 22-23 Adjustments/Terminations	(60,673)
Leases Receivable Balance	\$ 179,881

The following schedule presents by fiscal year the future minimum principal and interest revenue to be received for Governmental and Business-Type activities:

	Governmental Activities					Business-Type Activities					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Pr	incipal	Interest Princ			Principal	I Interest				
2024	\$	5,300	\$	2,697	\$	14,491	\$	2,963			
2025		5,357		2,472		14,949		2,520			
2026		5,300		2,267		15,422		2,063			
2027		4,967		2,062		15,895		1,591			
2028		3,875		1,896		15,663		1,111			
2029-2033		17,458		7,417		22,196		1,515			
2034-2038		10,117		4,727		1,479		820			
2039-2043		5,860		3,331		2,240		483			
2044-2048		2,417		2,591		1,518		95			
2049-2053		2,034		2,196							
2054-2058		1,847		1,873							
2059-2063		2,114		1,576							
2064-2068		2,457		1,232							
2069-2073		2,792		838							
2074-2078		3,243		387							
2079-2082		890		18_							
Total	\$	76,028	\$	37,580	\$	103,853	\$	13,161			

Regulated Leases

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, certain lease agreements, between airports and aeronautical users are subject to regulations set forth by the Federal Aviation Administration and Department of Homeland Security. A lease receivable and a deferred inflows of resources is not recognized for these leases. The Airport identifies the following regulated leases:

Commercial and Commuter Airlines and Cargo Leases

The Airport entered into five-year lease agreements with various commercial and commuter airlines and cargo carriers that commenced on January 1, 2021 and expire on December 31, 2025, with no option to extend. Revenues from terminal rates, landing, operations, and remain over-night fees totaled \$66,365 for the year ended June 30, 2023, of which \$35,120, are considered variable rental payments.

Airline minimum rental revenues are based on rates adopted by the Board and are subject to change semiannually in accordance with the related airlines' operating lease agreements. Due to the nature of the above revenues, expected future minimum payments are indeterminable.

13. <u>LEASES (Continued)</u>

Regulated Leases (Continued)

Fixed-Base Operation Leases

The Airport entered into multi-year lease agreements with full service and limited service fixed-base operators (FBO) that commenced on January 1, 2021. The full service agreements expire on December 31, 2055, with no option to extend. The limited service agreement expires on December 31, 2050, and with certain conditions, the lessee shall have the option to extend. Revenues from ground rent, building rent, and percentage rent of various gross receipts totaled \$10,278 for the year ended June 30, 2023, of which \$2,357, are considered variable rental payments. The future minimum payments are shown in the following table.

Limited Use General Aviation Facility Lease

The Airport entered into a two-year agreement with a limited use general aviation operator on September 1, 2006, which included an option for an 18 year lease extension. On October 21, 2008, the lease was extended to August 31, 2026, and on December 18, 2012, the lease was extended to August 31, 2036. Revenue from ground rent totaled \$510 for the year ended June 30, 2023, paid in twelve monthly installments. The future minimum payments are shown in the following table.

Hydrant Fueling Facilities Lease

The Airport entered into a 25 year hydrant fueling facilities lease agreement with a consortium of airline carriers on September 14, 1990. On September 14, 2010, the lease was extended to December 31, 2030. Revenue from rent totaled \$29 for the year ended June 30, 2023, paid in twelve monthly installments. The future minimum payments are shown in the following table.

Security Services Lease

The Airport entered into a five-year agreement with the Transportation Security Administration on October 1, 2018. On October 1, 2023, the lease was extended to September 30, 2033. Revenue from rent totaled \$278 for the year ended June 30, 2023, paid in twelve monthly installments.

Future minimum lease payments to be received as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

			Lim	ited Use						
Fixed-Base		Gener	General Aviation Hydrant			Se	curity			
Year Ending June 30	Opera	ation Lease	Facility Lease		Faciliti	es Lease	Servi	Services Lease		Total
2024	\$	8,182	\$	509	\$	27	\$	327	\$	9,045
2025		8,182		509		27		352		9,070
2026		7,673		509		27		365		8,574
2027		7,164		509		27		379		8,079
2028		7,164		509		27		394		8,094
2029-2033		31,685		2,546		69		2,215		36,515
2034-2038		22,031		1,619				121		23,771
2039-2043		22,031								22,031
2044-2048		22,031								22,031
2049-2053		20,936								20,936
2054-2058		7,257								7,257
Total	\$	164,336	\$	6,710	\$	204	\$	4,153	\$	175,403

13. LEASES (Continued)

Regulated Leases (Continued)

Under the agreements with the airlines, they may have exclusive use of certain space and facilities of the terminals in the Airport as summarized below:

	Airlines Using the Terminal Area	Exclusively Used Terminal Area
Terminal	Exclusively	(Sqft)
A	Air Canada	597
Α	American	11,201
Α	Breeze	298
Α	Delta	3,182
Α	WestJet	474
В	Alaska	3,083
В	United	11,687
С	Allegiant	603
С	Frontier	605
С	Southwest	10,460
С	Spirit	810
	Total	43,000

14. SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS (SBITA)

The County entered into noncancelable SBITAs with various vendors for the intangible right-to-use SBITA assets. The SBITA terms include the noncancelable period per the contract plus/minus any extension options or termination options the County is reasonably certain to exercise. The County recognized in FY 2022-23 an initial right-to-use SBITA asset balance of \$31,638, increases of \$37,518 due to new SBITAs, and amortization of \$29,696, for a right-to-use asset balance of \$39,460, net of amortization at June 30, 2023.

In FY 2022-23, the discount rate applied to SBITAs is 4%. Using this discount rate, the County recognized in FY 2022-23 an initial SBITA liability of \$31,638, increases of \$32,304 due to new SBITAs, principal SBITA payments of \$30,629, and interest SBITA payments of \$603. In addition, \$2,233 was recognized as SBITA variable payment based on performance. The principal SBITA payments reduced the SBITA liability to \$33,313 at June 30,2023.

	Jul	Balance ly 1, 2022, restated	In	creases	Decr	eases	_	alance e 30, 2023
Governmental Activities Right-to-Use SBITA Assets Total Right-to-Use SBITA Assets	\$	31,210 31,210	\$	37,072 37,072	\$		\$	68,282 68,282
Less Amortization Total Amortization Total Right-to-Use SBITA Assets, net of amortization	\$	 31,210	\$	(29,300) (29,300) 7,772	\$		\$	(29,300) (29,300) 38,982

14. SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS (SBITA) (Continued)

	July	lance 1, 2022, estated	Inc	reases	Decr	eases	 lance 30, 2023
Business-Type Activities							
Right-to-Use SBITA Assets	\$	428	\$	446	\$		\$ 874
Total Right-to-Use SBITA Assets		428		446			874
Less Amortization				(396)			(396)
Total Amortization				(396)			 (396)
Total Right-to-Use SBITA Assets, net of amortization	\$	428	\$	50	\$	-	\$ 478

	Jul	Balance y 1, 2022, restated	In	Dec	reases	Balance June 30, 2023		
Governmental & Business-Type Activities								
Total Right-to-Use SBITA Assets	\$	31,638	\$	37,518	\$		\$	69,156
Total Amortization				(29,696)				(29,696)
Total Net Right-to-Use SBITA Assets	\$	31,638	\$	7,822	\$		\$	39,460

The future principal and interest payments as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

		Government	al Activ	ities	Business-Type Activities					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal		ipal Interest			ncipal	Interest			
2024	\$	16,949	\$	1,083	\$	295	\$	18		
2025		11,221		661		225		6		
2026		3,212		180						
2027		1,411		51						
Total	\$	32,793	\$	1,975	\$	520	\$	24		

15. LANDFILL SITE CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

State laws and regulations require OC Waste & Recycling to place final covers on its landfill sites when the landfills stop accepting waste, and to perform certain postclosure maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for a minimum of 30 years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date each respective landfill stops accepting waste, OC Waste & Recycling reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on the landfill capacity used as of the Statement of Net Position date.

OC Waste & Recycling owns or operates the following waste disposal sites:

- Frank R. Bowerman (FRB) (Irvine-Active)
- Olinda Alpha (Brea-Active)
- Prima Deshecha (San Juan Capistrano-Active)
- Santiago Canyon (Orange-Ceased accepting waste in 1996, final closure certification in 2005)
- Coyote Canyon (Newport Beach-Ceased accepting waste in 1990, final closure certification in 1995)

The total landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2023 was \$203,805. The total liability represents the cumulative amount accrued based on the percentage of the active landfill capacities that have been used to date (39.81% for FRB, 92.14% for Olinda Alpha and 24.36% for Prima Deshecha), less actual costs paid related to both closure, and postclosure of the Santiago and Coyote Canyon landfills. OC Waste & Recycling will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$191,666 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and

15. LANDFILL SITE CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS (Continued)

postclosure care in 2022 dollars (using the 2022 inflation factor of 1.070). OC Waste & Recycling has enough landfill capacity to operate the system for a minimum of 25 years. However, OC Waste & Recycling estimates that it intends to operate the landfills well beyond this period as a result of approved and planned expansions.

In compliance with Title 27-Environmental Protection of California Code of Regulations, OC Waste & Recycling makes cash contributions as required to its escrow funds to provide financial assurance for estimated future landfill closure costs based on the GASB Statement No. 18, "Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs", formula which is adjusted annually by the Cal Recycle-provided CPI factor. Also, in compliance with regulations, OC Waste & Recycling has executed pledge-of-revenue agreements to provide financial assurance for estimated future landfill postclosure maintenance costs. The agreements state that OC Waste & Recycling pledges revenue from future gate fees deposited to pay for estimated postclosure maintenance or shall obtain alternative coverage within sixty (60) days if OC Waste & Recycling ceases at any time to retain control of its ability to allocate pledged revenue to pay postclosure maintenance costs. OC Waste & Recycling has proactively pre-funded this cost based on the State mandated formula that computes landfill capacity as a percentage of the total landfill capacity times the total estimated cost for postclosure maintenance. The estimated costs for future closure and postclosure maintenance are annually adjusted based on State provided inflation factors. The State mandated formula under which contributions to both closure and postclosure funds are calculated would provide for the accumulation of sufficient cash to cover all estimated costs when each landfill site reaches maximum capacity. If additional costs for closure or postclosure maintenance are determined due to changes in technology or higher regulatory requirements, these costs may need to be covered by increasing the amount charged to landfill customers.

As of June 30, 2023, a total of \$103,840 has been set aside for estimated closure and postclosure costs and is included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position as Restricted Pooled Cash and Investments-Closure and Postclosure Care Costs.

Regulations governing solid waste management are promulgated by government agencies on the federal, state and local levels. These regulations address the design, construction, operation, maintenance, closure and postclosure maintenance of various types of facilities, acceptable and prohibited waste types, and inspection, permitting, environmental monitoring and solid waste recycling requirements. Regulations at both the state and federal levels could impose retroactive liability, particularly with respect to cleanup activities relating to any landfill site ever operated by the County, whether or not owned by the County. Refer to Note 18, Pollution Remediation, for additional discussion regarding pollution remediation liabilities.

16. CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Encumbrances

The County has established a procedure for encumbering appropriations for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments authorizing delivery of merchandise or rendering of services. An encumbrance system reduces the possibility of commitments being made in excess of budgeted appropriations due to the lag time between issuance of purchase orders, contracts, and other obligations, and the actual provision of services or goods and subsequent receipt of invoices and billings from the vendors and contractors. Depending on the source(s) of funding, encumbrances are reported as part of restricted or assigned fund balance on the governmental funds balance sheet. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, the County's total significant encumbrances for governmental funds in the aggregate are reported at June 30, 2023, as follows:

General Fund	\$ 67,917
Flood Control District	64,815
Other Public Protection	4,806
Other Governmental Funds	 110,651
Total Encumbrances for Governmental Funds	\$ 248,189

16. CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS (Continued)

Construction Commitments

At June 30, 2023, the County's total commitments for major contracts entered into for equipment, intangible assets, land and structures and improvements were as follows, listed by fund within governmental or business-type activities:

Project Title		Significant Commitments		
overnmental Activities:				
General Fund				
Sheriff Bell Building-Electrical Services	\$	5,000		
Central Utility Facility-Replacement of Steam & Condensate Lines to Jail/Intake Release Center		4,672		
Telecommunications Technology		1,975		
Purchase of Heavy Equipment for Facilities Operations		1,083		
Harbor Patrol Bureau-Purchase and Repair of Boats/Boat Equipment		1,038		
Flord Control District		13,768		
Flood Control District Fact Condon Crown Wintershurg Channel Bridges at Warner Ave. Springdele St. Edwards St.		10 50		
East Garden Grove-Wintersburg Channel Bridges at Warner Ave, Springdale St, Edwards St		18,52		
Huntington Beach and Talbert Channels Rehabilitation Project		3,342 3,15		
Prado Dam Project		,		
Santa Ana Gardens Channel Bikeway Extension Phases 2-4		2,598		
Santa Ana Delhi Channel-Backbay, University to Mesa Dr		2,00 1,97		
East Garden Grove-Wintersburg Channel U/S Warner Laguna Canyon Channel Replacement Woodland to Canyon Frontage Road		1,68		
Santa Ana River Parkway Extension		1,00		
Salita Alia Nivel Falkway Exterision		34,39		
Other Public Protection	-	34,39		
Purchase of Fireboat		1,47		
Purchase of Cellular Equipment		1,37		
Taionass of Soliala. Equipment		2,85		
Other Governmental Funds	-			
Civic Center Master Plan Phase III		5,77		
Coyote Creek Channel Segment O		4,52		
Los Alamitos/Rossmoor Library-Tenant Enhancements HVAC & Roof		3,23		
El Toro Emergency Medical Facility		2,57		
Trabuco Creek Road Stabilization		2,37		
Adult Re-entry Facility		2,18		
Probation Youth Transition Center		2,15		
Trabuco Canyon Bridge 55C-008 Replacement		2,06		
HCA 17th St at El Toro Feasibility		1,840		
Manchester Office Building-Replace Building Automation System Controls		1,37		
Jail Facilities ADA Compliance Upgrade		1,30		
Jail Security Electronic Control Systems Upgrade		1,24		
Loma Ridge Emergency Generators Replacement		1,223		
Gates-Building Generator Replacement		1,13		
Gates-Building Variable Air Volume Boxes Phase III Replacement		1,114		
County Operations Center-Building B 1st Floor Remodel & HVAC		1,00		
Jetovnol Comico Fundo		35,12°		
Internal Service Funds Purchase of Various Vehicles		12,404		
1 distribus si valiono volinolos		12,404		
		12,402		

16. CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS (Continued)

Construction Commitments (Continued)

Project Title	gnificant mitments
Business-Type Activities:	_
Airport	
Facility Accessibility Improvements for Terminal Phase II	\$ 3,619
Design and Build of Aircraft Rescue and Fire Fighting Vehicle	1,647
	 5,266
OC Waste & Recycling	
Frank R. Bowerman Phase VIII-A1 Groundwater Protection & Stockpile Project	35,135
Frank R. Bowerman Sewer Line and Water Treatment System	8,422
Prima Fee Booth Replacement	4,007
Various Heavy Equipment Purchases for Olinda Alpha/North Regional Landfill	2,807
Various Heavy Equipment Purchases for Prima/South Regional Landfill	2,122
	 52,493
Total Commitments	\$ 156,302

In addition, the County is involved in the Santa Ana River Mainstem Project (SARMP). The SARMP is a major flood control project implemented and funded by the Federal government and three local sponsors—the OCFCD, San Bernardino County Flood Control District, and Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District. A component of the initial project has been re-designated as the Prado Dam Project (Project), which is being implemented and funded by the Federal Government and the OCFCD through a separate Project Cooperation Agreement (PCA). The purpose of the SARMP is to prevent devastating damage caused by large-scale flooding of the Santa Ana River flood plain. When the SARMP was initiated in 1989, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE) considered this flood plain to constitute the worst flood threat west of the Mississispipi River as to potential impacts to population and property. The Project involves a combination of flood channel improvements and constructing new channels in Orange, San Bernardino, and Riverside counties, construction of the Seven Oaks Dam in San Bernardino County, construction of improvements and protection at the Santiago retention basin and along the creek, raising the existing Prado Dam and increasing its flood flow outlet gates and reservoir capacity, along with several environmental mitigation-related studies, habitat restoration and protection activities, recreation amenities, and preservation of historical sites and records.

The COE's estimated combined cost of all project components is \$2,830,419. OCFCD's combined cost share is estimated to be \$1,053,008 for the entire Santa Ana River Project. As of June 30, 2023, the OCFCD has expended about \$759,743 on the entire Santa Ana River Project.

The construction of Seven Oaks Dam and most channel improvements in Riverside. San Bernardino, and Orange counties have been completed. The relocation and protection of State Route (SR) 71 adjacent to Prado Dam (a joint OCFCD and Caltrans project) and construction to raise the Prado Dam embankments and install new outlet gates is complete. Landscaping along the Santa Ana River in Orange County was completed in May 2010. Design for the construction of interior dikes in the Prado Dam reservoir, and for improvements to the spillway are also ongoing. The COE completed construction of National Housing Tract Dike and Sewage Treatment Plant in 2008. Landscaping for these dikes began in September 2009 and were completed in June 2011. Several environmental mitigation studies and restoration/preservation projects are underway in all three counties. All property right acquisitions for the Seven Oaks Dam and along the lower Santa Ana River in Orange County up to Weir Canyon Road are completed. The Green River Golf Course was acquired in September 2006. This property is required for construction of protection along SR-91 and nearby mobile homes, open space/recreation mitigation, and to accommodate increased flooding when the Prado Dam outlet gates are constructed and operational. The first phase of SR-91 protection (Reach 9 Phase 2B Project) was completed in September 2014. The second phase (Reach 9 Phase 3) started construction in January 2014 and was completed in March 2015. As continuation to the ongoing Reach 9 Project, the COE determined that bank improvements needed to continue east on the south side of the Santa Ana River along SR-91. As such, the

16. CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS (Continued)

Construction Commitments (Continued)

Reach 9 Phase 4 Project was developed and the project was awarded on April 13, 2016 at an estimated cost of \$15,300. Completion of the Reach 9, Phase 4 Project occurred in February 2020. The COE is also constructing bank improvements on the north side of the Santa Ana River adjacent to La Palma Avenue from Weir Canvon Road to the railroad (Reach 9 Phase 5A and Phase 5B). Phase 5A was awarded on September 28, 2015 at a cost of \$22,500 and was completed in January 2019. The construction contract for Phase 5B was awarded in September 2016 with an estimated cost of \$25,500, but it was ultimately terminated in FY 2019-20. A new contract was awarded in September 2020 and was completed in September 2022. The OCFCD awarded the construction contract on August 9, 2011 for the four miles of Santa Ana River Interceptor Line (SARI) relocation project, which was completed by August 2014. Phase I of the Auxiliary Embankment (an extension of Prado Dam) was completed in September 2012 and Phase II was completed in July 2019. A contract for the construction of the Yorba-Slaughter Adobe Dike was awarded in December of 2012 at a cost of \$6,000 and was substantially completed in August 2017. The Women's Prison Dike (to protect the California Institute of Women) was awarded September 2014 for \$12,700 and a \$3,400 modification which was awarded in August 2015. This feature was substantially completed April of 2016. The OCFCD continues to acquire property rights for the Prado Dam Project, subject to the availability of funding. OCFCD has also commenced the relocation of utilities that will be impacted by the expanded inundation area due to the raising of the Prado Spillway crest.

The Santa Ana River Mainstem Project has been authorized by the State Legislature for reimbursement of up to 70% of the Local Sponsors' expenses through the State Flood Control Subvention Fund, which is administered by the Department of Water Resources (DWR). As of June 30, 2023, OCFCD has submitted \$446,556 in claims, and received \$436,332 in reimbursements. An additional \$6,185 in claims to DWR and \$20,320 reimbursement to DWR are in the process of being prepared for submittal to the DWR. Of the total amount outstanding, \$6,185 was reported as deferred inflows of resources at the fund level and recognized as revenue and \$20,320 was reported as due to other governmental agencies and recognized as expense in the government-wide financial statements. Once a claim is reviewed and approved by DWR, 90% of the eligible expenditures can be paid, subject to available funding, with the remaining 10% paid after an audit by the State Controller's Office.

The Prado Dam Project, a separable element of the Santa Ana River Mainstem Project, has been authorized for reimbursement of up to 100% of the Non-Federal Sponsors' eligible expenses through the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2018, which is administered by the Department of the Army. Non-eligible expenses will continue to be claimed from the State Flood Control Subvention Fund. As of June 30, 2023, OCFCD has submitted \$46,706 in claims, and received \$5,710 in reimbursements. An additional \$47,514 in claims is in the process of being prepared for submittal to the Department of the Army. Of the total amount outstanding, \$80,476 was reported as deferred inflows of resources at the fund level and recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements. Once a claim is reviewed and approved by the Department of the Army, 100% of the eligible expenditures can be paid, subject to available funding. The Bipartisan Budget Act funded projects include River Road Dike, Alcoa Dike Phase 2, Norco Bluffs Slope Stabilization and Prado Spillway. The construction contract for the River Road Dike, Alcoa Dike Phase 2, and the Norco Bluffs contract have been awarded and construction has commenced. The Spillway design is ongoing and will be advertised for construction in October 2023.

17. SELF-INSURANCE

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; natural disasters; unemployment; salary continuance; and providing health benefits to employees, retirees and their dependents. The County has chosen to establish ISFs where assets are set aside for claim settlements and judgments associated with such losses.

The Workers' Compensation ISF addresses the risks related to employee injury through its Safety Program, which is responsible for injury and illness prevention. The Workers' Compensation program ensures that all benefits are properly provided and administers the contract for the third-party workers' compensation claims administration. Workers' compensation claims are self-funded up to \$20,000.

17. SELF-INSURANCE (Continued)

The Property and Casualty Risk ISF is responsible for managing losses related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, civil rights claims, and natural disasters. Tort liability is also self-funded, up to \$5,000. Commercial insurance is purchased for property and other risk exposures. Excess liability insurance provides up to an additional \$30,000 in liability coverage. There were no losses that impacted the County's excess insurance coverage for the last three fiscal years.

Independent actuarial studies are prepared annually for the Workers' Compensation and Property and Casualty Risk ISFs. The reported unpaid claims liabilities are based on the results of those annual actuarial studies and include case reserves, development of known claims, incurred but not reported claims, allocated loss adjustment expenses and unallocated loss adjustment expenses. Unpaid claims liabilities are calculated considering inflation, claims cost trends, including frequency and payout of settlements and judgments, interest earnings, and changes in legal and economic factors. Unpaid claims liabilities have been discounted at a rate of 3.00% in the Workers' Compensation ISF and 2.00% in the Property and Casualty Risk ISF to reflect anticipated future investment earnings.

All County departments and other governmental agencies authorized by the Board to participate in the Workers' Compensation ISF are charged for their pro-rata share of costs based upon employee classification rates, claims experience, and funding for the Workers' Compensation program. All County departments participate in the Property and Casualty Risk self-insurance program and are charged for their pro-rata share based upon claims experience, productive hours, and funding for the Property and Casualty Risk program. The rate calculations for Workers' Compensation and Property and Casualty Risk ISFs are based upon guidelines established by the State Controller's Office for cost plan allocations.

The County has established the Unemployment Insurance ISF, which covers all employees and is paid through the State of California; the County self-insured PPO Health Plans ISF, which provides health plan benefits; and the Health and Other Self-Insured Benefits ISF, which provides dental and short-term disability benefits for a portion of the County's employees and accidental death and dismemberment (AD&D) benefit for Reserve Deputy Sheriffs.

The County's Wellwise Choice, Wellwise Retiree, Sharewell Choice, and Sharewell Retiree PPO plans have no lifetime coverage maximum limitations. The dental insurance coverage is up to \$1,500 (absolute dollars) annually for each covered employee or dependent. The short-term disability insurance coverage is up to 12 months or when the employee returns to work, whichever occurs first. The self-insured AD&D benefit is for Reserve Deputy Sheriffs only and has a maximum benefit of \$5,000 (absolute dollars).

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two fiscal years for these self-insurance funds are as follows:

							He	ealth & Other	
			P	roperty &			S	Self-Insured	
	V	Vorkers'	Casualty U		Ur	Unemployment		Employee	
	Con	npensation		Risk		Insurance		Benefits	Total
Unpaid Claims, Beginning of FY 2021-22	\$	159,536	\$	67,289	\$	669	\$	9,988	\$ 237,482
Claims and Changes in Estimates		45,362		21,417		1,004		77,377	145,160
Claim Payments		(38,111)		(16,269)		(969)		(77,270)	 (132,619)
Unpaid Claims, End of FY 2021-22		166,787		72,437		704		10,095	250,023
Claims and Changes in Estimates		47,145		34,009		1,322		74,195	156,671
Claim Payments		(40,165)		(28,667)		(1,263)		(73,905)	 (144,000)
Unpaid Claims, End of FY 2022-23	\$	173,767	\$	77,779	\$	763	\$	10,385	\$ 262,694

18. POLLUTION REMEDIATION

GASB Statement No. 49, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations," requires state and local governments to disclose to the public information about the financial impact of environmental cleanup and identifies the circumstances under which a governmental entity would be required to report a liability related to pollution remediation. The County has identified several environmental sites at the Airport and OC Waste & Recycling for which a pollution remediation liability has been recorded in the County's financial statements. The following describes the nature of the obligating events and the estimated liability as they relate to the Airport and OC Waste & Recycling.

John Wayne Airport (Airport)

In 1988, the Airport was named as a responsible party in a cleanup and abatement order (CAO) issued by the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB). The CAO identified four sites on Airport property as having chemical impacts to soil and groundwater. Site investigation and remedial action activities were completed, and in 2003, the RWQCB issued No Further Action letters to the Airport for the sites except the Old Fuel Farm site.

At the Old Fuel Farm, site investigation activities were completed, and on-going remedial activities include removal of residual free hydrocarbon product and monitored natural attenuation of groundwater. Annual groundwater sampling and reporting is currently conducted at the Old Fuel Farm, and the reports are prepared and submitted to the RWQCB.

In 1993, hydrocarbon-impacted soils were documented following removal of two 1,000-gallon underground storage tanks (USTs) at Former Fire Station #33. Following over-excavation and off-site disposal of hydrocarbon-impacted soils, the Orange County Health Care Agency issued a Completion of Corrective Action Letter to the Airport in 1994 related to the UST removal activities. During geotechnical assessment activities conducted at Former Fire Station #33 in 1999, soils appearing to be impacted with hydrocarbons were encountered and the soil boring logs were submitted to the RWQCB. In 2002, the RWQCB requested that the Airport assess the presence and distribution of chemical impacts to soil and groundwater. Site investigation activities were conducted between 2002 and 2006, and on-going remedial activities include monitored natural attenuation of groundwater. Currently, semi-annual groundwater sampling and reporting is conducted at Former Fire Station #33, and the reports prepared are submitted to the RWQCB.

In 2009, a new estimated pollution remediation liability was calculated based on a more active method of remediation for each of the Old Fuel Farm and Former Fire Station #33 sites. Active remediation has been delayed pending further guidance from the RWQCB, which could possibly affect the estimated pollution remediation liability, as well as cause changes to the remedial technologies used to remediate the sites. As of June 30, 2023, the Airport has a liability of \$994 based on management's assessment and the results of the consultant's evaluation of potential remediation costs. The liability is not expected to decrease until active remediation begins or a closure plan is accepted by the RWQCB.

In 1995, the Airport entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with one of its fixed-base operators (FBO) lessees to address the remediation of the Old Fuel Farm. The FBO was identified as the operator of the site and the other responsible party. The lessee agreed to be obligated to pay 50% of the remediation costs associated with the Old Fuel Farm site. Reported in the Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position as part of accounts receivable, the total expected recovery for the Old Fuel Farm site is \$256 as of June 30, 2023.

The estimated pollution remediation obligation as of June 30, 2023, is:

Old Fuel Farm Site	\$ 785
Former Fire Station #33 Site	692
Less: Remediation Activity	 (483)
Airport Pollution Remediation Obligation	\$ 994

18. POLLUTION REMEDIATION (Continued)

OC Waste & Recycling

Six closed sites were identified and the remediation costs and time periods were calculated for each of these sites based upon the type of remediation needed and historical trend data for closed landfill sites. The combined pollution remediation obligation as of June 30, 2023, after deducting actual pollution remediation expenses incurred during fiscal year 2023 is \$8,155.

<u>Cannery Former Refuse Disposal Station</u> A park owned by the City of Huntington Beach (Huntington Beach), California and an elementary school playground are located on a site that was formerly used as a refuse disposal station operated by the County from 1957 to 1969. Levels of methane gas that exceed regulatory limits were detected on the property.

The Local Enforcement Agency (LEA) issued a Notice and Order to Huntington Beach, requiring Huntington Beach to remedy the landfill gas exceedances and to control potential offsite migration of landfill gases. In response to the LEA's Notice and Order, Huntington Beach and the Huntington Beach City School District (Huntington Beach School District) issued the Notices of Intent to Sue under the Resource and Conservation and Recovery Act and the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act to the County in 2004. Under an agreement with the County, Huntington Beach, and Huntington Beach School District claims were tolled until June 2006.

The County, Huntington Beach, and Huntington Beach School District entered into a Settlement Agreement in 2007 whereby Huntington Beach would be responsible for maintaining the cover of the former disposal site and the County would assume responsibility for the collection and control of landfill gas.

Based on engineering estimates and existing contracts for the operation and maintenance of other disposal sites of a similar size, the age of the site, the length of time waste has been buried and other factors, the County anticipates that the landfill gas collection system will operate fully for 15 years from beginning of the obligation date. The cost to operate and maintain the landfill gas collection system at the site for the next fiscal year of operation is \$7. The anticipated costs to operate, maintain and monitor the landfill gas collection system over the remaining anticipated operational period is \$25.

Lane Road Former Refuse Disposal Station The site, located in the City of Irvine, California and owned by NGP Realty Sub, L.P. and others, was leased and operated by the County as a refuse disposal facility from 1961 until its closure in 1964. An investigation revealed that landfill gas was present above regulatory limits in close proximity to residential housing units. The LEA issued a Notice and Order to the property owner requiring them to remedy the landfill gas exceedances, and to control potential offsite migration of landfill gases. In response to the LEA's Notice and Order, a claim was filed with CEO Risk Management. The County entered into a Settlement Agreement with the property owner in 2005. Per terms of that Settlement Agreement, the County funded the construction of a landfill gas collection and control system, including a carbon treatment element, for the eastern portion of the site. After verification that the system was operating as planned, the County assumed ownership of the system and responsibility for its operation, maintenance and monitoring in 2008. Also in 2008, it was discovered that landfill gas was elevated in the northern portion of the site. Pursuant to the Settlement Agreement, the County designed and constructed an upgrade and enhancement to the existing landfill gas system to control landfill gas migration on the northern portion of the site.

Based on engineering estimates and existing contracts for the operation and maintenance of other similar disposal sites, the County anticipates that the landfill gas collection system will operate fully for 25 years from beginning of the obligation date, then will most likely either no longer be required or will be converted to a passive system. The cost for the operation, maintenance and monitoring of the system was highest in the first full year of operation when the carbon canisters needed more regular replacement. For each subsequent year of operation, the cost will be reduced due to less frequent carbon swapping and due to anticipated alternative monitoring requirements. The cost to operate and maintain the landfill gas collection system at the site for the next fiscal year of operation is \$303. The anticipated costs to operate, maintain and monitor the landfill gas collection system over the remaining anticipated operational period is \$606.

18. POLLUTION REMEDIATION (Continued)

OC Waste & Recycling (Continued)

<u>San Joaquin Former Refuse Disposal Station</u> The site, owned by the University of California at Irvine (UC Irvine), was leased and operated by the County as a refuse disposal facility from 1954 to 1961. In 1996, a portion of the site was sold to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. Levels of methane gas that exceed regulatory limits were detected on the property. As both parties expressed an interest in avoiding costly litigation, the County entered into negotiations to cooperatively address site concerns, resulting in a Cooperative Agreement with UC Irvine that was approved by the Board in May 2008. Pursuant to the Cooperative Agreement, the County constructed a landfill gas collection and control system, including a carbon treatment element.

The County retains responsibility for the operation, maintenance, and monitoring of that system. Based on engineering estimates and existing contracts for the operation and maintenance of similar disposal sites, the County anticipates that the landfill gas collection system will operate fully for 15 years from beginning of the obligation date. The cost to operate and maintain the landfill gas collection system at the site for the next fiscal year of operation is \$116. The remaining obligation for landfill gas remediation at the San Joaquin site over the anticipated operational period is \$231.

Forster Former Refuse Disposal Station The site, located in the City of San Juan Capistrano (San Juan Capistrano), California, was formerly leased and operated as a refuse disposal station by the County from 1958 to 1976. The current owner, Advanced Group 99-SJ, is proposing a change in land use for the property and has notified the County of its position that the County is responsible for re-closure of the site to meet current commercial and redevelopment requirements. The County disputes responsibility for site development related costs. In early 2010, San Juan Capistrano approved the proposed project and certified the Environmental Impact Report (EIR). The EIR was a subject of a citizen's referendum that ultimately resulted in affirmation of the proposed project. Subsequent to San Juan Capistrano approval of the proposed development plan, Advanced Group 99-SJ and the County entered into negotiations to resolve issues related to environmental responsibility at the site. These negotiations resulted in a settlement agreement and release of claims, brought about by a threat of litigation over the CEQA approvals. The settlement and release will permit the development of the site, with monies paid by the County for environmental controls to be installed at the site, an operation and maintenance fund and for environmental insurance, subject to conditions such as obtaining grading permits for the site for its actual development. In exchange, indemnification and environmental releases were provided by the developer to the County.

The obligation by the County for environmental infrastructure and controls at the site as agreed upon in the Settlement Agreement is \$7,500. The entire sum is anticipated to be released within five years from the approval of the project grading permits, but is dependent upon actions by the owner and regulatory approvals for the project. The County will continue to incur additional costs for work related to the County's current obligation to monitor the groundwater underlying the site. This responsibility will be transferred to the site owner upon completion of one of the settlement agreement milestones, but due to the uncertainty of specific timing, the County is unable to fully estimate the remaining ground water obligations as of June 30, 2023.

The remaining balance for landfill gas remediation at the Forster site is \$3,000 as of June 30, 2023. Distribution of these funds will occur over time, based on specific milestones in the development of the site.

<u>Yorba Refuse Disposal Station</u> The site, located in Orange, California (Orange), was owned and operated as a solid waste disposal site by the County. After disposal operations ceased, the site was sold to Orange for use as a city park. Park deed restrictions were later lifted from the property at the request of the city, which then began investigation into some form of commercial application or development at the site. In 2010, the Orange Redevelopment Agency filed suit against the City of Orange. The Complaint alleged various causes of action, including those for private nuisance, public nuisance, dangerous condition of property and statutory contributions for hazardous substances, and a Porter-Cologne contribution and for Polanco Redevelopment Act cost recovery. The relief sought is for unknown costs and damages. In turn, Orange filed a cross-

18. POLLUTION REMEDIATION (Continued)

OC Waste & Recycling (Continued)

Yorba Refuse Disposal Station (Continued)

complaint against the County. The causes of action alleged include indemnity and/or contribution, declaratory relief, hazardous substance account act indemnity and remedies under the Porter-Cologne Act.

The County and Orange entered into negotiations to resolve the issues brought forth by Orange. The negotiations resulted in a settlement agreement and release of claims executed on November 5, 2015. This settlement agreement and release of claims provides a remedy for the differential settlement or subsidence, to replace the irrigation system, and for costs associated with site maintenance with monies paid for by the County. In addition, effective on the date of the agreement, the County assumed responsibility and ownership of the landfill gas control system at the site. In exchange, indemnification has been provided by Orange to the County. Based on engineering estimates and existing contracts for the operation and maintenance of other similar disposal sites, the County anticipates that the landfill gas collection system will operate fully for 30 years from beginning of the obligation date, then will most likely either no longer be required or will be converted to a passive system. The cost for the operation, maintenance and monitoring of the system was highest in the first full year of operation when the system needed upgrades and relocation of critical equipment. For each subsequent year of operation, the cost will be reduced due to less frequent carbon swapping and due to anticipated alternative monitoring requirements. The cost to operate and maintain the landfill gas collection system at the site for the next fiscal year of operation will be \$186. The anticipated costs to operate, maintain and monitor the landfill gas collection system over the remaining anticipated operational period is \$4,293 as of June 30, 2023.

The estimated pollution remediation obligation as of June 30, 2023 is:

Cannery Former Refuse Disposal Station	\$ 25
Lane Road Former Refuse Disposal Station	606
San Joaquin Former Refuse Disposal Station	231
Forster Former Refuse Disposal Station	3,000
Yorba Refuse Disposal Station	 4,293
OC Waste & Recycling Pollution Remediation Obligation	\$ 8,155

19. RETIREMENT PLANS

The County participates in a number of pension plans. The OCERS plan and Extra-Help Defined Benefit plan are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. The County of Orange 401(a) and County of Orange 1.62% at 65 Retirement 401(a) plans are defined contribution plans. A summary of pension amounts for the County's defined benefit plans at June 30, 2023 is presented below:

	Extra-Help Defined					
	OCERS		Benefit Plan		Total	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension	\$	1,288,672	\$	240	\$	1,288,912
Net Pension Liability		4,469,948		1,174		4,471,122
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension		120,775		-		120,775
Pension Expense		580,232		98		580,330

For further information on the deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pension refer to Note 21, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources.

Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS)

<u>Plan Description</u>: Substantially all County employees participate in OCERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system established by the voters of Orange County in 1945 pursuant to the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937, CGC Section 31451 et. seq. (the Retirement Law). OCERS is an independent defined benefit retirement plan in which employees of the County, Orange County Superior Court, and employees of certain cities and special districts within the County participate. OCERS is governed by the Board of Retirement (the OCERS Board). Certain attributes of independence of OCERS are guaranteed under the California Constitution. The OCERS Board consists of nine regular members and one alternate. Four OCERS Board members are appointed by the Board, three members plus one alternate are elected from active County employees, one member is elected from retirees, and the elected County Treasurer-Tax Collector serves as an Ex-Officio member.

The OCERS Board supervises the investment of OCERS assets and the distribution of benefits to retired employees. The OCERS Board also determines the annual contributions required of the County and other participating local governmental entities to fund OCERS.

The Retirement Law requires an actuarial valuation to be performed at least once every three years. OCERS' practice has been to conduct an actuarial valuation annually as of December 31, which is OCERS' year end.

OCERS operates as a cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan for the County, Orange County Superior Court of California, City of San Juan Capistrano, and ten special districts: Orange County Cemetery District, First 5 Orange County, Orange County Department of Education, Orange County Employees Retirement System, Orange County Fire Authority, Orange County In-Home Supportive Services Public Authority, Orange County Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO), Orange County Public Law Library, Orange County Sanitation District, Orange County Transportation Authority, Transportation Corridor Agencies and the University of California, Irvine Medical Center and Campus. The Orange County Department of Education and the University of California, Irvine Medical Center and Campus are closed to new member participation. Capistrano Beach, Cypress Recreation & Parks District, Orange County Mosquito and Vector Control and City of Rancho Santa Margarita are no longer active plan sponsors, but retired members and their beneficiaries, as well as deferred members, remain in the System. OCERS is legally and fiscally independent of the County. However, it is presented as a fiduciary component unit of the County based on the GASB Statement No. 84 guidelines.

Benefits Provided: OCERS provides for retirement, death, disability, and cost-of-living benefits. Under OCERS, each County employee receives a defined-benefit pension at retirement, that is, a specific amount per month determined in accordance with the Retirement Law, which amount is not dependent upon the amount of money credited to the employee's account at the time of retirement. An OCERS member may be eligible for a Disability Retirement allowance. The member will be asked to designate a beneficiary or beneficiaries, who may be entitled to receive lifetime and/or lump sum benefits that may be payable upon a member's death. OCERS also provides two types of disability benefits, a nonservice-connected disability retirement or service-connected disability retirement. Under each type, the eligibility requirements are different. More information can be found on www.ocers.org. The OCERS Board does not set the benefit amounts. OCERS administers benefits that are set by the County Board through the collective bargaining process with County employees in accordance with the Retirement Law.

Effective June 28, 2002, Safety members, including Probation Services employees, became eligible for an annual annuity equal to a retirement benefit formula of 3% of the member's "final compensation" for each year of service rendered at age 50. Law enforcement management, which includes executives in the Sheriff-Coroner and District Attorney departments, and employees represented by the Association of Orange County Deputy Sheriffs hired after April 9, 2010, receive an annual annuity equal to a retirement benefit formula of 3% of the member's "final compensation" for each year of service rendered at age 55.

Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS) (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Effective July 1, 2005, as part of collective bargaining agreements with County employees, most General members who work for the County (approximately 14,000) became eligible for an enhanced annual annuity equal to a retirement benefit formula of 2.7% of the member's "final compensation" for each year of service rendered at age 55. In collective bargaining agreements with General members, the employee associations agreed to pay the increased retirement costs related to the difference between the prior retirement benefit formulas and the new 2.7% at age 55 enhanced formula, as well as the annual amortization of the unfunded liability created by the retroactive application of the increased benefit. Members of the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees (AFSCME) did not elect the 2.7% at age 55 retirement formula and remain at the previous benefit formulas. The benefit formulas for AFSCME are an annual annuity equal to 2% of the member's "final compensation" for each year of service rendered at age 57.5 for Tier II General members. Due to the passage of the Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) of 2013, most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2013, except for Safety members and members represented by AFSCME and the Orange County Attorneys Association (OCAA), will receive an annual annuity equal to a retirement benefit formula of 1.62% of the member's "final compensation" for each year of service rendered at age 65. The 1.62% at age 65 retirement formula includes a voluntary defined contribution component with an employer match.

Non-vested Supplemental Targeted Additional Retiree Cost of Living Adjustment (STAR COLA) benefits are also paid by OCERS to eligible retirees and survivors. Pursuant to Government Code Section 31874.3 of the Retirement Law, the OCERS Board has the sole authority to grant STAR COLA each year. The OCERS Board understands that granting STAR COLA may increase the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL); and therefore, asks for comments from plan sponsors prior to voting on approval of the annual benefit.

Retirees who have lost more than 20% of their purchasing power since retirement are eligible for this benefit, and currently, approximately 141 retirees (of which 138 are County retirees) who retired on or before April 1, 1980, and their survivors receive the STAR COLA. The STAR COLA benefits are excluded from the actuarial valuation and are funded annually through current employer contributions. Benefits are considered immaterial to the plan.

<u>Contributions</u>: In accordance with various Board resolutions, the County's funding policy is to make periodic contributions to OCERS in amounts such that, when combined with employee contributions and investment income, will fully provide for member benefits by the time they retire. Covered employees are required to contribute a percentage of their annual compensation to OCERS as a condition of employment. Base employee contributions are calculated using a formula defined in the Retirement Law. The California Supreme Court's 1997 Ventura decision stated that, for the purpose of calculating pension benefits, "final compensation" means not only base salaries, but also other components. The County employee contributions under current contracts are calculated on base salary, eligible premium pay, and some categories of overtime as defined in the 1997 Ventura decision.

Employer contributions are based on what is needed to properly fund the system. The law, however, does allow employers and employees to negotiate some variation in who pays the contributions. OCERS' responsibility is to make certain the total required contribution is paid, regardless of how the employers and employees share the cost. For FY 2022-23, employer's contributions for funding purpose, as a percentage of covered payrolls, were 40.82% for General members, 63.25% for Safety-Law Enforcement members and 56.85% for Safety-Probation members, as determined by the December 31, 2020, actuarial valuation. The County's total contribution to OCERS for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$591,307.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension: At June 30, 2023, the County reported a liability of \$4,469,948 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined using actuarial valuation results. At December 31, 2022, the County's proportion was 82.92%, which was a decrease of 16.94% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2021.

Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS) (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pension (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized pension expense of \$580,232. At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

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		Governmental			С	C Waste &		
	_	Activities Airport		Recycling			Total	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension per Actuarial Studies								
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings								
on Pension Plan Investments	\$	764,546	\$	7,284	\$	8,458	\$	780,288
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		83,660		724		872		85,256
Changes of Assumptions		79,762		662		1,121		81,545
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Employer								
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		16,209		139		184		16,532
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension - Employer								
Contributions after Measurement date		318,862		2,153		4,036		325,051
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension	\$	1,263,039	\$	10,962	\$	14,671	\$	1,288,672
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension per Actuarial Studies								
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	53,302	\$	727	\$	1,098	\$	55,127
Changes of Assumptions		58,417		689		849		59,955
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Employer								
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		5,589		47		57		5,693
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension	\$	117,308	\$	1,463	\$	2,004	\$	120,775

\$325,051 reported as deferred outflows or resources related to pension resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. For further information on the deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension refer to Note 21, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources.

In September 1994, the County issued \$320,000 of pension obligation bonds, of which \$318,000 in proceeds were paid to OCERS. OCERS maintains the proceeds in a County Investment Account. Amounts in the County Investment Account have been used to fund a portion of the County's contributions over time, pursuant to agreements between OCERS and the County, which allows the County significant discretion in applying the credit. As of June 30, 2023, \$144,682 of such proceeds remains in the County Investment Account available for future credits to the County's pension obligations. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County did not utilize funds available in the County Investment Account to pay a portion of the prepayment.

Amounts provided by OCERS' actuarial study reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2024	\$ (62,058)
2025	118,402
2026	262,797
2027	521,276
2028	 2,429
Total	\$ 842,846

Lang Tarm Expected

19. RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: The actuarial assumptions included a 2.50% inflation rate, 4.00% to 11.00% projected salary increases to general members and 4.60% to 15.00% to safety members, and a 7.00% investment rate of return, net of investment expense. The mortality assumptions used were based on the results of the actuarial experience study for the period of January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2019, using the Pub-2010 General Employee Amount-Weighted Above-Median Mortality Table projected generationally with the two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2019.

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates.

According to paragraph 30 of GASB Statement No. 68, the long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expenses. The 7.00% investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 13 basis points. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher total pension liability and net pension liability. The difference is not material to the County's financial statements.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage adding expected inflation and deducting expected investment expenses and a risk margin.

The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation but before deducting investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumption are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Large Cap Equity	23.10%	5.43%
Small Cap Equity	1.90%	6.21%
International Developed Equity	13.00%	6.67%
Emerging Markets Equity	9.00%	8.58%
Core Bonds	9.00%	1.10%
High Yield Bonds	1.50%	2.91%
TIPS	2.00%	0.65%
Emerging Market Debt	2.00%	3.25%
Corporate Credit	1.00%	0.53%
Long Duration Fixed Income	2.50%	1.44%
Real Estate	3.01%	4.42%
Private Equity	13.00%	9.41%
Value Added Real Estate	3.01%	7.42%
Opportunistic Real Estate	0.98%	10.18%
Energy	2.00%	9.68%
Infrastructure (Core Private)	1.50%	5.08%
Infrastructure (Non-Core Private)	1.50%	8.92%
CTA - Trend Following	2.50%	2.38%
Global Macro	2.50%	2.13%
Private Credit	2.50%	5.47%
Alternative Risk Premia	2.50%	2.50%
Total	100.00%	

Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
County's proportionate share of the			
net pension liability	\$ 7.074.862	\$ 4.469.948	\$ 2.345.200

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>: OCERS issues an audited stand-alone annual financial report for each year ending December 31. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available and can be obtained online at www.ocers.org, in writing to the Orange County Employees Retirement System, P.O. Box 1229, Santa Ana, CA 92702, or by calling (714) 558-6200.

County Administered Plans

Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>: The plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan for employees working less than half-time or as extra-help for the County and six (6) other cost-sharing agencies. Eligible employees of this plan are not covered by OCERS or Social Security. Initially, the normal retirement benefits for a participant who retired on or after the normal retirement date was a monthly amount equal to one-twelfth of 2% of the participant's career earnings during the final 30 years of service credited under the Plan. There are no automatic cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) increases and no ad hoc COLAs have ever been granted. The current benefit for a participant who terminates or retires after November 20, 2008 is a lump sum payment, which is the greater of the actuarial equivalent of the participant's frozen accrued monthly benefit or the participant's contribution plus interest earnings. The normal retirement date is the first day of the month coinciding with or immediately preceding a participant's 65th birthday.

The plan was adopted to comply with the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990. The Board has full authority to amend or establish plan or benefit provisions at any time in accordance with the plan. The County is the named fiduciary and has the duty and full power to administer the plan. The Chief Financial Officer of the County is the trustee of the plan and has authority over the management and investment of plan assets.

The plan was adopted in January 1992 and was closed to new participants as of February 28, 2002. This plan subsequently froze benefit accruals and stopped collecting employee contributions effective November 21, 2008. As of that date, the normal retirement benefit was changed to a single lump sum distribution equal to the greater of the participant's account balance or the present value of their normal retirement benefit. As of June 30, 2023, the plan consists of 11 active plan participants, 150 terminated plan participants entitled to but not yet receiving benefits, and 35 retirees receiving benefits.

The plan financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. County contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due, pursuant to the plan documentation and as may be required by statutory requirements. The benefits paid to participants and refunds of prior contributions are recognized when due and payable, in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The County charges a benefits administration fee to County agencies, which funds the cost of administering all of the County benefit programs, including the Extra-Help Defined Benefit Retirement Plan. The Empower Retirement Investment management fee is an annual asset-based fee of 8.5 basis points (each basis point is one hundredth of a percent).

County Administered Plans (Continued)

Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

Contributions: The County has the authority to determine plan contributions. GASB Statement No. 67, "Financial Reporting for Pension Plans," requires the County to have an actuarial valuation performed at least biennially to determine the plan's total pension liability. This valuation is currently performed biennially. The plan's total pension liability was calculated using the data as of July 1, 2021, rolled forward to June 30, 2023 using actual benefit payments for FY 2022-23. In both the 2021 valuation and the 2023 roll forward calculations the actuarial assets are valued at fair value. Because plan benefits are frozen, the actuary has determined the County's actuarially determined contribution using the projected unit credit method and a 5-year rolling amortization of the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability. Based on the plan actuary's advice, the County determines the amount necessary for contribution to the plan. Since the plan's inception, the County and six (6) cost-sharing agencies have contributed \$8,130. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County and six (6) cost-sharing agencies contributed \$160. The County's proportionate share of the contribution was \$157.

Plan participants do not contribute to the fund effective November 21, 2008 (the date of the freeze). Note that effective November 21, 2008, there is no normal cost due to the plan freeze.

<u>Investment policy</u>: The County has sole authority for establishing and amending the plan's investment policy and allocation of the invested assets. The plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets may be established and amended by the plan's Trustee. The plan may invest in bonds, mortgages, notes, common or preferred stock, mutual funds, or other securities, policies of life insurance, annuity contracts, or property (real, bank deposits, or retain in cash or other property). The allocation policy with the target asset class and allocation is set forth in the investment policy.

<u>Concentrations</u>: Empower is the record keeper for the investments. The plan has stated its assets at fair value based on information provided by Empower Retirement.

<u>Discount Rate</u>: For the year ended June 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on the Plan's investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 7.04%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 4.75%, the same as the long-term expected rate of return on plan assets.

In accordance with paragraph 30 of GASB Statement No. 68, the long-term discount rate was determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method equal to the expected future real rate of return on the investment with Empower Retirement plus expected inflation, rounded to the nearest 0.25%. The target investment allocation is 33% equities and 67% fixed income. The best estimate of the long-term expected geometric real rate of return for the equities and fixed income (net of investment expense and inflation) are 4.29% U.S. equity, 4.55% U.S. small cap equity, 4.49% non-U.S. equity, 0.78% U.S. fixed income, and 0.46% global fixed income.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to Pensions</u>: The components of the collective net pension liability of the County and the six (6) cost-sharing agencies at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 5,165
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position	(3,962)
Plan's Net Pension Liability	\$ 1.203

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability

76.73%

County Administered Plans (Continued)

Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to Pensions (Continued)

The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The County's proportionate share of the June 30, 2023 net pension liability is \$1,174. The County's proportion of 98.12% is based on an employer contribution allocation and has not changed since June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized pension expense of \$98. At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources of \$240, which represents the aggregated net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments.

	Gov	<i>r</i> ernmental		(OC Waste			
	Activities		 4irport	& Recycling			Total	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension per Actuarial Studies						-		
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings								
on Pension Plan Investments	\$	235	\$ 1	\$	4	\$	240	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension	\$	235	\$ 1	\$	4	\$	240	

The deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to this pension plan will be recognized as pension expense for the County as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2024	\$ 60
2025	46
2026	146
2027	 (12)
Total	\$ 240

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability based on the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement: (a) 2.50% inflation, (b) 4.75% investment return, (c) the 417(e) lump sum mortality table used for ERISA-governed plans and the 30-year Treasury rate with a look-back month of November grading into the long-term assumption of 4.50%, and (d) PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Mortality Table projected generationally with mortality improvement Scale MP-2019. This plan does not have a salary increase assumption or post-retirement benefit increase assumption as these factors do not impact the benefits of this frozen plan.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the collective plan and the County's proportionate share, calculated using the discount rate of 4.75%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.75%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(3.75%)	(4.75%)	(5.75%)
Collective plan	\$ 1,331	\$ 1,203	\$ 1,088
County's proportionate share	\$ 1,306	\$ 1,174	\$ 1,068

County Administered Plans (Continued)

Extra-Help Defined Contribution Plan

Plan Description: Effective March 1, 2002, as amended and restated on February 10, 2015, the Board established the Extra-Help Defined Contribution Plan to replace the Extra-Help Defined Benefit Retirement Plan for (a) new employees hired on or after March 1, 2002, and supplements the benefits of the Extra-Help Defined Benefit Retirement Plan for employees hired prior to March 1, 2002 and (b) effective February 10, 2015, employees hired on or after such date (i) who attained age 60 by such hire date, (ii) who waive membership in the OCERS, do not have funds on deposit with OCERS and otherwise meet the requirements under OCERS' regulations and state law to waive membership in OCERS, (iii) whose employer has signed the OCERS Employer's Concurrence-Waiver of Membership form or any other documents that may be required by OCERS, and (iv) who sign the OCERS Employees' Waiver of Membership form and provide any other documents required by OCERS to waive membership. Eligible employees of this plan are not covered by OCERS or Social Security. This plan is a tax-deferred retirement plan, established in accordance with IRC Sections 457 and 3121 and is intended to comply with the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990 and meet the requirements to be a Social Security replacement plan. The Board has the authority to amend the plan. As of June 30, 2023, there were 7,680 participants with a balance in the plan, with 1,616 participants actively contributing to the plan as of the end of June payroll.

The plan is intended for retirement and funds may not be withdrawn until participants have separated from the County. The plan benefits for a participant who separates from service with the County or retires on or after the normal retirement date will be dependent upon the accumulated value of individual contributions and investment return.

If a participant's employment status changes from a part-time or extra-help employee to a permanent full-time employee or a part-time employee working 20 hours or more per week, those participants may elect to transfer the balance to the County's Section 457 Defined Contribution Plan or leave the balance in the plan until they are no longer employed with the County.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: Participants in the plan are required to contribute 7.5% of compensation each pay period. The contributions are invested in the County's Stable Value Fund offered through Empower Retirement, which is designed to protect principal and maximize earnings. Empower Retirement serves on behalf of the County as the third party administrator of the plan. The County established a trust to hold the plan assets, and Empower Retirement administers the plan at the will and approval of the County. In the current fiscal year, there was no additional contribution made by the County and total employee contributions were \$1,008. As of June 30, 2023, total plan assets were \$10,852.

Administrative Cost: There is an annual administrative fee of 0.16% charged to participants (at a monthly rate of 0.013%), which is capped for account balances at \$125. Each month participant fees are based on the average daily balance of their account(s) over a 30-day period, and are reflected on participants' quarterly statements. No employer-level fees are charged for the plan.

County of Orange 401(a) Defined Contribution Plan

<u>Plan Description:</u> Effective January 1, 1999, as amended and restated on March 24, 2015, the Board established the County 401(a) Plan for the benefit of eligible employees, elected officials, which includes members of the Board, certain executive managers, certain administrative managers once classified as confidential and grandfathered into the plan, attorneys represented by the Orange County Attorney's Association, and certain other employee classifications as defined in the plan document. The Board also has the authority to amend the plan. The plan was closed to the attorneys effective June 24, 2005. The plan was closed to new administrative managers and all grandfathered administrative managers effective June 23, 2016 and December 28, 2012, respectively. The plan is intended for retirement and funds may not be withdrawn until participants have separated from the County. The plan benefits for a participant who separates from service with the County or retires on or after the normal retirement date will be dependent upon the accumulated value of

County Administered Plans (Continued)

County of Orange 401(a) Defined Contribution Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

individual contributions and investment return. As of June 30, 2023, the plan had 600 participants with a balance in the plan, with 283 participants actively contributing to the plan as of the end of June payroll.

<u>Funding Policy:</u> This plan is a defined contribution plan funded entirely by employer contributions. County contributions to the plan vary according to employee classification and range from 4% to 8% of bi-weekly compensation. An additional 1.5% is contributed on behalf of Elected Officials who choose not to participate in OCERS. Total contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, were \$1,420 by the County and zero by the employees.

As previously described, Empower Retirement serves on behalf of the County as the third party administrator of the plan. The plan is reported as a fiduciary activity as the County has control of the assets. Contribution to the plan defaults to the County's Stable Value Fund upon initial enrollment, which is offered through Empower Retirement and designed to generate a stable yield while preserving the investor's principal. Once enrolled, plan participants may self-direct the investment of plan contributions into any of a number of eligible investment options offered under the plan. A small percentage of participants self-direct. As of June 30, 2023, total plan assets were \$22,179.

Administrative Cost: There is an annual administrative fee of 0.16% charged to participants (at a monthly rate of 0.013%) which is capped for account balances at \$125. There is an additional \$9 (absolute dollars) flat fee per year, which is a monthly fee \$0.75 (absolute dollars) charged to each participant. Each month participant fees are based on the average daily balance of their account(s) over a 30-day period and are reflected on participants' quarterly statements. No employer-level fees are charged for the plan.

County of Orange - 1.62% at 65 Retirement, 401(a) Defined Contribution Plan

Plan Description: On April 20, 2010, the Board approved and adopted the resolution implementing the "1.62% at 65" OCERS retirement formula for certain eligible employees. Effective May 7, 2010, as amended and restated on July 1, 2011, the Board approved the County 1.62% Defined Contribution Plan for the benefit of employees in the "1.62% at 65" OCERS retirement formula. The 1.62% Defined Contribution Plan is a combination governmental 457(b) and 401(a) retirement plan. Employee contributions are deposited into a 457(b) plan and employer-matching contributions are deposited into a 401(a) plan. Participation in the 1.62% Defined Contribution Plan is strictly voluntary. Employees are auto enrolled into the Plan and are given the option to opt out. It is designed to supplement the "1.62% at 65" OCERS retirement formula. Only employees in the "1.62% at 65" OCERS retirement formula are eligible to participate in the 1.62% Defined Contribution Plan.

On September 12, 2012, the Governor signed the PEPRA of 2013. PEPRA created a new pension retirement formula, commonly referred to as 2% at 62 retirement formula, for all new non-safety public employees hired on or after January 1, 2013. PEPRA also allowed a public employer to continue to offer another retirement formula, if offered before December 31, 2012, to new public employees if the retirement formula has a lower benefit factor at normal retirement age and results in a lower normal cost than the 2% at 62 PEPRA retirement formula. On December 18, 2012, the Board approved and adopted the "1.62% at 65" OCERS retirement formula for certain general (non-safety) public employees hired on or after January 1, 2013.

The Board has the authority to amend the plan. The plan is intended to comply with the requirements of IRC Section 401(a) and is intended for retirement. Matching employer contributions are determined by the County and approved by the Board, as stipulated in the Participants' bargaining units Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) or Personnel and Salary Resolution, as applicable. Employer contributions vest on employees' behalf after five years of continuous service with the County. For the purposes of eligibility and vesting, year of service means a 12-consecutive-month period during which the employee completes at least 2,080 hours of service,

County Administered Plans (Continued)

County of Orange - 1.62% at 65 Retirement, 401(a) Defined Contribution Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

exclusive of overtime. If the employee leaves employment with the County prior to the vesting period, the employee will only be entitled to the employee contributions to the plan.

Funds may not be withdrawn until participants have separated from the County. The plan benefits for a participant who separates from service with the County or retires on or after the early or normal retirement date will be dependent upon the accumulated value of individual contributions and investment return. As of June 30, 2023, the plan had 6,333 participants with a balance in the plan, with 4,994 participants actively contributing to the plan as of the end of June payroll.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: This plan is a defined contribution plan funded entirely by employer contributions. As of July 1, 2020, the County provides up to a 2% match per pay period of the employee's voluntary contribution to the IRC Section 457 element of the 1.62% Defined Contribution Plan. Employer contributions are deposited into the 401(a) Plan. Total contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, were \$6,208 by the County and zero by the employees.

As previously described, Empower Retirement serves on behalf of the County as the third party administrator of the plan. The plan is reported as a fiduciary activity as the County has control of the assets. Contribution to the plan defaults to the age-appropriate target-date fund upon initial enrollment. Once enrolled, plan participants may self-direct the investment of plan contributions into any of a number of eligible investment options offered under the plan. A small percentage of participants self-direct. As of June 30, 2023, total plan assets were \$29,282.

Administrative Cost: There is an annual administrative fee of 0.16% charged to participants (at a monthly rate of 0.013%), which is capped for account balances at \$125. Each month participant fees are based on the average daily balance of their account(s) over a 30-day period and are reflected on participants' quarterly statements. No employer-level fees are charged for the plan.

County Administered Plans (Continued)

Condensed Financial Statements

In lieu of separately issued financial statements for the County administered retirement funds, condensed financial statements are presented below as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023:

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

		Extra-Help Defined Benefit Total Plan		[tra-Help Defined ntribution Plan	401(a) Defined Contribution Plan		Ro 401	62% at 65 etirement, (a) Defined ribution Plan	
Assets	ф	<i></i>	Φ.	<i></i>	Φ.	4	•	4	œ.	4
Pooled Cash/Investments	\$	557	\$	554	\$	1	\$	1	\$	1
Cash and Cash Equivalents		1						1		
Restricted Cash and Investments										
Restricted Investments with Trustee		65,333		3,404		10,817		22,121		28,991
Receivables:										
Interest Receivable		4		4						
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		380				34		56		290
Total Assets		66,275		3,962		10,852		22,179		29,282
Net Position										
Restricted for Pension		66,275		3,962		10,852		22,179		29,282
Total Net Position	\$	66,275	\$	3,962	\$	10,852	\$	22,179	\$	29,282

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

		tra-Help efined		tra-Help Defined		401(a) Defined	32% at 65 etirement,
		Benefit	Contribution		Contribution		(a) Defined
	Total	Plan		Plan		Plan	ibution Plan
Additions:		 					
Contributions to Pension Trust:							
Employer	\$ 7,788	\$ 160	\$		\$	1,420	\$ 6,208
Employee	1,008			1,008			
Interest and Investment Income	18	18					
Net Increase in the Fair Value of Investments	5,488	235		204		1,966	3,083
Less: Investment Expense	(93)	(4)		(10)		(25)	(54)
Total Additions	 14,209	409		1,202		3,361	9,237
Deductions:							
Benefits Paid to Participants	3,316	404		963		1,655	294
Total Deductions	 3,316	 404		963		1,655	 294
Change in Net Position	10,893	5		239		1,706	8,943
Net Position at Beginning of Year	55,382	3,957		10,613		20,473	20,339
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 66,275	\$ 3,962	\$	10,852	\$	22,179	\$ 29,282

20. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

County of Orange Retiree Medical Plan

<u>Plan Description:</u> The County of Orange Fourth Amended Retiree Medical Plan (the Retiree Medical Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan, intended to assist career employees in maintaining health insurance coverage following retirement from County and participating employers' service. The Retiree Medical Plan was established by the Board. The Board is also the authority for amending the Retiree Medical Plan. The Retiree Medical Plan is not required by the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937 ("CERL")—the statute governing County employee retirement benefits. Eligible retired County employees receive a monthly grant (the Grant), which helps offset the cost of monthly County-offered health plans and/or Medicare A and/or B premiums. The Retiree Medical Plan specifically states that it does not create any vested right to the benefits. The Plan is reported in the County's financial statements since it administers the Plan. The Plan is reported as of December 31, 2022.

<u>Plan Membership:</u> As of June 30, 2023, seven employers, the County, Orange County Public Law Library, Superior Courts of Orange County, Orange County Local Agency Formation Commission, Orange County Employees Retirement System, First 5 Orange County, and Orange County Cemetery District have elected to participate in the plan. As of April 30, 2021, the membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members currently receiving benefit payments	9,565
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	53
Active plan members	14,333
	23,951

<u>Benefits Provided:</u> In order to be eligible to receive the Grant upon retirement, the employee must have completed at least 10 years of continuous County and/or participating employers' service (although exceptions for disability retirements exist), be enrolled in a County sponsored health plan and/or Medicare, qualify as a retiree as defined by the Retiree Medical Plan and be able to receive a monthly benefit payment from OCERS. To qualify as a retiree as defined by the Retiree Medical Plan, the employee upon retirement must be at least 50 years of age or have at least 20 years of service for a safety member of OCERS or at least 30 years of service for a general member of OCERS.

The monthly Grant amount is determined by a formula that multiplies a base number by the number of years of qualifying County employment up to a maximum of 25 years. The base number for calendar year 2022 was \$24.63 (absolute dollars) per year of County service, and the maximum base monthly Grant was \$615.75 (absolute dollars). The base number for calendar year 2023 is \$25.37 (absolute dollars) per year of County service, and the maximum monthly Grant is \$634.25 (absolute dollars). The amount of the Grant is netted against the monthly health plan premium and/or reimburses Medicare premiums paid by the retiree for retiree and dependent coverage with the retiree obligated to pay the remaining balance. In no case shall the Grant exceed the actual cost to a retiree for the Qualified Health Plan and Medicare premiums.

The plan was amended in 2007. Certain plan provisions were changed as of effective dates that varied by labor group. The Grant is reduced by 50% once the retiree becomes Medicare Parts A and B eligible. Retirees who were age 65 and/or Medicare Parts A and B eligible on the effective date are not subject to the Medicare reduction. For employees retiring after the effective date, the Grant is reduced or increased by 7.5% based on the employee's age at retirement, such that the Grant is reduced 7.5% for each year under age 60 and increased by 7.5% for each year of age worked after age 60 up to age 70. Safety employees and disability retirements are exempt from the age adjustment.

The base number for the Grant is adjusted annually based on a formula defined in the Retiree Medical Plan document with a maximum increase/decrease of 3%. Surviving dependents of a deceased employee or retiree eligible for the Grant are entitled to receive 50% of the Grant that the employee/retiree was eligible to receive.

In addition to the Grant, the Retiree Medical Plan provides a frozen lump sum payment to terminated employees

County of Orange Retiree Medical Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

not eligible for the Grant. The qualifying hours of service for calculation of the lump sum payment is frozen and the effective date varies by labor agreement. The frozen lump sum payment is equal to 1% of the employee's final average hourly pay (as defined in the Retiree Medical Plan) multiplied by the employee's qualifying hours of service (as defined) since the Retiree Medical Plan's effective date.

Employees represented by AFSCME who retired before September 30, 2005 are not subject to the Medicare reduction or age adjustment to the Grant. The base number for these retirees is adjusted annually with a maximum increase/decrease of 5%. AFSCME employees who were employed on or after September 30, 2005 are not eligible for the Grant or the lump sum payment. They may participate in the County-offered health plans at their own cost.

Employees represented by the Association of Orange County Deputy Sheriffs (AOCDS) who were hired on or after October 12, 2007 are not eligible for the Grant or lump sum payment. Service hour accruals for the Grant and lump sum calculations for employees represented by AOCDS who were hired before October 12, 2007 were frozen. A Defined Contribution Plan Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) was established to replace the Grant for new employees, and to supplement the frozen grants for current employees.

Association of County Law Enforcement Management (ACLEM) employees who were hired on or after June 19, 2009 are not eligible for the Grant or lump sum payment. Service hour accruals for the Grant calculations for ACLEM employees who were hired before June 19, 2009 were frozen. The qualifying hours of service for calculation of the lump sum payment for law enforcement management employees were frozen as of June 23, 2006. A Defined Contribution Plan HRA was established to replace the Grant for new employees, and to supplement the frozen grants for current employees.

Effective January 1, 2008, health insurance premium rates were separately pooled for the active and retired employees, except for employees represented by the AOCDS. Effective July 1, 2008, retiree health insurance premium rates for retired AOCDS and ACLEM employees enrolled in the AOCDS health plans must be 10% higher than active employees. Because retirees as a group have higher medical costs than active employees, the pooling of active and pre-Medicare retiree premiums in the AOCDS health plans results in "blended rates". Blending the premium rates provides the pre-Medicare retirees the benefit of lower rates, while increasing the rates for active employees. The blended rates benefit for pre-Medicare retirees reflects the difference between the true cost of retiree benefits and the blended premium charged. GASB requires the cost of this blended rates benefit be included in the total OPEB liability.

Effective July 8, 2016, all active OCAA employees are no longer eligible for the Retiree Medical Grant or Lump Sum. A Defined Contribution Plan HRA was established to replace the Grant or Lump Sum for all active employees.

Effective July 3, 2020, the Retiree Medical Grant was frozen for all employees of the AOCDS Public Safety General and Public Safety Supervisory Unit. Service hour accruals for the Grant calculations are frozen. Only employees with ten or more credited service years as of the effective date are eligible for a Grant. Cost of living and age adjustments ceased in the calculation of the Grant. A Defined Contribution Plan HRA was established to replace the Grant or Lump Sum for all active employees with less than ten years of credited service as of the effective date, and to supplement the frozen grants for current employees with at least ten years of credited service as of the effective date.

All AOCDS Public Safety employees who retired on or after January 4, 2019 were enrolled in AOCDS retiree health plans. Employees who retired before this date remained in County retiree health plans.

County of Orange Retiree Medical Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Effective July 15, 2020 through October 8, 2020, the County implemented the Voluntary Incentive Program (VIP). Retirees who were eligible for the Grant and retired during the effective period could choose one of the following options rather than activating their Grant:

Option 1: Opt out of the Retiree Medical Plan at retirement with the option to opt back in at any open enrollment or within 30 days of a qualifying life event subject to the terms and conditions of the applicable insurance plans at the time the retiree opts back into health coverage. The retiree will be ineligible to receive their Grant during the period the retiree has opted out of the Retiree Medical Plan but their Grant will be effective the first day of the month following the date the retiree elects to opt back into the Retiree Medical Plan. When the Grant is received, the Grant will be calculated based on retiree medical years of service and age at original date of retirement, including any other adjustments required by Retiree Medical Plan provisions. While not participating in the Retiree Medical Plan and the Grant is suspended, retiree must maintain minimum essential coverage under California state law, Federal law and Medicare (if applicable), and provide proof of coverage upon County request, to be eligible to enroll in the County Retiree Medical Plan and receive the Grant. This option does not apply to retirees participating in AOCDS health plans.

Option 2: Permanently waive the right to participate in the Retiree Medical Plan and the right to receive the Grant, including a Medicare Part B reimbursement once Medicare eligible. A retiree who chose this option received a contribution to an HRA in lieu of participation in the Retiree Medical Plan.

On July 13, 2021 the Board approved a one-time voluntary opt out of the Retiree Medical Plan at retirement with the same terms and conditions as option 1 of VIP. The voluntary opt out was effective January 1, 2022.

On December 20, 2022, the Board approved restructuring of the Retiree Medical Plan for the following labor groups: Orange County Employees Association (OCEA), Orange County Managers Association (OCMA) International Union of Operating Engineers (IUOE), Teamsters, and unrepresented employees effective June 16, 2023. The Orange County Superior Courts, Orange County Public Law Library, OCERS, First 5 Orange County, Orange County Cemetery District, and the Orange County Local Agency Formation Commission also approved participation in the restructured Retiree Medical Plan.

The restructuring effective June 16, 2023, eliminates the Grant for new employees, freezes the Grant for existing employees, and transitions new and existing employees to the County Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) Plan with the option for existing employees as of June 15, 2023, to place the value of their Grant in the County HRA Plan in lieu of receiving the Grant at retirement.

As of June 16, 2023, the Grant will be frozen for existing employees and they will not accrue additional service hours towards eligibility for the Grant. All employees with one or more years of credited service as of June 15, 2023, shall be eligible for the frozen Grant. The annual COLA and age adjustment (+/- 7.5%) will be eliminated. New employees as of June 16, 2023, will not be eligible for the Grant.

Existing employees as of June 15, 2023, who have accrued at least one full year of qualified credited service under the Plan Document may choose not to receive the frozen Grant and instead have \$855 (absolute value) for each full year of credited qualified service deposited into the employee's HRA account. Any employee who elects to receive the frozen Grant shall be subject to the 25 year cap; however, they shall be credited \$855 (absolute value) per each full year of eligible service beyond the 25 year cap in their HRA account (e.g., a 30 year employee would have \$855 (absolute value) for each of the 5 years over the 25 year cap deposited into their HRA account, and at retirement receive a frozen Grant based on 25 years of service).

County of Orange Retiree Medical Plan (Continued)

<u>Contributions</u>: The County implemented a policy to make annual employer contributions in an amount equal to the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) for the affected labor groups except ACLEM. In FY 2019-20, to ensure adequate funding of the Grant, the ADC included normal cost and amortization of liabilities for the Grant, Lump Sum and blended rates. In addition to contributing the ADC for the blended rates of retired employees enrolled in the AOCDS health plans, the County funded the blended rates benefit on a pay-as-you-go basis. Beginning in 2021, the employer contribution includes only the Grant and Lump Sum benefit. The blended rates benefit are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

In order to more adequately fund benefits under the Retiree Medical Plan, on June 19, 2007, the Board adopted the County of Orange Retiree Medical Trust (Trust) effective July 2, 2007. The Trust is an IRC Section 115 trust for which the County Chief Financial Officer is the Trustee. In addition, OCERS has established an IRC Section 401(h) account to invest monies and acts as Trustee for the 401(h) account which is used to pay the Grant. The combined Trust and 401(h) represent the fiduciary net position of the Plan and are reported in the County's ACFR.

During the current fiscal year, the County set aside contributions of 0.2% of payroll for AFSCME, 0.3% for OCAA, 1.3% for AOCDS, 2.7% for law enforcement management, 3.3% for the Probation Department safety personnel, 1.8% for public safety general employees and 3.4% of payroll for all other labor groups, which is the estimated employer contribution for those groups calculated by an actuary. Additionally, ACLEM employees covered under the "3%@50" safety retirement formula contributed 1.6% of base pay.

For the Plan year ended December 31, 2022, the total Plan contributions were \$46,389. The County's contribution was \$42,188 (90.94%), Superior Court was \$3,716 (8.01%), OCERS was \$328 (0.71%), First 5 Orange County was \$40 (0.09%), Law Library was \$39 (0.08%), Cemetery District was \$60 (0.13%), and LAFCO was \$18 (0.04%). The County's contribution for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was \$43,336.

Funds were initially deposited into the Trust in December 2007, with subsequent deposits made throughout each fiscal year. The administrative expenses for the Trust are paid from the Trust.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB: The components of the collective net OPEB liability of the participating employers as of June 30, 2023 were as follows:

Collective OPEB Liability	\$ 689,935
Collective Plan's Fiduciary Net Position	(391,478)
Collective Net OPEB Liability	\$ 298,457

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total OPEB Liability 56.74%

The Collective OPEB Liability of \$689,935 includes \$539,027 for the Grant and Lump Sum benefits and \$150,908 for the blended rates benefit. GASB requires the blended rates benefit be included in the Net OPEB liability, but the County's funding policy of only contributing towards the Grant and Lump Sum benefits means the County intends to use the Trust assets only to pay for Grant and Lump Sum benefits. If the funded percent were calculated reflecting the County's funding policy rather than GASB requirements, it would be larger than that shown above. Excluding the OPEB liability for the blended rates benefit, which are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, from the Collective OPEB Liability, the Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability for the Grant and Lump Sum benefit is 72.63%.

County of Orange Retiree Medical Plan (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

The Collective Plan Fiduciary Net Position reflects a reduction for an amount payable (\$59,975) for the assets moved to the HRA for eligible General employees who chose not to receive the frozen Grant in the Plan restructure effective June 16, 2023, or for those who chose to receive the frozen Grant and have greater than 25 years of service. The amount of assets payable were adjusted for the timing difference between the measurement date and the expected date the assets were to be moved to the HRA.

At June 30, 2023, the County reported a liability of \$271,417 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The County's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was based on the 2022 share of employer contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2022, the County's proportion was 90.94%, which was an increase of 0.02% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$12,114. At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 ernmental ctivities	Airport		OC Waste & Recycling		Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB per Actuarial Studies	 					
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings						
on OPEB Plan Investments	\$ 21,793	\$	192	\$	222	\$ 22,207
Changes of Assumptions	5,446		47		57	5,550
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Employer						
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	2,651		23		27	2,701
Employer Contributions after Measurement Date	22,094		185		237	22,516
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB	\$ 51,984	\$	447	\$	543	\$ 52,974
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB per Actuarial Studies						
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 31,739	\$	274	\$	331	\$ 32,344
Changes of Assumptions	8,015		71		83	8,169
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Employer						
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	3,478		30		35	3,543
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB	\$ 43,232	\$	375	\$	449	\$ 44,056

Deferred outflow of resources of \$22,516 related to OPEB resulting from County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the following fiscal year. For further information on the deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB refer to Note 21, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources. Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the County's OPEB expense as follows:

County of Orange Retiree Medical Plan (Continued)

<u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related</u> to OPEB (Continued)

Year ending June 30:	
2024	\$ (7,583)
2025	(3,610)
2026	(840)
2027	5,780
2028	(5,216)
Thereafter	 (2,129)
Total	\$ (13,598)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The actuarial valuations involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future and will be subject to continual revision as they reflect a long-term perspective.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The County contracts with an outside actuarial consultant to prepare a biennial actuarial valuation in conformance with GASB requirements and is based on established pattern of practice. The actuarial methods and significant actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation are:

- The entry age normal actuarial cost method
- 7.00% long-term expected rate of return, net of investment expenses, on funds held in the Trusts
- 3.00% per annum payroll increase assumption
- 2.50% per annum general inflation rate assumption
- Assumed annual increases in the monthly grant of 3% for non-AFSCME employees and 5% for AFSCME employees. The healthcare trend was assumed to be greater than or equal to the annual increase to the Grant in almost all future years. Therefore, it is the Grant annual increase rather than the healthcare trend that has the largest impact on the projected benefits and the net OPEB liability.
- Grant participation rate was 50% to 100%, determined by employee group and Grant service at retirement, based on the April 2019 participation study and individual Grant elections of the applicable General employees from the restructuring effective June 16, 2023.

Medical trend used for pre-Medicare members was 6.50% for 2023, decreasing to 3.75% for 2076 and later. For Medicare eligible members, 4.60% was used for 2023 decreasing to 3.75% for 2076 and later (Kaiser) and 5.65% was used for 2023, decreasing to 3.75% for 2076 and later (Non-Kaiser). Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Benefit-Weighted Mortality Tables with separate tables for males and females. Mortality improvement was projected fully generational with Society of Actuaries mortality improvement Scale MP-2019.

<u>Discount Rate:</u> The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00%, the long-term expected rate of return on plan assets, net of investment expenses. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made at the current negotiated contribution rate and that the employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates for the Grant and lump sum benefits (with blended rates benefit paid on a pay-as-you-go basis). Based on actuarial assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

County of Orange Retiree Medical Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate (Continued)

The target allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return
Large Cap Equity	23.10%	5.43%
Small Cap Equity	1.90%	6.21%
International Developed Equity	13.00%	6.67%
Emerging Markets Equity	9.00%	8.58%
Core Bonds	9.00%	1.10%
High Yield Bonds	1.50%	2.91%
TIPS	2.00%	0.65%
Emerging Market Debt	2.00%	3.25%
Coporate Credit	1.00%	0.53%
Long Duration Fixed Income	2.50%	1.44%
Real Estate	3.01%	4.42%
Private Equity	13.00%	9.41%
Value Added Real Estate	3.01%	7.42%
Opportunistic Real Estate	0.98%	10.18%
Energy	2.00%	9.68%
Infrastructure (Core Private)	1.50%	5.08%
Infrastructure (Non-Core Private)	1.50%	8.92%
CTA-Trend Following	2.50%	2.38%
Global Macro	2.50%	2.13%
Private Credit	2.50%	5.47%
Alternative Risk Premia	2.50%	2.50%
Total	100.00%	
Assumed Long Term Rate of Inflation		2.50%
Expected Long Term Net Rate of Return		7.00%

Rate of Return: For the year ended December 31, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was (7.88%). The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. For further information on the investment policy of OCERS refer to Note 4, Cash and Investments.

<u>Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:</u> The following presents the Net OPEB liability of the collective plan and the County's proportionate share, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Collective plan	\$ 361,121	\$ 298,457	\$ 243,976
County's proportionate share	\$ 328,404	\$ 271,417	\$ 221,872

County of Orange Retiree Medical Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (Continued): The following presents the Net OPEB liability of the collective plan and the County's proportionate share, as well as what they would be calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (5.50%/4.65%/3.60% decreasing to 2.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50%/6.65%/5.60% decreasing to 4.75%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current Healthcare Cost									
		1% Decrease		Trend Rates		1% Increase					
	(5.50	0%/4.65%/3.60%	(6.5	50%/5.65%/4.60%	(7.5	(7.50%/6.65%/5.60%					
	decr	easing to 2.75%)	dec	creasing to 3.75%)	dec	reasing to 4.75%)					
Collective plan	\$	281,014	\$	298,457	\$	318,443					
County's proportionate share	\$	255.554	\$	271.417	\$	289.592					

<u>OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position:</u> As previously described, the 401(h) assets are held with OCERS. The underlying investments are presented in the Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. OCERS issues an ACFR for each year ending on December 31, which includes the 401(h) assets. This report can be obtained online at www.ocers.org by request, or in writing, to the Orange County Employees Retirement System, P.O. Box 1229, Santa Ana, CA 92702, or by calling (714) 558-6200.

County of Orange Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA)

<u>Plan Description</u>: On October 23, 2007, the Board approved and adopted a MOU agreement with the AOCDS. The MOU restructured the Retiree Medical Plan and established a Defined Contribution Plan Health Reimbursement Arrangement to replace the Retiree Medical Plan for new employees, and to supplement the current employees' frozen service hour accruals for the Grant.

The HRA is intended to comply with the requirements of IRC Sections 105 and 106 and meets the requirements of a health reimbursement arrangement as defined under IRS Notice 2002-45. The contributions made to reimbursement accounts, any investment gains and qualified medical expenses reimbursed under this plan are intended to be eligible for exclusion from the gross income of eligible employees, participants, and retired participants (including the spouses and dependents of each) under IRC Section 105(b). The HRA may be amended by the Board or the plan administrator to comply with federal, state, or local laws, statutes, regulations, or guidance from regulatory agencies.

On June 24, 2008, the Board approved the County of Orange Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) Plan Document. The HRA Plan is not required by the Retirement Law; it is intended to fund the reimbursement accounts of eligible employees on a pre-tax basis and reimburse the eligible unreimbursed and substantiated qualified medical expenses of retired participants.

On March 10, 2009, the Board approved the restructuring of the Retiree Medical Plan and establishment of a Defined Contribution Plan HRA for employees represented by ACLEM effective June 19, 2009. The HRA replaces the Retiree Medical Plan for new employees and supplements the current ACLEM employees' frozen service hour accruals for the Grant.

Administration of the HRA by the third-party administrator began in August 2009. The Plan Document was amended and restated on January 1, 2011, to reflect changes to the definition of a "dependent" due to healthcare reform legislation.

On May 12, 2015, the Board approved the restructuring of the Retiree Medical Plan and establishment of a Defined Contribution Plan HRA for employees represented by OCAA effective July 8, 2016. The HRA replaces the Retiree Medical Plan for all active attorney employees.

County of Orange Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The Plan Document was amended and restated on June 1, 2016 to provide for the transition of the OCAA to the HRA Plan in July 2016. Prior employee contributions for employees represented by OCAA to the Retiree Medical program and the interest earnings thereon through July 5, 2016 were transferred as a lump sum deposit for eligible employees to their HRA accounts.

On January 4, 2019, the Board approved the restructuring of the Retiree Medical Plan and establishment of a Defined Contribution Plan HRA for employees of Public Safety General Unit and Public Safety Supervisory Unit effective July 3, 2020. The HRA replaces the Retiree Medical Plan for all active employees of Public Safety units.

On July 14, 2020, the Board approved and enacted the VIP, which offered the incentives to eligible employees who volunteered to separate by resignation or retirement between July 15, 2020 through October 8, 2020. Employees who were eligible for a Service Retirement Allowance pursuant to OCERS under the Retirement Law received the employer contribution to the HRA at retirement. A one-time County contribution, in the amount equal to the pre-tax amount approved by the Board, or contribution equal to the Board approved percentage of base annual salary (whichever was greater), was contributed to the County's HRA. In addition, employees eligible for a Grant in the Retiree Medical Insurance Program were offered an HRA contribution in lieu of a Grant. The value contributed to the HRA was \$655 (absolute dollars) multiplied by an employee's total years of County service.

On December 20, 2022, the Board approved the restructuring of the Retiree Medical Plan and establishment of a Defined Contribution Plan HRA for employees represented by OCEA, OCMA, IUOE, Teamsters, and unrepresented employees effective June 16, 2023. The Orange County Superior Courts, Orange County Public Law Library, OCERS, First 5 Orange County, Orange County Cemetery District, and the Orange County Local Agency Formation Commission also approved participation in the restructured Retiree Medical Plan. The HRA replaces the Retiree Medical Plan for new employees and supplements the current employees' frozen service hour accruals for the Grant.

Existing employees as of June 15, 2023 who have accrued at least one full year of qualified credited service under the Retiree Medical Plan Document may choose not to receive the frozen Grant and instead have \$855 (absolute value) for each full year of credited qualified service deposited into the employee's HRA account. The HRA assets for this group of employees are expected to be transferred by September 2023.

As of June 30, 2023, the plan had 3,485 active and 2,102 inactive participants.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: Employer and mandatory employee contributions were effective October 12, 2007 for employees represented by AOCDS, effective June 19, 2009 for employees represented by ACLEM, and effective July 8, 2016 for OCAA represented employees. All contributions made to the HRA are deemed to be employer contributions. Employee contributions for employees represented by each of the bargaining units are mandatory pursuant to their bargaining unit MOU and mandatory pursuant to Board action.

For employees represented by AOCDS, the County contributes 5.0% of base salary each pay period. For employees represented by ACLEM, the County contributes 4.0% of base salary each pay period. For employees represented by OCAA, the County contributes 1.0% of base salary each pay period and employees are also required to contribute 1.0% of base salary each pay period. For employees represented by AOCDS Public Safety, the County contributed 4.5% of base salary each pay period starting on July 1, 2022 and increased to 5% starting on January 13, 2023.

County of Orange Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) (Continued)

Funding Policy (Continued)

As of pay period beginning June 16, 2023, for employees represented by OCEA, OCMA, IUOE, Teamsters, unrepresented employees and employees of Orange County Superior Courts, Orange County Public Law Library, OCERS, First 5 Orange County, Orange County Cemetery District, and the Orange County Local Agency Formation Commission, the employer will contribute \$60 (absolute value) per pay period.

Contributions from employees who elected the HRA rather than the Frozen Grant will be defaulted to the MissionSquare PLUS fund. Once contributed, employees may self-direct the investment of plan contributions into any of a number of eligible investment options offered under the HRA. A small percentage of participants self-direct. It is anticipated that these contributions will be made approximately in September 2023.

Contributions to the HRA Plan default to the age-appropriate target-date fund upon initial enrollment. Once enrolled, HRA participants may self-direct the investment of plan contributions into any of a number of eligible investment options offered under the HRA. Total contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 were \$16,826 by the County and \$815 by the employees. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the HRA assets was \$220,937.

Administrative Cost: Prior to April 1, 2019, annual administrative fees included a plan asset fee of 0.40% and an annual account fee of \$80 (absolute dollars). Beginning on April 1, 2019, the administrative fee was reduced to 0.195% with no annual account fee. Each quarter, 25% of the fees are assessed to participant accounts and are reflected on participants' quarterly statements. No employer-level fees are charged for the Plan.

Condensed Financial Statements

In lieu of separately issued financial statements for the County administered postemployment health care benefit trust funds, condensed financial statements are presented below as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position		Total	Ei R	nge County mployees etirement tem-401(h)*	Re	tiree Medical Plan 115 Trust *		Health nbursement gement Plan
Assets Pooled Cash/Investments	¢.	2 406	æ		¢	2 240	¢.	57
Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$	3,406 9,152	\$	9,152	\$	3,349	\$	57
Securities Lending Collateral		9, 152 4,494		•				
Restricted Cash and Investments		4,494		4,494				
Restricted Cash and investments Restricted Investments with Trustee		660 407		450 405				240 202
Investments Receivable		669,407		450,105				219,302
Interest/Dividends Receivable		3,487		3,487		15		
		15 175		 175		15		
Other Receivables		175		175				 4 F70
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		1,578		407.440				1,578
Total Assets		691,714		467,413		3,364		220,937
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable		64,520		4,545		59.975		
Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable		10,232		5,601		4,631		
Investment Obligations		4,547		4,547				
Total Liabilities		79,299		14,693		64,606		
Total Elabilitios	-	10,200		11,000		01,000		
Net Position								
Restricted for OPEB Benefits		612,415		452,720		(61,242)		220,937
Total Net Position	\$	612,415	\$	452,720	\$	(61,242)	\$	220,937
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position		Total	Ei R	nge County mployees etirement tem-401(h)*	Re	tiree Medical Plan 115 Trust *		Health nbursement gement Plan
Additions:	•	22.21=	•	44.0=0	•		•	40.000
Employer Contributions	\$	63,215	\$	41,652	\$	4,737	\$	16,826
Employee Contributions		1,052		237				815
Interest and Investment Income	_	11,377		11,289		82		6
Net Increase (Decrease) in the Fair Value of Investments	5	(22,757)		(46,439)				23,682
Securities Lending Income Gross Earnings		98		98				(07.4)
Less: Investment Expense		(3,791)		(3,413)		(4)		(374)
Total Additions		49,194		3,424		4,815		40,955
Deductions:								
Benefits Paid to Participants		109,316		37,013		64,770		7,533
Administrative Expense		23		23				
Total Deductions		109,339		37,036		64,770		7,533
Change in Net Position		(60,145)		(33,612)		(59,955)		33,422
Net Position-Beginning of Year		672,560		486,332		(1,287)		187,515
Net Position-End of Year	\$	612,415	\$	452,720	\$	(61,242)	\$	220,937

^{*} The Plan assets are a combination of the assets held by OCERS-401(h) and the County's Retiree Medical Plan 115. These are presented as of 12/31/22 in accordance with the plan year.

21. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

The deferred outflows/inflows of resources amounts included on the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position are comprised of deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pension, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB, deferred inflows of resources for leases and service concession arrangements (SCA). The deferral of resources related to leases and SCAs is the difference between the guaranteed installment payments and contractual commitments. For SCAs, there is an additional deferred inflows of resources recorded in relation to the capital assets built or improved by the operator that will revert to the County at the end of the agreement. Deferred resources related to pension and OPEB result from the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on the plan investments, changes of assumptions and changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of contributions calculated by the actuarial study and differences between expected and actual experience. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB also include employer contributions made after the measurement date. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources included in the statement of net position, governmental activities and business-type activities as of June 30, 2023, are described as follows:

Government-wide Statement of Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business- Type Activities		Total	F	First 5 OC	alOptima Health
Deferred Outflows of Resources:								
Pension	\$ 1,263,274	\$	25,638	\$	1,288,912	\$	1,355	\$ 24,373
OPEB	51,984		990		52,974		116	1,596
Total Government-Wide Deferred								
Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,315,258	\$	26,628	\$	1,341,886	\$	1,471	\$ 25,969
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Pension	\$ 117,308	\$	3,467	\$	120,775	\$	689	\$ 3,388
OPEB	43,232		824		44,056		41	7,788
Service Concession Arrangements	166,164				166,164			
Leases	73,844		100,886		174,730			
Total Government-Wide Deferred								
Inflows of Resources	\$ 400,548	\$	105,177	\$	505,725	\$	730	\$ 11,176

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position

		Airport		Waste &	Total	Governmental Activities-Internal Service Funds		
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	-	<u> </u>				-		
Pension	\$	10,963	\$	14,675	\$ 25,638	\$	14,300	
OPEB		447		543	990		680	
Total Proprietary Funds Deferred								
Outflows of Resources	\$	11,410	\$	15,218	\$ 26,628	\$	14,980	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Pension	\$	1,463	\$	2,004	\$ 3,467	\$	2,370	
OPEB		375		449	824		570	
Leases		93,980		6,906	100,886		22	
Total Proprietary Funds Deferred					 			
Inflows of Resources	\$	95,818	\$	9,359	\$ 105,177	\$	2,962	

21. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Continued)

On the Balance Sheet for Governmental funds, the General Fund, Flood Control District, Other Public Protection, and several nonmajor Special Revenue funds reported deferred inflows of resources related to future reporting periods. The following provides the unavailable revenue expected to be collected after August 31, 2023, as well as the portion of the lease and SCA receivable expected payments related to future periods.

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

	Ge	neral Fund	Flood Control District	• • •	ner Public	Go	Other vernmental Funds		Total
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			 					_	
Unavailable Revenue									
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	170,969	\$ 86,393	\$	2,240	\$	30,413	\$	290,015
Senate Bill 90 Mandated Claims, Net		12,634							12,634
Property Taxes		9,731	1,989						11,720
Other		6,433	75				2,411		8,919
Total Unavailable Revenue		199,767	88,457		2,240		32,824		323,288
Leases		9,311	23,633				40,878		73,822
Service Concession Arrangements			1,441				132,734		134,175
Total Governmental Funds Deferred									
Inflows of Resources	\$	209,078	\$ 113,531	\$	2,240	\$	206,436	\$	531,285

22. CONTINGENCIES

Estimated Liability for Litigation and Claims

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County's legal counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County. To the extent the outcome of such litigation has been determined to result in probable financial loss to the County, a liability has been accrued in the accompanying financial statements. Litigation where loss to the County is reasonably possible has not been accrued and at this time an estimate cannot be made. For information regarding claim payments and unpaid claims balance for self-insurance claims, refer to Note 17, Self-Insurance.

Federal Assistance

On August 17, 2021, the Airport received an allocation of \$33,582 from the Airport Rescue Grants under the American Rescue Plan Act. This grant can be used to reimburse the Airport for allowable costs incurred from January 20, 2020 to August 16, 2025. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Airport recognized grant revenue of \$30,586. The grant balance was \$2,996 as of June 30, 2023.

23. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The following events occurred subsequent to June 30, 2023:

<u>Teeter Plan Notes:</u> On July 14, 2023, the County paid \$41,208 of its \$82,308 taxable Teeter Plan Obligation Notes, Series B utilizing accumulated base taxes. On July 17, 2023, the Teeter Plan Notes were issued for \$89,004 in taxable Teeter Plan Obligation Notes, Series B, to refund the outstanding balance of \$41,100 and to finance the purchase of \$47,904 in delinquent property tax receivables. The Teeter Plan Notes issued on July 17, 2023, were issued pursuant to a First Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Note Purchase and Reimbursement Agreement, dated between the County and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association. Teeter Plan Notes may be issued from time to time by the County provided that the total principal amount of Teeter Plan Notes outstanding at any one time shall not exceed \$150,000.

County of Orange Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

23. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Continued)

The County paid \$18,200 on September 15, 2023, and \$15,017 on November 17, 2023, of its \$89,004 Teeter Plan Notes utilizing accumulated base taxes. The Teeter Plan Notes mature on July 30, 2024, and bear a variable interest rate.

Withdrawal of County from Orange County Power Authority (OCPA): On December 20, 2022, the Board voted to withdraw from the OCPA for a variety of reasons, including concerns over OCPA's financial status and its rate structure for unincorporated residents. This withdrawal became effective at the beginning of the following fiscal year, or July 1, 2023. Pursuant to the Joint Powers Agreement, the County is responsible for non-mitigatable costs incurred on the County's behalf. While OCPA has made various demands against the County, including its most recent demand in July 2023, for \$913, the County does not agree that any amount is owed, since the power procured by OCPA on the County's behalf can be sold at a significant profit to OCPA.

<u>CARE Act.</u> CARE Court connects a person struggling with untreated mental illness, and often co-occurring substance use challenges, with a court-ordered Care Plan for up to 24 months. Each plan is managed by a care team within the Health Care Agency (HCA) and can include clinically prescribed, individualized interventions with several supportive services, medication, and a housing plan. The client-centered approach also includes the Public Defender to help individuals make self-directed care decisions in addition to their full clinical team. HCA went live with CARE court on October 01, 2023. HCA expended \$42 in CARE Court start-up costs of the \$7,185 CARE funding received in FY 2022-23. The remainder of the CARES funds received will be expended in FY 2023-24.

<u>Orange County Treasurer's Pool:</u> On November 1, 2023, the Orange County Treasurer's Pool (OCTP) received the highest credit rating of AAAf from Fitch Ratings (Fitch). This is the first time that the OCTP has been rated by an independent rating agency and provides independent oversight to the pool participants of the highest underlying credit quality of the pool's investments. Fitch also assigned a Fund Market Risk Sensitivity Rating of 'S1' denoting a very low sensitivity to market risk and changes in interest rates.





Required Supplementary Information (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS)

Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (1)

	_	2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
County's proportion of the net pension liability		82.92%	99.86%	84.21%	81.27%	79.39%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	4.469.948	\$ 2.047.343	\$ 3.547.851	\$ 4.124.932	\$ 4.919.675
Covered payroll (2)	\$	1,420,176	\$ 1,375,892	\$ 1,404,516	\$ 1,313,952	\$ 1,272,895
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its						
covered payroll (2) Plan fiduciary net position as a	-	314.75%	 148.80%	 252.60%	 313.93%	 386.49%
percentage of the total pension liability (4)		78.51%	91.45%	81.69%	76.67%	70.03%

Schedule of County Contributions (3)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 539,755	\$ 511,496	\$ 481,791	\$ 440,042	\$ 419,159
Contributions in relation to the actuarially					
determined contribution	 591,307	 557,225	 513,799	 475,676	 440,634
Contribution excess	\$ (51,552)	\$ (45,729)	\$ (32,009)	\$ (35,634)	\$ (21,475)
Covered payroll (2) (5) Contributions as a percentage of covered	\$ 1,351,874	\$ 1,398,034	\$ 1,390,204	\$ 1,359,234	\$ 1,293,424
payroll	43.74%	39.86%	36.96%	35.00%	34.07%

The schedules are presented to show information for 10 years. However, a full 10-year trend is currently not available; the County will be adding years in the future.

⁽¹⁾ Information is from OCERS' actuary report for OCERS' fiscal year ended December 31.

⁽²⁾ The numbers for 2014-2015 were for covered-employee payroll, prior to GASB Statement No. 82 implementation.

⁽³⁾ For the 12-month period ending on June 30, fiscal year end.

⁽⁴⁾ In FY 2019-20, the presentation of the percentages was changed from the Employer percentage to the Plan percentage.

⁽⁵⁾ Current year is estimated based on an average of the preceding years. The actual number will be updated in the subsequent year when data is available.

 2017 2016		 2015	2014			
80.46%		77.91%	76.83%		76.68%	County's proportion of the net pension liability
						County's proportionate share of the net
\$ 3,984,401	\$	4,044,638	\$ 4,391,967	\$	3,897,223	pension liability
\$ 1,247,616	\$	1,200,243	\$ 1,118,395	\$	1,198,458	Covered payroll (2)
						County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its
 319.36%		336.98%	 392.70%		325.19%	covered payroll (2)
74.93%		71.16%	67.10%		69.42%	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (4)

2018	2017	2016	2015	
\$ 401,323	\$ 386,138	\$ 358,103	\$ 340,626	Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially
433,098	405,494	411,426	397,044	determined contribution
\$ (31,775)	\$ (19,356)	\$ (53,323)	\$ (56,418)	Contribution excess
\$ 1,260,255	\$ 1,223,930	\$ 1,159,319	\$ 1,158,427	Covered payroll (2) (5) Contributions as a percentage of covered
34.37%	33.13%	35.49%	34.27%	payroll

Orange County Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan

Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (2)

Schedule of Co	ounty	's Proportio	onate	Snare of tr	ie Ne	et Pension i	_iabi	iity	
		2023		2022		2021		2020	 2019
County's proportion of the net pension liability		98.12%		98.12%		98.12%		98.12%	98.12%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,174	\$	1,337	\$	(149)	\$	440	\$ 1,382
Covered payroll (1) County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its	\$	2,806	\$	2,938	\$	3,169	\$	3,613	\$ 3,906
covered payroll (1)		41.82%		45.51%		(4.71%)		12.18%	35.38%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		76.73%		74.30%		103.06%		92.18%	81.06%
	Sched	lule of Colle	ectiv	e Plan Cont	ribu	tions			
		2023		2022		2021		2020	 2019
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	160	\$	160	\$	114	\$	114	\$ 555

	 2023	 2022	 2021		2020	 2019
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 160	\$ 160	\$ 114	\$	114	\$ 555
Contributions in relation to the	160	160	114		114	565
actuarially determined contribution	 100	 100	 114		114	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	_	\$ (10)
	 	 	 	-		
Covered payroll (1)	\$ 2,806	\$ 2,938	\$ 3,169	\$	3,613	\$ 3,906

Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll 5.70% 5.45% 3.60% 3.16% 14.46%

Schedule of County Contributions

	 2023	 2022	 2021	2020	2019
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 157	\$ 157	\$ 112	\$ 112	\$ 544
actuarially determined contribution	157	157	112	112	554
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (10)
Covered payroll (1) Contributions as a percentage	\$ 2,806	\$ 2,938	\$ 3,169	\$ 3,613	\$ 3,906
of covered payroll	5.59%	5.34%	3.53%	3.10%	14.19%

⁽¹⁾ The numbers for 2014 and 2015 were for covered-employee payroll, prior to GASB Statement No. 82 implementation.

⁽²⁾ The schedule is presented to show information for 10 years. However, a full 10-year trend is currently not available; the County will be adding years in the future.

2018		2017		2016		201	5		
98.12%		98.12	%	98.1	2%	98	.12%	-	s proportion of the net pension ility
\$ 1,962	\$	1,99	95	\$ 2,8	345	\$ 3	3,163		s proportionate share of the net asion liability (asset)
\$ 4,298	\$	4,72	25	\$ 1,7	747	\$	1,829	County'	d payroll ⁽¹⁾ s proportionate share of the net
 45.65%	_	42.22	%	162.8	5%	172	.94%		nsion liability as a percentage of its rered payroll (1)
76.76%		76.24	%	65.8	9%	61	.35%		uciary net position as a centage of the total pension liability
2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
\$ 555	\$	784	\$	784	\$	421	\$	421	Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the
\$ 545 10	\$	784	\$	784 	\$	421	\$	421	actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)
\$ 4,298	\$	4,725	\$	1,747	\$	1,829	\$	1,876	Covered payroll (1)
12.68%		16.59%		44.88%		23.02%		22.44%	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
 2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
\$ 545	\$	769	\$	769	\$	413	\$	421	Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the
\$ 535 10	\$	769	\$	769 	\$	413	\$	421 	actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)
\$ 4,298	\$	4,725	\$	1,747	\$	1,829	\$	1,876	Covered payroll (1)
12.45%		16.28%		44.02%		22.58%		22.44%	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll

Orange County Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

Schedule of Changes in the Collective Plan Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

	 2023	2022	 2021	 2020	 2019
Total Pension Liability					
Service cost	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Interest	243	241	274	362	411
Changes of benefit terms					
Difference between expected and actual experience		154		(879)	
Changes of assumptions		714		(90)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(404)	(749)	 (1,040)	 (1,101)	(1,572)
Net change in total pension liability	(161)	360	(766)	(1,708)	(1,161)
Total Pension Liability-beginning	5,326	4,966	 5,732	 7,440	8,601
Total Pension Liability-ending (a)	\$ 5,165	\$ 5,326	\$ 4,966	\$ 5,732	\$ 7,440
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions-employer	\$ 160	\$ 160	\$ 114	\$ 114	\$ 565
Contributions-member					
Net investment income (loss)	249	(572)	760	239	436
Investment Expense					(7)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(404)	(749)	(1,040)	(1,101)	(1,572)
Administrative expense (1)					
Other		 	 	 1	7
Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	5	(1,161)	(166)	(747)	(571)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position-beginning	3,957	 5,118	 5,284	 6,031	6,602
Plan Fiduciary Net Position-ending (b)	\$ 3,962	\$ 3,957	\$ 5,118	\$ 5,284	\$ 6,031
Plan Net Pension Liability-ending (a)-(b)	\$ 1,203	\$ 1,369	\$ (152)	\$ 448	\$ 1,409
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total					
Pension Liability	76.73%	74.30%	103.06%	92.18%	81.06%
Covered payroll (2)	\$ 2,806	\$ 2,938	\$ 3,169	\$ 3,613	\$ 3,906
Plan Net Pension Liability as a percentage of covered (2) payroll	42.87%	46.60%	(4.80%)	12.40%	36.07%

Schedule of Investment Returns

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Actual money-weighted rate of return,					
net of investment expense	7.04%	12.89%	16.38%	4.56%	6.90%

⁽¹⁾ Administrative expense does not round up to \$1 in thousands.

⁽²⁾ The numbers for 2014 and 2015 were for covered-employee payroll, prior to GASB Statement No. 82 implementation.

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
										Total Pension Liability
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		Service cost
	448		436		435		271		282	Interest
										Changes of benefit terms
	(127)				73					Difference between expected and actual experience
	480				73					Changes of assumptions
	(762)		(372)		(424)		(522)		(695)	Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions
	39		64		157		(251)		(413)	Net change in total pension liability
	8,562		8,498		8,341		8,592		9,005	Total Pension Liability-beginning
\$	8,601	\$	8,562	\$	8,498	\$	8,341	\$	8,592	Total Pension Liability-ending (a)
										Plan Fiduciary Net Position
\$	545	\$	784	\$	784	\$	421	\$	421	Contributions-employer
Ψ	0-10	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Contributions-member
	295		527		123		17		15	Net investment income (loss)
	(7)		(5)		(4)					Investment Expense
	(762)		(372)		(428)		(522)		(695)	Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions
	(102)		(372)		(420)		(322)		(000)	Administrative expense (1)
	3		(5)		7					Other
	74		929		482		(84)		(259)	Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position
	6,528		5,599		5,117		5,201		5,460	Plan Fiduciary Net Position-beginning
\$	6,602	\$	6,528	\$	5,599	\$	5,117	\$	5,201	Plan Fiduciary Net Position-ending (b)
Ψ	0,002	Ψ	0,020	Ψ	0,000	Ψ	0,117	Ψ	0,201	rian riducially Net rosidon chaing (b)
\$	1,999	\$	2,034	\$	2,899	\$	3,224	\$	3,391	Plan Net Pension Liability-ending (a)-(b)
	76.76%		76.24%		65.89%		61.35%		60.53%	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability
\$	4,298	\$	4,725	\$	1,747	\$	1,829	\$	1,876	Covered payroll (2)
	46.51%		43.05%		165.94%		176.27%		180.76%	Plan Net Pension Liability as a percentage of covered (2) payroll

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
					Actual money-weighted rate of return,
4.53%	8.51%	2.22%	0.35%	0.26%	net of investment expense

Orange County Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

Notes to Schedule

Methods and assumptions used to determine acturially determined contribution:

Valuation date July 1, 2021

Actuarial cost method Projected Unit Credit

Same as Entry Age Cost Method since all benefits are frozen

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 5 years rolling (open)
Asset valuation method Market Value of assets

Discount rate 4.75%
General Inflation 2.50%

Mortality PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree (Amount-Weighted, Above

Median) x 105%

Mortality Improvement Mortality projected fully generationally with Scale MP-2019

All Other Same as used in determining total pension liability



Orange County Retiree Medical Plan

Schedule of Changes in the Collective Plan Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

		2022		2021		2020
Total OPEB Liability						
Service cost	\$	14,426	\$	15,397	\$	14,912
Interest		51,443		52,018		50,385
Changes of benefit terms		(75,495)				
Difference between expected and actual experience		-		(41,074)		
Changes of assumptions		-		8,321		
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	_	(41,808)		(42,002)		(42,911)
Net change in Total OPEB Liability		(51,434)		(7,340)		22,386
Total OPEB Liability-beginning		741,369		748,709		726,322
Total OPEB Liability-ending (a)	\$	689,935	\$	741,369	\$	748,708
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Changes of benefit terms	\$	(59,975)	\$	_	\$	_
Contributions-employer	•	46,389	•	45,402	,	45,989
Contributions-employee		237		235		208
Net investment income (loss)		(38,387)		66,778		40,847
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(41,808)		(42,002)		(42,911)
Administrative expense		(23)		(24)		(22)
Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(93,567)		70,389	•	44,111
Plan Fiduciary Net Position-beginning		485,045		414,656		370,545
Plan Fiduciary Net Position-ending (b)	\$	391,478	\$	485,045	\$	414,656
Plan Net OPEB Liability-ending (a)-(b)	\$	298,457	\$	256,324	\$	334,052
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		56.74%		65.43%		55.38%
Covered payroll ⁽¹⁾	\$	1,499,572	\$	1,453,302	\$	1,426,003
Plan Net OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered payroll		19.90%		17.64%		23.43%

Schedule of Investment Returns

	2022	2021	2020
Actual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	(7.88%)	16.67%	11.22%

The schedule is presented to show information for 10 years. However, a full 10-year trend is currently not available; the County will be adding years in the future.

⁽¹⁾ For the 12 month period ending on December 31 (measurement date and plan year).

	2019	 2018	2017	
		 _	_	Total OPEB Liability
\$	16,501	\$ 15,982	\$ 15,479	Service cost
	50,298	48,442	46,589	Interest
	5,508			Changes of benefit terms
	(10,635)			Difference between expected and actual experience
	(17,535)			Changes of assumptions
	(39,719)	 (37,118)	 (35,111)	Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions
	4,418	 27,306	 26,957	Net change in Total OPEB Liability
	721,904	 694,598	667,641	Total OPEB Liability-beginning
\$	726,322	\$ 721,904	\$ 694,598	Total OPEB Liability-ending (a)
-				
				Plan Fiduciary Net Position
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	Changes of benefit terms
	58,807	54,229	60,721	Contributions-employer
	505	2,103	2,193	Contributions-employee
	43,720	(5,746)	34,217	Net investment income
	(39,719)	(37,118)	(35,111)	Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions
	(20)	(21)	(22)	Administrative expense
	63,293	13,447	61,998	Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position
	307,252	 293,805	231,807	Plan Fiduciary Net Position-beginning
\$	370,545	\$ 307,252	\$ 293,805	Plan Fiduciary Net Position-ending (b)
\$	355,777	\$ 414,652	\$ 400,793	Plan Net OPEB Liability-ending (a)-(b)
				Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total OPEB
	51.02%	42.56%	42.30%	Liability
_				- (4)
\$	1,368,521	\$ 1,346,440	\$ 1,313,217	Covered payroll (1)
	26.00%	30.80%	30.52%	Plan Net OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered payroll
	20.0070	00.0070	00.02 /0	i idil itot of LD Liability as a percentage of covered payroll

2019	2018	2017	
14.81%	(1.31%)	14.74%	Actual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense

Orange County Retiree Medical Plan (Continued)

Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

	2022	2021	2020
County's proportion of the net OPEB liability	90.94%	90.92%	91.43%
County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability Covered payroll (1) County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	\$ 271,417 \$ 1,373,815 	\$ 233,049 \$ 1,331,656 17.50%	\$ 305,411 \$ 1,306,964 23.37%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	56.74%	65.43%	55.38%

Schedule of Collective Plan Contributions

	 2022	2021	 2020
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 46,906 46,389	\$ 50,102 45,402	\$ 48,525 45,989
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 517	\$ 4,700	\$ 2,536
Covered payroll (1)	\$ 1,499,572	\$ 1,453,302	\$ 1,426,003
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	3.09%	3.12%	3.23%

Schedule of County Contributions

	 2023	 2022	 2021
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 42,425 43,336	\$ 45,930 42,373	\$ 44,577 39,393
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (911)	\$ 3,557	\$ 5,184
Covered payroll (2)	\$ 1,404,551	\$ 1,353,522	\$ 1,310,629
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	3.09%	3.13%	3.01%

The schedule is presented to show information for 10 years. However, a full 10-year trend is currently not available; the County will be adding years in the future.

⁽¹⁾ For the 12 month period ending on December 31 (measurement date and plan year).

⁽²⁾ For the 12 month period ending on June 30, fiscal year end.

2019		2018		2017	
92.31%		91.78%		90.84%	County's proportion of the net OPEB liability
328,412 1,254,780	\$ \$	380,581 1,234,558	\$ \$	364,071 1,203,106	County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability Covered payroll (1) County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability
26.17%		30.83%		30.26%	as a percentage of its covered payroll
51.02%		42.56%		42.30%	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability

 2019 2018 2017				2017	
\$ 50,037 58,807	\$	52,554 54,229	\$	47,006 60,721	Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution
\$ (8,770)	\$	(1,675)	\$	(13,715)	Contribution deficiency (excess)
\$ 1,368,521	\$	1,346,440	\$	1,313,217	Covered payroll (1)
4.30%		4.03%		4.62%	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll

_	2020	 2019	 2018	
\$ \$	45,698 50,466 (4,768)	\$ 48,101 52,349 (4,248)	\$ 42,716 46,005 (3,289)	Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)
\$	1,293,186	\$ 1,254,706	\$ 1,220,638	Covered payroll (2)
	3.90%	4.17%	3.77%	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll

Orange County Retiree Medical Plan (Continued)

Notes to Schedule

Methods and assumptions used to determine actuarilly determined contributions:

Valuation date June 30, 2021

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal, level percent of pay

Amortization method Level percent of pay

Amortization period 13-year average fixed period for 2022/23
Asset valuation method Investment gains/losses spread over 5-year.

Discount rate 7.00%
General inflation 2.50%

Grant increases AFSCME: lesser of 5% and Medical Trend

Non-AFSCME: lesser of 3% and Medical Trend

Medical Trend Non-medicare-6.50% for 2023, decreasing to an

ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076

Medicare (Non-Kaiser)-5.65% for 2023, decreasing to an

ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076

Medicare (Kaiser)-4.60% for 2023, decreasing to an

ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076

Mortality OCERS 2017-19 Experience Study

Mortality improvement Mortality projected fully generational with Society of

Actuaries Scale MP-2019





NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than the Permanent Fund or for major capital projects) that have either legal or operational requirements to restrict expenditures for specified purposes.

Parking Facilities

This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to parking facilities. This includes costs to lease parking spaces for County staff, costs and revenue from the Manchester lot, interest revenue, and the County's operating and maintenance costs.

Service Areas, Lighting, Maintenance and Assessment Districts

This group of funds is used to account for the construction of public facilities from the proceeds of various Mello-Roos districts (also known as Community Facilities Districts) bond issues, special assessment district bond issues, and interfund transfers from County Service Area operating funds. Upon completion of construction, the public facilities are transferred to the Special Assessment and Community Facilities Districts. It is also used to account for local park and recreation facilities, highway lighting, and street sweeping services within unincorporated areas of the County. Revenues consist primarily of property taxes and State grants.

Other Environmental Management

This group of funds is used to account for Local Redevelopment Authority activities, fees from violations of fish and game laws, usage of various State tidelands held in trust by the County, registration of off-highway vehicles, and motor vehicle fees levied by the South Coast Air Quality Management District.

Tobacco Settlement

This fund accounts for Tobacco Settlement monies allocated to the County from the State of California, pursuant to the Master Settlement Agreement concluded on November 23, 1998 between the major tobacco companies and 46 States (including California), the District of Columbia and four U.S. Territories. On November 7, 2000, Orange County voters passed Measure H. This measure requires the County to utilize its share of the national tobacco litigation settlement revenues in the following percentages:

- 80% for specified health care services
- 20% for public safety

Community and Welfare Services

This group of funds is used to account for the Orange County Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act, Welfare-to-Work, Shelter Care Facilities, In-Home Supportive Services, Housing and Community Development, Substance Abuse Treatment, and Other Community and Welfare Social Programs. Revenues consist primarily of Federal grants passed through the State, as well as State grants.

OC Parks

This fund accounts for the development and maintenance of County tidelands and related aquatic recreational facilities, as well as the acquisition, operation and maintenance of County beaches, inland, regional park facilities and community park sites in the unincorporated areas. Revenues consist primarily of property taxes, State aid, lease and concession revenues, and park and recreation fees.

OC Dana Point Harbor

This fund accounts for monies received primarily through rent and concession revenues which are restricted to providing public coastal access, environmental stewardship, and a diverse regional recreational facility so users and visitors may experience the Dana Point Harbor resource in a safe and enjoyable way. The Board approved a lease agreement with Dana Point Harbor Partners to renovate and operate the Dana Point Harbor. For additional information regarding Dana Point Harbor, refer to Note 7, Service Concession Arrangements.

Housing Asset

The Orange County Development Agency (OCDA) was dissolved effective February 1, 2012 in accordance with Health and Safety Code 34172. The Orange County Housing Authority assumed the housing functions previously performed by OCDA. The Housing Asset Fund was established and the housing assets from the OCDA Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund were transferred into the Fund.

OC Public Libraries

This fund accounts for library services for the unincorporated areas as well as some of the incorporated areas within the County. Property taxes, restricted for the Library, provide most of the Fund's revenue. Licenses, permits, Federal and State aid, and charges for services make up the remaining revenue.

Health Care Programs

This group of funds is used to account for Board-approved Realignment Reserves for Health Care, Medi-Cal Mental Health Managed Care programs, Medi-Cal Administrative Activities and Targeted Case Management, Bioterrorism Preparedness grant funds, Emergency Medical Services allocations, and other purpose-restricted revenues related to health care programs. Revenues consist primarily of State grants and allocations, and Federal grants passed through the State.

Roads

This fund accounts for proceeds restricted for the maintenance and construction of roadways, and for specialized engineering services to other governmental units and the public. Revenues consist primarily of the County's share of State highway users' taxes, and SB1 related transportation taxes and fees, Federal funds, and charges for engineering services provided.

Orange County Housing Authority

This fund is used to account for revenues received from the Federal Government for Section 8 Rental Assistance Program expenditures. This program assists low-income families to obtain decent, safe, and sanitary housing through a system of rental subsidies.

Other Governmental Resources

This group of funds is used to account for fees charged for property characteristics information that are purpose-restricted for technological and capital acquisitions and/or improvements.

Opioid Settlement

This fund is used to administer the allocation and use of the County's participation in the National Opioid Settlements. The money received in this fund consists of allocations received from current and future judgements and settlements for opioid remediation activity to combat the effects of the opioid epidemic.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

These funds are used to account for the accumulation and disbursement of taxes and other revenues for the periodic payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt that includes general obligation, revenue, and demand bond issues.

Teeter Plan Notes

This fund accounts for the financing of the County's purchase of delinquent taxes receivable pursuant to the Teeter Plan. The Teeter Plan is an alternate secured property tax distribution plan, whereby, the County distributes 100% of the local secured levy to the taxing agencies participating in the Teeter Plan and in exchange receives the right to keep the delinquent taxes, penalties and interest.

Capital Facilities Development Corporation

This non-budgeted fund was established to account for the Civic Center Facilities Master Plan project and will facilitate financings, acquisitions of property, and other property related transactions for the benefit of Orange County, California.

South Orange County Public Financing Authority

This non-budgeted fund was established to account for the debt service expenditures for the South Orange County Public Financing Authority (SOCPFA). On June 2, 2016, SOCPFA issued the Central Utility Facility Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2016 to finance the acquisition, construction and installation of certain capital improvements. On July 26, 2022, SOCPFA issued the Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2022 (County of Orange Sheriff-Coroner Facility) to finance the acquisition and construction of certain improvements to a new facility for the Sheriff-Coroner department.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

These funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by the Proprietary Funds).

Criminal Justice Facilities

This group of funds is used to account for monies received from surcharges and penalty assessments on offenses used for capital improvements to court and other criminal justice facilities.

Countywide Capital Projects Non-General Fund

This fund was established to budget and account for the multi-year approved capital projects funded primarily with Net County Cost or general purpose revenue.

Capital Facilities Development Corporation Construction

This non-budgeted fund was established for the Civic Center Facilities Master Plan project and to account for the related construction.

PERMANENT FUND

A Permanent fund is used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs, that is, for the benefit of the government or its citizenry.

 $\frac{\text{Regional Park Endowment}}{\text{This fund is used to account for costs associated with the repair and maintenance of a mitigation area in}}$ Limestone Regional Park.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

			Special Revenue					
ASSETS	Total Nonmaj Governmenta Funds	al	Parking Facilities	Service Areas, Lighting, Maintenance, & Assessment Districts			Other rironmental nagement	
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Pooled Cash/Investments Imprest Cash Funds Restricted Cash and Investments with Trustee Deposits In-Lieu of Cash Receivables Accounts Taxes Interest/Dividends Deposits Leases Service Concession Arrangements Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governmental Agencies	\$ 1,304,03 4 62,71 2,36 3,05 29,14 5,71 27 42,07 142,32 (21 76,50 65,62	5 6 9 7 4 7 8 7 8 8 8) 6	8,101 52 (3) 927 251	\$	6,774 45,450 20 37 	\$	20,116 1,992 253 111 9,929 48	
Notes Receivable, Net Total Assets	68,70 \$ 1,802,39		9,328	\$	52,281	\$	32,449	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable Interest Payable Deposits from Others Due to Other Funds Due to Component Unit Due to Other Governmental Agencies Unearned Revenue Advances from Other Funds Total Liabilities	\$ 41,42 2,83 4,26 25 52,28 106,42 39,34 66,92 20,00 333,76	8 4 3 3 8 1 1 3 4	369 1 17 520 202 1,109	\$	18,821 546 154 1,233 20,754	\$	 15 1,786 1,992 3,793	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenue-Intergovernmental Revenues Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes Related to Service Concession Arrangements Related to Leases Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	30,41 2,41 132,73 40,87 206,43	1 4 8	 		 9 9		9,294 9,294	
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Total Fund Balances	20 881,24 380,75 1,262,19	0 2	3,856 4,363 8,219		31,518 31,518		11,164 8,198 19,362	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 1,802,39	<u>1 \$</u>	9,328	\$	52,281	\$	32,449	

	obacco ttlement	ommunity & Welfare Services		OC Parks	OC ana Point Harbor	<u>ASSETS</u>
\$	33,776 33,776	\$ 231,114 45 705 1,115 8,232 4,222 41,192 286,625	\$	133,245 359 1,431 1,639 709 32,148 47,833 980 175 218,519	\$ 56,233 18 139 316 94,495 151,201	Pooled Cash/Investments Imprest Cash Funds Restricted Cash and Investments with Trustee Deposits In-Lieu of Cash Receivables
\$	10,504 10,504	\$ 189 81 4 51,137 33,563 53,201 138,175	\$	4,491 1,113 1,506 3,371 2,425 52 642 13,600	\$ 23 1 -384 1,455 1,863	LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable Interest Payable Deposits from Others Due to Other Funds Due to Component Unit Due to Other Governmental Agencies Unearned Revenue Advances from Other Funds Total Liabilities
*	23,272 23,272 33,776	 727 727 124,666 23,057 147,723	#	(538) 1,704 47,044 31,584 79,794 125,125 125,125	 85,690 85,690 85,690 63,648 63,648	Unavailable Revenue-Intergovernmental Revenues Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes Related to Service Concession Arrangements Related to Leases Total Deferred Inflows of Resources FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue

<u>ASSETS</u>	lousing Asset	OC Public Libraries	ealth Care rograms		Roads
Pooled Cash/Investments	\$ 2,682	\$ 116,237	\$ 48,655	\$	297,948
Imprest Cash Funds Restricted Cash and Investments with Trustee Deposits In-Lieu of Cash	 	 	 		
Receivables Accounts		104			122
Taxes		1,023			122
Interest/Dividends	15	617	84		1,625
Deposits					278
Leases					
Service Concession Arrangements Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables					(78)
Due from Other Funds	127	137	10		1,188
Due from Other Governmental Agencies			482		18,577
Notes Receivable, Net	 26,790				
Total Assets	\$ 29,614	\$ 118,118	\$ 49,231	\$	319,660
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Accounts Payable	\$ 	\$ 434	\$ 	\$	3,041
Retainage Payable		8			310
Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable		1,328			938
Interest Payable Deposits from Others	 11				 47,952
Due to Other Funds	27	640	11,061		2,807
Due to Component Unit			1		_,00.
Due to Other Governmental Agencies	48	1	2,426		1,803
Unearned Revenue		35	1,041		463
Advances from Other Funds Total Liabilities	 86	 2,446	 14,529	_	57,314
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	00	 2,440	 14,020		37,314
Unavailable Revenue-Intergovernmental Revenues			21		856
Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes		698	Z I 		650
Related to Service Concession Arrangements					
Related to Leases					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		698	21	_	856
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable					
Restricted	29,528	114,974	21,093		261,490
Assigned	 	 	13,588		
Total Fund Balances	 29,528	 114,974	 34,681		261,490
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,					
and Fund Balances	\$ 29,614	\$ 118,118	\$ 49,231	\$	319,660

	5	Special	Revenue		De	ebt Service	
ŀ	nge County Housing authority	Gove	Other ernmental sources	Opioid ettlement Funds	Te	eeter Plan Notes	ASSETS
\$	15,044 16,854 303	\$	1,870 	\$ 11,629 	\$	105,680 253 26,462	Pooled Cash/Investments Imprest Cash Funds Restricted Cash and Investments with Trustee Deposits In-Lieu of Cash Receivables Accounts Taxes
\$	82 (137) 7 1,601 726 34,480	\$	 1,870	\$ 15,123 26,752	\$	20,402 695 10,827 143,917	Interest/Dividends Deposits Leases Service Concession Arrangements Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governmental Agencies Notes Receivable, Net Total Assets
							<u>LIABILITIES</u>
\$	976 394 6,123 1 7,494	\$	 	\$ 1,405 9,550 10,955	\$	42 253 295	Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable Interest Payable Deposits from Others Due to Other Funds Due to Component Unit Due to Other Governmental Agencies Unearned Revenue Advances from Other Funds Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES
	 		 	15,123 15,123	=	 	Unavailable Revenue-Intergovernmental Revenues Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes Related to Service Concession Arrangements Related to Leases Total Deferred Inflows of Resources FUND BALANCES
\$	26,986 26,986 34,480	\$	1,870 1,870 1,870	\$ 674 674 26,752	\$	26,462 117,160 143,622 143,917	Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Debt Service				Capit	Capital Projects	
ASSETS	Devel	Facilities opment oration	South OC Public Financing Authority		Criminal Justice Facilities		
Pooled Cash/Investments	\$		\$		\$	33,654	
Imprest Cash Funds Restricted Cash and Investments with Trustee		23		 136			
Deposits In-Lieu of Cash		23		130			
Receivables							
Accounts							
Taxes							
Interest/Dividends						257	
Deposits Leases							
Service Concession Arrangements							
Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables							
Due from Other Funds						10,228	
Due from Other Governmental Agencies						14,185	
Notes Receivable, Net							
Total Assets	\$	23	\$	136	\$	58,324	
LIABILITIES	•		•			0.475	
Accounts Payable	\$		\$		\$	8,475 1,138	
Retainage Payable Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable						1,130	
Interest Payable							
Deposits from Others							
Due to Other Funds						26	
Due to Component Unit							
Due to Other Governmental Agencies Unearned Revenue						14	
Advances from Other Funds						20,000	
Total Liabilities	-					29,653	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
						14 000	
Unavailable Revenue-Intergovernmental Revenues Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes						14,090	
Related to Service Concession Arrangements							
Related to Leases							
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources						14,090	
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable							
Restricted		23		136		14,581	
Assigned				126		1/ 501	
Total Fund Balances		23		136		14,581	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,	_			,	_		
and Fund Balances	\$	23	\$	136	\$	58,324	

Capital Projects				Permanen	nt	
Pro	tywide Capital ojects Non- neral Fund	Capital Facilities Development Corporation Construction		Regional Pa		ASSETS
\$	180,909 54,670 134 235,713	\$			 2 	Pooled Cash/Investments Imprest Cash Funds Restricted Cash and Investments with Trustee Deposits In-Lieu of Cash Receivables Accounts Taxes Interest/Dividends Deposits Leases Service Concession Arrangements Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governmental Agencies Notes Receivable, Net Total Assets
\$	4,568 267 16,358 21,193	\$		\$	 	LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable Interest Payable Deposits from Others Due to Other Funds Due to Component Unit Due to Other Governmental Agencies Unearned Revenue Advances from Other Funds Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES
	134 134		 		 200	Unavailable Revenue-Intergovernmental Revenues Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes Related to Service Concession Arrangements Related to Leases Total Deferred Inflows of Resources FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted
\$	214,386 214,386 235,713	\$	 		374 374	Assigned Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

			Special Revenue					
	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Parking Facilities	G G.		Env	Other ironmental nagement	
Revenues Taxes	\$	189,789	\$		\$ 849	\$		
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises	Ψ	958	Ψ		ψ 049 	Ψ		
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties		12.215						
Use of Money and Property		78,419	12,57	73	2.242		3,963	
Intergovernmental		570,918	95		112,484		5,005	
Charges for Services		41,913		62	112,404		537	
Other		37,314		9			58	
Total Revenues		931,526	13,59		115,586		9,563	
Expenditures								
Current Covernment		04.762			02 624		606	
General Government		94,763			92,621		696	
Public Protection		70	40.44				070	
Public Ways and Facilities		92,556	10,14	Ю	677		979	
Health and Sanitation		371					35	
Public Assistance		263,232						
Education Recreation and Cultural Services		58,206 148,586						
		270,615	85		5		219	
Capital Outlay		270,013	00	00	5		219	
Debt Service		00 100					145	
Principal Retirement Interest		90,188 25,281					122	
Total Expenditures			11,00		93,303	. ——	2,196	
•		1,043,868	11,00)	93,303	. ——	2,190	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(112,342)	2,59	92	22,283		7,367	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In		331,421	4	19	125		355	
Transfers Out		(294,347)	(40)5)	(5)		(2,695)	
Debt Issued		165,683						
Premium on Debt Issued		12,350						
Leases Issued		367						
Subscriptions Issued		542						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		216,016	(35	6)	120		(2,340)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		103,674	2,23	36	22,403		5,027	
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		1,158,518	5,98		9,115		14,335	
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	1,262,192	\$ 8,21	19	\$ 31,518	\$	19,362	

Special Revenue

	Tobacco Settlement	Community & Welfare Services	OC Parks	OC Dana Point Harbor	<u></u>
Φ		Φ.	ф 440 5 40	•	Revenues Taxes
\$		\$	\$ 116,542	\$	
		714	242		Licenses, Permits, and Franchises
			523	40.0	Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties
	825	3,795	18,345	13,6	, , ,
		39,284	1,400		Intergovernmental
		3,152	12,994	8	89 Charges for Services
_	31,091	246	579		5 Other
	31,916	47,191	150,625	13,74	748 Total Revenues
					Expenditures
					Current
	11				General Government
		70			Public Protection
					Public Ways and Facilities
					Health and Sanitation
		26,629			Public Assistance
					Education
			137,761	10,82	Recreation and Cultural Services
		42	12,683		Capital Outlay
					Debt Service
		19	229		Principal Retirement
			248		Interest
	11	26,760	150,921	10,82	Total Expenditures
					Excess (Deficit) of Revenues
	31,905	20,431	(296)	2,92	Over Expenditures
					Other Financing Sources (Uses)
	11	63,277	1,033		Transfers In
	(34,997)	(40,781)	(328)		Transfers Out
			'		Debt Issued
					Premium on Debt Issued
			127		Leases Issued
	<u></u>	33			Subscriptions Issued
	(34,986)	22,529	832		Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)
	(3,081)	42,960	536	2,92	Net Change in Fund Balances
	26,353	104,763	124,589	60,72	<u>725</u> Fund Balances-Beginning of Year
\$	23,272	\$ 147,723	\$ 125,125	\$ 63,64	Fund Balances-End of Year
				-	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (Continued) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue

	Housing Asset		OC Public Libraries	Health Care Programs	Roads
Revenues					
Taxes	\$	\$	72,398	\$	\$
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises					2
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties			8	6,144	2
Use of Money and Property	26	7	2,765	1,604	7,098
Intergovernmental			909	2,148	116,980
Charges for Services			607	1,179	23,155
Other		9	4,959	2	233
Total Revenues	29	6	81,646	11,077	147,470
Expenditures					
Current					
General Government					
Public Protection					
Public Ways and Facilities					80,754
Health and Sanitation				335	·
Public Assistance	40	5			
Education			58,206		
Recreation and Cultural Services			·		
Capital Outlay			2,068		10,633
Debt Service			·		•
Principal Retirement			410		213
Interest			197		1
Total Expenditures	40	5	60,881	335	91,601
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	(10	9)	20,765	10,742	55,869
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In			66	118	5
Transfers Out				(18,080)	(932)
Debt Issued					
Premium on Debt Issued					
Leases Issued			218		22
Subscriptions Issued			509		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			793	(17,962)	(905)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(10	9)	21,558	(7,220)	54,964
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year	29,63	7_	93,416	41,901	206,526
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$ 29,52	8 \$	114,974	\$ 34,681	\$ 261,490

	Special Revenue		Debt Service	
Orange County Housing Authority	Other Governmental Resources	Opioid Settlement Funds	Teeter Plan Notes	
\$	\$	\$	\$	Revenues Taxes
				Licenses, Permits, and Franchises
			4,728	Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties
352	50	214	4,223	Use of Money and Property
236,769		2,047		Intergovernmental
	127			Charges for Services
69	477		3	Other
237,190	177	2,261	8,954	Total Revenues
				Expenditures
				Current
	1		296	General Government
				Public Protection
				Public Ways and Facilities
		1		Health and Sanitation
236,198				Public Assistance
				Education
				Recreation and Cultural Services
11				Capital Outlay
204			70.070	Debt Service
204			79,978 2,785	Principal Retirement Interest
236,414	1	1	83,059	Total Expenditures
230,414			05,059	Excess (Deficit) of Revenues
776	176	2,260	(74,105)	Over Expenditures
				Other Financing Sources (Uses)
	1	1		Transfers In
	(33)	(1,587)	(25,000)	Transfers Out
	`	`	82,308	Debt Issued
				Premium on Debt Issued
				Leases Issued
		(4.500)		Subscriptions Issued
	(32)	(1,586)	57,308	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)
776	144	674	(16,797)	Net Change in Fund Balances
26,210	1,726		160,419	Fund Balances-Beginning of Year
\$ 26,986	\$ 1,870	\$ 674	\$ 143,622	Fund Balances-End of Year

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (Continued) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Debt	Capital Projects	
	Capital Facilities Development Corporation	South OC Public Financing Authority	Criminal Justice Facilities
Revenues	•		•
Taxes	\$	\$	\$
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises			
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties	 0E		810
Use of Money and Property Intergovernmental	95	88	1,372 44,530
Charges for Services			44,550
Other	 	 	7
Total Revenues	95	88	46,719
Expenditures			
Current			
General Government		1,138	
Public Protection			
Public Ways and Facilities			
Health and Sanitation			
Public Assistance			
Education			
Recreation and Cultural Services			400.077
Capital Outlay			198,077
Debt Service	0.705	0.005	
Principal Retirement	6,725	2,265	
Interest Total Expenditures	16,174 22,899	5,753 9,156	198,077
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues		9,130	190,077
Over Expenditures	(22,804)	(9,068)	(151,358)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers In	17,479	4,485	168,386
Transfers Out	,	(91,006)	(66)
Debt Issued		83,375	`
Premium on Debt Issued		12,350	
Leases Issued			
Subscriptions Issued			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	17,479	9,204	168,320
Net Change in Fund Balances	(5,325)	136	16,962
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year	5,348		(2,381)
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$ 23	\$ 136	\$ 14,581

Capital P	rojects	Permanent	
Countywide Capital Projects Non- General Fund	Capital Facilities Development Corporation Construction	Regional Park Endowment	
\$	\$	\$	Revenues Taxes
			Licenses, Permits, and Franchises Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties
4,638	245	 11	Use of Money and Property
8,412	243		Intergovernmental
			Charges for Services
24			Other
13,074	245	11	Total Revenues
			Expenditures
			Current
			General Government
			Public Protection
			Public Ways and Facilities
			Health and Sanitation
			Public Assistance
			Education
			Recreation and Cultural Services
36,518	9,503		Capital Outlay
			Debt Service
			Principal Retirement
36,518	9,503		Interest Total Expenditures
30,310	9,303		Excess (Deficit) of Revenues
(23,444)	(9,258)	11	Over Expenditures
			Other Financing Sources (Uses)
76,030			Transfers In
(78,432)			Transfers Out
			Debt Issued
			Premium on Debt Issued
-			Leases Issued
(2,402)			Subscriptions Issued Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)
(2,402)			Total Other Financing Sources (Oses)
(25,846)	(9,258)	11	Net Change in Fund Balances
240,232	9,258	363	Fund Balances-Beginning of Year
\$ 214,386	\$	\$ 374	Fund Balances-End of Year

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-SPECIAL REVENUE

	* Origi	inal Budget	*	Final Budget		ctual on etary Basis	F	/ariance Positive legative)
Parking Facilities								
Revenues and Other Financing Sources								
Use of Money and Property	\$	6,011	\$	6,011	\$	6,868	\$	857
Intergovernmental						305		305
Charges for Services		143		143		62		(81)
Other Transfers In				610		5		5 (500)
Transfers In Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		618 6,772		618 6,772		7,289	_	(569) 517
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses								
Public Ways and Facilities:								
Parking Facilities		6,956		6,956		5,584		1,372
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		6,956		6,956		5,584		1,372
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(184)		(184)		1,705	\$	1,889
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		2,717		2,717		2,717		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	2,533	\$	2,533	\$	4,422		
	======				-	•		
Service Area, Lighting, Maintenance, and Assessment Districts Revenues and Other Financing Sources								
Taxes	\$	770	\$	769	\$	849	\$	80
Use of Money and Property		13		98		2,221		2,123
Intergovernmental		3		3		3		
Charges for Services		11		11		11		
Transfers In		125		121,725		112,606		(9,119)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		922		122,606		115,690		(6,916)
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses								
General Government:		0.004		0.504		0.500		
CFD 2017-1 RMV (Village of Esencia) Construction		2,994		3,561		3,532		29
CFD 2021-1 RMV (Rienda) Construction Fund		16		121,600		89,084 5		32,516
Special Assessment-Top of the World Improvement Public Ways and Facilities:		10		16		5		11
County Service Area No. 13-La Mirada		27		27		13		14
County Service Area No. 22-East Yorba Linda		156		156		153		3
North Tustin Landscaping and Lighting Assessment District		3,808		3,809		522		3,287
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		7,001		129,169		93,309		35,860
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing								
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(6,079)		(6,563)		22,381	\$	28,944
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		9,210		9,210		9,210		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	3,131	\$	2,647	\$	31,591		
Other Environmental Management								
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Use of Money and Property	\$	551	\$	598	\$	3,330	\$	2,732
Intergovernmental	φ	4,735	Φ	4,734	φ	5,005	φ	2,732
Charges for Services		185		649		537		(112)
Other						58		58
Transfers In		360		360		355		(5)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		5,831		6,341		9,285		2,944
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses								
General Government:		110		440				04
Survey Monument Preservation		119		119		58		4 740
Real Estate Development Program Health and Sanitation		2,780		5,340		3,600		1,740
Air Quality Improvement		297		297		134		163
Public Ways and Facilities:		291		291		134		103
El Toro Improvement Fund		5,848		5,848		1,098		4,750
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	-	9,044		11,604		4,890		6,714
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing		3,044		11,004		7,030		0,117
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(3,213)		(5,263)		4,395	\$	9,658
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		14,551		14,551		14,551		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	11,338	\$	9,288	\$	18,946		

^{*} Budgeted amounts, which include carried forward prior year encumbrance, may differ from the adopted budget.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-SPECIAL REVENUE (Continued)

	* Oriç	ginal Budget	* Final Budget	Actual on Budgetary Basis		Variance Positive Negative)
<u>Tobacco Settlement</u> Revenues and Other Financing Sources						
Other Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	28,098 28,098	\$ 28,697 28,697	\$ 31,091 31,091	\$	2,394
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses						
General Government: Orange County Tobacco Settlement Fund		46,769	55,033	34,275		20,758
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		46,769	55,033	34,275		20,758
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(18,671)	(26,336)	(3,184) <u>\$</u>	23,152
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		26,337	26,337	26,337		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	7,666	\$ 1	\$ 23,153	_	
Community and Welfare Services Revenues and Other Financing Sources						
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises	\$	895	\$ 895	\$ 714	\$	(181)
Use of Money and Property		792	792	4,144		3,352
Intergovernmental Charges for Services		64,984 3,258	72,083 3,258	42,169 3,152		(29,914) (106)
Other		3,370	170	246		76
Transfers In		44,031	371,903	328,528		(43,375)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		117,330	449,101	378,953		(70,148)
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Public Protection:						
OC Animal Care Center Donations OC Animal Shelter Construction Fund		300	420	167		253 214
Public Assistance:		2,749	2,749	2,535		214
CalHome Program Reuse Fund		4,386	4,386	2		4,384
Care Coordination Fund		14,506	51,824	10,013		41,811
County Executive Office-Single Family Housing		3,515	3,515	3,002		513
Dispute Resolution Program		974	974	563		411
Domestic Violence Program Facilities Development and Maintenance		1,354 12,827	1,354 12,827	797 7,059		557 5,768
In-Home Support Services Public Authority		3,228	3,228	2,223		1,005
MHSA Housing Fund		12,964	52,964	4,054		48,910
OC CARES Fund			214,449			214,449
OC Housing SSA Donations and Fees		52,566	92,328	14,496		77,832
SSA Leased Facilities		818 289	918 3,064	782 3,064		136
SSA Wraparound		25,872	25,872	16,864		9,008
Strategic Priority Affordable Housing		262	262	98		164
Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act		16,564	16,491	6,651		9,840
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing		153,174	487,625	72,370		415,255
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(35,844)	(38,524)	306,583	\$	345,107
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		107,278	107,278	107,278		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	71,434	\$ 68,754	\$ 413,861	_	
OC Parks Revenues and Other Financing Sources						
Taxes	\$	109,931	\$ 109,931	\$ 116,745		6,814
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises Fines. Forfeitures, and Penalties		234	234	242		8
Use of Money and Property		36 11,142	36 11,142	523 17,373		487 6,231
Intergovernmental		3,677	3,677	1,383		(2,294)
Charges for Services		11,471	11,371	12,994		1,623
Other		453	453	579		126
Transfers In Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	-	19,055 155,999	20,155 156,999	8,715 158,554		(11,440) 1,555
· ·		100,000	100,000	100,004		1,000
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Recreation and Cultural Services:						
County Tidelands-Newport Bay		8,029	8,529	5,761		2,768
OC Parks		159,482	182,482	138,625		43,857
OC Parks Capital		39,813	39,813	14,188		25,625
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing		207,324	230,824	158,574		72,250
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(51,325)	(73,825)	(20) \$	73,805
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year	•	125,123	125,123	125,123		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	73,798	\$ 51,298	\$ 125,103	=	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-SPECIAL REVENUE (Continued)

	* Orig	inal Budget	_	* Final Budget	Actual Budgetar			/ariance Positive legative)
OC Dana Point Harbor								
Revenues and Other Financing Sources								
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	\$	2	\$	2	\$		\$	(2)
Use of Money and Property		2,997		2,997		4,507		1,510
Charges for Services Other		70 22		70 22		89 5		19
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		3,091	_	3,091	-	4,601	_	(17) 1,510
Total Nevertues and Other I manding Sources		0,001	_	0,001		4,001		1,010
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses								
Recreation and Cultural Services:		44.704		40.540		40.004		5.000
OC Dana Point Harbor Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		14,764 14,764	_	16,512 16,512		10,824 10,824		5,688 5,688
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing		14,704	_	10,512		10,024		3,000
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(11,673)		(13,421)		(6,223)	\$	7,198
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year	•	61,679	•	61,679		61,679		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	50,006	\$	48,258	\$	55,456		
Housing Asset								
Revenues and Other Financing Sources								
Use of Money and Property	\$	50	\$	50	\$	256	\$	206
Other						29		29
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		50	_	50		285		235
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses								
Public Assistance:								
Orange County Development Agency Housing Asset		10,471		10,471		404		10,067
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		10,471		10,471		404		10,067
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(10,421)		(10,421)		(119)	\$	10,302
Courses Over Experiences and Other Financing Oses		(10,421)		(10,421)		(113)	Ψ	10,302
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		29,677		29,677		29,677		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	19,256	\$	19,256	\$	29,558		
OC Public Libraries								
Revenues and Other Financing Sources								
Taxes	\$	68,297	\$	68,197	\$	72,524	\$	4,327
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties		12		12		8		(4)
Use of Money and Property		385		385		2,659		2,274
Intergovernmental Charges for Services		612 415		612 415		893 607		281 192
Other		584		584		4.959		4.375
Transfers In		10.000		10.600		2,065		(8,535)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		80,305		80,805		83,715		2,910
- " '0" - " ' "								
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses								
Education: OC Public Libraries		85,840		86,340		59.630		26.710
OC Public Libraries-Capital		12,983		12,983		2,693		10,290
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		98,823	_	99,323		62,323		37,000
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing		, •						,,,,,,,
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(18,518)		(18,518)		21,392	\$	39,910
First Delegace Designing of Very		04.070		04.070		04.070		
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year Fund Balances-End of Year	•	94,678	•	94,678	<u>¢</u>	94,678		
Fund Dalances-End of Year	\$	76,160	\$	76,160	\$	116,070		

^{*} Budgeted amounts, which include carried forward prior year encumbrance, may differ from the adopted budget.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-SPECIAL REVENUE (Continued)

	* Orig	ginal Budget		* Final Budget	Bu	Actual on dgetary Basis	Variance Positive Negative)
Health Care Programs							
Revenues and Other Financing Sources							
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties	\$	7,923	\$	7,923	\$	6,145	\$ (1,778)
Use of Money and Property		200		200		368	168
Intergovernmental		5,124		21,344		1,778	(19,566)
Charges for Services		900		900		1,179	279
Other		250		250		2	(248)
Transfers In		770		770		104	 (666)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		15,167	_	31,387		9,576	 (21,811)
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses							
Health and Sanitation:							
Bioterrorism Center for Disease Control		4,530		5,151		1,870	3,281
Emergency Medical Services		7,662		7,662		6,166	1,496
HCA Interest Bearing Purpose Restricted Revenues		2,576		20,576		1,752	18,824
HCA Purpose Restricted Revenues		7,310		7,421		7,421	
HCA Realignment		2,100		2,100			2,100
Medi-Cal Administrative Activities Targeted Case Management		654		654		360	 294
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		24,832		43,564		17,569	 25,995
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing							
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(9,665)		(12,177)		(7,993)	\$ 4,184
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		42,866		42,866		42,866	
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	33,201	\$	30,689	\$	34,873	
<u>Roads</u>							
Revenues and Other Financing Sources							
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises	\$		\$		\$	2	\$ 2
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties		2		2		2	
Use of Money and Property		1,231		1,231		6,580	5,349
Intergovernmental		130,666		130,666		116,788	(13,878)
Charges for Services		32,890		32,890		23,667	(9,223)
Other		36,310		36,360		211	(36,149)
Transfers In		12,204	_	12,204		12,110	 (94)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		213,303	_	213,353		159,360	 (53,993)
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses							
Public Ways and Facilities:							
Foothill Circulation Phasing Plan		555		555		123	432
Major Thoroughfare & Bridge Fee Program		6,344		6,344		1,240	5,104
OC Road		91,524		92,524		68,726	23,798
OC Road-Capital Improvement Projects		111,571		119,822		33,166	86,656
South County Roadway Improve Prog (SCRIP)		7,000		7,000		2,049	 4,951
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		216,994		226,245		105,304	 120,941
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing							
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(3,691)		(12,892)		54,056	\$ 66,948
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		212,595		212,595		212,595	
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	208,904	\$	199,703	\$	266,651	
			_				

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-SPECIAL REVENUE (Continued)

	* Original Budget			* Final Budget		Actual on getary Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Orange County Housing Authority								
Revenues and Other Financing Sources								
Use of Money and Property	\$	67	\$	67	\$	375	\$	308
Intergovernmental		274,990		274,990		236,784		(38,206)
Other		115		115		69		(46)
Transfers In		6,000		11,917		5,917		(6,000)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		281,172		287,089		243,145		(43,944)
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Public Assistance:								
Orange County Housing Authority		288,289		288,289		236,223		52,066
Orange County Housing Authority-Operating Reserve		9,818		15,735		191		15,544
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		298,107		304,024		236,414		67,610
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing	-	•				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(16,935)		(16,935)		6,731	\$	23,666
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		26,335		26,335		26,335		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	9,400	\$	9,400	\$	33,066		
Other Governmental Resources								
Revenues and Other Financing Sources								
Use of Money and Property	\$		\$	5	\$	14	\$	9
Charges for Services	Ψ	130	Ψ	130	Ψ	127	Ψ	(3)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		130	_	135		141		6
Total Nevertues and Other I maneing oburdes		100		100		171		
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses								
General Government:								
Assessor Property Characteristic		180		180				180
Remittance Processing Equipment Replacement		33		38				38
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		213		218				218
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing								
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(83)		(83)		141	\$	224
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		1,734		1,734		1,734		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	1,651	\$	1,651	\$	1,875		
Opioid Settlement Funds								
Revenues and Other Financing Sources								
Other	\$		\$	3,364	\$	11,596	\$	8,232
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	-		_	3,364		11,596		8,232
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses								
Health and Sanitation:								
Orange County Opioid Settlement Fund		-		3,364		1,405		1,959
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses				3,364		1,405		1,959
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing								
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses						10,191	\$	10,191
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year			_					
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$		\$		\$	10,191		

^{*} Budgeted amounts, which include carried forward prior year encumbrance, may differ from the adopted budget.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-DEBT SERVICE

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual on Budgetary Basis		Variance Positive Negative)
<u>Teeter Plan Notes</u>								
Revenues and Other Financing Sources								
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties	\$	7,400	\$	7,400	\$	10,348	\$	2,948
Use of Money and Property		500		500		3,518		3,018
Other						3		3
Bond Issuance Proceeds		130,978		130,978		82,308		(48,670)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		138,878	_	138,878		96,177		(42,701)
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses								
General Government:								
Teeter Series A Debt Service		138,878		138,878		108,059		30,819
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		138,878		138,878		108,059		30,819
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing								
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses						(11,882)	\$	(11,882)
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		157,150		157,150		157,150		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	157,150	\$	157,150	\$	145,268		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-CAPITAL PROJECTS

Primain Property 175 175 176 1		* Original Budget			* Final Budget		Actual on Budgetary Basis		/ariance Positive Negative)
Second Money and Property 175 175 1,243 1,088 1,09	Criminal Justice Facilities								
Use of Money and Property	Revenues and Other Financing Sources								
Intergovernmental	Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties	\$	697	\$	697	\$	836	\$	139
Other 7 7 7 Transfers In 73,175 182,301 168,366 (13,915) Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 140,595 250,110 218,083 (32,027) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Public Protection: 7,714 8,216 3,406 4,810 Sheriff-Coroner Construction and Facility Development 159,998 279,117 216,574 62,543 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 167,712 287,333 219,980 67,353 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Uses (27,117) (37,223) (1,897) 35,326 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 37,223 37,223 37,223 37,223 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year \$ 10,106 \$ 1,572 8,432 (26,145) Countywide Capital Projects Non-General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources \$ 28,050 34,577 8,432 (26,145) Other - - 24 24 24 24 Transfers In 109,648 412,481 <	Use of Money and Property		175		175		1,243		1,068
Transfers In Transfers In Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 73,175 182,301 168,386 (13,915) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Public Protection: Criminal Justice Facilities Accumulated Capital Outlay 7,714 8,216 3,406 4,810 Sheriff-Coroner Construction and Facility Development 159,998 279,117 216,574 62,543 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 167,712 287,333 219,980 67,353 Excess (Deficity of Revenues and Other Financing Uses (27,117) (37,223) (1,897) \$ 35,326 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 37,223 37,223 37,223 37,223 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year \$ 10,106 \$ 35,326 Countywide Capital Projects Non-General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources \$ 28,050 34,577 8,432 (26,145) Other - - - 24 24 Transfers In Total Revenues and Other Financing Uses 137,698 447,058 344,608 (102,450) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses <	Intergovernmental		66,548		66,937		47,611		(19,326)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 140,595 250,110 218,083 (32,027)	Other						7		7
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Public Protection:	Transfers In		73,175		182,301		168,386		(13,915)
Public Protection: Criminal Justice Facilities Accumulated Capital Outlay 7,714 8,216 3,406 4,810 Sheriff-Coroner Construction and Facility Development 159,998 279,117 216,574 62,543 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 167,712 287,333 219,980 67,353 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Uses (27,117) (37,223) (1,897) 35,326 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 37,223 37,223 37,223 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year \$ 10,106 \$ \$ 35,326 Countywide Capital Projects Non-General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources Intergovernmental \$ 28,050 34,577 \$ 4,42 24 Other 24 24 Transfers In 109,648 412,481 336,152 (76,329) Total Revenues and Other Financing Uses 283,183 592,573 108,213 484,360 Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 297,526 629,871 110,908 518,963	Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		140,595		250,110		218,083		(32,027)
Sheriff-Coroner Construction and Facility Development 159,998 279,117 216,574 62,543 104,000 106,000	· ·								
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 167,712 287,333 219,980 67,353	Criminal Justice Facilities Accumulated Capital Outlay		7,714		8,216		3,406		4,810
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Uses (27,117) (37,223) (1,897) \$ 35,326	Sheriff-Coroner Construction and Facility Development		159,998		279,117		216,574		62,543
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (27,117) (37,223) (1,897) \$ 35,326 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 37,223 26,145 37,223 37,223 37,223 37,223 37,223 37,223 37,223 37,223 37,223 37,223 37,223 37,223 37,223 37,223 37,223 37,223 37,223 37,223 </td <td>Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses</td> <td></td> <td>167,712</td> <td></td> <td>287,333</td> <td></td> <td>219,980</td> <td></td> <td>67,353</td>	Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		167,712		287,333		219,980		67,353
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year Fund Balances-Beginning of Year San, 223 S									
Countywide Capital Projects Non-General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources \$ 28,050 \$ 34,577 \$ 8,432 \$ (26,145) Other 24 24 Transfers In Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 109,648 412,481 336,152 (76,329) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 137,698 447,058 344,608 (102,450) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 283,183 592,573 108,213 484,360 Countywide Capital Projects Non-General 283,183 592,573 108,213 484,360 Countywide IT Projects Non-General 14,343 37,298 2,695 34,603 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 297,526 629,871 110,908 518,963 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Uses (159,828) (182,813) 233,700 \$ 416,513 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 240,699 240,699 240,699 240,699	Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(27,117)		(37,223)		(1,897)	\$	35,326
Countywide Capital Projects Non-General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources \$ 28,050 \$ 34,577 \$ 8,432 \$ (26,145) Intergovernmental \$ 28,050 \$ 34,577 \$ 8,432 \$ (26,145) Other 24 24 24 Transfers In 109,648 412,481 336,152 (76,329) 336,152 (76,329) Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 137,698 447,058 344,608 (102,450) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses General Government: 283,183 592,573 108,213 484,360 Countywide Capital Projects Non-General 14,343 37,298 2,695 34,603 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 297,526 629,871 110,908 518,963 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (159,828) (182,813) 233,700 \$ 3416,513 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 240,699 240,699 240,699 240,699	Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		37,223		37,223		37,223		
New Name	Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	10,106	\$		\$	35,326		
Other 24 24 Transfers In 109,648 412,481 336,152 (76,329) Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 137,698 447,058 344,608 (102,450) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses General Government: 283,183 592,573 108,213 484,360 Countywide Capital Projects Non-General 283,183 37,298 2,695 34,603 Countywide IT Projects Non-General 14,343 37,298 2,695 34,603 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 297,526 629,871 110,908 518,963 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Uses (159,828) (182,813) 233,700 \$ 416,513 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 240,699 240,699 240,699 240,699									
Transfers In Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources 109,648 412,481 336,152 (76,329) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses General Government: 283,183 592,573 108,213 484,360 Countywide Capital Projects Non-General 283,183 592,573 108,213 484,360 Countywide IT Projects Non-General 14,343 37,298 2,695 34,603 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 297,526 629,871 110,908 518,963 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (159,828) (182,813) 233,700 \$ 416,513 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 240,699 240,699 240,699	Intergovernmental	\$	28,050	\$	34,577	\$	8,432	\$	(26,145)
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 447,058 344,608 (102,450) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 592,573 108,213 484,360 Countywide Capital Projects Non-General 283,183 592,573 108,213 484,360 Countywide IT Projects Non-General 14,343 37,298 2,695 34,603 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 297,526 629,871 110,908 518,963 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (159,828) (182,813) 233,700 \$ 416,513 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 240,699 240,699 240,699	Other								
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses General Government: 283,183 592,573 108,213 484,360 Countywide Capital Projects Non-General 14,343 37,298 2,695 34,603 Countywide IT Projects Non-General 14,343 37,298 2,695 34,603 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 297,526 629,871 110,908 518,963 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (159,828) (182,813) 233,700 \$ 416,513 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 240,699 240,699 240,699							336,152		
General Government: Countywide Capital Projects Non-General 283,183 592,573 108,213 484,360 Countywide IT Projects Non-General 14,343 37,298 2,695 34,603 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 297,526 629,871 110,908 518,963 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (159,828) (182,813) 233,700 \$ 416,513 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 240,699 240,699 240,699 240,699	Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		137,698		447,058		344,608		(102,450)
Countywide IT Projects Non-General 14,343 37,298 2,695 34,603 Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 297,526 629,871 110,908 518,963 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (159,828) (182,813) 233,700 \$ 416,513 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 240,699 240,699 240,699									
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 297,526 629,871 110,908 518,963 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (159,828) (182,813) 233,700 \$ 416,513 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 240,699 240,699 240,699	Countywide Capital Projects Non-General		283,183		592,573		108,213		484,360
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (159,828) (182,813) 233,700 \$ 416,513 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 240,699 240,699 240,699	Countywide IT Projects Non-General		14,343		37,298		2,695		34,603
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (159,828) (182,813) 233,700 \$ 416,513 Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 240,699 240,699 240,699	Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		297,526		629,871		110,908		518,963
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year									
	Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(159,828)		(182,813)		233,700	\$	416,513
Fund Balances-End of Year \$ 80,871 \$ 57,886 \$ 474,399	Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		240,699		240,699		240,699		
	Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	80,871	\$	57,886	\$	474,399		

^{*} Budgeted amounts, which include carried forward prior year encumbrance, may differ from the adopted budget.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-PERMANENT FUND

	* Origina	al Budget	 * Final Budget	Actual on Budgetary Basis		Variance Positive (Negative)
Regional Park Endowment						
Revenues and Other Financing Sources						
Use of Money and Property	\$	2	\$ 2	\$ 9	\$	7
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources		2	 2	9	_	7
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses						
Recreation and Cultural Services:						
Limestone Regional Park Mitigation Maintenance Endowment			 2			2
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses			 2			2
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources						
Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		2		9	\$	9
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		212	212	212		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	214	\$ 212	\$ 221	-	

^{*} Budgeted amounts, which include carried forward prior year encumbrance, may differ from the adopted budget.



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

These funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one County department or agency to other County departments or agencies, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Health and Other Self-Insured Employee Benefits

These funds are used to account for the County's self-funded health insurance programs, group salary continuance plan, group dental insurance programs, wellness program, and flexible spending accounts.

Insured Health Plans

This fund is used to account for the fully insured health plans for the County employees and retirees.

Life Insurance

This fund is used to account for the County's life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance for employees.

Workers' Compensation

This fund is used to account for the County's self-insured workers' compensation program.

<u>Unemployment Insurance</u>

This fund is used to account for the County's self-insured unemployment insurance program.

Property and Casualty Risk

This fund is used to account for the County's self-insured property and casualty risk program.

Transportation

This fund is used to account for motor pool repair and maintenance, and for other transportation services, which are provided to departments and agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Reprographics

This fund is used to account for printing and graphic services, which are provided to departments and agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Information and Technology

This fund is used to account for applications development and support, voice and data services, and desktop support to departments and agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

		Total	Se	th and Other elf-Insured byee Benefits		nsured alth Plans	In	Life surance	Workers' Compensation		
<u>ASSETS</u>											
Current Assets											
Pooled Cash/Investments	\$	348,239	\$	24,560	\$	6,267	\$	87	\$	173,110	
Cash/Cash Equivalents		2,196		404						1,792	
Imprest Cash Funds		8									
Receivables		624		275		260		2			
Accounts Interest/Dividends		1,775		146		268				899	
Leases		1,773		140						099	
Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables		(107)									
Due from Other Funds		3,451		370						203	
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		288		50							
Inventory of Materials and Supplies		199									
Total Current Assets		356,690		25,805		6,535		89		176,004	
Noncurrent Assets											
Leases Receivable		6									
Capital Assets		J									
Not Depreciable/Amortizable		3,058									
Depreciable/Amortizable, Net		80,864		19						32	
Total Capital Assets	-	83,922		19			-		-	32	
Total Noncurrent Assets	_	83,928		19				-		32	
Total Assets		440,618		25,824		6,535		89		176,036	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		14,980			-					4,048	
LIABILITIES			'								
Current Liabilities											
Accounts Payable		12,067		454						1,061	
Retainage Payable		80									
Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable		1,139								128	
Due to Other Funds		730		7						11	
Due to Other Governmental Agencies		607									
Insurance Claims Payable		70,699		10,385						36,016	
Compensated Employee Absences Payable		1,427								161	
Financed Purchase Liability		3,833									
Lease Liability		115									
Subscription Liability		2,322								10	
Total Current Liabilities		93,019		10,846						37,387	
Noncurrent Liabilities											
Insurance Claims Payable		191,995								137,751	
Compensated Employee Absences Payable		895								66	
Financed Purchase Liability		5,046									
Lease Liability Subscription Liability		12 3,810								 121	
Net Pension Liability		40,452								7,952	
Net OPEB Liability		3,314								1,191	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	_	245,524								147,081	
Total Liabilities		338,543		10,846						184,468	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2,962								742	
NET POSITION											
Net Investment in Capital Assets		68,055		19						(99)	
Unrestricted		46,038		14,959		6,535		89		(5,027)	
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	114,093	\$	14,978	\$	6,535	\$	89	\$	(5,126)	

	Unemployment Insurance		Property & Casualty Risk		nsportation	Rep	prographics		nformation & Technology	ASSETS
										<u> </u>
•	4.550	•	54.475	•	50.004	•	4 404	•	00.704	Current Assets
\$	4,558	\$	54,475	\$	50,984	\$	1,404	\$	32,794	Pooled Cash/Investments Cash/Cash Equivalents
			5						3	Imprest Cash Funds
			_						_	Receivables
			4		55				20	Accounts
	27		301		246		7		149	Interest/Dividends
					(55)				17 (52)	Leases Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables
			218		1,976		4		680	Due from Other Funds
					2		95		141	Due from Other Governmental Agencies
					199					Inventory of Materials and Supplies
	4,585		55,003		53,407		1,510		33,752	Total Current Assets
										Noncurrent Assets
									6	Leases Receivable
							4 007		4 004	Capital Assets
			218		 39,618		1,967 3,137		1,091 37,840	Not Depreciable/Amortizable Depreciable/Amortizable, Net
-			218		39,618		5,104		38,931	Total Capital Assets
			218		39,618		5,104		38,937	Total Noncurrent Assets
	4,585		55,221		93,025		6,614		72,689	Total Assets
			941		4,283		824		4,884	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES
					-,				.,	LIABILITIES
										0
	359		2,180		507		104		7,402	Current Liabilities Accounts Payable
			2,100		507		79		7,402 1	Retainage Payable
			83		381		82		465	Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable
			12		345		16		339	Due to Other Funds
			606		1					Due to Other Governmental Agencies
	763		23,535 116		405		 77		668	Insurance Claims Payable Compensated Employee Absences Payable
					403				3,833	Financed Purchase Liability
					7		98		10	Lease Liability
			68		19				2,225	Subscription Liability
	1,122		26,600		1,665		456		14,943	Total Current Liabilities
										Noncurrent Liabilities
			54,244							Insurance Claims Payable
			78 		270		35		446	Compensated Employee Absences Payable Financed Purchase Liability
					6		6		5,046	Lease Liability
			145		39				3,505	Subscription Liability
			3,147		13,913		2,692		12,748	Net Pension Liability
			181		846		134		962	Net OPEB Liability
			57,795		15,074		2,867		22,707	Total Noncurrent Liabilities
	1,122		84,395		16,739		3,323		37,650	Total Liabilities
			148		493		105	_	1,474	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES
										NET POSITION
			5		39,475		4,825		23,830	Net Investment in Capital Assets
	3,463		(28,386)		40,601		(815)		14,619	Unrestricted
\$	3,463	\$	(28,381)	\$	80,076	\$	4,010	\$	38,449	Total Net Position (Deficit)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	 Total	Sel	n and Other f-Insured yee Benefits	Insured alth Plans	Life surance		Vorkers' npensation
Operating Revenues							
Use of Money and Property	\$ 1,237	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$	
Charges for Services	121,044		359				
Insurance Premiums	 354,096		74,317	 185,854	 852		60,577
Total Operating Revenues	 476,377		74,676	 185,854	 852		60,577
Operating Expenses							
Salaries and Employee Benefits	28,931						3,456
Services and Supplies	43,941		1,634				543
Professional Services	70,361		4,831	4			6,780
Insurance Claims and Premiums	344,256		74,648	186,282	850		47,145
Other Charges	687		687				
Taxes and Other Fees	10		2				1
Depreciation/Amortization	19,559		12				119
Total Operating Expenses	 507,745		81,814	 186,286	850	-	58,044
Operating Income (Loss)	(31,368)		(7,138)	(432)	 2		2,533
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)							
Intergovernmental Revenues	3,457		1,405				1,317
Interest and Investment Income	13,155		896	229	3		6,140
Net Decrease in the Fair Value of Investments	(3,428)		(249)				(1,716)
Interest Expense	(4)		` <u></u>				
Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Capital Assets	229						
Other Taxes	9						
Other Revenue	11,349		9,005	251	2		541
Total Nonoperating Revenue	24,767		11,057	480	5		6,282
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	(6,601)		3,919	48	7		8,815
Capital Contributions	99						
Transfers In	6,827		802	3			95
Transfers Out	 (3,882)		(251)	 (211)	(3)		(195)
Change in Net Position	(3,557)		4,470	(160)	4		8,715
Net Position (Deficit)-Beginning of Year, as Restated	 117,650		10,508	 6,695	85		(13,841)
Net Position (Deficit)-End of Year	\$ 114,093	\$	14,978	\$ 6,535	\$ 89	\$	(5,126)

Unemployment Property & Casualty Risk		Transportation	Reprographics		ormation & echnology		
		_	_		_		Operating Revenues
\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	1,237	Use of Money and Property
			32,173	4,704		83,808	Charges for Services
	64	32,432					Insurance Premiums
	64	32,432	32,173	4,704	-	85,045	Total Operating Revenues
							Operating Expenses
		1,920		2,012		11,932	Salaries and Employee Benefits
		23,610	,	2,197		4,516	Services and Supplies
	70	1,132		237		54,797	Professional Services
	1,322	34,009					Insurance Claims and Premiums
							Other Charges
			2	4		1	Taxes and Other Fees
		73		413		9,976	Depreciation/Amortization
	1,392	60,744		4,863		81,222	Total Operating Expenses
	(1,328)	(28,312	(357)	(159)		3,823	Operating Income (Loss)
							Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)
		6		6		723	Intergovernmental Revenues
	205	2,648	1,777	87		1,170	Interest and Investment Income
	(46)	(553) (517)	(14)		(333)	Net Decrease in the Fair Value of Investments
			(1)	(3)			Interest Expense
			331			(102)	Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Capital Assets
			9				Other Taxes
		1,229		122		141	Other Revenue
	159	3,330	1,657	198		1,599	Total Nonoperating Revenue
	(1,169)	(24,982) 1,300	39		5,422	Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers
			99				Capital Contributions
			4,497			1,430	Transfers In
		(130				(2,769) 4,083	Transfers Out
	(1,169)	(25,112	(25,112) 5,573 39				Change in Net Position
	4,632	(3,269	74,503	3,971		34,366	Net Position (Deficit)-Beginning of Year, as Restated
\$	3,463	\$ (28,381) \$ 80,076	\$ 4,010	\$	38,449	Net Position (Deficit)-End of Year

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

		Total	Health and Other Self-Insured Employee Benefits	He	Insured ealth Plans		ife irance		Workers' mpensation
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES									
Receipts from Customers	\$	38,720	\$ 644	\$		\$		\$	
Cash Received for Premiums Within the County's Entity Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services		354,096 (444,220)	74,317 (80,690)		185,854 (186,286)		852 (850)		60,577 (46,730)
Payments to Employees for Services		(25,730)	(60,090)		(100,200)		(030)		(2,858)
Receipts from Interfund Services		80,717							(=,===)
Payments for Interfund Services Provided		(1,035)	(370)						(116)
Payment for Taxes and Other Fees		(10)	(2)						(1)
Other Operating Receipts Other Operating Payments		11,353 (702)	9,005 (687)		251 (13)		2 (2)		541
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		13,189	2,217		(194)		2		11,413
·					<u>.</u>		,		<u>.</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		0.007	000						05
Transfers In Transfers Out		6,827 (3,882)	802 (251)		3 (211)		(3)		95 (195)
Intergovernmental Revenues		3,457	1,405		(211)				1,317
Other Taxes		9							
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		6,411	1,956		(208)		(3)		1,217
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(15,327)			-				(1)
Principal Paid on Financed Purchase Liability Principal Paid on Leases		(4,363) (152)							
Interest Paid on Leases		(4)							
Principal Paid on Subscription		(5,287)							(11)
Receipts for Leases Receivables		17	-						
Interest Received on Leases Receivables Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		1 448	-						
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(24,667)							(12)
The Cook Society Coupling and Profession Plantage		(2.,001)							(/
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES									
Interest on Investments Net Change in the Fair Value of Investments		11,672 (3,428)	771 (249)		229		3		5,377 (1,716)
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		8,244	522		229		3	-	3,661
The Cash Tronaca 27 invocating Tournace		0,2					,		0,001
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		3,177	4,695		(173)		2		16,279
Cash and Cash Equivalents-Beginning of Year		347,266	20,269	_	6,440	Φ.	85	\$	158,623 174,902
Cook and Cook Equivalents End of Voor	r.	250 442							
Cash and Cash Equivalents-End of Year	\$	350,443	\$ 24,964	\$	6,267	\$	87	φ	174,902
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$								
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss)	<u>\$</u> \$	350,443 (31,368)	\$ 24,964 \$ (7,138)	\$	(432)	\$	2	\$	2,533
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to	<u>\$</u> \$								
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss)	<u>\$</u> \$								
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation/Amortization Recognition of Lease Income	<u>\$</u> \$	(31,368) 19,559 (18)	\$ (7,138) 12		(432) 		2		2,533 119
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation/Amortization Recognition of Lease Income Other Revenue	<u>\$</u> \$	(31,368) 19,559	\$ (7,138) 12						2,533
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation/Amortization Recognition of Lease Income Other Revenue (Increases) Decreases In:	<u>\$</u> \$	(31,368) 19,559 (18) 11,349	\$ (7,138) 12 9,005		(432) - 251		2 2		2,533 119
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation/Amortization Recognition of Lease Income Other Revenue	<u>\$</u> \$	(31,368) 19,559 (18)	\$ (7,138) 12		(432) 		2		2,533 119 541
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation/Amortization Recognition of Lease Income Other Revenue (Increases) Decreases In: Receivables, Net Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governmental Agencies	\$	(31,368) 19,559 (18) 11,349	\$ (7,138) 12 9,005 213		(432) - 251		2 2 (2)		2,533 119 541 (107)
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation/Amortization Recognition of Lease Income Other Revenue (Increases) Decreases In: Receivables, Net Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governmental Agencies Prepaid Costs	\$	(31,368) 19,559 (18) 11,349 179 (500) 53 3,154	\$ (7,138) 12 9,005 213 (370) 72		(432) 251 (13) -		2 2 (2)		2,533 119 541 (107) 344
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation/Amortization Recognition of Lease Income Other Revenue (Increases) Decreases In: Receivables, Net Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governmental Agencies Prepaid Costs Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension	\$	(31,368) 19,559 (18) 11,349 179 (500) 53 3,154 (4,202)	\$ (7,138) 12 9,005 213 (370)		(432) - 251		2 2 (2)		2,533 119 541 (107) 344 (1,458)
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation/Amortization Recognition of Lease Income Other Revenue (Increases) Decreases In: Receivables, Net Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governmental Agencies Prepaid Costs	\$	(31,368) 19,559 (18) 11,349 179 (500) 53 3,154	\$ (7,138) 12 9,005 213 (370) 72 		(432) 251 (13) 		2 2 (2)		2,533 119 541 (107) 344
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation/Amortization Recognition of Lease Income Other Revenue (Increases) Decreases In: Receivables, Net Due from Other Funds Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governmental Agencies Prepaid Costs Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Increases (Decreases) In: Accounts Payable	\$	(31,368) 19,559 (18) 11,349 179 (500) 53 3,154 (4,202) (281) (2,169)	\$ (7,138) 12 9,005 213 (370) 72 		(432) 251 (13) 		2 2 (2)		2,533 119 541 (107) 344 (1,458)
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation/Amortization Recognition of Lease Income Other Revenue (Increases) Decreases In: Receivables, Net Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governmental Agencies Prepaid Costs Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Increases (Decreases) In: Accounts Payable Retainage Payable	\$	(31,368) 19,559 (18) 11,349 179 (500) 53 3,154 (4,202) (281) (2,169) 78	\$ (7,138) 12 9,005 213 (370) 72		(432) 251 (13) 		2 (2)		2,533 119 541 (107) 344 (1,458) (103) 414
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation/Amortization Recognition of Lease Income Other Revenue (Increases) Decreases In: Receivables, Net Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governmental Agencies Prepaid Costs Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Increases (Decreases) In: Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable	\$	(31,368) 19,559 (18) 11,349 179 (500) 53 3,154 (4,202) (281) (2,169) 78 89	\$ (7,138) 12 9,005 213 (370) 72 133		(432) 251 (13) 		2 (2)		2,533 119 541 (107) 344 (1,458) (103) 414 (27)
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation/Amortization Recognition of Lease Income Other Revenue (Increases) Decreases In: Receivables, Net Due from Other Funds Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governmental Agencies Prepaid Costs Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Increases (Decreases) In: Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable Due to Other Funds	\$	(31,368) 19,559 (18) 11,349 179 (500) 53 3,154 (4,202) (281) (2,169) 78 89 (3,626)	\$ (7,138) 12 9,005 213 (370) 72 133		(432) 251 (13) 		2 (2)		2,533 119 541 (107) 344 (1,458) (103) 414
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation/Amortization Recognition of Lease Income Other Revenue (Increases) Decreases In: Receivables, Net Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governmental Agencies Prepaid Costs Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Increases (Decreases) In: Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable	<u>\$</u>	(31,368) 19,559 (18) 11,349 179 (500) 53 3,154 (4,202) (281) (2,169) 78 89	\$ (7,138) 12 9,005 213 (370) 72 133		(432) 251 (13) 		2 (2)		2,533 119 541 (107) 344 (1,458) (103) 414 (27)
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation/Amortization Recognition of Lease Income Other Revenue (Increases) Decreases In: Receivables, Net Due from Other Funds Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governmental Agencies Prepaid Costs Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Increases (Decreases) In: Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governmental Agencies Insurance Claims Payable Compensated Employee Absences Payable	<u>\$</u>	(31,368) 19,559 (18) 11,349 (500) 53 3,154 (4,202) (281) (2,169) 78 89 (3,626) 604 12,671 (194)	\$ (7,138) 12 9,005 213 (370) 72 133		(432) 251 (13) 		2 (2)		2,533 119 541 (107) 344 (1,458) (103) 414 (27) (9) 6,980 (35)
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation/Amortization Recognition of Lease Income Other Revenue (Increases) Decreases In: Receivables, Net Due from Other Funds Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governmental Agencies Prepaid Costs Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Increases (Decreases) In: Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable Due to Other Funds Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governmental Agencies Insurance Claims Payable Compensated Employee Absences Payable Net Pension Liability	<u>\$</u>	(31,368) 19,559 (18) 11,349 179 (500) 53 3,154 (4,202) (281) (2,169) 78 89 (3,626) 604 12,671 (194) 27,751	\$ (7,138) 12 9,005 213 (370) 72 133		(432) 251 (13) 		2 (2)		2,533 119 541 (107) 344 (1,458) (103) 414 (27) (9) 6,980 (35) 7,951
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation/Amortization Recognition of Lease Income Other Revenue (Increases) Decreases In: Receivables, Net Due from Other Funds Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governmental Agencies Prepaid Costs Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Increases (Decreases) In: Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable Due to Other Funds Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governmental Agencies Insurance Claims Payable Compensated Employee Absences Payable Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability	\$	(31,368) 19,559 (18) 11,349 179 (500) 53 3,154 (4,202) (281) (2,169) 78 89 (3,626) 604 12,671 (194) 27,751 498	\$ (7,138) 12 9,005 213 (370) 72 133		(432) 251 (13) 		2 (2)		2,533 119 541 (107) 344 (1,458) (103) 414 (27) (9) 6,980 (35) 7,951 183
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation/Amortization Recognition of Lease Income Other Revenue (Increases) Decreases In: Receivables, Net Due from Other Funds Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governmental Agencies Prepaid Costs Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Increases (Decreases) In: Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable Due to Other Funds Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governmental Agencies Insurance Claims Payable Compensated Employee Absences Payable Net Pension Liability	\$	(31,368) 19,559 (18) 11,349 179 (500) 53 3,154 (4,202) (281) (2,169) 78 89 (3,626) 604 12,671 (194) 27,751	\$ (7,138) 12 9,005 213 (370) 72 133		(432) 251 (13) 		2 (2)		2,533 119 541 (107) 344 (1,458) (103) 414 (27) (9) 6,980 (35) 7,951 183 (5,684)
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation/Amortization Recognition of Lease Income Other Revenue (Increases) Decreases In: Receivables, Net Due from Other Funds Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governmental Agencies Prepaid Costs Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Increases (Decreases) In: Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable Due to Other Funds Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governmental Agencies Insurance Claims Payable Compensated Employee Absences Payable Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB	\$	(31,368) 19,559 (18) 11,349 179 (500) 53 3,154 (4,202) (281) (2,169) 78 89 (3,626) 604 12,671 (194) 27,751 498 (19,838) (622) 22	\$ (7,138) 12 9,005 213 (370) 72 133 290		(432) 251 (13)		2 (2)		2,533 119 541 (107) 344 (1,458) (103) 414 (27) (9) 6,980 (35) 7,951 183 (5,684) (229)
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation/Amortization Recognition of Lease Income Other Revenue (Increases) Decreases In: Receivables, Net Due from Other Funds Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governmental Agencies Prepaid Costs Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Increases (Decreases) In: Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Retainage Payable Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governmental Agencies Insurance Claims Payable Compensated Employee Absences Payable Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB	\$	(31,368) 19,559 (18) 11,349 179 (500) 53 3,154 (4,202) (281) (2,169) 78 89 (3,626) 604 12,671 (194) 27,751 498 (19,838) (622) 22 44,557	\$ (7,138) 12 9,005 213 (370) 72 290 9,355	\$	(432) 251 (13)	\$	2 (2)	\$	2,533 119 541 (107) 344 (1,458) (103) 414 (27) (9) 6,980 (35) 7,951 183 (5,684) (229) 8,880
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation/Amortization Recognition of Lease Income Other Revenue (Increases) Decreases In: Receivables, Net Due from Other Funds Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governmental Agencies Prepaid Costs Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Increases (Decreases) In: Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable Due to Other Funds Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governmental Agencies Insurance Claims Payable Compensated Employee Absences Payable Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB	\$ \$	(31,368) 19,559 (18) 11,349 179 (500) 53 3,154 (4,202) (281) (2,169) 78 89 (3,626) 604 12,671 (194) 27,751 498 (19,838) (622) 22	\$ (7,138) 12 9,005 213 (370) 72 133 290		(432) 251 (13)		2 (2)		2,533 119 541 (107) 344 (1,458) (103) 414 (27) (9) 6,980 (35) 7,951 183 (5,684) (229)
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation/Amortization Recognition of Lease Income Other Revenue (Increases) Decreases In: Receivables, Net Due from Other Funds Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governmental Agencies Prepaid Costs Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Increases (Decreases) In: Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Retainage Payable Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governmental Agencies Insurance Claims Payable Compensated Employee Absences Payable Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB	\$	(31,368) 19,559 (18) 11,349 179 (500) 53 3,154 (4,202) (281) (2,169) 78 89 (3,626) 604 12,671 (194) 27,751 498 (19,838) (622) 22 44,557	\$ (7,138) 12 9,005 213 (370) 72 290 9,355	\$	(432) 251 (13)	\$	2 (2)	\$	2,533 119 541 (107) 344 (1,458) (103) 414 (27) (9) 6,980 (35) 7,951 183 (5,684) (229) 8,880
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation/Amortization Recognition of Lease Income Other Revenue (Increases) Decreases In: Receivables, Net Due from Other Funds Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governmental Agencies Prepaid Costs Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Increases (Decreases) In: Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governmental Agencies Insurance Claims Payable Compensated Employee Absences Payable Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases Total Adjustments Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to Statement of Net Position Pooled Cash/Investments	\$ \$ \$	(31,368) 19,559 (18) 11,349 (500) 53 3,154 (4,202) (281) (2,169) 78 89 (3,626) 604 12,671 (194) 27,751 498 (19,838) (622) 22 44,557 13,189	\$ (7,138) 12 9,005 213 (370) 72 290 290 9,355 \$ 2,217	\$	(432) 251 (13)	\$	2 (2) (\$	2,533 119 541 (107) 344 (1,458) (103) 414 (27) (9) 6,980 (35) 7,951 183 (5,684) (229) 8,880 11,413
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation/Amortization Recognition of Lease Income Other Revenue (Increases) Decreases In: Receivables, Net Due from Other Funds Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governmental Agencies Prepaid Costs Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Increases (Decreases) In: Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable Due to Other Funds Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governmental Agencies Insurance Claims Payable Compensated Employee Absences Payable Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases Total Adjustments Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to Statement of Net Position Pooled Cash/Investments Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$	(31,368) 19,559 (18) 11,349 179 (500) 53 3,154 (4,202) (281) (2,169) 78 89 (3,626) 604 12,671 (194) 27,751 488 (19,838) (622) 22 44,557 13,189	\$ (7,138) 12 9,005 213 (370) 72 290	\$	(432) 251 (13)	\$	2 (2)	\$	2,533 119 541 (107) 344 (1,458) (103) 414 (27) (9) 6,980 (35) 7,951 183 (5,684) (229) 8,880 11,413
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation/Amortization Recognition of Lease Income Other Revenue (Increases) Decreases In: Receivables, Net Due from Other Funds Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governmental Agencies Prepaid Costs Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Increases (Decreases) In: Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governmental Agencies Insurance Claims Payable Compensated Employee Absences Payable Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases Total Adjustments Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to Statement of Net Position Pooled Cash/Investments	\$	(31,368) 19,559 (18) 11,349 (500) 53 3,154 (4,202) (281) (2,169) 78 89 (3,626) 604 12,671 (194) 27,751 498 (19,838) (622) 22 44,557 13,189	\$ (7,138) 12 9,005 213 (370) 72 290 290 9,355 \$ 2,217	\$	(432) 251 (13)	\$	2 (2) (\$	2,533 119 541 (107) 344 (1,458) (103) 414 (27) (9) 6,980 (35) 7,951 183 (5,684) (229) 8,880 11,413

	ployment urance	Property Casualty F		Tran	nsportation	Re	prographics		ormation & echnology	
\$	 64	\$	30 432	\$	32,177	\$	4,660	\$	1,209	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from Customers Cash Received for Premiums Within the County's Entity
	(974)		,432		(12,603)		(2,216)		(58,823)	Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services
			,719)		(8,683)		(1,801)		(10,669)	Payments to Employees for Services
		,	194						80,523	Receipts from Interfund Services
					(108)		(441)			Payments for Interfund Services Provided
		1			(2) 58		(4) 122		(1) 145	Payment for Taxes and Other Fees Other Operating Receipts
		'	,229				122		145	Other Operating Receipts Other Operating Payments
	(910)	(22	,882)		10,839	_	320		12,384	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities
					4,497				1,430	CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers In
			(130)		(323)				(2,769)	Transfers Out
			6				6		723	Intergovernmental Revenues
		-			9					Other Taxes
			(124)		4,183	_	6		(616)	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities
										CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES
			(1)		(9,253)		(1,960)		(4,112)	Acquisition of Capital Assets
					(12)		(130)		(4,363) (10)	Principal Paid on Financed Purchase Liability Principal Paid on Leases
					(12)		(3)			Interest Paid on Leases
			(77)						(5,199)	Principal Paid on Subscription
									17	Receipts for Leases Receivables
									1	Interest Received on Leases Receivables
			(78)		(8,818)		(2.093)		(13,666)	Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets
			(76)		(0,010)		(2,093)		(13,000)	Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities
	183	2	,415		1,565		82		1,047	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on Investments
	(46)		(553)		(517)		(14)		(333)	Net Change in the Fair Value of Investments
	137		,862		1,048		68		714	Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities
	(773)		,222)		7,252		(1,699)		(1,184)	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents
\$	5,331 4,558		,702 ,480	\$	43,732 50,984	\$	3,103 1,404	\$	33,981 32,797	Cash and Cash Equivalents-Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents-End of Year
Ψ	4,000	Ψ 54	,+00	Ψ	30,304	Ψ	1,404	Ψ	32,737	Cash and Cash Equivalents-End of Teal
										Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities
\$	(1,328)	\$ (28	,312)	\$	(357)	\$	(159)	\$	3,823	Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to
										Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:
			73		8,966		413		9,976	Depreciation/Amortization
									(18)	Recognition of Lease Income
		1	,229		58		122		141	Other Revenue (Increases) Decreases In:
					2				(21)	Receivables, Net
			195		58		(3)		(273)	Due from Other Funds
			30		2		(44)		(7)	Due from Other Governmental Agencies
			199		940		219		1,452	Prepaid Costs
			(235)		(1,185)		(147)		(1,177)	Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension
			(14)		(68)		(12)		(84)	Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Increases (Decreases) In:
	359	(2	,444)		407		(76)		(962)	Accounts Payable
		,	'				78			Retainage Payable
			10		63		12		31	Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable
			(1)		(166)		(438)		(3,012)	Due to Other Funds
		-	606		1		(3)			Due to Other Governmental Agencies
	59	э	,342 9		(11)		(1)		(156)	Insurance Claims Payable Compensated Employee Absences Payable
		1	,529		7,571		1,278		9,422	Net Pension Liability
			25		120		21		149	Net OPEB Liability
		(1	,093)		(5,412)		(914)		(6,735)	Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension
			(30)		(150)		(26)		(187)	Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB
			400						22	Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases
•	418 (910)		,430	•	11,196	•	479 320	•	8,561	Total Adjustments
\$	(910)	\$ (22	,882)	\$	10,839	\$	320	\$	12,384	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities
										Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to Statement of Net Position
\$	4,558 	\$ 54	,475 	\$	50,984 	\$	1,404 	\$	32,794	Pooled Cash/Investments Cash/Cash Equivalents
•	4.550	<u> </u>	5	•		•			3	Imprest Cash Funds
\$	4,558	\$ 54	,480	\$	50,984	\$	1,404	\$	32,797	Total Cash and Cash Equivalents

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee or custodial capacity on behalf of outside parties, including individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Under GASB Statement No. 84, a fiduciary fund must meet the following criteria: (1) assets are controlled or directed by the government, (2) assets are not derived from the government's own source revenue or government-mandated nonexchange transactions, and (3) assets have one or more of the following criteria:

- a. Assets are administered through a trust, and the government is not a beneficiary. The trust must be dedicated to providing benefits to the recipients and legally protected from creditors of the government.
- b. Assets are for the benefit of organizations or other governments that are not part of the financial reporting entity.
- c. Assets are for the benefit of individuals and are not administered in any way by the government.

PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

Public Administration Trust Funds

These funds are used to account for trust arrangements where the principal and income benefits individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Examples of private-purpose trusts include unidentified funds, unclaimed prisoner funds, decedents' property held for escheatment, and various funding services to finance permanent supportive & affordable housing.

Orange County Redevelopment Successor Agency (Successor Agency)

The Orange County Development Agency (OCDA) was dissolved effective February 1, 2012 in accordance with ABx1 26. A successor agency was designated as the successor entity to the former redevelopment agency in accordance with Health and Safety Code 34173. The Orange County Redevelopment Successor Agency holds the assets of the dissolved OCDA pending liquidation and distribution.

PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) TRUST FUNDS

Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan

This fund is used to account for the retirement plan for employees working less than half-time or as extra-help. This retirement plan was closed to new participants as of February 28, 2002. The eligible employees of these plans are not covered by OCERS.

Extra-Help Defined Contribution Plan

This fund is used to account for the defined contribution retirement plan for extra-help and part-time employees. This plan replaced the Extra-Help Defined Benefit Retirement Plan and was effective for new employees on March 1, 2002. Effective February 10, 2015, the plan also includes new employees who have attained age 60 at date of hire, who waive membership in OCERS, and do not have funds on deposit with OCERS and otherwise meet the requirements under OCERS' regulations and state law to waive membership in OCERS. The eligible employees of these plans are not covered by OCERS.

401(a) Defined Contribution Plan

This fund accounts for the 401(a) defined contribution plan, which was established in January 1999 for eligible employees, including the members of the Board, certain executive managers, certain administrative managers once classified as confidential and grandfathered in the plan, attorneys represented by the Orange County Attorney's Association and certain other employee classifications as defined in the plan document. The plan was closed to the attorneys effective June 24, 2005. The plan was closed to grandfathered administrative managers and to all new administrative managers, effective December 28, 2012 and June 23, 2016, respectively.

1.62% at 65 Retirement, 401(a) Defined Contribution Plan

This fund is used to account for the matching 401(a) employer contributions for eligible employees in the "1.62% at 65" Retirement (OCERS) formula who voluntarily contribute to the "1.62% at 65" Retirement, 457(b) defined contribution plan. The Plan was established on May 7, 2010.

Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) Plan

This fund is used to account for the employer contributions to the HRA, a defined contribution plan, which became effective on June 24, 2008 for eligible employees, including employees represented by the Association of Orange County Deputy Sheriffs and Law Enforcement Management employees as defined in the plan document. The HRA now also includes employees represented by the OCAA, the AOCDS Public Safety Unit, OCEA, OCMA, Teamsters, IUOE, unrepresented employees, and the Voluntary Retirement Incentive Program.

Retiree Medical Plan 115 Trust

This fund is used to account for the annual required contributions, benefit payments, and investment losses and gains in the Retiree Medical Trust (Trust) which was established effective July 2, 2007. The Trust was established exclusively for the Retiree Medical Plan (Plan) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other OPEB plan that was established on August 1, 1993 for eligible employees as defined in the plan document. The Trust and the 401(h) fiduciary component unit below represents the Plan. The Plan is reported as of December 31, 2022.

Orange County Employees Retirement System-401(h)

This fund is used to account for annual required contributions, benefit payments, and investment losses and gains in the Trust. The 115 trust described above and the 401(h) account with OCERS represents the total Plan. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 84, this fund is presented as a fiduciary component unit of the County and OCERS' separate stand-alone financial report as of December 31, 2022 can be obtained on their website at https://www.ocers.org/financial-reports.

Orange County Employees Retirement System-Pension Trust Fund

This fund is used to account for the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined-benefit pension plan operated by OCERS. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 84, this fund is presented as a fiduciary component unit of the County and OCERS' separate stand-alone financial report as of December 31, 2022 can be obtained on their website at https://www.ocers.org/financial-reports.

Orange County Employees Retirement System-Health Care Fund-OCFA

This fund is used to account for the Orange County Fire Authority (OCFA) Postemployment Health Care Plan established under IRC Section 401(h). OCERS serves as trustee of the Plan. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 84, this fund is presented as a fiduciary component unit of the County and OCERS' separate stand-alone financial report as of December 31, 2022 can be obtained on their website at https://www.ocers.org/financial-reports.

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

Unapportioned Tax and Interest Funds

This group of funds is used to account for the collection of property taxes, and later distribution of such taxes, as well as the interest earned on them. Included are taxes collected by the County for other governmental units using the County treasury, as well as governmental units not using the County treasury, such as cities.

County of Orange Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

Departmental Funds

This group of funds is used by certain County officers to hold various types of cash receipts and deposits in a custodial capacity. Disbursements are made from these funds.

Orange County Employees Retirement System-OCTA

This fund is used to account for the Orange County Transportation Authority (OCTA) Health Care Plan established in accordance with Internal Revenue Code section 115. OCERS serves as trustee of the plan. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 84, this fund is presented as a fiduciary component unit of the County and OCERS' separate stand-alone financial report as of December 31, 2022 can be obtained on their website at https://www.ocers.org/financial-reports.



COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

		Total	 Public ministration ust Funds	Red	inge County levelopment essor Agency
<u>ASSETS</u>			 		
Pooled Cash/Investments Restricted Cash and Investments	\$	73,609	\$ 73,208	\$	401
Restricted Investments with Trustee Receivables		2,355			2,355
Interest/Dividends Notes Receivable		606 15,339	602 15,339		4
Total Assets		91,909	 89,149		2,760
LIABILITIES					
Bonds Payable Interest Payable		1,406 22			1,406 22
Due to Other Governmental Agencies Total Liabilities		480 1,908	478 478		2 1,430
	\ <u></u>				_
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Charge on Refunding Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		9	<u></u>		9
, 514, 25,51,62, 1,11,51,551, 1,555			 		<u> </u>
NET POSITION					
Restricted for: Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments Net Position	\$	89,992 89,992	\$ 88,671 88,671	\$	1,321 1,321

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Total	Adm	Public ninistration est Funds	Orange County Redevelopment Successor Agency		
Additions:						
Contributions to Private-Purpose Trust	\$ 38,140	\$	38,140	\$		
Intergovernmental Revenues	10,027		9,828		199	
Other Revenues	5,585		5,585			
Interest and Investment Income	1,190		1,049		141	
Net Decrease in the Fair Value of Investments	(428)		(428)			
Less: Investment Expense	 (15)		(14)		(1)	
Total Additions	54,499		54,160		339	
Deductions:						
Distributions from Private-Purpose Trust	40,812		40,812			
Professional Services	621		544		77	
Tax Pass-Throughs	212				212	
Interest Expense, Net	 (50)				(50)	
Total Deductions	41,595		41,356		239	
Change in Net Position	12,904		12,804		100	
Net Position-Beginning of Year	77,088		75,867		1,221	
Net Position-End of Year	\$ 89,992	\$	88,671	\$	1,321	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OPEB TRUST FUNDS

ASSETS	Total	Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan	Extra-Help Defined Contribution Plan	401(a) Defined Contribution Plan	1.62% at 65 Retirement, 401(a) Defined Contribution Plan
Pooled Cash/Investments	\$ 3,963	\$ 554	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1
Cash/Cash Equivalents	411,606		-	1	
Securities Lending Collateral	202,096				
Restricted Cash and Investments					
Restricted Investments with Trustee					
Global Public Equity	8,817,154				
Private Equity	3,301,871				
Core Fixed Income	1,634,516		-		
Credit	1,750,047				
Real Assets	2,907,077				
Risk Mitigation Unique Strategies	1,757,155 74,365				
Cash Equivalent	74,303			270	460
Exchange-Traded Funds	164,379	631		2,662	9,707
Mutual Funds	77.877	577		10.212	15.992
Mutual Bond Funds	6.831	2.196		54	1.619
Stable Value Fund	34,818	_,	10,817	8,923	1,213
Receivables	- 1,- 1-		,	-,	-,
Investments	15,320				
Securities Sales	141,477				
Contributions	15,437				
Interest/Dividends	19	4			
Other Receivables	7,880				
Due from Other Governmental Agencies	1,958		34	56	290
Capital Assets, Net	9,088				
Total Assets	21,335,664	3,962	10,852	22,179	29,282
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	264,378				
Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable	127,098				
Unearned Contributions	320,009				
Investment Obligations	204,463				
Total Liabilities	915,948				
NET POSITION					
Restricted for OPEB Benefits	663,420				
Restricted for Pension	19,756,296	3,962	10,852	22,179	29,282
Net Position	\$ 20,419,716	\$ 3,962	\$ 10,852	\$ 22,179	\$ 29,282
NGC I OSIGOTI	Ψ 20,419,710	ψ 3,902	ψ 10,032	Ψ 22,179	ψ 29,202

					l	Fiduciar	y Component U	nit		
Health Reimbursement Arrangement Plan		Retiree Medical Plan 115 Trust *		Plan 115 Retirement		E Retire	Orange County Employees Retirement System- Pension Trust Fund*		ge County nployees tirement em-Health Fund-OCFA*	<u>ASSETS</u>
\$	57	\$	3,349	\$		\$		\$		Pooled Cash/Investments
	 		, 		9,152 4,494		401,414 197,092		1,039 510	Cash/Cash Equivalents Securities Lending Collateral Restricted Cash and Investments Restricted Investments with Trustee
					196,058		8,598,842		22,254	Global Public Equity
					73,420		3,220,117		8,334	Private Equity
					36,345		1,594,045		4,126	Core Fixed Income
					38,914		1,706,716		4.417	Credit
					64,642		2,835,098		7,337	Real Assets
					39,072		1,713,648		4,435	Risk Mitigation
					1,654		72,523		188	Unique Strategies
										Cash Equivalent
	151,379									Exchange-Traded Funds
	51,096									Mutual Funds
	2,962									Mutual Bond Funds
	13,865									Stable Value Fund
	.0,000									Receivables
					341		14,940		39	Investments
					3.146		137,974		357	Securities Sales
							15,437			Contributions
			15				10,407			Interest/Dividends
					175		7,685		20	Other Receivables
	1,578						7,000			Due from Other Governmental Agencies
	1,070						9,088			Capital Assets, Net
	220,937		3,364		467,413		20,524,619		53,056	Total Assets
										<u>LIABILITIES</u>
			59,975		4,545		199,342		516	Accounts Payable
			4,631		5,601		115,847		1,019	Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable
			4,031		3,001		320,009		1,019	Unearned Contributions
					4,547		199,400		516	Investment Obligations
			64.606		14,693		834,598		2,051	Total Liabilities
			0.,000		,000		33.,000		2,00.	
										NET POSITION
	220,937		(61,242)		452,720				51,005	Restricted for OPEB Benefits
							19,690,021		·	Restricted for Pension
\$	220,937	\$	(61,242)	\$	452,720	\$	19,690,021	\$	51,005	Net Position
	,		(-:,=:=/	<u></u>	:==,:=0	<u></u>	-,,		2:,220	

^{*} This is presented as of 12/31/22.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OPEB TRUST FUNDS

		Total	Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan		Extra-Help Defined Contribution Plan		(a) Defined	1.62% at 65 Retirement, 401(a) Defined Contribution Plan	
Additions:									
Contributions to Pension and OPEB									
Employer	\$	793,626	\$	160	\$		\$ 1,420	\$	6,208
Employee		272,059				1,008			
Investment Earnings									
Interest and Investment Income Net Increase (Decrease) in the		507,793		18					
Fair Value of Investments		(2,431,176)		235		204	1,966		3,083
Securities Lending Income		,							
Gross Earnings		4,406							
Less: Investment Expense		(153,976)		(4)		(10)	(25)		(54)
Total Additions		(1,007,268)		409		1,202	3,361		9,237
Deductions:									
Benefits Paid to Participants		1,259,005		404		963	1,655		294
Administrative Expense		23,591							
Total Deductions	_	1,282,596		404		963	 1,655		294
Change in Net Position		(2,289,864)		5		239	1,706		8,943
Net Position-Beginning of Year		22,709,580		3,957		10,613	 20,473		20,339
Net Position-End of Year	\$	20,419,716	\$	3,962	\$	10,852	\$ 22,179	\$	29,282

					F	iduciar	y Component Un	nit		
Health Reimbursement Arrangement Plan		Retiree Medical Plan 115 Trust *				Retir	Orange County Employees Retirement System- Pension Trust Fund*		ge County nployees tirement em-Health	
										Additions:
\$	16,826 815	\$	4,737 	\$	41,652 237	\$	719,691 269,999	\$	2,932 	Contributions to Pension and OPEB Employer Employee Investment Earnings
	6		82		11,289		495,116		1,282	Interest and Investment Income Net Increase (Decrease) in the
	23,682				(46,439)		(2,408,298)		(5,609)	Fair Value of Investments Securities Lending Income
					98		4,297		11	Gross Earnings
	(374)		(4)		(3,413)		(149,705)		(387)	Less: Investment Expense
	40,955		4,815		3,424		(1,068,900)		(1,771)	Total Additions
										Deductions:
	7,533		64,770		37,013		1,139,715		6,658	Benefits Paid to Participants
					23		23,546		22	Administrative Expense
	7,533		64,770		37,036		1,163,261		6,680	Total Deductions
	33,422		(59,955)		(33,612)		(2,232,161)		(8,451)	Change in Net Position
	187,515		(1,287)		486,332		21,922,182		59,456	Net Position-Beginning of Year
\$	220,937	\$	(61,242)	\$	452,720	\$	19,690,021	\$	51,005	Net Position-End of Year

^{*} This is presented as of 12/31/22.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION ALL CUSTODIAL FUNDS

							Fiducia	ry Component Unit
400FT0	Total		Unapportioned Tax and Interest Funds		Departmental Funds		Employ	nge County ees Retirement em-OCTA*
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Pooled Cash/Investments	\$	327,301	\$	246,072	\$	81,229	\$	
Cash/Cash Equivalents		665				148		517
Restricted Cash and Investments								
Restricted Investments with Trustee		43,804				43,804		
Global Public Equity		11,459						11,459
Core Fixed Income		5,245						5,245
Accounts		301				301		
Taxes		263,211		263,211				
Interest/Dividends		76,000		75,310		690		
Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables		(48,447)		(48,446)		(1)		
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		9,379		272		9,107		
Total Assets		688,918		536,419		135,278		17,221
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable		9,477		162		9,315		
Unapportioned Interest		42,997		42.997				
Due to Other Governmental Agencies		21.085		16,873		4,212		
Unapportioned Taxes		146,839		146,839		, 		
Total Liabilities		220,398		206,871		13,527		
NET POSITION								
Restricted for:								
Restricted for OPEB Benefits		17,221						17,221
Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments		451,299		329,548		121,751		
Net Position	\$	468,520	\$	329,548	\$	121,751	\$	17,221
NGC COSTION	Ψ	+00,020	Ψ	523,540	Ψ	121,731	Ψ	17,221

^{*} This is presented as of 12/31/22.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

						Fiducia	ary Component Unit	
	Total			napportioned x and Interest Funds	 Departmental Funds	Orange County Employees Retirement System-OCTA*		
Additions:								
Contributions to OPEB Benefit Trust Funds:								
Employer	\$	655	\$		\$ 	\$	655	
Contributions to Pooled Investments		1,037,711		8	1,037,703			
Taxes		11,380,854		11,316,729	64,125			
Interest and Investment Income		485,628		483,337	2,291			
Net Decrease in the Fair Value of Investments		(6,673)		(2,900)	(374)		(3,399)	
Less: Investment Expense		(84)		(66)	(15)		(3)	
Total Additions		12,898,091		11,797,108	 1,103,730		(2,747)	
Deductions:								
Benefits Paid to Participants		1,466					1,466	
Distributions from Pooled Investments		1,030,385			1,030,385			
Professional Services		6,991		5,115	1,853		23	
Other Expenses		48,445		48,445				
Apportioned Taxes		11,799,183		11,739,749	 59,434			
Total Deductions		12,886,470		11,793,309	 1,091,672		1,489	
Change in Net Position		11,621		3,799	12,058		(4,236)	
Net Position-Beginning of Year		456,899		325,749	 109,693		21,457	
Net Position-End of Year	\$	468,520	\$	329,548	\$ 121,751	\$	17,221	

^{*} This is presented as of 12/31/22.





STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

The information in this section is not covered by the Independent Auditor's Report but is presented as supplemental data for the benefit of the readers of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context, and detail to assist in using the information in the basic financial statements, notes to the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information to understand and assess a government's economic condition.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	230
Debt Capacity These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.	
Economic and Demographic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	

Source: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

None		Fiscal Year									
Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 3,558,179 \$ 3,423,823 \$ 3,539,778 \$ 3,319,173 \$ 3,127,371 Restricted for: Expendable Pension Benefits \$ 144,682 \$ 135,745 \$ 148,764 \$ 135,342 \$ 143,647 \$ 2,128,97 \$ 2,0214 \$ 21,2897 \$ 2,0214 \$ 21,2897 \$ 2,0214 \$ 21,2897 \$ 2,0214 \$ 21,2897 \$ 2,0214 \$ 21,2897 \$ 2,0214 \$ 21,2897 \$ 2,0214 \$ 2,02			2022-23		2021-22		2020-21		2019-20		2018-19
Restricted for: Expendable Pension Benefits 144,682 135,745 148,764 135,342 143,647 Capital Projects 30,210 43,354 98,252 162,614 212,897 Debt Service 26,462 25,617 38,248 33,179 28,370 Legally Segregated for Grants 30,210 43,354 1,377,939 1,212,985 1,202,317 Rejornal Park Endowment 174 163 168 167 159 Rejornal Park Endowment 174 163 168 167 159 Rejornal Park Endowment 200	Governmental Activities										
Pension Benefits	•	\$	3,558,179	\$	3,423,823	\$	3,533,978	\$	3,319,173	\$	3,127,371
Pension Benefits											
Debt Service	•				101-				10=010		
Debt Service Contable Legally Segregated for Grants And Other Purposes 1,739,190 1,538,419 1,377,939 1,212,985 1,202,317 Regional Park Endowment 174 163 168 167 1			,		,		,		, -		,
Legally Segregated for Grants 1,739,190 1,538,419 1,377,939 1,212,985 1,202,317 Regional Park Endowment Nonexpendable Regional Park Endowment Regional Park Endowment 200 <	•										
Regional Park Endowment 174 163 1,338,419 1,377,939 1,212,985 1,202,377 159 Nonexpendable Regional Park Endowment 200 20			20,462		25,617		38,248		33,179		28,370
Regional Park Endowment 174 163 168 167 159 16			1 730 100		1 539 /10		1 377 030		1 212 095		1 202 217
Nonexpendable Regional Park Endowment 200											
Regional Park Endowment		_	., -		100		100		101		100
Total Governmental Activities Net Position		-	200		200		200		200		200
Note			(1,385,230)		(1,718,846)		(3,046,351)		(3,480,608)		(3,582,580)
Net Investment in Capital Assets 927,705 863,392 865,175 856,250 858,924	Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	4,113,867	\$	3,448,475	\$		\$	` '	\$	
Net Investment in Capital Assets 927,705 863,392 865,175 856,250 858,924											
Restricted for: Expendable Debt Service - 8,362 12,698 11,591 2,029 Passenger Facility Charges 30,663 24,473 8,093 8,158 3,282 Replacements and Renewals - 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 Landfill Closure/Postclosure 18,401 18,566 25,053 27,730 28,531 Landfill Corrective Action 13,671 11,827 10,472 8,820 8,619 Wetland 879 879 879 879 879 879 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure - - - - 104 104 Unrestricted 746,833 669,953 588,699 546,804 491,359 Total Business-Type Activities Net Position \$ 1,738,152 \$ 1,598,452 \$ 1,512,069 \$ 1,461,336 \$ 1,394,727 Primary Government Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 4,485,884 \$ 4,287,215 \$ 4,399,153 \$ 4,175,423 \$ 3,986,295 Restricted for:		_					005.455				0=0.004
Expendable Debt Service - 8,362 12,698 11,591 2,029 Passenger Facility Charges 30,663 24,473 8,093 8,158 3,282 Replacements and Renewals - 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 Landfill Closure/Postclosure 18,401 118,566 25,053 27,730 28,531 Landfill Corrective Action 13,671 11,827 10,472 8,820 8,619 Wetland 879 879 879 879 879 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure - - - 1044 104 Unrestricted 746,833 669,953 588,699 546,804 491,359 Total Business-Type Activities Net Position 1,738,152 1,598,452 1,512,069 1,461,336 1,394,727 Verimary Government Net Investment in Capital Assets 4,485,884 4,287,215 4,399,153 4,175,423 3,986,295 Restricted for: Expendable Pension Benefits 144,682 <	•	\$	927,705	\$	863,392	\$	865,175	\$	856,250	\$	858,924
Debt Service											
Passenger Facility Charges Approved Capital Projects 30,663 24,473 8,093 8,158 3,282 Replacements and Renewals 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 Landfill Closure/Postclosure 18,401 18,566 25,053 27,730 28,531 Landfill Corrective Action 13,671 11,827 10,472 8,820 8,619 Wetland 879 879 879 879 879 879 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure 104 104 Unrestricted 746,833 669,953 588,699 546,804 491,359 Total Business-Type Activities Net Position 1,738,152 1,598,452 1,512,069 1,461,336 1,394,727 Primary Government Net Investment in Capital Assets 4,485,884 4,287,215 4,399,153 4,175,423 3,986,295 Restricted for: Expendable 1 144,682 135,745 148,764 135,342 143,647 </td <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.262</td> <td></td> <td>10.600</td> <td></td> <td>11 501</td> <td></td> <td>2.020</td>	•				0.262		10.600		11 501		2.020
Approved Capital Projects 30,663 24,473 8,093 8,158 3,282 Replacements and Renewals - 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 Landfill Closure/Postclosure 18,401 18,566 25,053 27,730 28,531 Landfill Corrective Action 13,671 11,827 10,472 8,820 8,619 Wetland 879 879 879 879 879 879 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure - - - 104 104 Unrestricted 746,833 669,953 588,699 546,804 491,359 Total Business-Type Activities Net Position 1,738,152 1,598,452 1,512,069 1,461,336 1,394,727 Primary Government Net Investment in Capital Assets 4,485,884 4,287,215 4,399,153 4,175,423 3,986,295 Restricted for: Expendable Pension Benefits 144,682 135,745 148,764 135,342 143,647 Capital					0,302		12,090		11,591		2,029
Replacements and Renewals — 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 Landfill Corrective Action 18,401 18,566 25,053 27,730 28,531 Wetland 879 879 10,472 8,820 8,619 Wetland 879 879 879 879 879 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure — — — — 104 104 Unrestricted 746,833 669,953 588,699 546,804 491,359 Total Business-Type Activities Net Position \$1,738,152 \$1,598,452 \$1,512,069 \$1,461,336 \$1,394,727 Primary Government Net Investment in Capital Assets \$4,485,884 \$4,287,215 \$4,399,153 \$4,175,423 \$3,986,295 Restricted for: Expendable Pension Benefits 144,682 135,745 148,764 135,342 143,647 Capital Projects 30,210 43,354 98,252 162,614 212,897 Debt Service 2	• •		20.002		04 470		0.000		0.450		2 200
Landfill Closure/Postclosure 18,401 18,566 25,053 27,730 28,531 Landfill Corrective Action 13,671 11,827 10,472 8,820 8,619 Wetland 879 879 879 879 879 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure - - - - 104 104 Unrestricted 746,833 669,953 588,699 546,804 491,359 Total Business-Type Activities Net Position 1,738,152 1,598,452 1,512,069 1,461,336 1,394,727 Primary Government Net Investment in Capital Assets 4,485,884 4,287,215 4,399,153 4,175,423 3,986,295 Restricted for: Expendable Fension Benefits 144,682 135,745 148,764 135,342 143,647 Capital Projects 30,210 43,354 98,252 162,614 212,897 Debt Service 26,462 33,979 50,946 44,770 30,399 Legally Segregated for Grants 4,485,844 163 <td></td> <td></td> <td>30,003</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			30,003								
Landfill Corrective Action Wetland 13,671 11,827 10,472 8,820 8,619 Wetland Wetland 879 879 879 879 879 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure 1-04 104 Unrestricted 746,833 669,953 588,699 546,804 491,359 Total Business-Type Activities Net Position 1,738,152 \$ 1,598,452 \$ 1,512,069 \$ 1,461,336 \$ 1,394,727 Primary Government Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 4,485,884 \$ 4,287,215 \$ 4,399,153 \$ 4,175,423 \$ 3,986,295 Restricted for: Expendable Pension Benefits 144,682 135,745 148,764 135,342 143,647 Capital Projects 30,210 43,354 98,252 162,614 212,897 Debt Service 26,462 33,979 50,946 44,770 30,399 Legally Segregated for Grants 1,739,190 1,538,419 1,377,939 1,212,985 1,202,317	•		10 401								
Wetland Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure 879 Prima Pasa Para Para Para Para Para Para Par											
Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure									-		•
Unrestricted 746,833 669,953 588,699 546,804 491,359 Total Business-Type Activities Net Position \$ 1,738,152 \$ 1,598,452 \$ 1,512,069 \$ 1,461,336 \$ 1,394,727 Primary Government Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 4,485,884 \$ 4,287,215 \$ 4,399,153 \$ 4,175,423 \$ 3,986,295 Restricted for: Expendable Pension Benefits 144,682 135,745 148,764 135,342 143,647 Capital Projects 30,210 43,354 98,252 162,614 212,897 Debt Service 26,462 33,979 50,946 44,770 30,399 Legally Segregated for Grants 1,739,190 1,538,419 1,377,939 1,212,985 1,202,317 Regional Park Endowment 174 163 168 167 159 Passenger Facility Charges 30,663 24,473 8,093 8,158 3,282 Replacements and Renewals 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 Land											
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Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 4,485,884 \$ 4,287,215 \$ 4,399,153 \$ 4,175,423 \$ 3,986,295 Restricted for: Expendable Pension Benefits 144,682 135,745 148,764 135,342 143,647 Capital Projects 30,210 43,354 98,252 162,614 212,897 Debt Service 26,462 33,979 50,946 44,770 30,399 Legally Segregated for Grants and Other Purposes 1,739,190 1,538,419 1,377,939 1,212,985 1,202,317 Regional Park Endowment 174 163 168 167 159 Passenger Facility Charges 30,663 24,473 8,093 8,158 3,282 Replacements and Renewals 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 Landfill Closure/Postclosure 18,401 18,566 25,053 27,730 28,531 Landfill Corrective Action 13,671 11,827 10,472 8,820 8,619 Wetland 879 879 879 879 879 879 879 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closu	Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	Ф	1,738,152	Ф	1,598,452	Ф	1,512,069	Ф	1,401,330	Ф	1,394,727
Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 4,485,884 \$ 4,287,215 \$ 4,399,153 \$ 4,175,423 \$ 3,986,295 Restricted for: Expendable Pension Benefits 144,682 135,745 148,764 135,342 143,647 Capital Projects 30,210 43,354 98,252 162,614 212,897 Debt Service 26,462 33,979 50,946 44,770 30,399 Legally Segregated for Grants and Other Purposes 1,739,190 1,538,419 1,377,939 1,212,985 1,202,317 Regional Park Endowment 174 163 168 167 159 Passenger Facility Charges 30,663 24,473 8,093 8,158 3,282 Replacements and Renewals 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 Landfill Closure/Postclosure 18,401 18,566 25,053 27,730 28,531 Landfill Corrective Action 13,671 11,827 10,472 8,820 8,619 Wetland 879 879 879 879 879 879 879 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closu	Primary Government										
Restricted for: Expendable Pension Benefits 144,682 135,745 148,764 135,342 143,647 Capital Projects 30,210 43,354 98,252 162,614 212,897 Debt Service 26,462 33,979 50,946 44,770 30,399 Legally Segregated for Grants 30,603 1,538,419 1,377,939 1,212,985 1,202,317 Regional Park Endowment 174 163 168 167 159 Passenger Facility Charges 4pproved Capital Projects 30,663 24,473 8,093 8,158 3,282 Replacements and Renewals 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 Landfill Closure/Postclosure 18,401 18,566 25,053 27,730 28,531 Landfill Corrective Action 13,671 11,827 10,472 8,820 8,619 Wetland 879 879 879 879 879 879 879 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure <		\$	4,485,884	\$	4,287,215	\$	4,399,153	\$	4,175,423	\$	3,986,295
Expendable Pension Benefits 144,682 135,745 148,764 135,342 143,647 Capital Projects 30,210 43,354 98,252 162,614 212,897 Debt Service 26,462 33,979 50,946 44,770 30,399 Legally Segregated for Grants and Other Purposes 1,739,190 1,538,419 1,377,939 1,212,985 1,202,317 Regional Park Endowment 174 163 168 167 159 Passenger Facility Charges 30,663 24,473 8,093 8,158 3,282 Replacements and Renewals 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 Landfill Closure/Postclosure 18,401 18,566 25,053 27,730 28,531 Landfill Corrective Action 13,671 11,827 10,472 8,820 8,619 Wetland 879 879 879 879 879 879 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure 104 104 Nonexpend	•	·				·		·		·	, ,
Pension Benefits 144,682 135,745 148,764 135,342 143,647 Capital Projects 30,210 43,354 98,252 162,614 212,897 Debt Service 26,462 33,979 50,946 44,770 30,399 Legally Segregated for Grants 1,739,190 1,538,419 1,377,939 1,212,985 1,202,317 Regional Park Endowment 174 163 168 167 159 Passenger Facility Charges 30,663 24,473 8,093 8,158 3,282 Replacements and Renewals 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 Landfill Closure/Postclosure 18,401 18,566 25,053 27,730 28,531 Landfill Corrective Action 13,671 11,827 10,472 8,820 8,619 Wetland 879 879 879 879 879 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure 104 104 Nonexpendable 200 200 200<											
Capital Projects 30,210 43,354 98,252 162,614 212,897 Debt Service 26,462 33,979 50,946 44,770 30,399 Legally Segregated for Grants and Other Purposes 1,739,190 1,538,419 1,377,939 1,212,985 1,202,317 Regional Park Endowment 174 163 168 167 159 Passenger Facility Charges 30,663 24,473 8,093 8,158 3,282 Replacements and Renewals 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 Landfill Closure/Postclosure 18,401 18,566 25,053 27,730 28,531 Landfill Corrective Action 13,671 11,827 10,472 8,820 8,619 Wetland 879 879 879 879 879 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure 104 104 Nonexpendable Regional Park Endowment 200 200 200 200 200 Unrestricted (•		144.682		135.745		148.764		135.342		143.647
Debt Service 26,462 33,979 50,946 44,770 30,399 Legally Segregated for Grants and Other Purposes 1,739,190 1,538,419 1,377,939 1,212,985 1,202,317 Regional Park Endowment 174 163 168 167 159 Passenger Facility Charges 30,663 24,473 8,093 8,158 3,282 Replacements and Renewals 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 Landfill Closure/Postclosure 18,401 18,566 25,053 27,730 28,531 Landfill Corrective Action 13,671 11,827 10,472 8,820 8,619 Wetland 879 879 879 879 879 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure 104 104 Nonexpendable Regional Park Endowment 200 200 200 200 200 Unrestricted (638,397) (1,048,893) (2,457,652) (2,933,804) (3,091,221)	Capital Projects										
Legally Segregated for Grants and Other Purposes 1,739,190 1,538,419 1,377,939 1,212,985 1,202,317 Regional Park Endowment 174 163 168 167 159 Passenger Facility Charges 30,663 24,473 8,093 8,158 3,282 Replacements and Renewals 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 Landfill Closure/Postclosure 18,401 18,566 25,053 27,730 28,531 Landfill Corrective Action 13,671 11,827 10,472 8,820 8,619 Wetland 879 879 879 879 879 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure 104 104 Nonexpendable Regional Park Endowment 200 200 200 200 200 Unrestricted (638,397) (1,048,893) (2,457,652) (2,933,804) (3,091,221)									-		•
and Other Purposes 1,739,190 1,538,419 1,377,939 1,212,985 1,202,317 Regional Park Endowment 174 163 168 167 159 Passenger Facility Charges 30,663 24,473 8,093 8,158 3,282 Replacements and Renewals 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 Landfill Closure/Postclosure 18,401 18,566 25,053 27,730 28,531 Landfill Corrective Action 13,671 11,827 10,472 8,820 8,619 Wetland 879 879 879 879 879 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure 104 104 Nonexpendable Regional Park Endowment 200 200 200 200 200 Unrestricted (638,397) (1,048,893) (2,457,652) (2,933,804) (3,091,221)			.,		,-		, .		, -		,
Regional Park Endowment 174 163 168 167 159 Passenger Facility Charges 30,663 24,473 8,093 8,158 3,282 Replacements and Renewals 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 Landfill Closure/Postclosure 18,401 18,566 25,053 27,730 28,531 Landfill Corrective Action 13,671 11,827 10,472 8,820 8,619 Wetland 879 879 879 879 879 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure 104 104 Nonexpendable Regional Park Endowment 200 200 200 200 200 Unrestricted (638,397) (1,048,893) (2,457,652) (2,933,804) (3,091,221)			1,739,190		1,538,419		1,377,939		1,212,985		1,202,317
Passenger Facility Charges Approved Capital Projects 30,663 24,473 8,093 8,158 3,282 Replacements and Renewals 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 Landfill Closure/Postclosure 18,401 18,566 25,053 27,730 28,531 Landfill Corrective Action 13,671 11,827 10,472 8,820 8,619 Wetland 879 879 879 879 879 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure 104 104 Nonexpendable Regional Park Endowment 200 200 200 200 200 Unrestricted (638,397) (1,048,893) (2,457,652) (2,933,804) (3,091,221)	·				163				167		
Approved Capital Projects 30,663 24,473 8,093 8,158 3,282 Replacements and Renewals 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 Landfill Closure/Postclosure 18,401 18,566 25,053 27,730 28,531 Landfill Corrective Action 13,671 11,827 10,472 8,820 8,619 Wetland 879 879 879 879 879 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure 104 104 Nonexpendable Regional Park Endowment 200 200 200 200 200 Unrestricted (638,397) (1,048,893) (2,457,652) (2,933,804) (3,091,221)											
Replacements and Renewals 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 Landfill Closure/Postclosure 18,401 18,566 25,053 27,730 28,531 Landfill Corrective Action 13,671 11,827 10,472 8,820 8,619 Wetland 879 879 879 879 879 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure 104 104 Nonexpendable Regional Park Endowment 200 200 200 200 200 Unrestricted (638,397) (1,048,893) (2,457,652) (2,933,804) (3,091,221)			30,663		24,473		8,093		8,158		3,282
Landfill Closure/Postclosure 18,401 18,566 25,053 27,730 28,531 Landfill Corrective Action 13,671 11,827 10,472 8,820 8,619 Wetland 879 879 879 879 879 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure 104 104 Nonexpendable Regional Park Endowment 200 200 200 200 200 Unrestricted (638,397) (1,048,893) (2,457,652) (2,933,804) (3,091,221)	Replacements and Renewals				1,000		1,000		1,000		1,000
Landfill Corrective Action 13,671 11,827 10,472 8,820 8,619 Wetland 879 879 879 879 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure 104 104 Nonexpendable Regional Park Endowment 200 200 200 200 200 Unrestricted (638,397) (1,048,893) (2,457,652) (2,933,804) (3,091,221)			18,401								
Wetland 879 879 879 879 879 Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure 104 104 Nonexpendable Regional Park Endowment 200 200 200 200 200 Unrestricted (638,397) (1,048,893) (2,457,652) (2,933,804) (3,091,221)	Landfill Corrective Action				11,827		10,472		8,820		8,619
Nonexpendable 200 <	Wetland										
Regional Park Endowment 200 200 200 200 200 Unrestricted (638,397) (1,048,893) (2,457,652) (2,933,804) (3,091,221)	Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure										104
Regional Park Endowment 200 200 200 200 200 Unrestricted (638,397) (1,048,893) (2,457,652) (2,933,804) (3,091,221)	Nonexpendable										
Unrestricted (638,397) (1,048,893) (2,457,652) (2,933,804) (3,091,221)			200		200		200		200		200
			(638,397)		(1,048,893)		(2,457,652)		(2,933,804)		
	Total Primary Government Net Position	\$	5,852,019	\$	5,046,927	\$		\$		\$	2,527,108

Note: (1) The balances shown have not been restated to include the prior period adjustments.

	2017-18		2016-17 ⁽	1)	2015-16		2014-15		2013-14 ⁽	1)
										Governmental Activities
\$	3,031,574	\$	2,813,296	\$	2,707,493	\$	2,670,577	\$	2,646,812	Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for: Expendable
	135,485		125,876		111,639		112,544		109,986	Pension Benefits
	123,245		164,400		10,836		6,154		8,661	Capital Projects
	25,792		33,409		36,380		37,734		37,639	Debt Service
	1,148,735		1,192,827		1,103,257		1,045,897		1,190,106	Legally Segregated for Grants and Other Purposes
	148		145		144		141		140	Regional Park Endowment Nonexpendable
	200		196		193		188		185	Regional Park Endowment
	(3,312,306)		(3,074,958)		(2,979,945)		(2,991,814)		331,408	Unrestricted
\$	1,152,873	\$	1,255,191	\$	989,997	\$	881,421	\$	4,324,937	Total Governmental Activities Net Position
										Business-Type Activities
\$	799,668	\$	708,286	\$	663,280	\$	642,427	\$	624,621	Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:
	0.070		00.404		0.400		7.004		7.000	Expendable
	8,672		36,181		8,499		7,324		7,090	Debt Service
	40.044		0.775		44.705		70 500		00.500	Passenger Facility Charges
	12,044		2,775		14,705		70,538		62,522	Approved Capital Projects
	1,000		1,000		1,000		1,000		1,000	Replacements and Renewals
	26,655		28,962		33,997		33,337		37,412	Landfill Closure/Postclosure
	8,358		8,278		8,245		8,174		7,141	Landfill Corrective Action
	879		879		879		879		879	Wetland
	104		104		104		104		104	Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure
\$	454,482 1,311,862	\$	463,495 1,249,960	\$	465,003 1,195,712	\$	362,546 1,126,329	\$	384,871 1,125,640	Unrestricted Total Business-Type Activities Net Position
Ψ	1,011,002	Ψ	1,240,000	Ψ	1,100,712	Ψ	1,120,020	Ψ	1,120,040	Total Business-Type Activities Net 1 usition
										Primary Government
\$	3,831,242	\$	3,521,582	\$	3,370,773	\$	3,313,004	\$	3,271,433	Net Investment in Capital Assets
										Restricted for:
										Expendable
	135,485		125,876		111,639		112,544		109,986	Pension Benefits
	123,245		164,400		10,836		6,154		8,661	Capital Projects
	34,464		69,590		44,879		45,058		44,729	Debt Service
										Legally Segregated for Grants
	1,148,735		1,192,827		1,103,257		1,045,897		1,190,106	and Other Purposes
	148		145		144		141		140	Regional Park Endowment
										Passenger Facility Charges
	12,044		2,775		14,705		70,538		62,522	Approved Capital Projects
	1,000		1,000		1,000		1,000		1,000	Replacements and Renewals
	26,655		28,962		33,997		33,337		37,412	Landfill Closure/Postclosure
	8,358		8,278		8,245		8,174		7,141	Landfill Corrective Action
	879		879		879		879		879	Wetland
	104		104		104		104		104	Prima Deshecha/La Pata Closure Nonexpendable
	200		196		193		188		185	Regional Park Endowment
	(2,857,824)		(2,611,463)		(2,514,942)		(2,629,268)		716,279	Unrestricted
\$	2,464,735	\$	2,505,151	\$	2,185,709	\$	2,007,750	\$	5,450,577	Total Primary Government Net Position

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
		2022-23		2021-22		2020-21		2019-20		2018-19
Expenses										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$	363,314	\$	189,650	\$	188,668	\$	313,583	\$	221,830
Public Protection		1,824,133		1,377,502		1,513,781		1,571,137		1,650,165
Public Ways and Facilities		167,921		149,290		138,670		158,356		172,970
Health and Sanitation		906,593		830,673		1,106,989		752,996		715,343
Public Assistance		1,395,469		1,224,045		1,358,723		1,219,816		1,193,705
Education		61,221		57,060		52,579		48,845		52,323
Recreation and Cultural Services		155,460		129,380		128,747		122,694		139,183
Interest on Long-Term Debt		40,843		35,148		27,232		33,617		30,910
Subtotal Governmental Activities		4,914,954		3,992,748		4,515,389		4,221,044		4,176,429
Business-Type Activities:										
Airport		159,451		133,555		128,160		132,804		136,075
OC Waste & Recycling		162,221		134,620		134,202		130,853		128,354
Compressed Natural Gas		3		13		11		11		160
Subtotal Business-Type Activities		321,675		268,188		262,373		263,668		264,589
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	5,236,629	\$	4,260,936	\$	4,777,762	\$	4,484,712	\$	4,441,018
Program Revenues Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services										
General Government	\$	63,337	\$	56,627	\$	57,828	\$	45,713	\$	47,508
Public Protection		325,800		312,588		326,011		299,121		319,248
Public Ways and Facilities		64,912		74,360		49,063		54,762		52,334
Health and Sanitation		153,271		153,074		143,981		140,631		132,172
Public Assistance		26,627		26,097		18,347		38,431		40,158
Education		671		505		441		575		1,100
Recreation and										
Cultural Services		41,381		30,444		29,409		26,143		34,506
Operating Grants and Contributions		3,208,589		3,166,816		3,199,181		2,500,368		2,289,265
Capital Grants and Contributions		200,108		130,593		141,883		141,118		63,429
Subtotal Governmental Activities Program Revenues		4,084,696		3,951,104		3,966,144		3,246,862		2,979,720
Business-Type Activities:										
Charges for Services										
Airport		185,369		162,025		109,168		135,273		157,785
OC Waste & Recycling		201,179		186,790		179,974		179,542		171,741
Compressed Natural Gas		307		165		183		95		108
Operating Grants and Contributions		52,105		20,571		22,371		5,285		193
Capital Grants and Contributions		225		660		5,387		-		1,424
Subtotal Business-Type Activities Program Revenues		439,185		370,211		317,083		320,195		331,251
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$	4,523,881	\$	4,321,315	\$	4,283,227	\$	3,567,057	\$	3,310,971

Note: (1) The balances shown have not been restated to include prior period adjustments.

			F	iscal Year				
2017-18		2016-17 ⁽	1)	2015-16	2014-15		2013-14 ⁽¹⁾	
								Expenses
								Governmental Activities:
\$ 196,233	\$	186,340	\$	203,394	\$ 191,793	\$	131,026	General Government
1,475,626		1,485,137		1,433,421	1,326,028		1,261,984	Public Protection
151,779		97,928		142,071	114,398		127,561	Public Ways and Facilities
656,234		593,617		554,872	537,580		626,063	Health and Sanitation
1,102,747		1,097,327		1,097,129	1,049,665		988,735	Public Assistance
48,412		44,510		46,170	43,314		41,240	Education
123,798		112,749		115,136	102,069		96,820	Recreation and Cultural Services
25,741		17,544		20,112	23,560		28,028	Interest on Long-Term Debt
 3,780,570		3,635,152		3,612,305	3,388,407		3,301,457	Subtotal Governmental Activities
								Business-Type Activities:
124,466		125,522		120,921	124,778		120,731	Airport
125,472		105,149		96,301	69,307		94,161	OC Waste & Recycling
299		367		283	331		379	Compressed Natural Gas
 250,237		231,038		217,505	194,416		215,271	Subtotal Business-Type Activities
\$ 4,030,807	\$	3,866,190	\$	3,829,810	\$ 3,582,823	\$	3,516,728	Total Primary Government Expenses
								Program Revenues
								Governmental Activities:
								Charges for Services
\$ 43,104	\$	41,988	\$	34,048	\$ 36,924	\$	32,016	General Government
355,850		307,630		288,185	286,644		273,215	Public Protection
55,544		67,796		63,487	53,834		53,071	Public Ways and Facilities
112,715		117,170		85,392	102,599		93,470	Health and Sanitation
38,741		40,589		37,975	37,650		42,300	Public Assistance
1,237		1,274		1,426	1,480		2,059	Education
								Recreation and
49,892		47,763		46,937	43,882		39,251	Cultural Services
2,175,087		2,067,777		2,037,311	1,996,861		2,033,550	Operating Grants and Contributions
 123,575		113,481		105,776	33,241		54,478	Capital Grants and Contributions
 2,955,745		2,805,468		2,700,537	2,593,115		2,623,410	Subtotal Governmental Activities Program Revenues
								Business-Type Activities:
								Charges for Services
152,551		150,260		149,894	141,563		136,359	Airport
162,273		153,842		147,130	139,493		125,106	OC Waste & Recycling
266		248		269	312		392	Compressed Natural Gas
272		69		171	255		900	Operating Grants and Contributions
 4,829		1,828		2,174	9,215		5,277	Capital Grants and Contributions
320,191		306,247		299,638	290,838		268,034	Subtotal Business-Type Activities Program Revenues
\$ 3,275,936	\$	3,111,715	\$	3,000,175	\$ 2,883,953	\$	2,891,444	Total Primary Government Program Revenues
	_				 	_		

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Continued)

	Fiscal Year									
		2022-23		2021-22		2020-21		2019-20		2018-19
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental Activities	\$	(830,258)	\$	(41,644)	\$	(549,245)	\$	(974,182)	\$	(1,196,709)
Business-Type Activities	Ψ.	117,510	Ψ.	102,023	Ψ.	54,710	Ψ.	56,527	Ψ.	66,662
Total Primary Government Net		,		.02,020		0 ., 0		00,02.		00,002
(Expense)/Revenue	\$	(712,748)	\$	60,379	\$	(494,535)	\$	(917,655)	\$	(1,130,047)
, , ,		,				<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
General Revenue and Other										
Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities:										
Taxes										
Property Taxes, Levied for General Fund	\$	398,794	\$	367,918	\$	351,951	\$	332,635	\$	320,395
Property Taxes, Levied for										
Flood Control District		135,749		126,365		119,476		115,908		110,529
Property Taxes, Levied for OC Parks		105,157		97,889		93,792		89,804		85,640
Property Taxes, Levied for										
OC Public Libraries		66,286		61,721		59,333		56,767		54,074
Property Taxes in-Lieu of										
Motor Vehicle License Fees		484,543		455,578		438,321		418,370		395,809
Other Taxes		134,123		149,568		127,777		104,863		99,965
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted								44.0=0		0.700
to Specific Programs		4,675		4,631		15,547		11,673		2,720
State Allocation of Motor		0.004		0.000		0.500		200		4 400
Vehicle License Fees		2,931		3,863		3,528		838		1,180
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		64,350		(4,364)		35,393		30,538		44,170
Miscellaneous Transfers		90,488 8,554		67,756 7,996		64,764 7,509		53,631 9,826		52,813 8,922
Subtotal Governmental Activities		1,495,650		1,338,921		1,317,391		1,224,853		1,176,217
Business-Type Activities:										
Other Taxes						14		50		10
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		29,291		(11,274)		1,269		19,771		24,941
Miscellaneous Revenues		1,453		3,630		2,249		87		174
Transfers		(8,554)		(7,996)		(7,509)		(9,826)		(8,922)
Subtotal Business-Type Activities		22,190		(15,640)		(3,977)		10,082		16,203
Total Primary Government General		•		, ,						
Revenue and Other Charges	\$	1,517,840	\$	1,323,281	\$	1,313,414	\$	1,234,935	\$	1,192,420
Ohanna in Nat Basitian										
Change in Net Position	¢.	665,392	Ф	1 207 277	¢	768,146	Ф	250,671	\$	(20.402)
Governmental Activities	\$	139,700	\$	1,297,277 86,383	\$,	\$	66,609	Ф	(20,492) 82,865
Business-Type Activities	Ф.		Φ	•	Φ	50,733	Φ		Φ	
Total Primary Government	\$	805,092	\$	1,383,660	\$	818,879	\$	317,280	\$	62,373

Note: (1) The balances shown have not been restated to include prior period adjustments.

	2017-18		2016-17 ⁽	1)	2015-16		2014-15		2013-14 ⁽¹⁾	
										Net (Expense)/Revenue
\$	(824,825)	\$	(829,684)	\$	(911,768)	\$	(795,292)	\$	(678,047)	Governmental Activities
	69,954		75,209		82,133		96,422		52,763	Business-Type Activities
										Total Primary Government Net
\$	(754,871)	\$	(754,475)	\$	(829,635)	\$	(698,870)	\$	(625,284)	(Expense)/Revenue
										General Revenue and Other
										Changes in Net Position
										Governmental Activities:
Φ.	005 000	Φ.	007.040	Φ.	044.000	Φ	000 500	Φ.	077.504	Taxes
\$	305,296	\$	287,212	\$	311,902	\$	328,500	\$	277,591	Property Taxes, Levied for General Fund Property Taxes, Levied for
	104,798		98,563		82,193		77,090		72,737	Flood Control District
	81,206		76,493		61,048		57,266		54,042	Property Taxes, Levied for OC Parks
	01,200		70,493		01,040		37,200		34,042	Property Taxes, Levied for
	51,166		47,804		45,364		42,333		39,734	OC Public Libraries
	31,100		47,004		45,504		42,000		00,704	Property Taxes in-Lieu of
	372,728		351,011		333,595		314,957		295,798	Motor Vehicle License Fees
	99,889		98,216		78,184		71,613		73,178	Other Taxes
	00,000		00,210		70,104		7 1,0 10		70,170	Grants and Contributions Not Restricted
	10,757		8,434		4,583		49,476		14,192	to Specific Programs
	-, -		-, -		,		-,		, -	State Allocation of Motor
	1,615		1,234		1,100		764		895	Vehicle License Fees
	19,389		19,760		17,032		6,796		18,459	Unrestricted Investment Earnings
	71,164		80,229		63,825		69,789		54,412	Miscellaneous
	10,767		25,922		21,518		19,959		17,557	Transfers
	1,128,775		1,094,878		1,020,344		1,038,543		918,595	Subtotal Governmental Activities
										Business-Type Activities:
	82		78		72		109		101	Other Taxes
	7,695		3,497		6,526		3,042		3,064	Unrestricted Investment Earnings
	1,830		1,386		2,170		1,597		3,177	Miscellaneous Revenues
	(10,767)		(25,922)		(21,518)		(19,959)		(17,557)	Transfers
	(1,160)		(20,961)		(12,750)		(15,211)		(11,215)	Subtotal Business-Type Activities
	,				,		,			Total Primary Government General
\$	1,127,615	\$	1,073,917	\$	1,007,594	\$	1,023,332	\$	907,380	Revenue and Other Charges
										Channe in Not Besitis
\$	303,950	\$	265,194	\$	108,576	\$	243,251	\$	240,548	Change in Net Position Governmental Activities
Φ	68,794	Φ	54,248	Φ	69,383	Φ	81,211	Φ	41,548	Business-Type Activities
\$	372,744	\$	319,442	\$	177,959	\$	324,462	\$	282,096	Total Primary Government
Ψ	312,144	Ψ	010,442	Ψ	111,338	Ψ	324,402	Ψ	202,030	Total Filling Government

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		Fiscal Year									
		2022-23		2021-22		2020-21		2019-20		2018-19	
General Fund											
Nonspendable	\$	2,175	\$	517,721	\$	515,879	\$	460,074	\$	396,541	
Restricted		284,714		164,954		97,998		78,982		49,989	
Assigned		653,241		316,809		108,268		106,929		147,686	
Unassigned		772,383		127,721		13,582		217,317		196,517	
Total General Fund	\$	1,712,513	\$	1,127,205	\$	735,727	\$	863,302	\$	790,733	
All Other Governmental Funds											
Nonspendable	\$	1,027	\$	32,171	\$	29,779	\$	25,866	\$	23,368	
Restricted		1,639,674		1,572,185		1,611,739		1,588,765		1,657,781	
Assigned		380,752		443,370	377,228			214,144		180,139	
Total All Other Governmental Funds		2,021,453	\$ 2,047,726			2,018,746	\$ 1,828,775		\$ 1,861,288		

(1) The balances shown have not been restated to include prior period adjustments.

Note:

2017-18	2016-17	(1)	2015-16		2014-15	2013-14
\$ 378,418	\$ 372,572	\$	331,889	\$	336,606	\$ 321,022
31,815	39,581		49,230		31,486	42,028
179,119	265,293		321,064		269,529	153,336
219,426	73,446		25,655		26,887	
\$ 808,778	\$ 750,892	\$	727,838	\$	664,508	\$ 516,386
\$ 21,505	\$ 21,697	\$	20,501	\$	21,296	\$ 21,207
1,492,269	1,635,408		1,479,405		1,417,122	1,362,102
176,953	170,472		129,782		83,765	67,929
\$ 1,690,727	\$ 1,827,577	\$	1,629,688	\$ '	1,522,183	\$ 1,451,238
•	-				•	

Fiscal Year

General Fund Nonspendable

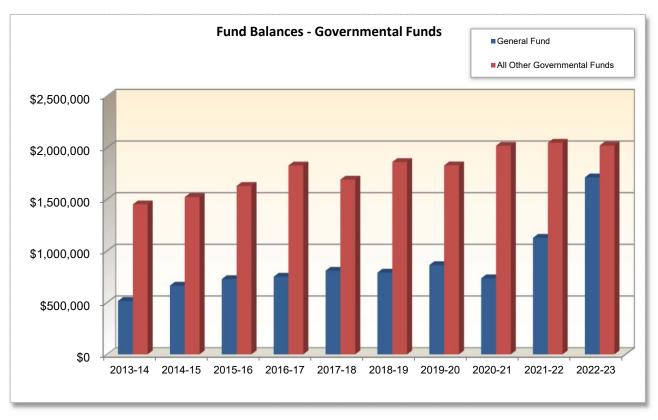
Restricted
Assigned
Unassigned

Total General Fund

All Other Governmental Funds

Nonspendable Restricted Assigned

Total All Other Governmental Funds



Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year								
		2022-23		2021-22	2020-21	2019-20		2018-19	
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	1,279,769	\$	1,209,689	\$ 1,152,471	\$ 1,087,160	\$	1,033,209	
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises		30,813		26,795	27,819	26,193		25,956	
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties		59,388		62,384	57,845	54,731		64,582	
Use of Money and Property		152,652		46,377	43,339	99,619		124,827	
Intergovernmental		3,405,271		3,140,286	3,142,386	2,506,018	:	2,243,421	
Charges for Services		618,893		615,036	571,132	553,644		538,659	
Other		85,582		103,284	70,549	60,389		74,508	
Total Revenues		5,632,368		5,203,851	5,065,541	4,387,754		4,105,162	
Expenditures									
General Government		416,545		237,547	227,528	346,701		271,722	
Public Protection		1,682,705		1,606,763	1,559,227	1,492,539		1,485,357	
Public Ways and Facilities		139,046		138,921	130,831	138,760		152,657	
Health and Sanitation		878,567		877,075	1,131,047	747,178		680,305	
Public Assistance		1,362,702		1,286,464	1,383,768	1,210,986		1,145,340	
Education		58,206		57,457	53,372	47,702		47,826	
Recreation and Cultural Services		148,586		130,180	125,363	119,379		114,127	
Capital Outlay		483,501		421,661	341,409	194,454		213,950	
Debt Service									
Principal Retirement		142,355		73,855	60,982	90,093		75,410	
Interest		42,142		39,014	40,115	43,887		43,062	
Debt Issuance Costs									
Total Expenditures		5,354,355		4,868,937	5,053,642	4,431,679	-	4,229,756	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures		278,013		334,914	11,899	(43,925)		(124,594)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers In		808,237		513,743	601,093	590,322		633,185	
Transfers Out		(802,628)		(513,819)	(601,321)	(590,049)		(629,486)	
Debt Issued		165,683		79,978	50,725	83,708		61,107	
Premium on Debt Issued		12,350							
Capital Leases									
Leases Issued		73,216		5,642					
Subscriptions Issued		24,164							
Loan Issuance								212,304	
Total Other Financing Sources		281,022		85,544	50,497	83,981		277,110	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	559,035	\$	420,458	\$ 62,396	\$ 40,056	\$	152,516	
Debt Service as a Percentage									
of Noncapital Expenditures:		3.79%		2.54%	2.15%	3.16%		2.95%	

Note: (1) The balances shown have not been restated to include prior period adjustments.

			Fiscal	Year			
	2017-18	2016-17 ⁽¹) 20	15-16	2014-15	2013-14 ⁽¹⁾	
							Revenues
\$	982,742	\$ 923,561	\$ 87	6,808	\$ 822,511	\$ 778,936	Taxes
	28,142	28,209		7,659	24,583	24,920	Licenses, Permits, and Franchises
	69,858	96,950		1,669	108,115	62,081	Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties
	85,694	68,498	8	8,211	73,700	63,611	Use of Money and Property
2	2,232,699	2,172,013	2,12	5,136	2,064,354	2,070,245	Intergovernmental
	567,464	530,883		6,659	480,023	470,899	Charges for Services
	78,707	63,949		9,436	71,207	54,406	Other
	4,045,306	3,884,063	3,71	5,578	3,644,493	3,525,098	Total Revenues
							Expenditures
	295,157	267,663	26	1,387	212,805	172,195	General Government
	1,441,435	1,401,694	1,28	9,902	1,230,878	1,194,069	Public Protection
	135,056	97,169	12	3,140	102,732	127,506	Public Ways and Facilities
	649,064	578,772	52	7,482	515,560	621,891	Health and Sanitation
•	1,094,675	1,073,964	1,06	1,647	1,030,404	972,156	Public Assistance
	46,842	42,564	4	3,928	41,949	40,008	Education
	117,965	106,356	10	0,381	98,001	98,388	Recreation and Cultural Services
	259,797	176,308	11	6,569	102,863	125,781	Capital Outlay
							Debt Service
	108,997	100,119	12	6,319	104,756	111,486	Principal Retirement
	36,273	47,089	4	3,039	31,513	35,107	Interest
						200	Debt Issuance Costs
	4,185,261	3,891,698	3,69	3,794	3,471,461	3,498,787	Total Expenditures
							Excess (Deficit) of Revenues
	(139,955)	(7,635)	2	1,784	173,032	26,311	Over Expenditures
							Other Financing Sources (Uses)
	505,092	653,593	39	6,952	338,055	294,374	Transfers In
	(502,637)	(631,891)	(38	7,373)	(323,604)	(279,287)	Transfers Out
	58,489	31,536	12	7,494	31,541	39,639	Debt Issued
			1	1,724			Premium on Debt Issued
	47			254	43		Capital Leases
							Leases Issued
							Subscriptions Issued
		175,340					Loan Issuance
	60,991	228,578		9,051	46,035	54,726	Total Other Financing Sources
\$	(78,964)	\$ 220,943	\$ 17	0,835	\$ 219,067	\$ 81,037	Net Change in Fund Balances
							Debt Service as a Percentage
	3.70%	3.97%		4.73%	4.04%	4.34%	of Noncapital Expenditures:

Assessed Value of Taxable Property (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Residential Property	Industrial/ Commercial Property	Other Property ⁽²⁾	Unsecured Roll Gross Total ⁽³⁾	
2022-23	\$ 561,048,590	\$ 151,755,945	\$ 2,210,300	\$ 24,515,260	
2021-22	525,246,642	144,813,561	2,421,503	24,015,723	
2020-21	504,644,318	140,164,352	2,403,862	22,897,695	
2019-20	480,900,743	134,341,781	2,582,299	22,599,621	
2018-19	454,536,503	127,625,128	2,489,493	21,677,257	
2017-18	427,214,695	119,884,555	2,827,145	20,772,113	
2016-17	400,931,553	114,636,194	2,787,769	20,582,609	
2015-16	377,592,570	110,440,476	3,294,159	20,394,462	
2014-15	352,800,864	105,523,254	3,694,094	20,902,660	
2013-14	328,138,473	102,580,010	3,792,261	19,281,087	

Notes: (1) Article XIIIA, added to the California Constitution by Proposition 13 in 1978, fixed the base valuation of property subject to taxes at the full cash value appeared on the Assessor's 1975-76 assessment roll. The full cash value can be increased to reflect the annual inflation up to 2 percent, the current fair value at time of ownership change and the fair value for new construction. Estimated actual value of taxable property cannot easily be determined as the property in the County is not reassessed annually. Reassessment normally occurs when ownership changes.

Source: Orange County Assessor Department

⁽²⁾ Other property includes: timeshares, rural/agricultural land, unique miscellaneous, mineral rights, water rights and personal property and fixtures

⁽³⁾ Unsecured roll includes properties for which taxes assessed are not a lien on real property and are not sufficient, in the opinion of the Assessor, to secure payment of taxes. It consists of improvements, business personal property, boats and aircrafts, and it can also include land and improvements that are identified as real estate of others, as defined by the Assessor (reference Revenue and Taxation Code Section 134).

Total Taxable Assessed Value		No	ess: Exempt & on-Reimbursed Exemptions	Net Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate Percent ⁽¹⁾
\$	739,530,095	\$	(18,278,883)	\$ 721,251,212	1.00
	696,497,429		(18,432,565)	678,064,864	1.00
	670,110,227		(14,813,332)	655,296,895	1.00
	640,424,444		(14,679,567)	625,744,877	1.00
	606,328,381		(13,748,645)	592,579,736	1.00
	570,698,508		(12,895,747)	557,802,761	1.00
	538,938,125		(12,807,570)	526,130,555	1.00
	511,721,667		(12,722,344)	498,999,323	1.00
	482,920,872		(11,661,965)	471,258,907	1.00
	453,791,831		(10,943,554)	442,848,277	1.00

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (Rate Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value) (4)

	Direct Rate (1)					
Fiscal Year	County General	School Districts	Local Special Districts	Cities	Public Utility	Total Direct & Overlapping Rates
2022-23	1.00000	0.05149	0.00825	0.00667	0.00388	1.07029
2021-22	1.00000	0.05285	0.00828	0.00674	0.00359	1.07146
2020-21	1.00000	0.05622	0.00847	0.00676	0.00363	1.07508
2019-20	1.00000	0.05358	0.01202	0.00678	0.00326	1.07564
2018-19	1.00000	0.05515	0.01216	0.00687	0.00317	1.07735
2017-18	1.00000	0.05366	0.01289	0.00713	0.00259	1.07627
2016-17	1.00000	0.04840	0.01316	0.00659	0.00270	1.07085
2015-16	1.00000	0.05101	0.01455	0.00670	0.00227	1.07453
2014-15	1.00000	0.04579	0.04438	0.00681	(3)	1.09698

Notes:

Source: Auditor-Controller, County of Orange

⁽¹⁾ Article XIIIA, added to the California Constitution by Proposition 13 in 1978, fixed the base valuation of property subject to taxes at the full cash value appeared on the Assessor's 1975-76 assessment roll. The full cash value can be increased to reflect the annual inflation up to 2 percent, the current fair value at time of ownership change and the fair value for new construction. Estimated actual value of taxable property cannot easily be determined as the property in the County is not reassessed annually. Reassessment normally occurs when ownership changes.

⁽²⁾ These overlapping rates are in addition to the County General rate, but only apply to taxpayers within the borders of the school districts, local special districts, cities, and public utilities that lie within the County.

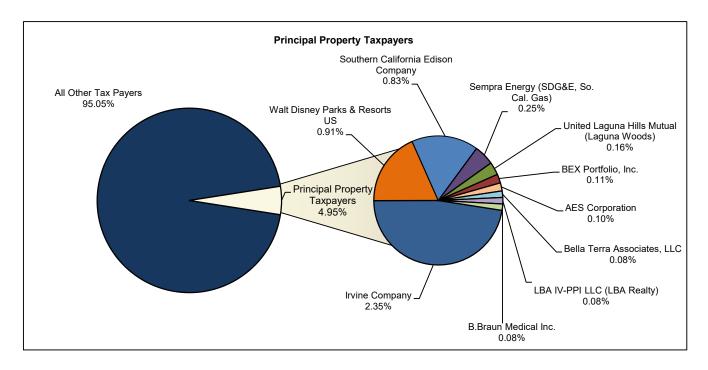
⁽³⁾ No rate was available for Public Utility in FY 2014-15.

⁽⁴⁾ The schedule is presented to show information for 10 years. However, a full 10-year trend is not currently available; the County will be adding years in the future.



Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2023				2014			
Тахрауег		Actual Taxes Levied		Percentage of Total Taxes Levied	Ac	tual Taxes Levied	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxes Levied
Irvine Company	\$	194,997	1	2.35%	\$	114,098	1	2.22%
Walt Disney Parks & Resorts US		75,440	2	0.91%		51,566	2	1.00%
Southern California Edison Company		68,683	3	0.83%		33,028	3	0.64%
Sempra Energy (SDG&E, So. Cal. Gas)		20,322	4	0.25%				
United Laguna Hills Mutual (Laguna Woods)		13,003	5	0.16%		7,072	6	0.14%
BEX Portfolio, Inc.		9,030	6	0.11%				
AES Corporation		8,497	7	0.10%				
Bella Terra Associates, LLC		6,573	8	0.08%				
LBA IV-PPI LLC (LBA Realty)		6,459	9	0.08%				
B.Braun Medical Inc.		6,435	10	0.08%				
Pacific Bell Telephone Company						8,223	5	0.16%
OC/SD Holdings LLC						4,653	9	0.09%
Heritage Fields El Toro LLC						10,107	4	0.20%
Oxy USA Inc.						6,175	7	0.12%
Southern California Gas Company						4,356	10	0.08%
Linn Western Operating Inc.						4,690	8	0.09%
Total	\$	409,439		4.95%	\$	243,968		4.74%



Note: The base used for the Percentage of Total Taxes Levied for 2023 includes total secured taxes of \$8,289,903

Source: Treasurer-Tax Collector, County of Orange

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Taxes Levied for the		Within the Fiscal	Delinquent		Total Collections for the Fiscal Year ⁽³⁾		
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year ⁽¹⁾	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Prior Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy		
2022-23	\$ 8,946,855	\$ 8,834,593	98.75%	\$(4)	8,834,593	98.75%		
2021-22	8,265,313	8,179,665	98.96%	48,133	8,227,798	99.55%		
2020-21	7,989,930	7,896,700	98.83%	63,686	7,960,386	99.63%		
2019-20	7,664,009	7,567,252	98.74%	78,762	7,646,014	99.77%		
2018-19	7,333,137	7,252,952	98.91%	64,997	7,317,949	99.79%		
2017-18	6,925,546	6,855,493	98.99%	57,551	6,913,044	99.82%		
2016-17	6,511,944	6,446,780	99.00%	54,911	6,501,691	99.84%		
2015-16	6,183,862	6,119,771	98.96%	55,549	6,175,320	99.86%		
2014-15	5,828,106	5,759,699	98.83%	61,661	5,821,360	99.88%		
2013-14	5,509,379	5,444,912	98.83%	54,979	5,499,891	99.83%		



Notes:

- (1) Total tax levy includes secured, supplemental, unsecured and former redevelopment agency increment, including penalties.
- (2) Total tax collections include penalties.
- (3) Total collections include collections of current year taxes and collections related to prior year levies.

 The percentage of levy represents the ratio of total collections to the taxes levied for that fiscal year.
- (4) No amounts are shown because the property taxes levied will be collected in the following year.

Source: Auditor-Controller, County of Orange

Ratios of Outstanding Debt ⁽¹⁾ by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (in Thousands Except Per Capita) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	Refunding Recovery Bonds ⁽⁵⁾	Certificates of Participation	Pension Obligation Bonds	Teeter Plan Notes	SARI Line Loans	Lease Revenue Bonds ^{(5),(6),(7)}	Financed Purchase Liability ^{(2), (3)}
2022-23	\$	\$	\$	\$ 82,308	\$	\$ 520,906	\$ 20,954
2021-22				79,978		435,974	30,633
2020-21			516	37,406		441,853	32,993
2019-20			2,967	34,661		447,481	31,702
2018-19			5,445	29,507		449,669	39,396
2017-18		392	8,217	27,247		245,288	43,169
2016-17		811	11,220	27,868	23,900	263,692	55,831
2015-16		1,262	19,140	30,191	28,022	141,145	67,928
2014-15		1,744	27,227	33,823	36,277	105,880	79,168
2013-14	19,172	2,262	32,193	39,830	47,410	137,115	62,446

Notes

Source: Auditor-Controller, County of Orange

⁽¹⁾ Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in Note 11, Long-Term Obligations.

⁽²⁾ Changed in FY 2021-22 from Capital Lease Obligations to Financed Purchase Liability due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87.

⁽³⁾ Financed Purchase Liability arises from lease agreements without a termination option which transfer ownership of the underlying asset to the lessee at the end of the contract.

the contract.
(4) See demographic and economic statistics schedule for personal income and population data.

⁽⁵⁾ Beginning FY 2013-14, outstanding debt does not include deferred amount on refunding due to implementation of GASB Statement No. 65. Prior years have not been restated

⁽⁶⁾ Lease Revenue bonds and Airport Revenue bonds include unamortized premiums and discounts.

⁽⁷⁾ Prior year balances for the Civic Center Facilities Master Plan Financing have been combined with Lease Revenue Bonds per GASB Statement No. 88.

Governmental Activities			Busi	ness-Type Acti	vities			
Lease Liability		Interest Accretion on CAB	Airport Revenue Bonds ⁽⁶⁾	Financed Purchase Liability ^{(2), (3)}	Lease Liability	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income ⁽⁴⁾	Per Capita ⁽⁴⁾
\$	448,982	\$	\$	\$ 331	\$ 27	\$ 1,073,508	0.40%	\$ 342
	426,957		66,190	663	-	1,040,395	0.39%	329
		2,890	79,910	994	-	595,568	0.23%	189
		15,090	93,462			625,363	0.28%	196
		25,201	98,079			647,297	0.28%	201
		36,586	152,199			513,098	0.24%	159
		46,641	187,318	-		617,281	0.31%	193
		73,926	195,127			556,741	0.29%	175
		96,303	202,536			582,958	0.31%	185
		103,377	209,804			653,609	0.34%	210

Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding ⁽¹⁾ Last Ten Fiscal Years (in Thousands Except Per Capita) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

General Debt Outstanding

Fiscal Year	Recov	Refunding Recovery Bonds		Recovery		Recovery		Recovery		Recovery		Recovery		Recovery		Recovery		Recovery		Recovery Bonds		sion ation Is ⁽³⁾			Total (Excess)/ Under		Percentage of Assessed Value		Per Capita (2)											
2022-23	\$		\$		\$		\$		C	0.00%	\$																													
2021-22									C	0.00%																														
2020-21			3	,406		3,406			C	0.00%																														
2019-20			18	,057		18,057			C	0.00%																														
2018-19			30	,646		30,646			C	0.00%																														
2017-18			42	,770		42,770			C	0.00%																														
2016-17			53	,985		53,985			C	0.00%																														
2015-16			87	,521		87,521			C	0.00%																														
2014-15			116	,494	,	116,494			C	0.00%																														
2013-14	19,	172	127	,206		127,206		19,172	C	0.00%		6																												

(1) Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in Note 11, Long-Term Obligations.

Source: Auditor Controller, County of Orange

Notes:

⁽²⁾ See demographic and economic statistics schedule for population data on page 240.

⁽³⁾ Beginning in FY 2012-13, outstanding debt includes accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds.

Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of Debt Limit Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	As	sessed Value ⁽¹⁾	Leg	gal Debt Limit	Applic	let Debt able to mit	l 	egal Debt Margin	Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit (2)
2022-23	\$	733,634,516	\$	9,170,431	\$		\$	9,170,431	0%
2021-22		689,088,931		8,613,612				8,613,612	0%
2020-21		663,241,179		8,290,515				8,290,515	0%
2019-20		632,758,256		7,909,478				7,909,478	0%
2018-19		598,901,016		7,486,263				7,486,263	0%
2017-18		563,662,044		7,045,776				7,045,776	0%
2016-17		531,052,158		6,638,152				6,638,152	0%
2015-16		504,650,360		6,308,130				6,308,130	0%
2014-15		476,303,290		5,953,791				5,953,791	0%
2013-14		447,749,156		5,596,864				5,596,864	0%



Note:

Source: Auditor-Controller, County of Orange

⁽¹⁾ Assessed Value includes the State assessed properties.

⁽²⁾ The amount of the general obligation bonded indebtedness the County can incur is limited by law to 1.25 percent of the equalized assessment property tax roll. In order for the County to issue general obligation bonds secured by ad valorem taxes on real property, California Constitution Article XIIIA, section 1 requires the approval of 2/3 of the voting on the proposition.

Pledged Revenue Coverage (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	South Orange County Public Financing Authority						Orange County Public Facilities Corporation Bonds							
Fui	nding Source:	Interest Earnin	ngs, Rents and Co	ncessions, and Trans	sfers		Fund	ling Source:	Interest Earni	ngs and Tran	sfers			
				Debt Ser	vice	_					Debt Se	ervice		
Fiscal Year	Gross Revenue	Operating Expenses	Net Available Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage	Fiscal Year	Gross Revenue	Operating Expenses	Net Available Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage	
2022-23	\$ 4,573	1,138	\$ 3,435	· ·		0.43	2022-23	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
2021-22	4,489	_	4,489	2,160	2,329	1.00	2021-22	·	·	·	·	·		
2020-21	4,338		4,338	2,054	2,433	0.97	2020-21							
2019-20	4,491	64	4,427	1,975	2,511	0.99	2019-20							
2018-19	6,076		6,076	6,930	2,839	0.62	2018-19	53		53	392	2,209	0.02	
2017-18	10,489		10,489	7,165	3,152		2017-18	2,423		2,423	419	2,179	0.93	
2016-17	10,465		10,465	7,335	2,974	1.02	2016-17	2,405	8	2,397	451	2,157	0.92	
2015-16	5,828	271	5,557	4,920	906	0.95	2015-16	2,470		2,470	482	2,121	0.95	
2014-15	5,830		5,830	4,780	1,049	1.00	2014-15	2,475		2,475	518	2,090	0.95	
2013-14	5,825		5,825	4,680	1,143	1.00	2013-14	2,459		2,459	560	2,045	0.94	
	Orange County Public Financing Authority Tee													
		Orange Cour	nty Public Finar	cing Authority					Te	eter Plan N	lotes			
Fui			•	ncing Authority	sfers		Fund	ling Source:						
Fui			•	<u> </u>			Fund	ling Source:				ervice		
Fui Fiscal Year			•	ncessions, and Trans		Coverage	Fund Fiscal Year	ling Source: Gross Revenue			Collected	ervice Interest	Coverage	
Fiscal	nding Source: Gross	Interest Earnin Operating	ngs, Rents and Co	ncessions, and Trans Debt Ser	vice	Coverage	Fiscal	Gross Revenue	Operating Expenses	Net Available	Collected Debt Se	Interest	Coverage 0.10	
Fiscal Year	Gross Revenue	Operating Expenses	ngs, Rents and Co Net Available Revenue	ncessions, and Trans Debt Ser Principal	vice Interest		Fiscal Year	Gross Revenue	Operating Expenses	Net Available Revenue	Collected Debt Se	Interest		
Fiscal Year 2022-23	Gross Revenue	Operating Expenses \$	Net Available Revenue \$	Debt Server Principal	vice Interest	-	Fiscal Year 2022-23	Gross Revenue \$ 8,954	Operating Expenses \$ 296	Net Available Revenue \$ 8,658	Collected Debt So Principal \$ 79,978	Interest \$ 2,785	0.10	
Fiscal Year 2022-23 2021-22	Gross Revenue	Operating Expenses	Net Available Revenue \$	Principal	Interest	 	Fiscal Year 2022-23 2021-22	Gross Revenue \$ 8,954 13,768	Operating Expenses \$ 296 2,167	Net Available Revenue \$ 8,658 11,601	Principal \$ 79,978 37,406	Interest \$ 2,785 360	0.10 0.31	
Fiscal Year 2022-23 2021-22 2020-21	Gross Revenue	Operating Expenses \$	Net Available Revenue \$	Principal S	Interest \$	 	Fiscal Year 2022-23 2021-22 2020-21	Gross Revenue \$ 8,954 13,768 10,614	Operating Expenses \$ 296 2,167 137	Net Available Revenue \$ 8,658 11,601 10,477	Principal \$ 79,978 37,406 47,980	Interest \$ 2,785 360 1,189	0.10 0.31 0.21	
Fiscal Year 2022-23 2021-22 2020-21 2019-20	Gross Revenue \$ 	Operating Expenses \$	Net Available Revenue \$	Principal S	Interest \$	 	Fiscal Year 2022-23 2021-22 2020-21 2019-20	Gross Revenue \$ 8,954 13,768 10,614 8,793	Operating Expenses \$ 296 2,167 137 275	Net Available Revenue \$ 8,658 11,601 10,477 8,518	Principal \$ 79,978 37,406 47,980 78,554	Interest \$ 2,785 360 1,189 1,263	0.10 0.31 0.21 0.11	
Fiscal Year 2022-23 2021-22 2020-21 2019-20 2018-19	Gross Revenue \$ 	Operating Expenses \$	Net Available Revenue \$ 	Principal Principal	Interest	- - - -	Fiscal Year 2022-23 2021-22 2020-21 2019-20 2018-19	Gross Revenue \$ 8,954 13,768 10,614 8,793 9,701	Operating Expenses \$ 296 2,167 137 275 239	Net Available Revenue \$ 8,658 11,601 10,477 8,518 9,462	Principal \$ 79,978 37,406 47,980 78,554 58,847	Interest \$ 2,785 360 1,189 1,263 1,379	0.10 0.31 0.21 0.11 0.16	
Fiscal Year 2022-23 2021-22 2020-21 2019-20 2018-19 2017-18	Gross Revenue \$ 2,466	Operating Expenses \$	Net Available Revenue \$ 2,466	Principal Principal 9,590	Interest	 0.25	Fiscal Year 2022-23 2021-22 2020-21 2019-20 2018-19 2017-18	Gross Revenue \$ 8,954 13,768 10,614 8,793 9,701 11,210	Operating Expenses \$ 296 2,167 137 275 239 220	Net Available Revenue \$ 8,658 11,601 10,477 8,518 9,462 10,990	Principal \$ 79,978 37,406 47,980 78,554 58,847 59,110	Interest \$ 2,785 360 1,189 1,263 1,379 1,105	0.10 0.31 0.21 0.11 0.16 0.18	
Fiscal Year 2022-23 2021-22 2020-21 2019-20 2018-19 2017-18 2016-17	Gross Revenue \$ 2,466 10,189	Operating Expenses \$	Net Available Revenue \$ 2,466 10,189	Principal Principal 9,590 41,235	Interest \$ 335 1,587	 0.25 0.24	Fiscal Year 2022-23 2021-22 2020-21 2019-20 2018-19 2017-18 2016-17	Gross Revenue \$ 8,954 13,768 10,614 8,793 9,701 11,210 26,232	Operating Expenses \$ 296 2,167 137 275 239 220 154	Net Available Revenue \$ 8,658 11,601 10,477 8,518 9,462 10,990 26,078	Principal \$ 79,978 37,406 47,980 78,554 58,847 59,110 33,859 74,561	Interest \$ 2,785 360 1,189 1,263 1,379 1,105 600	0.10 0.31 0.21 0.11 0.16 0.18	

Airport Revenue Bonds

Funding Source: Rents and Concessions, Other Charges for Services, Misc Revenue, Interest Earnings, and Available Passenger Facility Charge Revenue

	Debt Service

Fiscal Year	Gros Reven			Principal	Ir	nterest	Coverage		
2022-23	\$ 171	,984	\$	68,266	\$ 103,718	\$ 6,750	\$	2,832	10.82
2021-22	146	,643		82,429	64,214	11,815		3,296	4.25
2020-21	109	,803		69,255	40,548	11,255		3,872	2.68
2019-20	136	,374		92,346	44,028	1,950		2,632	9.61
2018-19	154	,833		95,862	58,971	22,170		7,924	1.96
2017-18	145	,649		90,889	54,760	35,090		8,845	1.25
2016-17	143	,707		89,055	54,652	7,530		9,999	3.12
2015-16	143	,661		82,833	60,828	7,205		10,338	3.47
2014-15	135	,491		82,558	52,933	6,995		10,603	3.01
2013-14	131	,285		84,708	46,577	30,473		11,395	1.11

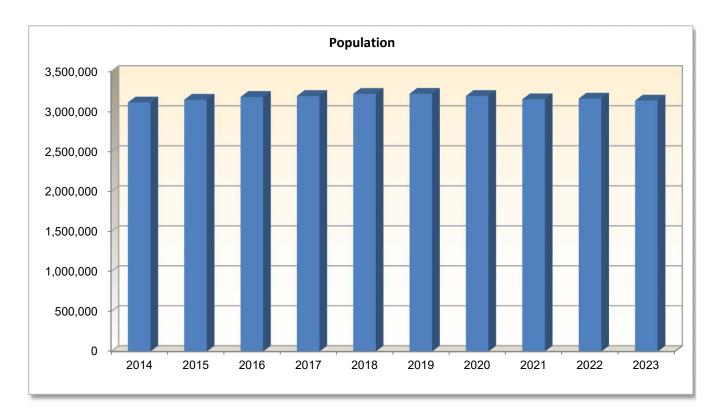
Notes: (1) Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation or amortization expenses.

(2) For FY 2014-15, there is a deficit balance for Net Available Revenue due to the change in Teeter Plan Reserve methodology.

Source: Auditor-Controller, County of Orange

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Year	Population ⁽¹⁾	Personal Income ⁽²⁾ (In Thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income (Absolute Dollars) (2)	Median Age ⁽³⁾	Public School Enrollment ⁽⁴⁾	Unemployment Rate ⁽⁵⁾
2023	3,137,164	\$ 266,043,000	\$ 84,804	39.5	441,246	3.6%
2022	3,162,245	267,143,000	84,479	39.2	448,728	2.8%
2021	3,153,764	258,933,000	82,103	38.6	456,571	6.3%
2020	3,194,332	226,531,000	70,917	38.6	473,612	12.3%
2019	3,222,498	230,180,000	71,429	37.8	478,823	3.0%
2018	3,221,103	215,479,000	66,896	37.5	485,835	3.1%
2017	3,194,024	199,492,000	62,458	37.3	490,430	4.2%
2016	3,183,011	190,978,000	59,999	37.1	493,030	4.4%
2015	3,147,655	185,500,000	58,933	36.7	497,116	4.0%
2014	3,113,991	177,412,900	56,973	36.4	500,487	5.4%



Sources:

- (1) California Department of Finance, Demographic Research Unit, http://www.dof.ca.gov
- (2) Chapman University Economic & Business Review.
- (3) U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, http://www.census.gov
- (4) California Department of Education, http://www.cde.ca.gov
- (5) State of California, Employment Development Department, http://www.edd.ca.gov/

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2023

Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
The Walt Disney Co.	34,000	1	2.11%
University of California, Irvine	24,867	2	1.54%
County of Orange	18,576	3	1.15%
Providence Southern California	13,037	4	0.81%
Kaiser Permanente	9,592	5	0.59%
Hoag Memorial Hospital Presbyterian	7,888	6	0.49%
Albertsons	7,633	7	0.47%
Target Corp.	6,000	8	0.37%
Allied Universal	5,929	9	0.37%
Walmart Inc.	5,900	10	0.37%

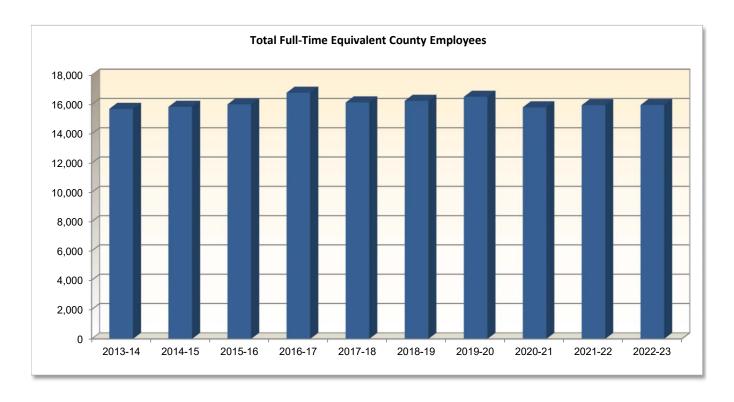
2014

Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Walt Disney Co.	25,000	1	1.56%
University of California, Irvine	22,253	2	1.39%
County of Orange	18,035	3	1.12%
St. Joseph Health System	12,062	4	0.75%
Boeing Co.	6,890	5	0.43%
Kaiser Permanente	6,040	6	0.38%
Bank of America Corporation	6,000	7	0.37%
Walmart	6,000	8	0.37%
Memorial Care Health System	5,635	9	0.35%
Target Corporation	5,400	10	0.34%

Source: Orange County Business Journal Book of Lists - County of Orange http://www.labormarketinfo.edd.ca.gov

Full-time Equivalent County Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14
General Government	1,564	1,490	1,445	1,657	1,473	1,461	1,511	1,419	1,341	1,322
Public Protection	6,416	6,434	6,450	6,696	6,738	6,722	6,915	6,642	6,674	6,760
Public Ways and Facilities	420	379	386	400	407	386	431	435	440	478
Health and Sanitation	2,238	2,299	2,374	2,334	2,339	2,307	2,409	2,253	2,198	2,128
Public Assistance	4,367	4,340	4,165	4,403	4,290	4,276	4,529	4,306	4,239	4,043
Education	307	303	303	320	312	306	309	302	286	290
Recreation and Cultural Services	292	307	310	318	293	288	298	272	265	274
Airport	109	153	145	160	163	157	153	154	159	162
OC Waste & Recycling	256	250	232	238	241	236	249	233	241	249
Total Full-time Equivalent Employees (1)	15,969	15,955	15,810	16,526	16,256	16,139	16,804	16,016	15,843	15,706



Notes: (1) Full-time equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by the total of hours in a fiscal year (2,080 hours).

(2) In FY 2020-21 removed First 5 Orange County due to these are not County employees.

Source: County Executive Office, County of Orange

Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

PunctionProgram						F	iscal Year				
Auditor-Controller	Function/Program		2022-23		2021-22		2020-21		2019-20		2018-19
Debt Service Tax Rates Calculated 154 149 142 137 123	General Government										
Number of Real Property Valued 965,509 961,387 958,477 954,305 116,188 Number of Unsecured Property Assessed 76,159 81,250 106,980 116,270 116,188 New Parcels Created and Mapped 4,966 3,846 4,985 8,044 8,035 New Construction Events 12,413 16,822 16,204 26,223 21,087 20,000 2											
Number of Real Property Valued Number of Unsequer Property Assessed Number of Unsequer Property Assessed New Parcels Created and Mapped A 966 A 3,846 A 4,895 B, 044 B, 035 New Construction Events New Construction Events A 966 B, 3,846 A 4,895 B, 044 B, 035 New Construction Events A 966 County Executive Office Volunteer Program Service Hours Treasurer-Tax Collector Orange County Investment Pool Income (II) Assess Under Management (II) Assess Under Management (III) Assess (III) Ass	Debt Service Tax Rates Calculated (2)		154		149		142		137		123
Number of Unsecured Property Assessed 76.159 81.250 106,980 116,270 116,1818 New Parcels Created and Mapped 4.966 3.846 4.965 3.246 3.246 3.											
New Parcels Created and Mapped 4,966 3,846 4,955 8,044 8,035 New Construction Events 12,413 16,822 16,203 21,087 20,000 2					•						•
New Construction Events											
County Executive Office	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				•		•				
Volunteer Program Service Hours 329,365 216,972 181,831 414,774 685,725			12,413		16,822		16,204		26,223		21,087
Treasurer-Tax Collector	•										
Orange County Investment Pool Income (I) \$ 163,698 \$ 13,1775 \$ 43,538 \$ 9,8264 \$ 9,4197 Assets Under Management (II) \$ 15,253,942 \$ 13,003,983 \$ 11,047,669 1,256,890 1,375,794 Percentage of Secured Tax Bills 1,049,730 1,080,726 1,047,669 1,256,890 1,375,794 Number of Incoming Phone Calls 86,642 87,997 94,021 39,312 88,072 Percentage of Electronic Payments 71,0% 69,0% 67.4% 64.2% 63,2% Secured Tax Bill Subscribers 81,438 76,701 70,797 61,627 51,559 Property Tax Amounts by eCheck \$ 3,334,821 \$ 3,089,589 \$ 2,788,196 \$ 2,343,831 \$ 2,670,801 Mailed Property Tax Amounts (II) \$ 2,428,369 \$ 2,491,64 \$ 2,635,649 \$ 2,343,831 \$ 2,670,801 Register of Votres \$ 1,817,149 1,809,773 1,715,537 1,633,966 1,558,988 Highest Number of Ballots Cast 994,227 636,497 1,546,570 818,021 1,106,729 Elections Conducted	_		329,365		216,972		181,831		414,774		685,725
Assets Under Management (1) \$ 15,253,942 \$ 13,003,983 \$ 11,045,773 \$ 9,934,121 Number of Property Tax Bills Collection 99.23% 99.27% 99.30% 99.15% 99.26% Number of Incoming Phone Calls 86,642 87,997 94,021 93,312 89,079 Percentage of Secured Tax Bill Subscribers 81,438 76,701 67,479 61,287 51,559 Percentage of Electronic Payments 71,09% 69.0% 67.4% 64,2% 53,39 Secured Tax Bill Subscribers 81,438 76,701 70,493 449,107 412,819 Property Tax Amounts by eCheck 581,056 541,111 507,493 449,107 412,819 Mailed Property Tax Amounts (1) \$ 2,428,369 \$ 2,491,964 \$ 2,635,649 \$ 2,670,380 \$ 2,670,081 Registrar of Voters 40,200 818,714 \$ 1,771,537 1,633,986 1,558,988 Highest Number of Ballots Cast 94,227 636,497 1,771,537 1,633,986 1,558,988 Highest Number of Ballots Cast 93,227 636,497 <t< td=""><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td></t<>		_		_		_		_		_	
Number of Property Tax Bills											,
Percentage of Secured Tax Bill Collection 99.23% 99.27% 99.30% 99.15% 99.26% Number of Incoming Phone Calls 86.642 87.997 94.021 93.312 89.079 Percentage of Electronic Payments 71.0% 68.0% 67.4% 64.2% 63.2% Secured Tax Bill Subscribers 81.438 76.701 70.797 61.287 51.559 Property Tax Payments by eCheck 581.056 541,111 507.493 4449,107 412,819 Property Tax Payments by eCheck \$3.334,821 \$3.089,589 \$2.799,196 \$2.343,831 \$2.061,401 Mailed Property Tax Amounts (1) \$2.428,369 \$2.491,964 \$2.635,649 \$2.670,380 \$2.670,081 Mailed Number of Property Tax Payments 588,910 676,520 818,724 727,455 744,653 727,455 744,653 727,455 744,653 727,455 744,653 727,455 744,653 727,455 744,653 727,455 744,653 727,455 744,653 727,455 744,653 727,455 744,653 727,455 744,653 727,455 744,653 727,455 744,653 727,455 744,653 727,455 7		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Number of Incoming Phone Calls											
Percentage of Electronic Payments 71.0% 69.0% 67.4% 64.2% 63.2% Secured Tax Bill Subscribers 81.438 76,701 70,797 61.287 51,559 Property Tax Payments by eCheck 581,056 54,1111 507,493 449,107 412,819 Property Tax Amounts by eCheck 33,334,821 3,308,589 2,798,196 2,234,831 2,2061,401 Mailed Property Tax Amounts [1] 2,426,369 2,498,968 2,693,649 2,670,380 2,670,081 Mailed Number of Property Tax Payments 588,910 676,520 818,724 727,455 744,653											
Secured Tax Bill Subscribers 81,438 76,701 70,797 61,287 51,558 Property Tax Argments by eCheck 581,056 541,111 507,493 449,107 412,819 Property Tax Amounts by eCheck \$3,334,821 \$3,089,589 \$2,788,196 \$2,343,831 \$2,061,040 Mailed Property Tax Amounts (1) \$2,428,369 \$2,491,964 \$2,635,649 \$2,670,380 \$2,670,081 Registrar of Voters \$1,817,149 1,809,773 1,546,570 818,021 1,558,988 Highest Number of Ballots Cast 994,227 636,497 1,546,570 818,021 1,106,729 Elections Conducted 22,30 30,136 32,465 818,021 1,106,729 Elections Conducted 24,306 30,136 32,465 22,308 22,565 Public Protection 42,306 30,136 32,465 22,308 22,565 Marriage Licenses Issued 24,306 13,269 15,302 11,679 11,242 Copies of Birth Certificates Issued 78,749 81,359 72,000 71,679 <td></td> <td></td> <td>86,642</td> <td></td> <td>87,997</td> <td></td> <td>94,021</td> <td></td> <td>93,312</td> <td></td> <td></td>			86,642		87,997		94,021		93,312		
Property Tax Payments by eCheck 581,056 541,111 507,493 449,107 412,819 Property Tax Amounts by eCheck \$ 3,334,821 \$ 3,089,589 \$ 2,789,180 \$ 2,343,831 \$ 2,661,401 Mailed Property Tax Amounts \$ 2,428,369 \$ 2,491,964 \$ 2,635,649 \$ 2,670,380 \$ 2,670,081 Mailed Number of Property Tax Payments 588,910 676,520 818,724 727,455 744,653 744,653 Registrar of Voters Registered Voters 1,817,149 1,809,773 1,771,537 1,633,966 1,558,988 Highest Number of Ballots Cast 994,227 636,497 1,546,570 818,021 1,106,729 Elections Conducted 2 8 3 3 4 5 5 Elections Conducted 2 8 3 3 4 5 5 Elections Conducted 2 8 3 3 4 5 5 Elections Conducted 2 8 3 3 4 5 5 Elections Conducted 2 8 3 3 4 5 5 Elections Conducted 2 8 3 3 4 5 5 Elections Conducted 2 8 3 3 4 5 5 Elections Conducted 2 8 3 3 4 5 5 Elections Conducted 2 8 3 3 4 5 5 Elections Conducted 2 8 3 3 3 4 5 5 Elections Conducted 2 8 3 3 3 3 4 5 5 Elections Conducted 2 8 3 3 3 3 3 4 5 5 Elections Conducted 2 8 3 3 3 3 3 4 5 5 Elections Conducted 2 8 3 3 3 3 3 4 5 5 Elections Conducted 2 8 3 3 3 3 3 4 5 5 Elections Conducted 2 8 3 3 3 3 3 4 5 5 Elections Conducted 2 8 3 3 3 3 3 4 5 5 Elections Conducted 2 8 3 3 3 3 3 4 5 5 Elections Conducted 2 8 3 3 3 3 3 4 5 3 3 3 3 3 4 5 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 3 3 3 3	Percentage of Electronic Payments		71.0%		69.0%		67.4%		64.2%		63.2%
Property Tax Amounts by eCheck (1)	Secured Tax Bill Subscribers		81,438		76,701		70,797		61,287		51,559
Mailed Property Tax Amounts (1) \$ 2,428,369 \$ 2,491,964 \$ 2,635,649 \$ 2,670,380 \$ 2,670,081 Mailed Number of Property Tax Payments 588,910 676,520 818,724 727,455 744,655 Registrar of Voters 1,817,149 1,809,773 1,771,537 1,633,966 1,558,988 Highest Number of Ballots Cast Elections Conducted 994,227 636,497 1,546,570 818,021 1,106,729 Elections Conducted 22,308 30,136 32,465 818,021 1,067,298 Public Protection 24,306 30,136 32,465 22,308 22,565 Marriage Ceremonies Performed 12,266 13,269 15,302 11,679 11,242 Copies of Birth Certificates Issued 78,749 81,359 72,300 71,679 87,961 Property-Related Document Recordings 346,700 583,711 90,155 639,179 47,083 Patrolled Cities Population 632,905 633,342 635,163 638,420 648,371 Patrolled Cities Population 132,114 132,437			581,056		541,111		507,493		449,107		412,819
Mailed Number of Property Tax Payments 588,910 676,520 818,724 727,455 744,653 Registrar of Voters 1,817,149 1,809,773 1,717,537 1,633,966 1,558,988 Registered Voters 994,227 636,497 1,546,570 818,021 1,106,729 Elections Conducted 2 3 3 4 5 Public Protection 2 3 3,136 32,465 22,308 22,565 Marriage Licenses Issued 24,306 30,136 32,465 22,308 22,565 Marriage Ceremonies Performed 12,266 13,269 15,302 11,679 11,242 Copies of Birth Certificates Issued 78,749 81,359 72,300 71,679 11,242 Property-Related Document Recordings 346,700 583,711 901,565 629,179 477,083 Passport Applications Filed 14,720 9,157 2,082 7,217 10,071 Sheriff-Coroner 1 132,114 132,437 127,787 128,421 129,128 <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td>3,334,821</td> <td>\$</td> <td>3,089,589</td> <td>\$</td> <td>2,798,196</td> <td>\$</td> <td>2,343,831</td> <td>\$</td> <td>2,061,401</td>		\$	3,334,821	\$	3,089,589	\$	2,798,196	\$	2,343,831	\$	2,061,401
Registrar of Voters 1,817,149 1,809,773 1,711,537 1,633,966 1,558,988 Highest Number of Ballots Cast 994,227 636,497 1,546,570 818,021 1,106,729 Elections Conducted 2 3 3 4 5 Public Protection Clerk-Recorder Marriage Licenses Issued 24,306 30,136 32,465 22,308 22,565 Marriage Ceremonies Performed 12,266 13,269 15,302 11,679 11,242 Copies of Birth Certificates Issued 78,749 81,359 72,300 71,679 87,961 Property-Related Document Recordings 346,700 583,711 901,565 629,179 477,083 Passport Applications Filed 14,720 9,157 2,082 7,217 10,071 Sheriff-Coroner Patrolled Cities Population 632,905 633,342 635,163 638,420 648,371 Patrolled Unincorporated Areas Population 132,114 132,437 127,787 128,421 129,128 <td>Mailed Property Tax Amounts (1)</td> <td>\$</td> <td>2,428,369</td> <td>\$</td> <td>2,491,964</td> <td>\$</td> <td>2,635,649</td> <td>\$</td> <td>2,670,380</td> <td>\$</td> <td>2,670,081</td>	Mailed Property Tax Amounts (1)	\$	2,428,369	\$	2,491,964	\$	2,635,649	\$	2,670,380	\$	2,670,081
Registered Voters 1,817,149 1,809,773 1,771,537 1,633,966 1,558,988 Highest Number of Ballots Cast 994,227 636,497 1,546,570 818,021 1,106,729 Elections Conducted 2 3 3 4 5 Public Protection Clerk-Recorder Marriage Licenses Issued 24,306 30,136 32,465 22,308 22,565 Marriage Cicensonies Performed 12,266 13,269 15,302 11,679 11,242 Copies of Birth Certificates Issued 78,749 81,359 72,300 71,679 87,961 Property-Related Document Recordings 346,700 583,711 901,565 629,179 477,083 Passport Applications Filed 14,720 9,157 2,082 7,217 10,071 Sheriff-Coroner Patrolled Cities Population 632,905 633,342 635,163 638,420 648,371 Patrolled Unincorporated Areas 132,114 132,437 127,787 128,421 129,128 Numbe	Mailed Number of Property Tax Payments		588,910		676,520		818,724		727,455		744,653
Registered Voters 1,817,149 1,809,773 1,771,537 1,633,966 1,558,988 Highest Number of Ballots Cast 994,227 636,497 1,546,570 818,021 1,106,729 Elections Conducted 2 3 3 4 5 Public Protection Clerk-Recorder Marriage Licenses Issued 24,306 30,136 32,465 22,308 22,565 Marriage Cicensonies Performed 12,266 13,269 15,302 11,679 11,242 Copies of Birth Certificates Issued 78,749 81,359 72,300 71,679 87,961 Property-Related Document Recordings 346,700 583,711 901,565 629,179 477,083 Passport Applications Filed 14,720 9,157 2,082 7,217 10,071 Sheriff-Coroner Patrolled Cities Population 632,905 633,342 635,163 638,420 648,371 Patrolled Unincorporated Areas 132,114 132,437 127,787 128,421 129,128 Numbe	Registrar of Voters										
Elections Conducted 2			1,817,149		1,809,773		1,771,537		1,633,966		1,558,988
Public Protection Clerk-Recorder Marriage Licenses Issued 24,306 30,136 32,465 22,308 22,565 Marriage Ceremonies Performed 12,266 13,269 15,302 11,679 11,242 Copies of Birth Certificates Issued 78,749 81,359 72,300 71,679 87,961 Property-Related Document Recordings 346,700 583,711 901,565 629,179 477,083 Passport Applications Filed 14,720 9,157 2,082 7,217 10,071 Tatrolled Unincorporated Areas Population 632,905 633,342 635,163 638,420 648,371 Patrolled Unincorporated Areas Population 132,114 132,437 127,787 128,421 129,128 Tatrolled Unincorporated Areas Population 33,812 3,9174 34,984 46,046 58,773 Average Daily Jail Head Count 3,382 3,483 3,393 4,667 6,140 District Attorney Defendants Prosecuted-Adult 52,088 52,248 53,038 55,747 60,117 Defendants Prosecuted-Juvenile 2,223 1,748 1,430 2,229 2,783 Probationer sunder Supervision as of June 30th-Adult 9,963 9,719 9,727 11,761 11,164 Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Juvenile 1,213 1,017 1,078 1,364 1,892 Avg. Daily Juvenile Hall Population 113 96 99 91 109 Avg. Daily Juvenile Hall Population 60 70 60 64 100 Public Defender	Highest Number of Ballots Cast		994,227		636,497		1,546,570		818,021		1,106,729
Clerk-Recorder Marriage Licenses Issued 24,306 30,136 32,465 22,308 22,565 Marriage Ceremonies Performed 12,266 13,269 15,302 11,679 11,242 Copies of Birth Certificates Issued 78,749 81,359 72,300 71,679 87,961 Property-Related Document Recordings 346,700 583,711 901,565 629,179 477,083 Passport Applications Filed 14,720 9,157 2,082 7,217 10,071 Sheriff-Coroner Patrolled Cities Population 632,905 633,342 635,163 638,420 648,371 Patrolled Unincorporated Areas Population 132,114 132,437 127,787 128,421 129,128 Number of Bookings to Orange County Jail System 41,210 39,174 34,984 46,046 58,773 Average Daily Jail Head Count 3,382 3,483 3,393 4,667 6,140 District Attorney Defendants Prosecuted-Adult 52,088 52,248 53,038 55,747 60,117 Defendants Prosecuted-Juvenile 2,223 1,748 1,430 2,229 2,783 Probation Probationers under Supervision as of	Elections Conducted		2		3		3		4		5
Marriage Licenses Issued 24,306 30,136 32,465 22,308 22,565 Marriage Ceremonies Performed 12,266 13,269 15,302 11,679 11,242 Copies of Birth Certificates Issued 78,749 81,359 72,300 71,679 87,961 Property-Related Document Recordings 346,700 583,711 901,565 629,179 477,083 Passport Applications Filed 14,720 9,157 2,082 7,217 10,071 Sheriff-Coroner Patrolled Cities Population 632,905 633,342 635,163 638,420 648,371 Patrolled Unincorporated Areas Population 132,114 132,437 127,787 128,421 129,128 Number of Bookings to Orange County 3,382 3,483 3,393 4,667 6,140 District Attorney Defendants Prosecuted-Adult 52,088 52,248 53,038 55,747 60,117 Defendants Prosecuted-Juvenile 2,223 1,748 1,430 2,229 2,783	Public Protection										
Marriage Ceremonies Performed 12,266 13,269 15,302 11,679 11,242 Copies of Birth Certificates Issued 78,749 81,359 72,300 71,679 87,961 Property-Related Document Recordings 346,700 583,711 901,565 629,179 477,083 Passport Applications Filed 14,720 9,157 2,082 7,217 10,071 Sheriff-Coroner Patrolled Cities Population 632,905 633,342 635,163 638,420 648,371 Patrolled Unincorporated Areas Population 132,114 132,437 127,787 128,421 129,128 Number of Bookings to Orange County Jail System 41,210 39,174 34,984 46,046 58,773 Average Daily Jail Head Count 3,382 3,483 3,393 4,667 6,140 District Attorney Defendants Prosecuted-Adult 52,088 52,248 53,038 55,747 60,117 Defendants Prosecuted-Juvenile 2,223 1,748 1,430 2,229 2,783 Probationers under Su	Clerk-Recorder										
Copies of Birth Certificates Issued 78,749 81,359 72,300 71,679 87,961 Property-Related Document Recordings 346,700 583,711 901,565 629,179 477,083 Passport Applications Filed 14,720 9,157 2,082 7,217 10,071 Sheriff-Coroner Patrolled Cities Population 632,905 633,342 635,163 638,420 648,371 Patrolled Unincorporated Areas Population 132,114 132,437 127,787 128,421 129,128 Number of Bookings to Orange County Jail System 41,210 39,174 34,984 46,046 58,773 Average Daily Jail Head Count 3,382 3,483 3,393 4,667 6,140 District Attorney Defendants Prosecuted-Adult 52,088 52,248 53,038 55,747 60,117 Defendants Prosecuted-Juvenile 2,223 1,748 1,430 2,229 2,783 Probation Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Adult 9,963 9,719 9,72	Marriage Licenses Issued		24,306		30,136		32,465		22,308		22,565
Property-Related Document Recordings 346,700 583,711 901,565 629,179 477,083 Passport Applications Filed 14,720 9,157 2,082 7,217 10,071 Sheriff-Coroner Patrolled Cities Population 632,905 633,342 635,163 638,420 648,371 Patrolled Unincorporated Areas Population 132,114 132,437 127,787 128,421 129,128 Number of Bookings to Orange County Jail System 41,210 39,174 34,984 46,046 58,773 Average Daily Jail Head Count 3,382 3,483 3,393 4,667 6,140 District Attorney Defendants Prosecuted-Adult 52,088 52,248 53,038 55,747 60,117 Defendants Prosecuted-Juvenile 2,223 1,748 1,430 2,229 2,783 Probation Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Adult 9,963 9,719 9,727 11,761 11,164 Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Juvenile 1,213 1,017	Marriage Ceremonies Performed		12,266		13,269		15,302		11,679		11,242
Passport Applications Filed 14,720 9,157 2,082 7,217 10,071 Sheriff-Coroner Patrolled Cities Population 632,905 633,342 635,163 638,420 648,371 Patrolled Unincorporated Areas Population 132,114 132,437 127,787 128,421 129,128 Number of Bookings to Orange County Jail System 41,210 39,174 34,984 46,046 58,773 Average Daily Jail Head Count 3,382 3,483 3,393 4,667 6,140 District Attorney Defendants Prosecuted-Adult 52,088 52,248 53,038 55,747 60,117 Defendants Prosecuted-Juvenile 2,223 1,748 1,430 2,229 2,783 Probation Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Adult 9,963 9,719 9,727 11,761 11,164 Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Juvenile 1,213 1,017 1,078 1,364 1,892 Avg. Daily Juvenile Hall Population 113 96	Copies of Birth Certificates Issued		78,749		81,359		72,300		71,679		87,961
Sheriff-Coroner	Property-Related Document Recordings		346,700		583,711		901,565		629,179		477,083
Patrolled Cities Population 632,905 633,342 635,163 638,420 648,371 Patrolled Unincorporated Areas 132,114 132,437 127,787 128,421 129,128 Number of Bookings to Orange County 312,114 132,437 127,787 128,421 129,128 Number of Bookings to Orange County 312,114 312,437 34,984 46,046 58,773 Average Daily Jail Head Count 3,382 3,483 3,393 4,667 6,140 District Attorney Defendants Prosecuted-Adult 52,088 52,248 53,038 55,747 60,117 Defendants Prosecuted-Juvenile 2,223 1,748 1,430 2,229 2,783 Probation Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Adult 9,963 9,719 9,727 11,761 11,164 Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Juvenile 1,213 1,017 1,078 1,364 1,892 Avg. Daily Juvenile Hall Population 113 96 99 91 109 Avg. Daily Camp Population 60	Passport Applications Filed		14,720		9,157		2,082		7,217		10,071
Patrolled Unincorporated Areas	Sheriff-Coroner										
Population 132,114 132,437 127,787 128,421 129,128 Number of Bookings to Orange County 41,210 39,174 34,984 46,046 58,773 Average Daily Jail Head Count 3,382 3,483 3,393 4,667 6,140 District Attorney Defendants Prosecuted-Adult 52,088 52,248 53,038 55,747 60,117 Defendants Prosecuted-Juvenile 2,223 1,748 1,430 2,229 2,783 Probation Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Adult 9,963 9,719 9,727 11,761 11,164 Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Juvenile 1,213 1,017 1,078 1,364 1,892 Avg. Daily Juvenile Hall Population 113 96 99 91 109 Avg. Daily Camp Population 60 70 60 64 100	Patrolled Cities Population		632,905		633,342		635,163		638,420		648,371
Number of Bookings to Orange County Jail System 41,210 39,174 34,984 46,046 58,773 Average Daily Jail Head Count 3,382 3,483 3,393 4,667 6,140 District Attorney Defendants Prosecuted-Adult 52,088 52,248 53,038 55,747 60,117 Defendants Prosecuted-Juvenile 2,223 1,748 1,430 2,229 2,783 Probation Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Adult 9,963 9,719 9,727 11,761 11,164 Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Juvenile 1,213 1,017 1,078 1,364 1,892 Avg. Daily Juvenile Hall Population 113 96 99 91 109 Avg. Daily Camp Population 60 70 60 64 100 Public Defender	Patrolled Unincorporated Areas										
Jail System 41,210 39,174 34,984 46,046 58,773 Average Daily Jail Head Count 3,382 3,483 3,393 4,667 6,140 District Attorney Defendants Prosecuted-Adult 52,088 52,248 53,038 55,747 60,117 Defendants Prosecuted-Juvenile 2,223 1,748 1,430 2,229 2,783 Probation Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Adult 9,963 9,719 9,727 11,761 11,164 Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Juvenile 1,213 1,017 1,078 1,364 1,892 Avg. Daily Juvenile Hall Population Avg. Daily Camp Population 113 96 99 91 109 Public Defender Public Defender	•		132,114		132,437		127,787		128,421		129,128
Average Daily Jail Head Count 3,382 3,483 3,393 4,667 6,140 District Attorney Defendants Prosecuted-Adult 52,088 52,248 53,038 55,747 60,117 Defendants Prosecuted-Juvenile 2,223 1,748 1,430 2,229 2,783 Probation Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Adult 9,963 9,719 9,727 11,761 11,164 Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Juvenile 1,213 1,017 1,078 1,364 1,892 Avg. Daily Juvenile Hall Population 113 96 99 91 109 Avg. Daily Camp Population 60 70 60 64 100 Public Defender			44.040		00.474		04.004		10.010		50 770
District Attorney Defendants Prosecuted-Adult 52,088 52,248 53,038 55,747 60,117 Defendants Prosecuted-Juvenile 2,223 1,748 1,430 2,229 2,783 Probation Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Adult 9,963 9,719 9,727 11,761 11,164 Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Juvenile 1,213 1,017 1,078 1,364 1,892 Avg. Daily Juvenile Hall Population 113 96 99 91 109 Avg. Daily Camp Population 60 70 60 64 100 Public Defender	The state of the s										•
Defendants Prosecuted-Adult Defendants Prosecuted-Juvenile 52,088 52,248 53,038 55,747 60,117 Probation Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Adult Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Juvenile 9,963 9,719 9,727 11,761 11,164 Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Juvenile 1,213 1,017 1,078 1,364 1,892 Avg. Daily Juvenile Hall Population Avg. Daily Camp Population 60 70 60 64 100 Public Defender	• •		3,382		3,483		3,393		4,667		6,140
Defendants Prosecuted-Juvenile 2,223 1,748 1,430 2,229 2,783 Probation Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Adult 9,963 9,719 9,727 11,761 11,164 Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Juvenile 1,213 1,017 1,078 1,364 1,892 Avg. Daily Juvenile Hall Population 113 96 99 91 109 Avg. Daily Camp Population 60 70 60 64 100 Public Defender	•		E2 000		EO 040		F2 020		EE 747		60 117
Probation Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Adult 9,963 9,719 9,727 11,761 11,164 Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Juvenile 1,213 1,017 1,078 1,364 1,892 Avg. Daily Juvenile Hall Population Avg. Daily Camp Population 113 96 99 91 109 Public Defender Public Defender 1,213 1,017 1,078 1,364 1,892											
Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Adult 9,963 9,719 9,727 11,761 11,164 Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Juvenile 1,213 1,017 1,078 1,364 1,892 Avg. Daily Juvenile Hall Population Avg. Daily Camp Population 113 96 99 91 109 Public Defender 100 70 60 64 100			2,223		1,740		1,430		2,229		2,703
June 30th-Adult 9,963 9,719 9,727 11,761 11,164 Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Juvenile 1,213 1,017 1,078 1,364 1,892 Avg. Daily Juvenile Hall Population 113 96 99 91 109 Avg. Daily Camp Population 60 70 60 64 100 Public Defender											
Probationers under Supervision as of June 30th-Juvenile 1,213 1,017 1,078 1,364 1,892 Avg. Daily Juvenile Hall Population 113 96 99 91 109 Avg. Daily Camp Population 60 70 60 64 100 Public Defender			9 963		9 719		9 727		11 761		11 164
June 30th-Juvenile 1,213 1,017 1,078 1,364 1,892 Avg. Daily Juvenile Hall Population 113 96 99 91 109 Avg. Daily Camp Population 60 70 60 64 100 Public Defender			0,000		3,713		0,121		11,701		11,104
Avg. Daily Juvenile Hall Population 113 96 99 91 109 Avg. Daily Camp Population 60 70 60 64 100 Public Defender	•		1.213		1.017		1.078		1.364		1.892
Avg. Daily Camp Population 60 70 60 64 100 Public Defender					•				•		•
Public Defender											
	Cases Appointed Annually		62,530		62,347		55,634		52,253		59,513

Notes: (1) Dollar amounts in thousands

⁽²⁾ For State Assessed Unitary and voter-approved general obligation indebtness for school districts.

				F	iscal Year					
	2017-18		2016-17		2015-16		2014-15		2013-14	Function/Program
										General Government
										Auditor-Controller
	114		101		97		96		93	Debt Service Tax Rates Calculated (2)
										Assessor
	943,771		937,630		930,470		924,791		918,672	Number of Real Property Valued
	117,126		121,665		141,224		145,151		135,551	Number of Unsecured Property Assessed
	7,868		9,053		6,665		6,918		4,519	New Parcels Created and Mapped
	20,758		21,254		19,397		18,530		16,904	New Construction Events
	500 101		0.45,400		040.077		000 000		700 750	County Executive Office
	562,121		645,482		613,277		638,230		700,759	Volunteer Program Service Hours
•	57.040	•	00.077	•	04.077	•	44.504	•	44.000	Treasurer-Tax Collector
\$	57,610	\$	36,677	\$	24,877	\$	14,581	\$	11,298	Orange County Investment Pool Income (1)
\$	9,387,613	\$	9,092,268	\$	8,271,502	\$	7,604,246	\$	6,566,145	Assets Under Management (1)
	1,471,356		1,448,886		1,367,275		1,381,808		1,421,654	Number of Property Tax Bills
	99.36%		99.39%		99.26%		99.21%		99.16%	Percentage of Secured Tax Bill Collection
	98,660		108,061		111,948		121,461		115,123	Number of Incoming Phone Calls
	60.9%		57.2%		54.9%		54.2%		53.8%	Percentage of Electronic Payments
	42,866		40,898		38,213		35,917		31,988	Secured Tax Bill Subscribers
	398,711		348,961		309,977		285,932		248,908	Property Tax Payments by eCheck
\$	1,871,947	\$	1,498,686	\$	1,275,535	\$	1,118,387	\$	986,879	Property Tax Amounts by eCheck (1)
\$	2,624,531	\$	2,700,778	\$	2,689,498	\$	2,581,105	\$	2,519,596	Mailed Property Tax Amounts (1)
	802,393		870,537		885,182		910,190		961,255	Mailed Number of Property Tax Payments
										Registrar of Voters
	1,481,881		1,535,967		1,395,380		1,424,216		1,411,232	Registered Voters
	635,224		1,239,405		691,802		640,358		340,187	Highest Number of Ballots Cast
	1		1		4		7		3	Elections Conducted
										Public Protection Clerk-Recorder
	23,702		25,309		23,725		23,553		25,244	Marriage Licenses Issued
	11,946		12,876		11,122		11,213		12,056	Marriage Ceremonies Performed
	82,463		85,051		74,508		79,826		82,268	Copies of Birth Certificates Issued
	534,185		640,243		617,914		651,866		580,899	Property-Related Document Recordings
	10,144		9,437		7,093		5,016		2,686	Passport Applications Filed
										Sheriff-Coroner
	646,818		644,496		641,753		637,261		631,934	Patrolled Cities Population
										Patrolled Unincorporated Areas
	129,278		125,792		125,420		124,014		121,473	Population
	04.457		50,000		50.400		50.405		C4 0C0	Number of Bookings to Orange County
	61,157		56,330		56,163		56,135		61,262	Jail System Average Daily Jail Head Count
	6,249		6,220		6,028		6,055		7,039	District Attorney
	62,682		61,219		61,521		56,233		55,906	Defendants Prosecuted-Adult
	3,426		3,631		3,564		4,482		5,103	Defendants Prosecuted Addit Defendants Prosecuted-Juvenile
	0,0		0,00.		0,00 .		.,		3,.33	Probation
										Probationers under Supervision as of
	11,560		11,189		11,714		10,725		14,425	June 30th-Adult
	,		,		,		, -		•	Probationers under Supervision as of
	2,270		2,290		2,550		3,124		4,156	June 30th-Juvenile
	129		150		130		150		229	Avg. Daily Juvenile Hall Population
	119		136		143		203		182	Avg. Daily Camp Population
										Public Defender
	59,095		61,878		65,574		79,119		74,101	Cases Appointed Annually

Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)

			Fiscal Year		
Function/Program	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19
Public Ways and Facilities OC Public Works					
Building and Home Inspections	45,091	34,986	36,540	42,365	60,753
Health and Sanitation					
OC Community Resources	400 400	107.010	405 700	100.005	4.47.07.4
Animal Licenses	132,199	127,913	135,760	136,985	147,874
Health Care Agency	204.452	070 004	0.44.000	040.004	004.500
911 Emergency Medical Services Responses Retail Food Facility Inspections Conducted	301,153 26,513	279,301 24,856	241,980 24,776	242,201 28,146	234,589 35,406
Hazardous Waste Inspections Conducted	7,490	7,142	6,465	7,433	7,735
Number of Off-site Visits/Contacts by Case Managers (2)	16,007	6,342	6,241	10,777	20,794
Number of Low Income Children Dental Health					
Services	52	34	17	199	200
Number of Ocean Water Days of Closure					
(In Beach-Miles)	6	10	2	64	10
Public Assistance					
OC Community Resources Adult Day Care Hours of Service	40,243	14,212	4,103	45,252	52,819
Elderly Nutrition Program Meals Delivered	1,609,365	2,525,895	2,924,858	1,174,703	1,353,713
One-Way Transportation Trips Provided to Seniors	130,563	133,765	98,901	139,891	183,429
Veterans Served-Veterans/Dependents	23,990	28,928	23,784	27,419	23,555
Veterans Served-OC4Vets	460	712	768	723	910
Social Services Agency					
Average Monthly Medi-Cal Recipients	989,124	932,517	860,458	774,729	782,990
Average Monthly Child Abuse Hotline Calls	3,033	2,943	2,528	3,005	4,572
Average Monthly CalFresh (formerly Food Stamp) Recipients	285,632	253,859	232,260	214,668	206,789
Average Monthly In-Home Supportive Services	35,960	33,348	30,548	28,988	27,892
Average Persons Receiving Cash Assistance	34,213	32,841	33,430	35,098	35,803
Average Children in Foster Care/Relative Care	2,141	2,201	2,187	2,333	1,977
Average Elder and Adult Abuse Unduplicated	4.000	4 000		4.450	
Reports Received	1,380	1,290	1,164	1,153	1,175
Education OC Community Resources					
Total Volumes Borrowed at Library Branches	9,111,615	8,040,178	5,941,649	7,016,302	7,746,484
Recreation and Cultural Services	0,111,010	0,010,110	0,011,010	7,010,002	7,7 10, 10 1
OC Community Resources					
Exotic Invasive Plant Removal (acres)	2,884	2,075	1,000	1,791	3,225
Native Vegetation Restoration (acres)	664	838	319	358	411
Slip and Dry Storage Tenants	1,953	2,635	410	603	3,150
Boat Launches	11,056	17,127	18,540	21,890	15,521
Sailing and Event Center Participants Ocean Institute Students/Visitors	28,871 55,068	50,107 29,911	54,838 27,793	78,340 39,561	100,952 44,404
Hotel Guests	32,046	46,003	43,408	49,165	58,998
Catalina Express Passengers	113,989	120,715	67,986	109,030	124,471
Special Events at the Harbor	2	2	2	4	['] 5
<u>Airport</u>					
Passengers	11,943,454	10,309,156	4,216,396	7,562,040	10,718,001
Air Cargo Tonnage	17,067	18,154	18,567	17,193	19,098
Takeoffs & Landings	282,027	312,900	278,258	260,644	314,000
OC Waste & Recycling	5.074.044	F 0F 1 0F 1	4.070.000	E 474 000	E 440 701
Solid Waste Tonnage Gallons of Leachate and Impacted	5,071,811	5,054,651	4,978,920	5,174,096	5,148,761
Ground Water Collected	6,911,935	6,032,504	5,776,484	7,573,496	8,062,718
	-,,000	-, - ,,	-, 0, . 0 .	. ,	-,-3 - ,0

Note: (1) * means Not Available

⁽²⁾ Name changed in FY 2022-23, formerly Number of Home Visits by Public Health Nurses.

		Fiscal Year			
2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	Function/Program
					Public Ways and Facilities
					OC Public Works
42,590	39,056	40,662	30,324	31,772	Building and Home Inspections
					Health and Sanitation
					OC Community Resources
149,342	171,237	192,470	198,358	192,320	Animal Licenses
					Health Care Agency
234,459	204,683	193,538	183,794	170,804	911 Emergency Medical Services Responses
30,893	32,305	26,195	31,397	32,689	Retail Food Facility Inspections Conducted
6,003	7,271	8,328	5,950	4,616	Hazardous Waste Inspections Conducted
20,156	32,108	29,219	31,258	35,101	Number of Off-site Visits/Contacts by Case (2)
					Managers
					Number of Low Income Children Dental Health
360	311	496	755	1,225	Services
					Number of Ocean Water Days of Closure
10	17	22	24	20	(In Beach-Miles)
					Public Assistance
					OC Community Resources
65,900	47,567	49,971	43,010	50,944	Adult Day Care Hours of Service
1,323,802	1,417,361	1,374,275	1,406,526	1,347,251	Elderly Nutrition Program Meals Delivered
185,258	190,534	198,851	180,899	187,864	One-Way Transportation Trips Provided to Seniors
24,063	9,091	*	*	*	Veterans Served-Veterans/Dependents
673	555	*	*	*	Veterans Served-OC4Vets
					Social Services Agency
806,716	817,408	810,388	718,061	521,078	Average Monthly Medi-Cal Recipients
4,189	4,076	4,259	4,049	3,674	Average Monthly Child Abuse Hotline Calls
					Average Monthly CalFresh (formerly Food
233,038	250,772	263,556	258,676	247,517	Stamp) Recipients
26,369	24,427	22,635	20,787	19,652	Average Monthly In-Home Supportive Services
41,622	46,369	52,081	55,921	55,225	Average Persons Receiving Cash Assistance
1,917	1,886	1,791	1,924	2,119	Average Children in Foster Care/Relative Care
					Average Elder and Adult Abuse Unduplicated
1,091	995	942	815	710	Reports Received
					Education
					OC Community Resources
7,041,985	6,864,635	6,634,747	6,411,127	6,642,739	Total Volumes Borrowed at Library Branches
					Recreation and Cultural Services
					OC Community Resources
2,285	2,940	2,782	1,466	1,154	Exotic Invasive Plant Removal (acres)
414	262	293	312	368	Native Vegetation Restoration (acres)
438	438	2,903	3,204	2,679	Slip and Dry Storage Tenants
16,487	16,303	17,695	15,511	15,606	Boat Launches
101,945	80,752	50,000	75,000	111,838	Sailing and Event Center Participants
90,948	127,361	192,384	41,000	100,000	Ocean Institute Students/Visitors
59,319	39,140	43,515	43,073	42,887	Hotel Guests
129,239	128,000	25,711	123,688	123,257	Catalina Express Passengers
6	6	8	12	15	Special Events at the Harbor
					Airport
10,670,156	10,373,714	10,361,436	9,608,873	9,304,295	Passengers
19,577	17,813	18,568	16,997	17,564	Air Cargo Tonnage
302,483	285,704	276,817	264,726	252,166	Takeoffs & Landings
			4 =0 :		OC Waste & Recycling
4,980,101	4,810,116	4,772,722	4,581,359	4,070,238	Solid Waste Tonnage
E E70 054	E E00 757	2.540.700	E E40 004	2.054.502	Gallons of Leachate and Impacted
5,576,351	5,599,757	3,542,736	5,510,821	3,854,530	Ground Water Collected

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

		F	iscal Year		
Function/Program	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19
General Government					
Auditor-Controller					
A-C Administration Building	1	1	1	1	*
Hall of Finance and Records					1
County Executive Office					
Hall of Administration (3)		1	1	1	-
OC Archives Building (4)	1				
Registrar of Voters					
Trailers	2	2	2	2	2
Vehicles/Trucks	3	3	3	3	3
Public Protection					_
Clerk-Recorder					
OC Archives Building ⁽⁴⁾		1	1	1	1
Sheriff-Coroner					
Crime/Forensic Lab	1	1	1	1	1
Jail Facilities	5	5	3	3	3
Vehicles	954	947	943	944	939
Buses	12	13	14	13	13
Helicopters	5	5	5	5	5
Boats	13	12	10	10	10
Robot Andros	3	3	3	3	3
Haz-mat Vehicles	4	4	4	4	4
K-9 units	34	30	31	31	35
District Attorney					
Justice Center Offices	5	5	5	5	5
Probation Department					
Juvenile Institutions	3	3	3	3	4
Vehicles/Trucks	148	147	146	139	171
Equipment	22	20	20	15	16
Public Ways and Facilities		20	20	10	10
OC Public Works					
County Administration North Bldg 14	1	*	*	*	*
County Administration South Bldg 16	1	1	1	1	*
County Conference Center Bldg 18	1	1	1	1	*
Hall of Administration ⁽³⁾			· 		1
Data Center	1	1	1	1	1
Alternate Fuel Vehicles	64	66	46	49	41
Vehicles/Trucks	346	274	273	135	318
Watersheds	22	22	22	23	22
Dams	5	5	5	5	4
Dump Trucks	2	1	1	2	20
Tractors	20	19	29	27	36
Trailers	36	41	44	44	37
Street Miles	337	339	338	346	320

Notes: (1) Presentation changed in FY 2019-20 to summarize by function.

^{(2) *} means Not Available

⁽³⁾ Building was moved from OC Public Works to the County Executive Office in FY 2019-20.

⁽⁴⁾ Building was moved from the Clerk Recorder to the County Executive Office in FY 2022-23.

	F	iscal Year			
2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	Function/Program
					General Government
					Auditor-Controller
*	*	*	*	*	A-C Administration Building
1	1	1	1	1	Hall of Finance and Records
					County Executive Office
					Hall of Administration (3)
					OC Archives Building (4)
					Registrar of Voters
2	1	1	1	1	Trailers
3	4	4	4	3	Vehicles/Trucks
					Public Protection
					Clerk-Recorder
1	1	1	1	1	OC Archives Building ⁽⁴⁾
					Sheriff-Coroner
1	1	1	1	1	Crime/Forensic Lab
3	3	3	3	3	Jail Facilities
938	948	917	916	911	Vehicles
13	12	11	11	11	Buses
5	5	4	3	3	Helicopters
10	10	10	10	10	Boats
3	3	3	3	3	Robot Andros
4	4	4	4	4	Haz-mat Vehicles
34	26	28	22	18	K-9 units
					District Attorney
5	5	5	5	5	Justice Center Offices
					Probation Department
4	4	4	4	4	Juvenile Institutions
158	159	155	159	156	Vehicles/Trucks
15	13	12	16	12	Equipment
					Public Ways and Facilities
					OC Public Works
*	*	*	*	*	County Administration North Bldg 14
*	*	*	*	*	County Administration South Bldg 16
*	*	*	*	*	County Conference Center Bldg 18
1	1	1	1	1	Hall of Administration (3)
1	1	1	1	1	Data Center
42	46	50	51	60	Alternate Fuel Vehicles
314	316	268	355	375	Vehicles/Trucks
22	21	19	13	13	Watersheds
4	4	3	3	3	Dams
17	16	19	18	21	Dump Trucks
50	50	50	32	28	Tractors
42	40	46	54	35	Trailers
345	330	330	320	320	Street Miles
0.0	500	000	320	0_0	Oli oot miloo

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)

		F	iscal Year		
Function/Program	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19
Health and Sanitation					
Health Care Agency					
Clinics (1)	31	31	10	9	4
Laboratories (1)	2	2	2	2	2
Trailers (1)	38	41	38	25	9
Vehicles/Trucks (1)	44	45	45	39	35
OC Community Resources					
Animal Care Center	1	1	1	1	1
Trailers	6	6	6	6	3
Public Assistance					
Social Service Agency					
Vehicles		1	3	1	1
Office Locations	19	19	19	19	19
<u>Education</u>					
OC Community Resources					
Library Branches	34	32	32	32	32
Vehicles/Trucks	11	8	8	8	8
Laptop and Chargers	25	14	9	3	3
Automated Materials Handler	1	1	1	*	*
Recreation and Cultural Services					
OC Community Resources					
Park Land (acres)	62,617	62,617	62,617	62,617	62,617
Recreational Trails (in miles)	408	408	295	295	295
Zoo	1	1	1	1	1
Urban Regional Parks	15	15	15	15	15
Wilderness Parks	6	5	5	5	5
Nature Preserves	7	3	3	4	4
Harbors	3	3	3	3	3
Beaches	6	11	11	11	11
Historical Sites	7	7	7	7	7
Boats	6	9	9	9	7
Tractors	26	29	25	25	22
Trailers	61	56	55	45	42
Vehicles/Trucks	179	208	213	261	239
Harbor	1	1	1	1	1
Marinas	1	1	1	1	1
Public Parking Areas	9	9	9	9	9
Beaches	1	1	1	1	1
Access Points to Ocean	6	6	6	6	6
Hotel	1	1	1	1	1
Ocean Education Center	1	1	1	1	1
Sailing and Events Center	1	1	1	1	1
Shops	16	18	17	17	20
Restaurants	11	14	15	16	14
Fuel Dock	1	1	1	1	1
Shipyard	1	1	1	1	1
Boater Service Buildings	15	15	15	15	15
Parcel 11 (Yacht Building Company)	1	1	1	1	1
Parcel 23 (Yacht Club)	1	1	1	1	1

Notes: (1) Presentation changed in FY 2014-15 to summarize by asset

(2) * means Not Available

		Fiscal Year			
2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	Function/Program
					Health and Sanitation
					Health Care Agency
4	4	4	4	3	Clinics (1)
2	2	2	2	2	Laboratories (1)
10	9	12	12	8	Trailers (1)
33	30	24	24	25	Vehicles/Trucks (1)
					OC Community Resources
1	1	1	1	1	Animal Care Center
2	3	3	3	3	Trailers
					Public Assistance
					Social Service Agency
2	4	5	5	5	Vehicles
20	20	20	20	19	Office Locations
					Education
					OC Community Resources
33	33	33	33	33	Library Branches
*	*	*	*	*	Vehicles/Trucks
*	*	*	*	*	Laptop and Chargers
*	*	*	*	*	Automated Materials Handler
					Recreation and Cultural Services
					OC Community Resources
62,900	62,900	62,900	62,900	60,500	Park Land (acres)
295	295	295	295	295	Recreational Trails (in miles)
1	1	1	1	1	Zoo
15	15	15	15	15	Urban Regional Parks
5	5	5	5	5	Wilderness Parks
4	4	4	4	4	Nature Preserves
3	3	3	3	3	Harbors
11	11	11	11	11	Beaches
7	7	7	7	7	Historical Sites
9	10	8	7	7	Boats
26	26	25	26	28	Tractors
35	33	31	27	29	Trailers
207	199	204	174	170	Vehicles/Trucks
1	1	1	1	1	Harbor
2	2	2	2	2	Marinas
9	9	9	9	9	Public Parking Areas
1	1	1	1	1	Beaches
6	6	6	6	6	Access Points to Ocean
1	1	1	1	1	Hotel
1	1	1	1	1	Ocean Education Center
1	1	1	1	1	Sailing and Events Center
24	24	24	23	23	Shops
16	16	16	16	16	Restaurants
1	1	1	1	1	Fuel Dock
1	1	1	1	1	Shipyard
15	15	15	15	15	Boater Service Buildings
1	1	1	*	*	Parcel 11 (Yacht Building Company)
1	1	1	*	*	Parcel 23 (Yacht Club)

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)

		F	Fiscal Year			
Function/Program	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	
<u>Airport</u>						
Acres	501	501	501	501	501	
Runways	2	2	2	2	2	
Public Parking Structures/Lots	5	5	5	5	5	
Terminals	3	3	3	3	3	
Fire Trucks	4	4	4	4	4	
Shuttle Buses	5	3	2	*	*	
OC Waste & Recycling						
Active Landfills	3	3	3	3	3	
Inactive Landfills	2	2	2	2	2	
Household Hazardous Waste						
Collection Centers	4	4	4	4	4	
Dozers	14	16	15	15	6	
Dump Trucks	11	10	10	10	5	
Loaders	19	20	15	15	12	
Scrapers	8	9	10	8	6	
Excavators	3	3	3	3	2	
Tractors	22	22	21	19	28	
Graders	3	3	3	3	3	
Compactors	10	10	9	9	9	
Water/Fuel Trucks	14	14	12	12	9	
Sweeper	2	2	2	2	1	

Note: * means Not Available Source: County Departments

Fiscal \	Year
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	-				
2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	Function/Program
					<u>Airport</u>
501	501	501	501	501	Acres
2	2	2	2	2	Runways
5	5	5	5	5	Public Parking Structures/Lots
3	3	3	3	3	Terminals
4	4	4	4	4	Fire Trucks
*	*	*	*	*	Shuttle Buses
					OC Waste & Recycling
3	3	3	3	3	Active Landfills
2	2	2	2	2	Inactive Landfills
					Household Hazardous Waste
4	4	4	4	4	Collection Centers
6	6	8	7	7	Dozers
10	10	10	10	10	Dump Trucks
12	12	21	20	20	Loaders
6	6	8	8	8	Scrapers
2	2	2	2	2	Excavator
35	27	30	28	29	Tractors
4	4	4	4	4	Graders
7	7	8	8	8	Compactors
14	14	13	13	13	Water/Fuel Trucks
1	*	*	*	*	Sweeper



ORANGE COUNTY
AUDITOR-CONTROLLER
1770 N. BROADWAY,
SANTA ANA, CA 92706

OC AUDITOR-CONTROLLER: OCAUDITOR.GOV
COUNTY OF ORANGE: WWW.OCGOV.COM





